URNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Mid-Summer Goods!

S OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

dea of a comfortable sum- our complete stock.

UR PRICES ON

& Children's Suits

CH BROS.,

4 Whitehall St.

ILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

& KING,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

n, Woolen & General Mill Supplies

CHINERY and TOOLS

ght Iron Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods, g, Hose, Packing, etc. Agents for the on Steam Pump and Washburne & Moen Rope. 62 SOUTH BROAD ST.

LE SONS

ANTA, GA.

LIME PLASTER PARIS Fire Clay TERRA COTTA STOVE FLUE Grate Coal Marble Dust CEMENTS

TALOGUE AND PRICE LIST

& BELLINGRATH

QUARTERS FOR

Hearths and Facings, Hard Wood ls, Plain and Fancy Grates,

IXTURES,

Freezers, Water Coolers, Baby Car- es's Steam Pump, Climax Gas Ma- Iancock Inspirators, Wrought Iron ATLANTA, GA.

URNISHING GOODS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Corner Seventh and E, Streets.

N BROS.,

ONLY

RING CLOTHIERS

Whitehall Street.

USINESS

far exceeded that of any still we are not satisfied. —a little more will do. In ore, we have REDUCED t our entire establishment. BARGAINS in every de- e quote a few of them: OOL blue serge suit, war- , former price $13.50. ported cheviot suits that 0 and $25, now $15. of cheviot suits that were $18.50, now 12.50. e sailor suit, good value at g at $1.45. boys' knee pants, good s and 75 cents. derbys, straw hats and

ents for Taylor's cele- Derbys and Silk Hats.

N BROS.,

ufacturing Clothiers

20 Pages.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Pages 1 to 8.

VOL. XXI. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1888. TWENTY PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DRY GOODS, SHOES, ETC.

JOHN KEELY

CHAFING

UNDER THE DESIRE TO CLOSE OUT,

Has Made Still Another

AND A RECKLESS CUT IN PRICES!

Winter Goods Must go as well as Summer!

EVERYTHING! LITERALLY EVERYTHING!

Involved in one Grand Sale, at Ruinous Prices!

"NO FOOLING" ABOUT THIS MATTER!

SILK VELVETS!

You may not need them now, but they are good property, and you

CAN GET THEM NOW FOR ALMOST NOTHING!

Steel, Myrtle, Seal and Bronze Velvet reduced from $2.25 to $1.50 yard.

A few choice shades in Silk Velvets reduced from $3.50 to $1.75!

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE IN

BLACK SILK VELVETS!

The prices of Black Silk Velvets reduced as follows:

From $2.75 to $1.50. | From $3 to $1.75.
From $4 to $2. | From $4.50 to $2.75.

22 INCH BLACK LYONS VELVET

Reduced from $5.50 to $2.75.

28 INCH BLACK LYONS VELVET. THE VERY BEST GOODS IMPORTED!

Nothing but a Great Sacrifice will sell these Goods, so

HERE GOES!

The $9.50 quality reduced to $3.75.
The $8.50 quality reduced to $3.
The $7.50 quality reduced to $2.75.

Dress Goods given away regardless of either cost or value.

NOW, THIS IS SO!

25 cents Cashmeres reduced to 12½ cents yard.
85 cents Colored, all Wool Serges reduced to 35 cents yard.

Black Dress Goods, Black French Dress Goods, Finest Grade Black Dress Goods!

Will be literally given away this week!

Thousands of remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods, all grades, including the very finest, at

One-Third Their Value!

This stock must "leave here" at once.
150 Bed Spreads, reduced 75c to 40c each.
500 pieces Crash, Towelling, Glass Cloths, etc., thrown upon the Bargain Counter at half price.
120 pieces Bleached, Brown and Turkey Red Table Linens on Bargain Counter at half price.
1,000 pieces good Calicoes at 2c yard.
Best quality colored Gros Grain Silks, reduced from $1.50 to 50c yard.
Black Gros Grain Silks, reduced from $1.85 to $1.00.

BARGAINS in LACES!

Skirtings and Flouncings in Black, Cream and White will be given away this week in SHORT ORDER. Price is no object now.

Valenciennes, Torchon, Medici and other White Lace Edgings and Insertions, half price.

VEILINGS!

Double width, colored Illusions, best grade, 15c yard.
White and colored Dotted Illusions, double width, 25c yard.
Saving Silk Veilings, Satin Edge, best goods, 25c yard.
Best quality, single width Tissue, new only 20c.
Double width, Silk Tissues, reduced from 75c to 40c yard.

FEARFUL SLAUGHTER IN SILK AND LACE MITTS!

5,000 pairs of Silk and Lace Mitts, less than half price.

Hosiery and Gloves Literally Given Away!

EMBROIDERIES!

This stock has been thoroughly "pruned" on the matter of prices! Every piece of Embroidery in the house has been marked down again! You have never had such an opportunity to buy this lovely class of goods.

PRICES NO OBJECT AT ALL!

To close them out is what is wanted, at

JOHN KEELY'S.

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Greatest Success on Record OF THE

RED LETTER SALE!

AT THE

SURPRISE STORE

J. REGENSTEIN & CO.,

WILL CONTINUE ONLY SIX DAYS LONGER

We shall close out our entire stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods at the most Outrageous Sacrifice ever heard of!

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLAR STOCK, consisting of Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Velvets, Silks, Laces, Feathers, Ornaments, Embroideries, Ruchings, Collars and Cuffs, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Parasols, Fans, Jerseys, Handkerchiefs and Men's Straw Hats.

All Goods Marked in Plain Red Figures for Only Six Days Longer!

For Six Days Longer. *At 10c*

50 dozen white and assorted colors Excelsior Straw Monitor, a great improvement on the Torpedo Hat, much newer and much handomer. Former price 60c.

For Six Days Longer. *At 25c*

78 dozen assorted colors, Milan and Fancy Straw Turbans, exceedingly fine quality; they were $1.

For Six Days Longer. *At 50c*

30 dozen assorted colored Milan Bonnets, all the newest shades and shapes, the very finest quality straw; were $1.50 to $2.

For Six Days Longer. *At 10c*

20 dozen white Rough and Ready Straw Yacht, a pretty, jaunty Hat, very stylish for misses and young ladies; were 35c.

For Six Days Longer. *At $1*

43 dozen assorted colored Milan Turbans, the very finest grades; were $2.25 to $2.50; our word for it.

For Six Days Longer. *20c Will Buy*

A bunch of Tips, three in a bunch, all colors, including white and cream. A wonderful bargain.

For Six Days Longer. *25c Will Buy*

A beautiful mouture of flowers made on rubber stems, and fully worth $1.

For Six Days Longer. *50c Will Buy*

One of those beautiful sprays of "Art Roses," so closely resembling nature's own rose that when placed together 'tis impossible to distinguish one from the other.

For Six Days Longer.

A clean sweep in Parasols. The entire lot to be sold at an unmerciful sacrifice.

A 22-inch Zanilla Parasol, best make, satin stripe, assorted sticks, worth 75c; our price 45c.

For Six Days Longer. *At 65c Each*

A beautiful striped serge, Paragon frame, carved handles, inlaid handles, etc., etc. Former price $1.50.

For Six Days Longer. *At $1.25*

200 Beautiful Parasols, heavy, cardinal, bown, black, ecru, tan, satin; good quality, plain and brocaded, elegant goods; were $2 and $2.50.

For Six Days Longer. *At $1.75*

A handsome black satin or moire, or any other shade in this line. You can match the shade with your dress. Shepherd's crook, carved and ebony handles. Former price $3.75

REMEMBER ONLY SIX DAYS LONGER!

At $2

The greatest bargain ever offered. Lace-Trimmed Parasols marked down from $6.50.

The Spiral Bustle at 5c.
The Eureka Health Bustle at 20c.
The Gem Bustle at 40c.
These are respectively 15c., 35. and 60c.

For Six Days Longer.

The Twin Wire Bustle, known as the "Lotta Bustle," justly celebrated the world over, for this week as follows: At 15c., 20c. and 35c each. Were just double.

The Langtry Panier Skirt Bustle at 75c. and $1.25; were $1.50 and $2.25.

For Six Days Longer.

Boys' mixed straw Hats, were 50c., now 25c.
Men's fine straw Hats, 30c.
Men's fine straw Hats, 50c.
Men's Manilla Hats, 75c.

For Six Days Longer.

Remnants of fine Ruching at 11c. each. Fine line of Ruchings at 15c. yard.

Real Antique Lace for curtains and tidies at 5c., 10c., 15c. and 20c., worth fully three times these prices.

For Six Days Longer.

20,000 yards all silk Ribbons in Nos. 16 and 20, at 10c. yard.

13 dozen Ladies Balbriggan Hose, full regular made, at 15c.

19 dozen Ladies Fancy Striped Cotton Hose, French patterns, at 25c.

16 dozen Ladies Lisle-Thread Hose in solid colors and black, 33c., usual price 50c.

37 dozen Ladies Solid Colored and Black Hose, full regular, 25c.

Special For This Week Only.

69 dozen Ladies all silk Mitts in Light Shades only 13c; sold everywhere else for 25c.

25 dozen Ladies and Misses Trimmed Hats, only 48c. each, worth at least double the money.

For Six Days Longer.

Superb quality Moire Sash Ribbon, 9 inches wide, at 90c yard.

Extra quality Moire Sash Ribbon, 9 inches wide, at $1.25 to $1.50 yard.

Very fine quality 18-inch Surah Ribbon, with 3-inch Satin Stripes on both sides, at $1.45 yard.

For Six Days Longer.

At 90c we will sell you the J. B. French Woven Corset and the J. B. French Woven Nursing Corset.

Our Beauty Corset at 25c.
Our Blanche Corset at 50c.
Our Broadway French woven, at 75.
Our Warner's Health at $1.25.
Our Silvia French woven, at $1.65.
Our C. P. a la Sirene at $1.75.
Our C. P. best Sateen at $2.50.

For Six Days Longer.

100 dozen fine Mull Scarfs at 10c.
80 dozen fine Mull Scarfs at 15c.
500 fine Mull and fancy Collarettes at 5c., 10c., 15c., worth five times the money.

For Six Days Longer.

Over 1,000 yards assorted Gauze Silks, beautiful goods, were $1.25 yard, now 40c.

For Six Days Longer.

Palm leaf fans at 1c. each; beautiful folding fans at 5c each; beautiful folding fans at 10c. each.

For Six Days Longer.

1,000 yards 45-inch Skirting Embroidery, was 90c., now 50c. yard.

REMEMBER ONLY SIX DAYS LONGER!

The Greatest Bargains Ever Heard of at the Red Letter Sale at

THE SURPRISE STORE.

GRANITE.

George Moerlein, Pres't. John Goetz, Jr., Vice-Pres't. J. A. Eberhardt, Sec'y Treas. & Gen. M'g'r.

THE SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY,

QUARRIES AT LITHONIA, GA.

General Contractors in Granite

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now prepared to furnish estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

GRANITE

For any and all purposes, especially in the line of

FINE ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL AND STREET PAVING WORK.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE: 20 Kimball House, ATLANTA.

BRANCH OFFICE: 19-20 Wiggins Block, CINCINNATI.

jan14—d&w

DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, ETC.

UNPRECENTED--THE GREAT RUSH

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE

THE MOST ASTOUNDING BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK'S SALE!

Acknowledged by All as the Leading Low Priced Dry Goods House of Atlanta.

SENSATION FOR MONDAY MORNING FROM 9 TO 11 A. M.

100 pieces crinkley Seersucker Ginghams at 4c yard, worth double.
200 dozen embossed Tidies, colors old gold, blue, brown, green, bronze and scarlet, at 12½c each, never sold for less than 20c.
100 pieces fine quality Seersucker Ginghams, fully worth 10c yard, at 5c for Monday.
Our entire stock of very best quality French Sateens, always sold at 40c yard, for Monday at 25c; full assortment, solid colors and elegant line of fancies.

WHITE GOODS for MONDAY ONLY!

We have taken from stock in our White Goods department every remnant that has been made this season, without regard to the cost, and shall place them on our bargain table tomorrow at 5c per yard. The length of these remnants run from 2 yards to 8½ yards in each piece, and the regular selling price has been nothing under 10c yard, and run up to 20c. Remember, for Monday 5c yard for these remnants.

For Monday the great bargain will be 100 pieces new Challies, in beautiful new oriental designs, at 7½c yard, worth 12½c, and we are confident that they will go with a rush, so come early.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!!

Again we have decided to make another great cut in this department, that we may clear our counters and shelves at once. Never before has such an opportunity presented itself. It will pay you to buy dress goods at these cut prices, even if you do not need them at once.

20 pieces wool dress, including Serges, Albatros Cloths, Nun's Veiling, all new and desirable shades. We will close the lot at one uniform price, 25c yard, former price 50c and 75c.

These prices and goods we mention below are for Monday only, and are the lowest prices ever named:
10 pieces White Albatross Cloth, always sold at 50c, for Monday our price will be 32½c yard.
10 pieces Lama Cloth, 50 inches wide, the most desirable goods of the season, regular price 85c, price for Monday 47½c yard. Remember the width. Don't forget our sale, only for Monday.
10 pieces white all wool novelty Dress Goods, always sold at 85c and $1 yard, price for Monday 59c yard.
Our entire stock of 50 inch Henrietta Cashmeres, always sold at $1.25 yard, now marked 79c.
20 pieces 36-inch Cashmeres, formerly 25 cents yard, now marked at 12½c.
For the above great bargains come early on Monday.
Great cut price sale on all our Black Goods. Don't buy until you see our goods and prices.

SILKS! SILKS!

Our great silk sale last week was the largest yet—low prices and our immense stock—the attraction continuing this week with additional bargains.

Black Gros Grain Silk, which we guarantee to wear, and warranted all silk, 75 cents yard worth $1.

Our regular $1.25 Black Gros Grain Silk which has given such universal satisfaction to our many patrons, we will place this quality on sale Monday at 87½, never sold less than $1.35.

Our $1.50 Black Gros Grain Silk is the best in Atlanta for the price, in fact, it is as good a quality as some sell at $1.75. Our price for Monday will be $1.19 cents yard.

Surah Silks, all colors, at 50 cents yard.

French Faille Silks, all colors, 55 cents worth 87½.

Don't make any mistake, but visit our great cut price sales in our Silk Department.

WHITE GOODS. WHITE GOODS.

If you need any White Goods of any description, be sure and call at the BEE HIVE. We are headquarters for everything in this line, and will guarantee to save you money.

Last Monday we offered a line of Striped and Plaid Mulls at 5c per yard. Our sales on them were immense, but we have a few left which we shall put on our counter Monday morning, at 5c. There will be no more of these goods at this price, so get all you want now. 20 pieces beautiful corded Lawn, 5c. Fancy Bourette Stripe Lawns, White Lawns with fancy stripe, fine Lace Striped Mull, all at 10c per yard. Plain India Linen, at 3½c. Pure Linen Lawns, 15c, worth 35 and 50c. Plain Nainsooks, soft finish Cambrics, Organdies, Lawns, Batiste Clairie and everything desirable in the way of white goods.

EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES!!

The ladies all say that the Embroideries at the Bee Hive are the prettiest and cheapest in the city. This week we have reduced all of our high priced goods fully 25 per cent. This is an opportunity to purchase the finest grade of Embroideries at a big bargain. We shall also offer some special inducements in Embroidered Flouncings, at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 per yard. We have a superb line of 22 inch and 27 inch Embroideries for children's wear at very low prices. Examine our goods and prices, and you will buy nowhere else.

LACES, LACES!

We have a large lot of fine grade, Black Chantilly Lace Trimmings. Price is no object on these goods now, as it is getting late in the season, and we desire to close them out at once. Look at this: Black silk Chantilly Lace Flouncing, 45 inches deep, 75c. Others sell the same at $1.00. Oriental Lace Skirtings, full width, 25c, 37½c and 50c. Fedora Flouncings, French Lace Flouncings and Cream Chantilly Lace Flouncing. Our stock of Trimming Laces is immense, and contains many novelties not found elsewhere. Oriental Laces, 10 and 12 inches wide for 12½c, worth 25c. Special bargain in Torchon Laces for Monday.

SILK GLOVES!

Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves in black and colors, 25c. Ladies' Silk Mitts, 15c pair. 25c, 40c and 50c in all styles and colors. Lisle Thread Gloves, 10c.

Tourist Ruching 10c box. Ruching made in Silk Folds, all colors, 15c per yard, sold everywhere at 25c. New Tinsel Rouching, in Gold, Silver, Pink and Blue, 25c per yard.

Ladies' Linen Collars 5c. White Linen Sailor Collars for Boys' wear two for 5c, worth 25c each.

Boys' Colored Sailor Collars 5c. Ladies' Sets of Collars and Cuffs, in fancy styles, 25c per set.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

150 dozen of Plain White and Colored Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 5c, worth 10c.

500 dozen of Extra Fine and Sheer Lawn Handkerchiefs, Colored Border and Hemstitched, at 12½c. Most of these Handkerchiefs have been selling at 25c each.

Gent's Fine Cambric Handkerchiefs, with Satin Border, 10c.

Gent's Hemstitched and Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs 12½c.

ART EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT.

Stamped Linens of all kinds at very low prices, consisting of Tray Cloths, Buffett Scarfs, Doylies Capes, Corn Covers, Biscuit Covers, Splashers and Carving Sets. We carry the largest and finest line of these goods in the city.

All colors in Feltings, Embroidery Materials of all kinds.

Zephyrs 5c a lap. Silk Floss 30c dozen.

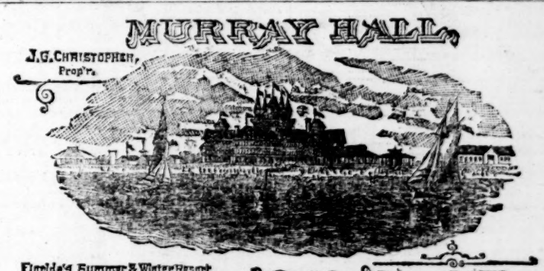
Stamping of all kinds done at short notice.

Ladies wanting light fancy work of any kind to take to the country or sea shore will find a nice assortment at the

BEE HIVE!

EAGLESTON BROS., 30 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

MURRAY HALL, J. G. CHRISTOPHER, Prop'r.



Florida's Summer & Winter Resort on the Atlantic Coast. 15 Miles from Jacksonville. Pablo Beach, Fla.

ONLY FOURTEEN (14) HOURS' RIDE FROM ATLANTA.

Thermometer at 3 p. m. last July averaged 80 degrees; nights very cool.

Rates—Per day, $3.00; per week, $14.00 and $17.50, or $25.00 and $35.00 for two persons occupying same room.

Forty miles of the finest beach in the world.

A. G. MORGAN, Of Kentucky, Manager.

june17—tu th su

IDEAL BROILING.



Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than over the live coals.

Lay the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.

Allow it to remain in the oven with the door closed 15 or 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be found nicely cooked ready to serve. THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.

There is no taint of coal-gas or smoke, and the meats are more tender and better in flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience or broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, and adds another to the many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR AND PRICE LISTS.

For Sale by A. P. STEWART & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

GUARANTEE COMPANY.

R. F. LAWTON, President. HOWARD M. SMITH, Secretary.

THE GUARANTEE CO. OF GEORGIA.

CAPITAL STOCK $50,000.00.

Is now thoroughly organized and equipped to carry on a general guarantee business. Bonds of suretyship furnished to employes of banks, railroads, transportation companies and mercantile firms, and to parties occupying positions of public and private trust, such as administrators, executors, guardians, etc. Also, loans upon improved real estate guaranteed.

DIRECTORS.

R. F. LAWTON, W. B. SPARKS, W. A. DAVIS,
GEORGE W. DUNCAN, T. J. CARLING, T. SKELTON JONES,
ELLIOTT ESTES, W. T. JOHNSTON, HOWARD M. SMITH.

Office in Merchants' National Bank Building, 116 Second Street, Macon, Ga.

Agents Wanted.

jun24—sun tues thurs

CUTICURA REMEDIES.

ECZEMA

And Every Species of Itching and Burning Diseases Cured by Cuticura.

I have been afflicted since last March with a skin disease the doctors called Eczema. My face was covered with scabs and sores, and the itching and burning were almost unbearable. Seeing your CUTICURA REMEDIES so highly recommended, concluded to give them a trial, using the CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and RESOLVENT internally, for four months. I call myself cured, in gratitude for which I make this public statement.
MRS. CLARA A. FREDERICK,
Broad Brook, Conn.

ECZEMA.

Your most valuable CUTICURA REMEDIES hav done my child so much good that I feel like saying this for the benefit of those troubled with skin disease. My little girl was troubled with Eczema, and I tried several doctors, and medicines, but did no do her any good until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which speedily cured her, for which I owe you many thanks and many nights of rest.
ANTON BOSSIMER, Edinburgh, Ind.

ECZEMA.

I was afflicted with Eczema on the Scalp, Face, Ears and Neck, which the druggist, where I got your remedies, pronounced one of the worst cases that had come under his notice. He advised me to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after five days' use my scalp and part of my face were entirely cured, and I hope in another week to have my ears, neck and the other part of my face cured.
HERMAN SLADE, 120 E. 4th St., N. Y.

ECZEMA.

I gratefully acknowledge a cure of Eczema, or Salt Rheum, on head, neck, face, arms, and legs for seventeen years, not able to walk except on hands and knees for one year; not able to help myself for eight years; tried hundreds of medicines doctors pronounced my case hopeless; permanently cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES.
WILL McDONALD,
2542 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents SOAP, 25 cents; RESOLVENT $1. Prepared by Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

STRAINS, PAINS

In the Back, Kidneys, Hip, Sides or Chest relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster. New instantaneous, infallible, 25 cents. we sun

LOTTERY.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place Semi-Annually (June, and December,) and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.
R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bk
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bk.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk.
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, July 10, 1888.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $300,000.

100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2; Twentieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF $300,000 is	$300,000
1 PRIZE OF 100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF 50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF 25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF 10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF 5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF 1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF 500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF 300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF 200 are	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	
100 Prizes of $500 are	$50,000
100 Prizes of $300 are	30,000
100 Prizes of $200 Prize are	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.	
999 Prizes of $100 are	99,900
999 Prizes of $100 are	99,900
3134 Prizes amounting	$1,054,800

NOTE—Tickets drawing Capital Prize are not entitled to terminal Prizes.

For Club Rates, or and further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distant and Signature plain. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

Send POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN,
Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER that the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes. sun mon we

Receiver's Sale.

ON JULY 5TH, 1888, WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION all the assets of the North Carolina Millstone company, formerly doing business at Parkwood, Moore county, N. C., including large tracts of finely timbered and good farming land; the quarry, shop, machinery, etc., from which are made the well known "Moore County Grist Mills;" also saw mills, patent roller flouring mills, ice machines, machine shops and foundry, all complete and equipped with the best machinery; also large lot of machinery and machinery supplies and finished and unfinished mills. This sale offers a rare opportunity to parties desiring profitable investments in the south. For terms and information address
JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ERNEST HAYWOOD,
Receivers of the N. C. Millstone Co., Raleigh, N. C.

COUNTY TAX NOTICE.

What is the matter with the State and County tax payers? Nearly 4,000 returned during the month of April, but since May set in, only now and then a tax payer drops in to make his returns. Very few merchants and business men have given in. The result will be that I will be unable to wait on them in the rush about the time the books close. Persons owning real estate outside of the city will bear in mind that they must give the number of the land lot in which their property is located.
J. O. HARRIS,
State and County Tax Receiver.
th sa su 10t

DIAMONDS!

Acres of Precious Stones Near Atlanta.

THE WEALTH OF THE GROUND

Cape Good Hope Diamond Fields—Diggings in South Africa.

The rush in 1849 and in some succeeding years to the California gold mines was quite eclipsed in 1870 and 1871 by the rush to the Cape of Good Hope diamond fields.

Each year since 1849 has witnessed a larger output of gold from California and adjacent states than the preceeding one, so also in each year since 1871 the cape has increased her production of diamonds, although of latter years the bulk of the business has gotten almost entirely into the hands of companies and but little, comparatively, is heard of the various "finds" which, a few years ago, acted as the impetus for thousands to seek their fortunes in the diggings. It seems scarcely creditable, although it is a fact, that the enormous sum of over ninety millions sterling ($450,000,000) was the value of the diamonds taken out of these mines between 1870 and 1887.

The value of stones has, during that time, decreased at least 50 per cent. Previous to 1869, diamond production was confined chiefly to India and Brazil, the first named being by far the oldest and was long the most celebrated source of diamonds.

There is a rumor that across an old mission map, of the territory now known as Grigualand West, printed in 1750, is written. "Here be diamonds," but proof is wanting of the accuracy of the statement, and the first known discovery of the precious gems in South Africa was made accidentally by a trader in 1867, who obtained it from a Dutch boer, or farmer, whose children were using the bright stone as a play thing.

The stone passed through many hands before its value was ascertained and eventually was forwarded to the Paris exhibition and sold for $2,500. After it was authoritatively pronounced a diamond doubts were thrown on its origin and the existence of rough diamonds in South Africa was looked upon as a belief of cranks and nothing like organized or systematic search was made for a long time. This diamond was followed at first by but few others picked up at intervals in the neighborhood of the Nrange river, and it was some time before explorers hit upon the Vaal river where a few adventurers who were of course regarded as fools for their pains, began a search in the drift of the old river bed. Their labors were rewarded. Although their find was not a bonanza, but the news of their success at once spread with the usual exaggerations and embellishments until it was believed that the fortunate inspectors had struck a new El Dorado, and the banks of the river for many miles were soon white with the tents of fortune seekers. The first systematic diggings were started in 1870 by a party of Californians and Australians and one Brazilian, who, attracted by the resemblance between the gravel bordering the Vaal river and the "Cascalho" or gravel containing diamonds in Brazil, induced the party to begin washing and sifting which, as is known, was successful. At this time all the most valuable patches of river drift were seized upon without regard to ownership. The river diggings had scarcely got settled when the discovery was made that diamonds also existed in the loose red surface soil—very similar to our own soil—which characterizes the flat country back of he river Vaal, and between that and the Medder river. From a scientific point of view, this last discovery was the most important, as it was the first "dry diggins" known. Diamondiferous deposits were found at several places in the province of Grigualand West, and what was at that time the free state proper, notably at Jagersfontein, DuToits Pan, Bullfontein, Vooruitzigt and Old and New DeBeers farms, the latter afterwards called New Rush, and since so widely known as Kimberley, which, by the way, obtained its name from the then colonial secretary.

The actual number of spots worked is about forty, of which Kimberley, DuToits Pan, Bultfonstein and Old DeBeers, are the largest and most productive, and it was these four mines that placed the diamond fields of south Africa upon an assurred footing, as the largest diamond fields in the world. The population increased to an enormous extent in an incredibly short space of time, towns sprung up, and Kimberley itself soon had 90,000 inhabitants.

The surface area of Kimberley mine is only twenty-three acres and has been sunk in some places as deep as 700 feet, stones being found at intervals during the whole distance. The number of claims is 420, number of separate holdings is 482 representing claims and portions of claims held by 17 companies and 22 private persons. The surface area of DeBeers is 29 acres and 610 claims. In the DuToits Pan mine is 1453 claims and in Bullfonteen 1003. These and all the other dry diggings are within a radius of five miles of Kimberley. A railroad has within the past few years been in operation connecting the city with Cape Town and the entire coast. The most successful miners have been Australians and Californians, although hundreds have made large fortunes there who had no previous experience with pick or shovel. Instances are plenty of men who worked a claim for three months without washing out a stone, while an inexperienced man on the next claim (a claim is 30 feet square) would be turning them out at each washing. The writer has a very distinct remembrance of an identical happening in 1871.

Diamonds exist without doubt and possibly in large quantities in Georgia, and although the fact of their existence has been known and admitted for years, there never has been a systematic attempt to find them. Such as have been found have been surface stones and and mostly yellow or straw colored. The Encyclopedia Butanica under the head of diamonds, mentions the fact that stones and diamondiferous deposits are found in North America, in the Sierra Madre and in South Carolina and Georgia, and Dana, in his Text Book of Mineralogy, speaks of stones having been found in this state. In April of the present year a yellow crystal was brought to Atlanta, having been turned up by the plow on a farm about ten miles from this city. This crystal was sold for fifty cents, after which it fell into the hands of an old cape digger, who pronounced it a "shiner," and purchased it for twenty dollars. It weighs 4½ carats, is straw-colored, and in its uncut state presents several flaws. Careful inquiries located the spot where this diamond was found and the writer of this was one of a party, among whom were several erstwhile Kimberley diggers, made up to examine the place.

The result of the examination, which was careful and thorough, was a decided surprise. It was found that the geological formation was identical with that of Kimberly. The serpenture, metamorphic rock, carboniferous shale, tourmaline, and all the various peculiarities of the great South African mine are found to be exactly the same. The general lay of the place and the red surface soil would almost make an old digger believe he was in West Grigualand. The stone found, although not a first water white stone, might easily be mistaken—indeed, could scarcely be told from a cape diamond. Perhaps the most important evidence of a diamondiferous deposit is the existence of a "reef" of strata running almost in a circle. A similar reef is found at all the dry diggings and is in reality a transposition of the strata which, by natural laws, runs northeast to southwest, while here it can clearly be traced running in an almost diametrically opposite direction, showing that at some earlier day a great disturbance must have taken place at this spot, possibly caused by pre-historic volcanic action. At all events the whole strata shows that an enormous pressure must have been applied here, and to such pressure is traced by many the formation of the diamond. The surface of the ground reminds one strongly of what Kimberly was—for no one could go to Kimberly now and gather even an idea of what it was in the early seventies, for piles of debris completely surrounded the place and the little hill which used to be a prominent feature is now a shaft over 700 feet deep. Kimberley is about twenty miles from the Vaal river, and this Georgia diamond field is about the same distance from the Chattahoochee. A mining engineer who made a survey of Kimberley in 1871 for the London and South African Exploration company was with the party and united in the opinion that the general formation as well as much which was peculiar to the big Cape mine, was the same as this one. Well, let us hope it is so, for that would not only mean that we could wear our home-found diamonds, but it insures a "rush" to which that of Kimberley in its palmiest days, would be but a fraction.

THE TIGER'S EYE.

By the author of "As in a Looking-Glass."

Colonel Vandeleur was a British officer who, on many occasions, had done a good deal more than smell powder. As a mere boy, fresh from school, he went out straight to the Crimea and got his first promotion for heading a little party of volunteers who captured a rifle-pit and from it turned the enemy's line by taking them in flank. At the time of our story he was still in the prime of life, capable of any amount of hardship and fatigue, a keen sportsman, and, among men at any rate, a universal favorite. Nor were his good looks spoiled in any way by his glass eye. Some sand thrown up by a Russian shell, which had burst in the trenches, had struck him in the face and his right eye had to be sacrificed. In its place he carried an eye of glass, which was perfectly well matched and almost defied detection, his own features being, as a rule, if not exactly stolid, certainly very far from vivacious.

He had made but one mistake in life. At the age of 45 he had married a girl of 18, and he was now the veriest slave of her caprices. The match had been a matter of regret to all his friends, many of whom had found that the young wife's intolerable self-assertion and petulance made it almost impossible for them any longer to see their old comrade, except on rare accasions at the club. Now it so happened that the colonel and his wife were staying at the Bedford hotel at Brighton, and that Sir Greville Sykes was also fixed in quarters at the Old Ship. Vandeleur and Sykes had known each other for some years, and so it was only natural that the Vandeleurs coming across Sykes on the beach should ask him to dinner, and afterward see a good deal of him, and that they should make up between them a little party of three.

A stroke of luck had befallen Vandeleur. An old uncle had died suddenly, leaving him all his money. Ninety-five thousand pounds is a very comfortable sum. The sooner you get it out of the hands of the lawyers and into your own the better. So Vandeleur was always hurrying up to London, and, as he expressed it, pegging away at the musty old dullards of the courts. One day he had a downright explosion with the second partner of the eminent firm of Tail, Tail, Remainder & Tail, and had even gone the length of threatening to transfer his business to the younger and quicker hands of Messrs. Shortcroft & Raid. This so terrified the man of tape that he not only promised to wind the whole business up in a fortnight, but actually suggested a check for a couple of thousand pounds for any little immediate needs, and, what is more, drew the document and signed it.

"This is jolly," said Vandeleur to himself. "It is now only 12, and I can easily be back for dinner."

So first he drove to the bank and cashed the check, then he paid the bulk of the money into his own bank, and then he had some sherry and a caviare sandwich at the club. Next he strolled up Piccadilly and made some purchases—some gloves, a bracelet, and a sunshade—for his wife, together with a most charming silver chatelaine. And for himself, half a dozen boxes of cigars and a walking stick to which he took a fancy. Then he returned to his club to lunch. Being much incumbered with the dust of travel he set to work about his ablutions in earnest, and before commencing them removed his glass eye. It somehow slipped through his fingers, fell with a crash on the stone floor, and splintered into a thousand fragments.

Now, it is not so easy, as Vandeleur knew, to get a glass eye at a minute's notice. You must devote a morning to the carrying out of such a matter and have your own eye very carefully matched. It is as troublesome an undertaking as a visit to your dentist. So he resolved to make a second visit to London next week and bring up his wife with carte blanche to ransack the dry goods stores on her own account. Meanwhile he hurried round to the eminent taxidermist who had always set up his big game for him and explained his position.

"I don't want to go down to Brighton with a green patch, you know," he observed. "What can you do for me?"

"We don't keep human eyes, sir. You should go to an optician's or a surgical instrument maker's."

"So I will when I am next in town, or will come up on purpose to do it. But I've only twenty minutes to catch my train, so you must fix me up somehow."

The shopman hesitated, but at last produced a box with trays full of eyes of every kind. One was selected which fitted fairly well.

"It will do," said the colonel, as he looked at himself in the glass. "At all events it is better than nothing. What beast was it meant for?"

"A tiger, sir."

The colonel laughed, as he took his change. "Begad, I ought to have known it," said he, "without being told! If anyone knows a tiger's eye, it's your humble servant. I've shot them, ah! by the score, the brutes."

The shopman thought his customer was bouncing; and was just about the giggle, when he suddenly looked at the colonel, seemed to catch an awkward expression in his features, and recoved himself abruptly.

Away rattled Vandeleur in a quick hansom to the station. "Drive sharp!" he said. When deposited at the depot he tendered the Jehu his legal fare. The fellow looked at in disgust. "Why, what's this?" he was beginning, when he suddennly seemed to think better of it. "Beg your pardon, sir. I was a-thinking it was five miles." And he clambored into his seat and went immediately away. "I'd as soon drive the devil himself," he said, when he joined his friends upon the rank. "It was awful. No beak in London's in it with this cove. 'Six months,' I 'eard 'im say. Leastways I 'eard 'im look it. That's to say I see 'im look it."

Innocent of all this, the colonel purchased an assortment of papers and seated himself in a carriage. It was a very odd thing, he thought. Actually a lady who was in the same compartment whispered something to her husband in a state of great excitement. The guard was summoned, and they transferred themselves to another carriage. "A curious business," said the colonel. "They can't take me for a vampire." Then the train started, and he settled down to his papers.

From the station he drove to the Bedford, telling the porter to bring up his packages. His wife was seated in the window, busied with "Ouida's" latest effort of imagination. She jumped up and came to meet him.

"I was wondering when you would return," she said. "I thought perhaps you might stay and dine at your club, and come down by the last train, or perhaps tomorrow morning."

"Why should you think that?" he asked, not at all unnaturally. It was annoying, when he had come down with a lot of presents for her, that she should not be more cordial in her welcome.

She looked at her husband for a moment, made a step toward him, and turned round, threw herself upon the sofa, and burst into tears.

"O, don't kill me! Don't kill me! I've been dreadfully wicked, horribly wicked, but don't kill me!"

* * * * * *

Colonel Vandeleur went back to town that night by the late express, and took up his quarters at a hotel much frequented by him in his bachelor days. Next morning he received a short letter from his wife, which was at once incoherent and yet explicit. Also, was truthful, which her letters as a rule were not.

He meditated a good deal and went around to his lawyers. Then he went to the club, hunted out an old friend, and took him to dinner. They dined tete-a-tete in a private room, and sat talking until very small hours in the morning. The consultation over at last, the colonel wrote a letter, and a confidential clerk from the office of his solicitors took it down next morning to Brighton to make sure of personal delivery.

"At my time of life I was averse to a scandal, nor have I any wish to marry again. I have no secret and no attachment or even an ordinary entanglement that I have hidden from you. Your position will not be affected. Your settlements will reman as they are. But I impose one condition on you. You will have to live at Margate, whether you like the place or not, and I forbid you to leave it, even for a day, except by the written orders of my doctor, who will at any time come down from London to see you.

"I may as well tell you that your movements will be duly and regularly reported to me. A day will be enough for you to make your arrangements. On any business matter, however small, you may write to my solicitors.

"There is thus nothing that need trouble you. For myself, I am leaving England, and have no fixed plans. If you write to me I shall refer the letter to my solicitors, so that you may spare yourself all attempts to shake an irrevocable determination. Were you not a protestant, I should advise you to go into a convent. As it is, I have done the next best thing for you. CHARLES VANDELEUR."

* * * * *

Mrs. Vandeleur is much respected at Margate, where the curates and the old maids compare her troubles and sorrows to those of poor dear Lady Byron. She is very charitable and immensely energetic, and on minor points of parish administration the rector defers to her.

Colonel Vandeleur himself is yatching and shooting, not extravagantly at all, but in true sportsmanlike fashion. His hair is grizzled, but he is still erect as a dart, and, as his friends profanely put it, with covert allusion to the two principal misfortunes of his life, "his eye is not dim nor his natural force abated."

When you feel depressed don't dose yourself with mean bitters. Hodges' Sarsaparilla renovates and invigorates the system, and cures all diseases arising from an inpure state of the blood. $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5. Nashville, Tenn. Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga.; retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

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To Contractors.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSIONers of Roads and Revenues, June 23d, 1888.
Sealed bids will be received until 10 o'clock a. m. on the 1st Wednesday in August next for overhauling and rearranging the seats and urinals in the water closet at the courthouse.
Specifications can be had on application to me. The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of County Commissioners.
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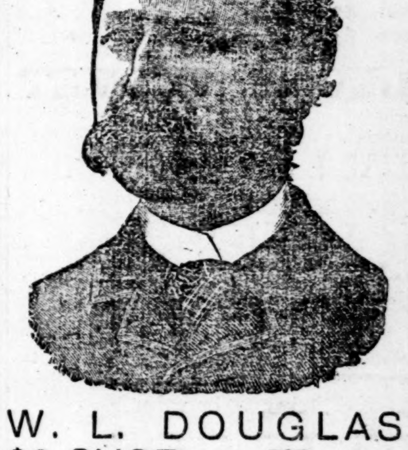
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Supreme Court Decisions.

THE PAMPHLET CONTAINING THE HEADnotes of the supreme court decisions rendered during

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SOUTHBOUND.	No. 50 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No. 56 Daily
Leave Atlanta	1 55 p m	12 01nig't	6 40 a m
Arrive Newnan	3 14 p m	1 30 a m	7 47 a m
" LaGrange	4 17 p m	2 41 a m	8 42 a m
" West Point	4 49 p m	3 15 a m	9 03 a m
Opelika	5 28 p m	4 00 a m	9 45 a m
Arrive Columbus	6 40 p m	11 10 a m	11 10 a m
Arrive Montgomery	7 35 p m	6 45 a m	....
Arrive Pensacola	3 40 a m	6 45 p m	....
Arrive Mobile	3 20 a m	1 55 p m	....
Arrive New Orleans	7 55 a m	7 20 p m	....
Arrive Houston, Tex	2 45 a m	8 40 a m	....
TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT			
Leave Montgomery	8 05 p m	8 00 a m	....
Arrive Selma	9 55 p m	11 10 a m	....
" Akron	....	7 05 p m	....
" Meridian	....	11 00 p m	....
" Vicksburg	....	10 30 a m	....
" Shreveport	....	8 15 p m	....

NORTHBOUND.	No. 51 Daily	No. 53 Daily	No. 57 Daily
Leave New Orleans	7 55 a m	4 00 p m	....
" Mobile	1 07 p m	8 40 p m	....
" Pensacola	6 50 a m	10 20 p m	....
Arrive Montgomery	7 40 p m	1 57 a m	....
Leave Akron	....	8 10 a m	....
" Selma	5 30 a m	4 20 p m	....
" Montgomery	7 35 a m	2 10 a m	....
" Columbus	8 20 a m	1 00 p m	1 00 p m
" Opelika	9 40 a m	4 01 a m	2 20 p m
" West Point	10 27 a m	4 39 a m	3 02 p m
" LaGaange	10 53 a m	5 07 a m	3 28 p m
" Newnan	11 53 a m	6 10 a m	4 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	1 10 p m	7 40 a m	5 45 p m

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Georgia Division—Condensed Schedule in Effect June 3, 1888.

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 11.	No. 13.	No. 15
Leave ATLANTA	....	7 25 p m	8 00 a m
Arrive McDonough	....	8 40 p m	9 11 a m
Arrive Flovilla	....	9 27 p m	10 03 a m
Arrive Macon	....	10 45 p m	11 30 a m
Leave MACON	....	10 50 p m	11 35 a m
Arrive Cochran	....	12 13 p m	1 13 p m
Arrive Eastman	....	12 47 a m	1 55 p m
Arrive Jesup	....	3 50 a m	5 40 p m
Leave JESUP	....	3 58 a m	....
Arrive Waycross	....	5 15 a m	....
Arrive Callahan	....	7 10 a m	....
Arrive Jacksonville	....	8 00 a m	....
BETWEEN SAVANNAH AND BRUNSWICK. SOUTH BOUND.			
Leave Atlanta	....	7 25 p m	8 00 a m
Leave Macon	....	10 50 p m	11 35 a m
Arrive Brunswick	....	6 20 a m	8 25 p m
NORTH BOUND.			
Leave Brunswick	....	8 05 p m	8 40 a m
Arrive Macon	....	3 25 a m	5 30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	....	6 50 a m	10 00 p m
ATLANTA TO MEMPHIS.			
Arrive Atlanta	....	....	6 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	....	....	1 40 a m
Leave Chattanooga	....	....	6 50 p m
Arrive Memphis	....	....	7 20 p m
ATLANTA TO THE EAST.			
Leave Atlanta	7 00 a m	12 55 p m	10 30m p
Arrive Chattanooga	1 00 p m	6 50 p m	5 40 a m
Leave Chattanooga	....	10 00 p m	10 50 a m
Arrive Cleveland	12 05 p m	11 15 p m	12 00 p m
Arrive Knoxville	3 00 p m	2 00 a m	3 00 p m
Arrive Morristown	4 30 p m	3 30 a m	4 30 p m
Leave Knoxville	3 05 p m	7 15 a m	3 05 p m
Leave Morristown	4 30 p m	8 35 a m	4 30 p m
Arrive Hot Springs	6 30 p m	10 25 p m	6 30 p m
Arrive Asheville	9 00 p m	12 55 n'n	9 00 p m
Arrive Bristol	8 00 p m	7 25 a m	8 30 p m
Arrive Roanoke	2 00 a m	12 30 n'n	2 00 a m
Arrive Lynchburg	3 45 a m	2 25 p m	3 45 a m
Arrive Charlottesv'e	6 40 a m	5 00 p m	6 40 a m
Arrive Washington	11 13 a m	9 40 p m	11 13 a m
Arrive Baltimore	12 46 p m	11 35 p m	12 46 n'n
Arrive Philadelphia	3 10 p m	3 00 a m	3 10 p m
Arrive New York	5 50 p m	6 20 a m	5 50 p m
Leave Roanoke	2 10 a m	12 45 p m	2 10 a m
Arrive Luray	7 40 a m	6 30 p m	7 40 a m
Arrive Hagerstown	11 40 a m	10 20 p m	11 40 a m
Arrive Harrisburg	3 00 p m	12 45 n'gt	3 00 p m
Arrive Philadelphia	5 50 p m	4 25 a m	6 50 p m
Arrive New York	9 30 p m	7 10 a m	9 20 p m
Leave Lynchburg	7 00 a m	2 44 p m	7 00 a m
Arrive Burkeville	9 24 a m	5 17 p m	9 21 a m
Arrive Petersburg	11 14 a m	7 00 p m	11 14 a m
Arrive Norfolk	2 25 p m	9 55 p m	2 25 p m
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Arrive Hawkinsville	....	11 50 a m	4 20 p m
Leave Hawkinsville	....	10 05 a m	2 30 p m
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MUSTANG LINIMENT.



For BEAST!

Mustang Liniment

...Penetrates the ... Try it!!

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiff Joints.

...tang Liniment

MUSTANG LINIMENT is death to PILES, ...CAKED BREASTS and all INFLAMMATION.

Mustang Liniment

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT cures all ailments of HORSES, MULES and CATTLE. Outward treatment.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO

The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the southwest.

The following schedule in effect June 3d, 1888:

SOUTHBOUND.	No. 50 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No. 56 Daily
Leave Atlanta	1 55 p m	12 01nig't	6 40 a m
Arrive Newnan	3 14 p m	1 30 a m	7 47 a m
" LaGrange	4 17 p m	2 41 a m	8 42 a m
" West Point	4 49 p m	3 15 a m	9 03 a m
" Opelika	5 28 p m	4 00 a m	9 45 a m
Arrive Columbus	6 40 p m	11 10 a m	11 10 a m
Arrive Montgomery	7 35 p m	6 45 a m	....
Arrive Pensacola	3 40 a m	6 45 p m	....
Arrive Mobile	3 20 a m	1 55 p m	....
Arrive New Orleans	7 55 a m	7 20 p m	....
Arrive Houston, Tex	2 45 a m	8 40 a m	....
TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT			
Leave Montgomery	8 05 p m	8 00 a m	....
Arrive Selma	9 55 p m	11 10 a m	....
" Akron	....	7 05 p m	....
" Meridian	....	11 00 p m	....
" Vicksburg	....	10 30 a m	....
" Shreveport	....	8 15 p m	....

NORTHBOUND.	No. 51 Daily	No. 53 Daily	No. 57 Daily
Leave New Orleans	7 55 a m	4 00 p m	....
" Mobile	1 07 p m	8 40 p m	....
" Pensacola	6 50 a m	10 20 p m	....
Arrive Montgomery	7 40 p m	1 57 a m	....
Leave Akron	....	8 10 a m	....
" Selma	5 30 a m	4 20 p m	....
" Montgomery	7 35 a m	2 10 a m	....
" Columbus	8 20 a m	1 00 p m	....
" Opelika	9 40 a m	4 01 a m	1 00 p m
" West Point	10 27 a m	4 39 a m	2 20 p m
" LaGrange	10 53 a m	5 07 a m	3 02 p m
" Newnan	11 53 a m	6 10 a m	3 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	1 10 p m	7 40 a m	4 28 p m
			5 45 p m

Train 50 carry Pullman Palace Buffet cars New York to Montgomery and New Orleans.

Trains 52 and 53 carry Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Washington and New Orleans.

Trains 50 and 51, elegant chair car between Atlanta and Columbus without change.

CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager. CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Travell Gen'l Pass. Agent.
JOHN A. GEE, ...ng Pass. Agent.

EAST TENNESSEE, VA. & GA. RAILWAY

Georgia Division—Condensed Schedule in Effect June 3, 1888.

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 11.	No. 13.	No. 15
Leave ATLANTA	....	7 25 p m	8 00 a m
Arrive McDonough	....	8 40 p m	9 11 a m
Arrive Flovilla	....	9 27 p m	10 08 a m
Arrive Macon	....	10 45 p m	11 30 a m
Leave MACON	....	10 50 p m	11 35 a m
Arrive Cochran	....	12 13 p m	1 13 p m
Arrive Eastman	....	12 47 a m	1 55 p m
Arrive Jesup	....	3 50 a m	5 40 p m
Leave JESUP	....	3 58 a m	....
Arrive Waycross	....	5 15 a m	....
Arrive Callahan	....	7 10 a m	....
Arrive Jacksonville	....	8 00 a m	....
BETWEEN SAVANNAH AND BRUNSWICK. SOUTH BOUND.			
Leave Atlanta	....	7 25 p m	8 00 a m
Leave Macon	....	10 50 p m	11 35 a m
Arrive Brunswick	....	6 20 a m	8 25 p m
NORTH BOUND.			
Leave Brunswick	....	8 05 p m	8 40 a m
Arrive Macon	....	3 25 a m	5 30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	....	6 50 a m	10 00 p m
ATLANTA TO MEMPHIS.			
Arrive Atlanta	....	....	6 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	....	....	1 40 a m
Leave Chattanooga	....	....	6 50 p m
Arrive Memphis	....	....	7 30 p m
ATLANTA TO THE EAST.			
Leave Atlanta	7 00 a m	12 55 p m	10 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	1 00 p m	6 50 p m	5 40 a m
Leave Chattanooga	....	10 00 p m	10 50 a m
Arrive Cleveland	12 05 p m	11 15 p m	12 00 p m
Arrive Knoxville	3 00 p m	2 00 a m	3 00 p m
Arrive Morristown	4 30 p m	3 30 a m	4 30 p m
Leave Knoxville	3 05 p m	7 15 a m	3 05 p m
Leave Morristown	4 30 p m	8 35 a m	4 30 p m
Arrive Hot Springs	6 30 p m	10 25 p m	6 30 p m
Arrive Asheville	9 00 p m	12 55 n'n	9 00 p m
Arrive Bristol	8 00 p m	7 25 a m	8 30 p m
Arrive Roanoke	2 00 a m	12 30 n'n	2 00 a m
Arrive Lynchburg	3 45 a m	2 25 p m	3 45 a m
Arrive Charlottesv'e	6 40 a m	5 00 p m	6 40 a m
Arrive Washington	11 13 a m	9 40 p m	11 13 a m
Arrive Baltimore	12 46 p m	11 35 p m	12 46 n'n
Arrive Philadelphia	3 10 p m	3 00 a m	3 10 p m
Arrive New York	5 50 p m	6 20 a m	5 50 p m
Leave Roanoke	2 10 a m	12 45 p m	2 10 a m
Arrive Luray	7 40 a m	6 30 p m	7 40 a m
Arrive Hagerstown	11 40 a m	10 20 p m	11 40 a m
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A Mississippi soldier, who was hunting for something to read in one of the bookstores, found a copy of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in a drawer. He quietly left the store, and told a citizen friend that he was going to collect his comrades, and then tar and feather the bookseller, and wreck his stock. The citizen reflected a moment. He knew the bookseller to be a good man, and he determined to save him. He rushed to the store, and gave the merchant a hint of what was coming. When the Mississippi delegation called the objectionable book could not be found, and the soldier who made himself so active in the matter was dumbfounded. The proprietor of the store took it coolly, and said that the drawer had been filled with old rubbish by his clerks years before, and had not been opened since. If there had been a copy of "Uncle Tom" in it he was not aware of it. After a brief consultation, the disappointed soldiers decided that the case was not made out, and they left in disgust.

***

And now came a host of minor troubles. The firemen who had been exempted from military service were forced to guard the streets. Boys of sixteen and old men were compelled to go into the militia. A boy of fifteen or an old man of seventy was under suspicion. The work of robbing the cradle and the grave had commenced.

An old man carried his boy to headquarters and offered to turn him over as a soldier for the bounty offered in such cases.

"I think he is old enough for me to take any how," said the officer.

"No, he lacks three months," replied the father triumphantly.

The money was paid over. The old man stuffed it in his pocket, and handed the boy a dollar!

Did this blood money do the old man any good?

***

The passport system was another annoyance. Every male over the age of sixteen had to have a pass from the military authorities in order to walk the streets or leave the city. A family found it necessary to send a boy of fifteen to a town in southern Alabama on business. The youngster was rather tall for his age, and he went to headquarters for a pass.

"How old are you?" was the question.

"Fifteen years and six months."

"You don't need a pass," said the officer.

The boy took the train, and passed through Georgia without trouble. In Alabama before he reached Montgomery an officer demanded a pass, and threatened to arrest him, but finally allowed him to proceed. At Montgomery he boarded another train and went on to his destination. When he reached it he was arrested, and after a long explanation was permitted to return. Warned by his experience he obtained a pass at Montgomery. He had just taken his seat in the Atlanta train when an armed soldier came in and carried him to the provost marshal's office.

Here he was closely questioned. A well-known citizen was found to vouch for him, and the little fellow was then given permission to proceed to Atlanta.

***

The dudes had no end of trouble in those days. A young man put on his best coat and forgot to take his pass from the pocket of the other one. He carried his sweetheart to a reception, and after a pleasant evening was returning with her, when a soldier brought the butt of his musket down on the pavement with an ominous thud, and said:

"Halt, and show your papers."

An explanation was made, but it was useless.

"I must arrest you," said the soldier.

"But, my dear sir—this young lady—I must see her home."

"All right," was the reply, "I will walk behind you."

And the stern soldier in gray followed the couple home, and then accompanied the wrathful citizen to his boardinghouse, where the required pass was produced.

And this was the experience of hundreds.

***

How did a man fare when he had no exemption papers, no detail, and no pass?

It was almost impossible for such a man to keep out of the army or the militia, but some men did it. All sorts of ruses were resorted to, and some of them were disastrous failures.

A fellow who was about to be dragged off with the militia took a hatchet and deliberately chopped off several of his fingers!

This act excited so much indignation that he was arrested and hustled off to camp where he was made to do the cooking for a mess. It is not likely that he ever made a good soldier. He doubtless concealed himself in some dark corner when the confederates left the city, and turned up the next day to welcome the stars and stripes.

THE OLD COLONEL.

The World Famed Waters of Carlsba[d]

Partake in a decided manner of the characters of two classes of waters, the alkaline or carbonate of soda waters, the saline or chloride of sodium waters. Therefore it is not surprising that this water finds a large range of application and that its efficacy in many diseases is commensurable therewith.

LIVER DISEASES. The waters of Carlsbad are adapted beyond others for treatment of this organ. Even in the early stages of fatty liver, there is probably no one remedy that will yield as good results as a course of Carlsbad Water.

GALL STONES are frequently evacuated in large numbers under the administration of this water, and often the tendency to their formation is effaced.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE SPLEEN as a result of malarial diseases is also well treated by a course of this water. It also renders good service in cases of diabetes mellitus, especially when occurring in persons who are, or have been, of portly habit.

CORPULENCE is not only an inconvenience, but often a disease. By a course of Carlsbad Water with occasional doses of the imported Sprudel Salt, to produce free carthursis, the person may be considerably reduced, proper attention being given to diet.

CATARRH AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, GOUT AND RHEUMATISM. For these diseases the use of the genuine Carlsbad Water is highly recommended.

Dr. Hoffmeister, in a recent lecture, says:

The unnatural motions of the stomach causing pressure and belchings, the irritations of the intestines resulting in catarrh of the bowels, and the inflamed mucous membranes are the most fruitful of all known causes of disease. Out of them grow most kidney and liver troubles, diabetes, all rheumatic affections and gout. I have found that the unnatural motions of the stomach cease, the intestinal troubles become soothed, and health results from the use of Carlsbad Water. The diuretic effects of this water, its quiet action upon the inflamed intestines are beyond all praise.

Beware of imitations. The genuine is bottled under the supervision of the city of Carlsbad. Each bottle has the seal of the city and the signature of "Eisner & Mendelson Co.," sole agents, Barclay street, New York, on the neck label.

may13-27 June 3-17-24 top col n r m

AWNINGS! AWNINGS!

We have the "boss" awning man, who will do your awning work better and cheaper than any one in the business. We put up more awnings than any body else and you will do well to get our prices before you buy.

M. Rich & Bros.

THE "NIGGER."

Old Man Plunkett Tells What He Thinks.

And Gives the Observation of a Long Life to Illustrate His Position—How the Negroes Combed their Hair.

For the Constitution.

"You may speculate erbout what the nigger would be if it warn't for the influence of the whites, but it's all bosh. The nigger is here, and he's going to stay, and thar's no use in talking erbout what he would be under different circumstances."

These were the words of old man Plunkett as he settled himself down in his favorite rocker, and proceeded:

"I've watched the nigger for er long time, and I've watched the changes that have took place for the past sixty years.

"I can remember when the little sullen African was plentiful in Georgia, and all you had to say to quiet a bad child was to tell 'em you'd give 'em to the African to eat. This was the way the young idea was taught, and yet I lived to see the nigger work through a four-years war to support an army that was fighting to keep 'em in bondage, and there never was a time during them terrible days but what the nigger would er laid down his life to protect his 'missus' or the children of the men in the army. I can't forget this, and I don't want to forget it. The nigger may steal a chicken now and then, but he's the best laborer for this country, and we like him, and he likes us, 'cepting when it comes to politics, and then he's gwyne to vote with the yankee, and I don't blame him.

"But the nigger's going forward. He's mighty different now to what he was thirty years ago, and it hain't er gwine to be long before the nigger will have a will of his own and will cease to follow the yankee just because he lives beyond the line, and the whites what have got it into their heads that the nigger is an inferior race and can't come up to the white folks had better begin to scuffle or they'll wake up some bright morning to see the nigger erway yonder in front, and then they'll slap their hands on their knees and say like I've said in a thousand other things, 'Who would er thought it.'

"I know the nigger. I've watched 'em in their quarters as little shirt-tail urchins. I've seed twenty of 'em, with the one garment for their wearing apparel, follow the old 'mama' negress with a bucket on her head and one in each hand as she made her way to the shade of an oak to po[ur] out to them milk that was sent from the white folks' house er scuffling and er squeeling the same as pigs, and then I've lived to see the day when nigger youngsters of the same age as these wear store-bought clothes and smoke cigarettes, and guy an old man like me the same as the white boy of purest blood.

"They used to say the nigger would never be free, and I never did believe they would, but they are.

"I never did believe that the nigger could have larning beat into him, but he can.

"I've changed my notion mightly, and its all from what I've seed.

"I've seed the day when I would er thought it all right to lynch er fellow for bringing the New York Tribune into Georgia, and yet I seed the time when old Horace Greeley was bragged on and I went up and voted for him to be our president.

"When the negro went to voting I thought it would collapse the world, but it didn't, and now I think it all right for the nigger to vote, and if I was running for office I'd get his vote if I could.

"Knowing these things is what makes me anxious erbout this young generation. When I hear 'em er talking erbout the nigger can't do this, that and tother thing, and erbout 'em er going back into heathenism, it reminds me of many er young man that I have known in my life who stood upon their blood and wore gloves and sich like till the poor boys in the settlement would outstrip 'em and reverse the whole condition of things.

"It's not what a man used to be nor what he's gwine to be that counts. It's what you is now is the way the world looks at it.

"The nigger lives cheap, his clothes don't cost much and the whole family is put to work at once.

"The nigger man will work for fifty cents a day and his wife will cook for a family of whites whose income from salary will range from $75 to $150 per month, and the negro cook is mor'n apt to feed her family from the scraps of the high salaried individual's table, and pick up old clothes enough to clothe the family, and so at the end of the month the nigger family, whose head only can earn fifty cents per day, will have more money to lay away than the man who earns $75 or $150 per month. The nigger is wide awake, he gets all he can and keeps all he gets, and his whole family is self sustaining by the time they can pick blackberries or drive a milk cow to the pasture.

"The Lord had something to do with this nigger business, else the yankees never could er whipped us. The nigger had nothing to do with coming over here, and he didn't raise his hand to free himself. He lived here, and worked for the wimen and children and for the support of an army that was fighting to keep 'em in slavery. We oughten to forget this, and we never will, but the whites needn't be deluded with the idea that because they are so much better than the nigger, it ain't no use to make an effort to keep so, for I tell you that the workers will be the property owners, and the nigger will work and live scant and have money, and grow more and more like the whites, till arter a while you'll be saying who would er thought it.

"I've seed these sort of things. I've seed enough to teach me that you can't tell anything erbout changes what are to come.

"I will tell you of some things that I've seed right here in Georgia to illustrate the way sich things work and to impress you that it's all foolishness to be er sizing er man or er race up till the end has come.

"Thar was Dan Burrow, one of my old neighbor's boys, who tied the plowline erround himself to be certain that a young heifer what he was driving across the river wouldn't get away from him. The heifer got scared and took the advantage of a hill and run and Dan he stumped his toe and fell, and the heifer dragged him over roots and gravel and stumps till the skin was pretty nigh all offer him. Folks said he was er fool and his daddy never would trust him with driving anything arter that; but Dan growed up and went to Texas, and he is now the greatest cattle raiser that ever went from Georgia to that state and can handle more cattle and do it better than most any man. This goes to show that you don't know anything erbout what a fellow's going to be till he dies.

"Thar is Lum McGahee—the bigest devil in the settlement as a boy, who, upon one occasion, found a hornet's nest and stopped up the hole and took it to church and throwed it right in ermong the mourners, turned out to be a great preacher and er good man.

"I've seed these things and I've watched close, and whenever I see folks turn up their nose at er youngster for being dull I always tell em that they can't tell what a fellows gwyne to be till he dies.

"I might tell you of men what I've seed in the newspaper business," said the old man, turning to the scribe.

"Erway back before the war thar was er fellow come from over in South Carolina by the name of Whightman, and I hear that there is a Bishop Whightman over in South Carolina now, and I speck he's this fellow's brother.

"Well, young Whightman went into the newspaper business at Griffin, and there was er great to do made over him, and he got to be the pet of the whole country 'round. He was clever and smart, and he could hop up and make er speech all most the same as Ben Hill. He was educated to be a preacher, and everybody thought for er long time that he would go to preaching arter awhile; but, anyhow, everybody was dead certain that his life would be a grand success, but the first thing anybody knowned, he took to drink, and he was er terrow to the bigest fighters erround, and at last he went over into North Carolina and committed suicide; and I stuck er pin right thar, and used it in my arguments arter that, to show that you couldn't tell nothing erbout what er man was gwyne to be 'till he died.

"Thar was Colonel ———, he was the newspaper man of his young days and the pet of society. He had passed the danger line. Everybody thought he was a success. The colonel thought so too. In his old age he lost his prestige and died in poverty, and, if not in disgrace, neglected and unwept the most affable and generous as well as among the most brilliant editors of Georgia was laid to rest in a pauper's grave at Atlanta. There is no sadder ending to a prosperous and brilliant career than the picture of this good man's life. That's what makes me say that you can't tell what changes are to come. Thar is a lesson in all this.

"The nigger is here and he's going to stay, and they are growing more and more like white folks every day.

"Who ever heard of a nigger er having the headache before the war? I've seed 'em many a time carry a hundred pound basket on their head and have, a great, big, strapping youngster in each arm. They can't carry nothing on their heads now, and one of 'em will whip their children in a minit if they catch 'em at it. They complain of headache now, and grunt the same as white folks, and must have their coffee every morning—that is, when they are cooking for some white family.

"They used to comb their hair with a cotton card, and keep it tied up in strings all the week. They have combs now, and will stand before a looking glass and primp the same as er white girl.

"They are beginning to squint their eyes around at each others clothes when in church, and it won't be long, I'm erfeared, till they'll have cushioned benches and rent them out and have four or five of the bigest mouthed ones to set up on er platform and do the singing. They're getting to do very much like white folks in er heap of things, but they have all got their eyes skint for economy, and if the whites don't get some of this 'live within your means' into their composition the nigger will have the wealth and then you can remember that I told you so.

SARGE.

Positively the best remedy ever discovered for all diseases of man and beast that can be reached by an external medical application, is Rangum Root Liniment. One trial will convince. Fifty cents per bottle. For sale a wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga.; retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, June 10, 1888.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF THE FOLlowing seizures made by me for violations of the internal revenue laws:

One copper still and worm seized December 20, 1887, in Hart county, as the property of D. and J. A. Garner.

One still, cap and worm, seized December 20, 1887, in Rabun county, as the property of Thomas and James Page.

One still and worm, seized December 21, 1887, in Butts county, as the property of H. C. Amos.

One still, cap and worm, seized December 21, 1887, in Henry county, as the property of Parker & Farrish.

One still, cap and worm, 8 gallons of whisky, seized December 23, 1887, in Union county, as the property of J. P. Teague.

One still cap and worm seized December 26, 1887, in Monroe county, as the property of Rhoddy Goddard.

One still seized in Franklin county, December 26, 1887, as the property of Swift & Moss.

About 8 gallons whisky seized June 6, 1888, in Dalton, Georgia, as the property of B. & W. A. Henderson.

One still seized January 16, 1888, in Douglas county, as property of A. Wood.

One still seized January 23, 1888, in Union county, as property of Whitmer & Higden.

One still, cap and worm, seized February 1, 1888, in Gilmer county, as property of W. Holliway.

Five gallons whisky, seized January 28, 1888, in Franklin county, as property of S. Flood.

Two stills, caps and worms, seized on February 18, 1888, in Monroe county, as property of Green Austin.

Three packages, about 50 gallons whisky, seized February 28, 1888, in Cherokee county, as property O o.fMeroo ..

u Do still, cap and worm, seized Faebruary 8. 1888 n Franklin county, as property of J. & E. Langford.

One still and worm, seized February 13, 1888, in Heard county, as property of G. J. Wilson.

One still; cap and worm, seized February 18, 1888, in Franklin county, as property of Jim Smith.

One cap and worm seized February 28, 1888, in Pike county, as property of R. Davis.

One copper worm seized February 29, '88, in Butts county, as property of Harris & Gray.

One copper worm seized March 2, '88, in Butts county, as property of Collins & Mills.

One still and worm seized March 3, '88, in Haralson county, as property of Dick Griffin.

One copper still seized March 17, 1888, in ——— county, as property of Hall & Christian.

One still, cap and worm seized April 19, 1888, in Pike county, as property of H. H. Swatts.

One worm and 20 gallons whisky seized April 26, '88, in Gwinnett county, as property of Griffin & Ellison.

46 gallons corn whisky seized April 26, '88, in Atlanta, as property of D. C. Loeb.

One tin still and copper worm seized May 7, 1888, in Pike county, as property of —. Tolan.

One box of tobacco, 38½ pounds, seized in Augusta May 15, 1888, as property of Zentmayer & Sanders.

One copper still, 8 gallons whisky seized May 24, 1888, as property of George Allen.

One still, cap and worm seized May 29, '88, in Oconee county, as property of H. N. Pruter.

One copper still seized June 3, 1888, in Forsyth county, as property of unknown party.

One still, cap and worm seized June 6, '88, in Jackson county, as property of E. Duncan.

Any person having any interest in any of the above described property must make claim and give bond as required by law, or the same will be sold and the net proceeds deposited to the credit of the secretary of the treasury of United States.

June 10—3t sun

THOS. C. CRENSHAW, JR., Collector.

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT Advertising has always proven successful. Before placing any Newspaper Advertising consult LORD & THOMAS, ADVERTISING AGENTS, 45 to 49 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.

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THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER

A scientific liquid preparation that entirely removes the harshness from the hair, rendering the shaft or stem soft and flexible, the rigidity of which causes the curl, wave and kink in the hair, whiskers and mustache.

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Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, sixty cents, by

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THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

—VIA—

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

The Direct Line to

Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Missiouri, Kansas, Oregon, Colorado, California and the Northwest.

The Most Splendidly Constructed and Equipped Line, Affording the Most Luxurious Traveling Accommodations East of the Mississippi River.

	No. 50.	No. 52.	No. 54.	No. 56.
Lv Atlanta	1 25 pm	11 00 pm	5 00 pm	8 55 pm
Ar Salt Spr'gs	2 23 pm	11 53 pm	5 56 pm	9 55 am
Ar Tallapoosa	4 02 pm	1 48 pm	7 37 pm	....
Ar Anniston	5 35 pm	3 34 pm	....	....
Ar Birm'ham	8 20 pm	6 30 am	....	....
Ar Columbus	12 39 pm			
Ar Starkes'lle	2 10 pm			

No. 50.		No. 52	
Lv Birmingham	11 10 pm	Lv Birmingham	6 30 am
Ar Tuscaloosa	12 48 am	Ar Memphis	5 00 pm
Ar Meridian	4 00 am	Ar Springfield	8 10 am
Ar New Orleans	9 30 am	Ar Fort Scott	12 55 pm
Ar Jackson	8 05 am	Ar Kansas City	5 30 pm
Ar Vicksburg	10 30 am	Lv Memphis	5 40 pm
Ar Shreveport	8 15 pm	Ar Little Rock	12 35 am
Ar Dallas	6 55 am	Ar Texarkana	7 00 am
Ar Fort Worth	8 20 am	Ar Dallas	6 45 pm
		Ar Fort Worth	8 10 pm

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No. 50—Mann Boudour Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Shreveport and New Orleans, La.

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A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt. B. F. WYLY, JR. Ga. ALEX. S. THWEATT, Gen'l T. P. Agt.
—Atlanta, Ga.—

G. S. BARNUM, Gen. Pass. Agent. I. Y. SAGE, General Manager.
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This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.



This exact Label is on each Pearl Top Chimney. A dealer may say and think he has others as good, BUT HE HAS NOT.

Insist upon the Exact Label and Top.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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FAST TIME

BETWEEN

ATLANTA AND NEW YORK,

ON SUNDAY, JUNE 24TH.

THE PIEDMONT AIR LINE

Shortens the time between Atlanta and New York to 29 hours and 10 minutes. Leaving Atlanta at 7:10 a. m., Atlanta time, and arriving in New York next day at 1:20 p. m., New York time.

This is the quickest time ever made between these cities.



CHILDREN are IRRITABLE,

Feverish, sometimes craving food and eating ravenously, again refusing wholesome diet, tossing restlessly in sleep, moaning and grinding the teeth, then you may know Worms are sapping at their life and unless prompt measures are taken, spasms and finally death will follow. B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge never fails to cure. Try and see for yourself, it has stood the test FOR 60 YEARS.

STANDARD MUSIC

Four Superb Music Books, printed on fine paper, from full-sized music plates, for $2.00, or $2.50 prepaid. STANDARD PIANO ALBUM—220 pages of choice gems from celebrated composers, such as Moszkowski, Scharwenka, Lange, Wagner, Lange, Wilson, and Spindler. STANDARD DANCE ALBUM—212 pages of the most popular dance music and marches. STANDARD GEMS—110 pages of songs and ballads, piano accompaniments, and 110 pp. of variations, transcriptions, opera arrangements, etc. for piano. STANDARD SONG ALBUM—220 pp. of songs and ballads, with piano accompaniments, selected from the works of such composers as Gounod, Abt, Pinsuti, Roeckel, and Kjerulf. TITLE PAGES BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED in Colors. Price of each book 50c., or 65 cts prepaid. LYON & HEALY, Publishers, State & Monroe Sts. Chicago.

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ANNISTON, ALA.,

JUNE 28TH.

The Georgia Pacific Railway will sell round trip tickets June 27th, good to return within 5 days, from Atlanta,

--$3.10!--

From Macon, . . $7 75
From Augusta, . . 11 00
From Charleston, . . 16 55

ALEX. S. THWEATT, Gen'l Trav. Agt., G. S. BARNUM, G. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.

june19—tu th su

TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF ROADS AND Revenues of Fulton county: May 2d, 1888.—We the undersigned citizens of Buckhead and Cooks district, respectfully ask your honorable body that the following land lots, to wit, Nos. 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185 and 155, be changed from Cooks and Buckhead district to Collins district, as it will be much more convenient in every way, for us to be in Collins district instead of the other district.

ALBERT HOWELL,
Admr. Est. C. Howell.
C. A. HOWELL,
FOSTER BROS,
A. A. CLARKE.

Office of Fulton County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, May 5th, 1888.—The foregoing petition is referred to Moses Wood, of Cooks district; W. R. Hooper, of Collins district, and J. A. Plaster, of Buckhead district, who are appointed commissioners to lay out and define the lines of such change, and report the same to the commissioners of roads and revenues.

By order of the commissioners of roads and revenues.

JOHN T. COOPER,
Clk. Com. R. & R.

We the undersigned make this our report on the within petition, we recommend that the proposed cut off from Buckhead and Cooks to Collins district, be made so as to include lots No. 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185 and 155, provided J. W. Benson, who owns parts of L. L. 155, does not object.

MOSES WOOD,
WM. R. HOOPER.

Office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Fulton county, June session. (June 6th, 1888.)—The foregoing report of Moses Wood and W. R. Hooper, a majority of the commissioners appointed to lay out and define the change of lines between Collins, Cooks and Buckhead districts, is approved, and ordered entered on the minutes of the board.

G. W. ADAIR,
H. L. WILSON,
J. D. COLLINS,
M. C. KISER.
Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.

A true extract from the minutes of the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Fulton county. This June 13, 1888.

June 17, sun 4t

JOHN T. COOPER,
Clk. Com. R. & R.

CLEVELAND BADGE.



This fine rolled GOLD PLATE BADGE is the best seller out. Sample postpaid 10 CTS., 1 doz. 85 cts. Price per gross, by express $9.00. We are headquarters for Campaign Badges and Campaign goods. Catalogue free. Get your supplies direct from the factory. Address THE DOMESTIC M'F'G CO., Wallingford, Conn.

june16—fri su tu

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Rooms Nos. 41 and 42 Gate City Bank Building.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking Depositions in Fulton County.

LAMAR. J. G. ZACHRY.
LAMAR & ZACHRY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
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ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
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NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST A. L. Moore, late of said county, deceased, are notified to make out an itemized account, sworn to and present to the undersigned at Lawrenceville, Ga., and all persons indebted to the said A. L. Moore must make immediate settlement. June the 5th, 1888.

June 6-5 wed

M. E. EWING, Executor.

State of Georgia Bonds.

FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Ga., June 1, 1888.

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF AN ACT APproved September 5, 1887, authorizing the governor and treasurer to issue bonds of the state to an amount, not to exceed nineteen hundred thousand dollars, with which to pay off that portion of the public debt maturing January 1st, 1889, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the treasurer of Georgia, up to 12 o'clock m., on July 6th next, for one million nine hundred thousand dollars of four and one-half per cent coupon bonds (maturing as herein set forth) to be delivered October 1st, 1888:

One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1898.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1899.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st 1900.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1901.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1902.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1903.
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One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1910.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1911.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1912.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1913.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1914.
One hudnred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1915.
One hundred thousand dollars to mature January 1st, 1916.

The bonds to be in denomination of one thousand dollars, with semi-annual coupons due on the 1st day of January and July of each year respectively.

The principal and interest payable in the city of New York, at such place as the governor may elect, and at the office of the treasurer of the state, in the city of Atlanta, Georgia.

Bids must be accompanied by certified check or checks—certificate of deposits of some solvent bank or bankers, or bonds of the state of Georgia for five per cent of the amount of such bid, said checks or certificate of deposit being made payable to the treasurer of Georgia.

Bids will be opened by the governor and treasurer and declared by the sixteenth of July next, the state reserving the right to reject any or all of said bids.

The state will issue registered bonds in lieu of any of the above named bonds, as provided in said act, at any time on demand of the owner thereof.

Copies of the act of the general assembly authorizing this issue of bonds will be furnished on application to the treasurer.

R. U. HARDEMAN, Treasurer. JNO. B. GORDON, Governor.

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GRANT'S FARM SOLD.

Luther H. Conn, an Ex-Confederate, Becomes Its Owner.

MORTGAGED TO VANDERBILT

Chauncey M. Depew Authorizes Transfer of Dent Place.

From the St. Louis Republic.

The real estate sensation of yesterday culminated at high noon when Captain Luther H. Conn, the Granite mountain millionaire and gallant ex-confederate, became possessor of the celebrated Grant farm of 750 acres, which President Grant mortgaged to Wm. H. Vanderbilt in 1884 to partially extricate the firm of Grant & Ward from the results of Ward's rascality. The farm lies just twelve miles west of the courthouse on the Gravois road. The consideration was about $60,000, and this transaction causes the historic Dent homestead tract to change hands for the first time in more than half a century. The final papers will be signed today.

Captain Luther H. Conn, the purchaser, is a Kentuckian, and has a confederate record as one of the bravest and most daring men in Morgan's command, and, like all southerners, appreciates the sentimental and the romantic, as well as possessing the Kentucky weakness for fine horses. Since the war he has been engaged in the real estate business, and recently became a double millionaire through successful mining ventures, and now the old Kentucky blood is reasserting itself and he has purchased this well adapted Dent homestead to indulge his fancy, and proposes to establish a stock farm. He has already christened his newly acquired relic "Grantwood," so that it can never lose its identity as the home of the silent commander.

A little less than fifty years ago, Ulysses S. Grant graduated from West Point, and was stationed at Jefferson barracks as a brevet second lieutenant, then being twenty-one years of age. His class-mate at West Point had been a Mr. Dent, and learning that the Dent family lived only four miles from the barracks, he visited them, and promptly fell in love with Miss Julia at first sight. From that time his visits to the Dent farm became frequent. Grant was called to the war with Mexico in 1843, soon after he had plighted faith with Miss Julia Dent, but she accompanied him in his dreams, and one day in 1848 he rode up to the old Dent farm, but found that the family had removed to the house at the southwest corner of Fourth and Cerre streets, and there he met Miss Julia again, and on the 22d day of August, 1848, he led her to the altar.

His army life carried him to the far northwest, and he did not return until 1854, and from that time until 1860 he fought a hard and losing fight with poverty in and around St. Louis. He received sixty acres of the old Dent farm, which was sold yesterday, as a gift from his father-in-law, and he went to the forest with his ax and chopped down the trees to build a log house for his family. When his work was finished he had a "house-raising," and carried up one of the corners himself. This is the two-story double log house which he afterward named "Hardscrabble," and which, together with the old Dent house, now called Whitehaven, still stands on the farm. St. Louis is the only city in the United States, perhaps, that can boast of a house in its environments which is the handiwork of a president of the United States.

When the war closed Grant showed his tender recollections of the romantic spot by purchasing not only the Dent farm but various adjoining tracts until he had 750 acres, on which he attempted to establish a stock farm. During his trip around the world he was presented with several specimens of fine horses, some from Arabia, some from Spain, and cattle from other countries, most all of which were presented by the crowned heads of Europe. He employed an overseer and had these highly prized gifts transferred to his farm here, having built a system of fine stables and barns, which still stand. Like other business projects of General Grant, his stock farm was a failure. He mortgaged it to William H. Vanderbilt in order to extricate himself from the financial whirlpool into which he fell, and Vanderbilt is now represented by Chauncey M. Depew, who has disposed of the historic property through E. S. Rowse, Phil Lanham and Judge S. M. Breckenridge, his representative here.

To Our Patrons and the Public Generally.

We, the undersigned, beg leave by this method to call your attention to the fact, that we have, after much careful thought, and consultation among ourselves, unanimously agreed and decided that we will, on and after the first day of July next, abolish the credit system. The reasons for this action we hope to make plain and satisfactory, in this, our address:

In the first place, many of us are, (and in fact nearly all) limited in capital, and unless we resort to this method we must entirely abandon the business. Our merchandise, from custom (which always makes a stringent law) is not purchasable only for cash. Now, from this one fact, you can at once see, that in trying to run a business with all these uncertainties, such as bad debts, slow collections, and others too numerous mention, the impossibility of making the business remunerative.

In the second place, our per centum on investment is of small margin, and takes constant and vigilant effort on our part, the very best can be done, to bring it above original outlay.

We could go further and produce many more sufficient reasons for this action, but deem it unnecessary, as we think the foregoing amply sufficient, and hope entirely satisfactory.

In closing this address, we would respectfully ask the public to view it from a business stand-point, and be assured that we have made this move not hastily, but patiently, and with much consideration, and are firmly of the belief that it is not only to our advantage and good, but will also be of vast benefit to our patrons.

R. H. Crawford,	J. Tye & Co.,
Johnson & Pritchett,	H. C. Sawtell & Co.,
C. A. Rauschenburg,	Echols & Richards,
J. M. Stewart,	L. H. Ansley,
Wilson & Bro.,	T. A. Conger,
L. Metzga,	J. W. Harper,
J. C. Smith,	T. L. Smith,
T. R. Sheats,	L. Wolfsheimer,
J. R. Bidgood,	Y. S. Crow,
J. H. Campbell,	M. F. Awtrey,
John Gurion,	W. E. Johnson,
J. L. Peacock,	G. E. Bidgood,
Wm. Koch,	Scott & Wood,
W. S. Shields,	Henry Shields,
W. T. Wheeler,	W. H. Thomas,
R. G. Daniel,	W. H. Baker,
B. W. Brown,	Freeman & White,
P. R. Fowler,	W. P. Humphrey,
W. S. Wood,	John Fritz,
Thos. Humphrey,	W. M. Crabtree,
	W. O. Peavy.

june 23—til july 1

IN THE LEAD.

The Famous "Hygeia" Tobacco of Thos. C. Williams & Co., of Richmond.

A few months ago T. C. Williams & Co. put on the market a new brand of tobacco possessing medicinal qualities. It has had a big sale add is growing in popularity every day. Below are the statements of two of our leading citizens concerning its sale and quality, and they speak volumes for the "Hygeia:"

"ATLANTA, Ga., April 21, 1888.—Messrs. T. C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va.—Dear Sirs: We have been handling your 'Hygeia' tobacco for several months and find that it gives general satisfaction, and a number of our customers claim that it has cured them of heartburn and nervousness. We feel safe in recommending it to the public. Yours truly, "HARRALSON BROS. & Co."

Everybody knows that Harralson Bros. & Co. are capable judges of tobacco, and their testimony is worth much.

Here is a letter from Mr. Frank E. Block, the manufacturer, and to have his indorsement is worth much:

"ATLANTA, Ga., April 25, 1888.—Messrs. Thos. C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va.—Dear Sirs: During the past few months we have sold your 'Hygeia' tobacco to our customers in many of the towns in this and adjoining states, and in no instance that has come to our knowledge has it failed to give entire satisfaction both to dealers and consumers. The reports we have received from parties using it bear uniform testimony to its excellence as a chew, and also to the medicinal qualities claimed for it. There is little doubt it will continue to grow in popularity as it is more generally introduced. Yours truly, FRANK E. BLOCK."

ju8-dim sun

BATHING SUITS

For ladies', gents', boys' and girls, a limited quantity only at M. Rich & Bros.

About Suburban Real Estate.

"What do you think of suburban property about Atlanta?" said our reporter yesterday to Mr. Sam'l W. Goode, the real estate man. Mr. Goode replied that "Facts are better than opinions." Said he: "Every citizen here remembers that the four-acre Seltzer block on Peachtree street a few years ago cost the owner $2,500 and that many months ago he refused $25,000 for it, or ten for one. It is worth much more now. Only a few years ago the 'Murdock property,' near Ponce de Leon springs, and on both sides of the avenue by that name was offered at $25,000 and a year or two later sold for over $80,000 at auction. The Judge Strong place on Peachtree of ten acres about five years ago was offered at less than $7,000, and recently brought $17,000. A short time ago 75 acres of the Alexander property beyond West End was purchased for $2,000, and in April last was sold to a New York syndicate as an investment for $15,000. Near the north of this tract another 50 acres was in 1882 offered for $1,250, and in the spring of this year sold for $13,000. A gentleman purchased six acres out on the Sand Town road in 1886 for $1,050 and in less than twelve months refused an offer of $2,500 for it. An Atlanta merchant less than two years ago paid $2,000 for six acres, and in a few months afterwards declined an offer of $4,000. The 50 acres on the Central railroad opposite the United States military post was purchased for $4,000 in 1886, and the same or following year was sold for $10,000. In 1882 two gentlemen purchased 27 acres at Edgewood for $8,000. Two years later one of these purchasers paid the other $8,000 for his half interest in the same property. Mr. Snook, near Senator Colquitt at Edgewood, five years ago gave $1,300 for 13 acres, and this year refused a bona fide offer of $13,000. Twenty-one acres on Capitol avenue, just out of the city, cost the owner, Colonel Wright, of Thomasville, Ga., $3 500 in 1881, and in 1887 was sold to an Atlanta syndicate for $12,000, and lots have been sold from the same tract this year at the rate of $32,000 for the whole, and it is very cheap at that. In 1885 a Louisville lady purchased 26 acres two-and-a-half miles southeast of the city—half mile east of Grant park—and last month sold eight acres for as much as the whole cost her. Last summer an Iowa gentleman paid $300 an acre for four-and-a-half acres adjoining Grant park, and this month has refused $800 an acre. A few months ago the Bar.ll place at Edgewood was offered at $2,000, and within the last thirty days $3,000 has been refused for it." "The truth is, continued Mr. Goode, "suburban property in every direction about Atlanta steadily advances in value every year, and those who buy choice tracts or lots anywhere within three miles of the city must realize a certain profit. West End property, and real estate in that direction, has rather outstripped the other suburban places because it is advertised more, and been the first to introduce a dummy engine as a motor; and since the sales to the syndicate referred to by me just now, there will be wonderful changes west and northwest of West End in all the property within a quarter of a mile of the dummy line. You may safely advise your readers to buy suburban property here." sat su

LADIES HAND-TURNED SHOES.

Greeson French Kids. Perfect fitting goods—opera and common sense lasts—A to E. widths, at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co's.

LADIES' COLUMN.

LOVELY LINE OF PHOTO ALBUMS JUST received at Delbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall.

MADAME F. BERNARD GUARANTEES TO cure eczema. Also hair tonic, purely vegetable, a sure cure for dandruff. 70½ Whitehall st.

OIL PAINTINGS AND CHROMOS AND THE best sewing machines in the world almost given away at 68 Peachtree street.

WANTED—LADIES TO USE "CHICHESTER" English," Diamond Brand, Pennyroyal Pills. Safe. Always reliable. The original. The only genuine. Ask druggists or send 4c stamps for particulars, return mail. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. su we

LADIES ONLY—ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED paper (monthly) prepared especially for ladies use; valuable, indispensable; 3 mos. 10c; 6 mos. 20 cts. 1 year 25 cts. Ladies' Journal, 74 La Salle st., Chicago, Ill. sun

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

PERSONAL.

CONTRACTORS' BIDS FOR COTTAGE AT R. R. station, 20 miles from Atlanta. For specifications, address W. E. W., care Constitution.

NEWEST AND NEATEST LINE OF LEATHER pocket books just received. Delbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall.

TO BE RAFFLED—ON NEXT MONDAY NIGHT at Stewart & Bowdin's stable, one fine black mare. All interested appear. Thomas L. Johnson.

"THE QUICK OR THE DEAD." AMELIE Rives's popular novel. New edition ready. 25 cents. At all booksellers and newsdealers.

PERSONAL—PREDICTION—SEND 20 CENTS for complete written prediction of your future life. With photo of future husband or wife, 30 cents. Give age and description. Prof. Marceau, Cleveland, O. sun

HELPING HAND, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED, contains nearly 300 advertisements from ladies and gentlemen wanting correspondents. Sent three months for 10 cents. Address Helping Hand, 70 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill. sun

GENTS—3 TEASING LOVE LETTERS, READ two ways. Mail 10c to Box 52, Baltimore, Maryand. sun per

DIVORCE LAW OF ILLINOIS—SEND 10 CTS. Advice free. Cornell & Spencer, Chicago, Ill. sun

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A NO. 1 RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS FOR sale. Address H. R. M. & Co., cor. Calhoun and Houston st.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE OR ½ INTEREST IN Pelham's pharmacy, Asheville, N. C. The owner has drug store in South Carolina that requires all his time. Stock about $5,000. Terms cash. Bonus 10 per cent required. Address W. E. Pelham, Asheville, N. C. Three doors from postoffice. tues fri sun

HAVING ENGAGED IN THE LIQUOR BUSIness at 97 Whitehall street, I am desirous to sell my stock of groceries and good will, 167 Whitehall, corner of Garnett st., known to be one of the finest stands in the city. Rent very cheap and generally traded out. Only parties meaning strictly business please apply. Alex. Dittler.

CASH PAID FOR SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, carpets, stoves and all kind of office and household goods. L. M. Ives, 27 Marietta st.

FOR SALE—JOB PRINTING OFFICE AND RUBber stamp works for sale or rent. Well established and making money. Too many irons in the fire, and must let one go. Apply to J. T. Lowry, 8½ Marietta st.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH CAPITAL TO INvest in a big paying enterprise. Investigation invited. For particulars, address "L. A. C.," this office.

INSTRUCTION.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY—THIS IS A CHANCE IN a lifetime to learn telegraphy for the least money. Those who desire to learn can secure rare advantages by addressing, at once, A. G. Couch, Senoia, Ga.

GOLDSMITH & SULLIVAN'S BUSINESS COLlege, Fitten building, is an institution devoted to the training of young men and ladies for the active duties of business. Everything taught is of a practical nature that can be made use of. It is indorsed by business men and practical book keepers as the best place to secure a business education. The night sessions are crowded with young men who cannot attend the day sessions. Send for catalogue. Goldsmith & Sullivan, Principals. sun

CRICHTON'S IS THE MOST COMPLETE SHORThand school in the country. Large enthusiastic classes. Special terms to ladies. Large illustrated catalogue free.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, AGED 21, wants board at Marietta, Norcross, or any other place near Atlanta on railroad; unexceptional reference. Address Box 364, Atlanta.

WANTED—BOARD BY EIGHT YOUNG MEN. Will go four in a room, if large ones. Address, giving rates, Q. J., care of this office.

WANTED—HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT AN EXTRA NICE COTtage of seven rooms and servant's house, all newly furnished throughout. It is located in an excellent neighborhood, and has a fine lawn and garden. It will be rented for from two to four months just as it is, already for housekeeping, to acceptable parties, for $85 per month. An excellent cook will remain if desired. Address "Browning," Constitution office.

WANTED ROOMS—2 OR 3 ROOMS CONNECTed, with water and gas, for light housekeeping. Must be near in and moderate rent. Address P. O. Box 457.

WANTED—TO RENT SPACE WITH POWER; good light and well ventilated; central location preferred. Hollis Bros., 42 North Broad street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Address 77½ Peachtree street, room 4.

LOST.

STRAYED—FROM MY FARM ONE MULY HEAD cow. Any one reporting her to 1½ Marietta street will be rewarded. Thomas L. Johnson.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—1 CLERK, 10 CANVASSERS, 1 COLlector, 1 headwaiter, 5 cooks. Parties in need of help call on 48 Marietta st, room No. 11.

WANTED—AT WORK SHOP OF TECHNOLOgical school (10) ten good carpenters. Pettit & DeHaven.

TURNER WANTED—APPLY TO THE ATLANta Furniture Manufacturing company.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS EXPERIENCED traveling salesmen to sell spool cotton. Apply with references to H., Box 103, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—TWO HELPERS IN PAINT SHOP. J. G. Smith, Barnesville, Ga. sun

PAINTERS WANTED — TEN GOOD BRUSH hands, and one striper, immediately. Apply to White Hickory Wagon works, East Point, Ga. thur fri sun

WANTED—ANOTHER REPORTER ON EVENing paper. One with some experience preferred. Wanted also canvasser. Call Evening Capitol office, 47 South Broad st.

CRICHTON'S SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND AND correspondence. A live, wide-awake school. Every graduate finds immediate employment. Large illustrated catalogue free.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO GOOD CARRIAGE trimmers at 28 North Broad street. J. A. Curtis.

WANTED—TRAVELER VISITING DRUG trade in southern states to sell for wholesale truss manufacturer, Philadelphia, Pa. Address X. Y. Z., this office. 8t

WANTED—FOR THE TRUNK AND TRAVELing bag business, a traveling salesman acquainted with the southern trade generally, but more especially with the southwest. Address, giving references and stating age, Trunks, P. O. Box 2,816, N. Y.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN OR WOMAN IN every county to sell our goods. Salary $75 per month and expenses. Canvassing outfit and particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. tues thu sat sun

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—BY A SEWING MACHINE COMpany an intelligent and active lady to give instructions through the city. Must be a fair operator and perfectly willing to work. P. O. Box 31.

WANTED—A COOK. GOOD WAGES AND servant's room. Services not required after 3 o'clock. Apply to Mrs. C. E. Black, Ponce de Leon springs.

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES AT HOME TO color photographs for us by a new process. No instructions to buy. Fascinating employment. Work can be mailed anywhere. $1 to $2 per day can be made. Particulars mailed with a sample cabinet photograph, beautifully colored, for four cents. Address Home Co., P. O. Box 1816, Boston, Mass. sun

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WHITE WOMAN to cook and do general housework for a family of three; German preferred. Apply at 15 Washington street, or 26 Whitehall street. sat sun

WANTED—A GOOD COOK WHO HAS NO small children, or would hire a man and wife; must be a good milker; good wages. Apply 39 South Broad street. jue16-2t

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER OF EXperience, who can give references as to qualifications wants situation. Steno-Phono, Constitution office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

A LADY—WHO WRITES RAPIDLY AND LEGIbly, is a good mathematician and practical bookkeeper, desires a situation. References given. Address Bookkeeper, P. O. Box "D," Brunswick, Ga.

WANTED—POSITION BY A LADY AS STEnographer and typewriter thoroughly competent. References. Address "Stenographer," Gainesville.

POSITION WANTED—BY A LADY—USES type-writer, understands shorthand; $25 per month; am willing to work. Address "Willing Worker," care Constitution Pub. Co.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—AGENTS ADDRESS (WITH stamp) box 291, St. Louis, for particulars of Electric Generator. Cooks on any stove at cost of two cents. sun tu thr 2wks

AGENTS—REAPING BIG PROFITS SELLING "O. K." Potato Peelers, other goods. Samples and terms of each postpaid 15 cents. F. Gates, 39 Dey street, New York. sun tue thur

LADY AGENTS—WE WANT GOOD CANVASSers for the Mme. Williamson Corset. Sells without trouble; fits perfectly. Liberal terms. Williamson Corset & Brace Co., 18 Sixth st., St. Louis, Mo. su

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES COINING MONEY selling "O K" potato peelers; samples and terms 10 cents. Other goods. F. Gates, 39 Dey st., New York. sun wed sun

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR BUSTLE AND extender combined; just the thing for winter dresses. Also the "B" hose supporter. Both entirely new. Ladies' Supply Co., 287 Washington Boulevard, Chicago. tues thurs sat sun

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR THE IMproved combination bustle-skirt. Removable hoops. Can be laundried. Latest Paris style. One agent sold 500 in Columbus last spring, and made $550. Spring trade now. Address with stamp. E. H. Campbell & Co., 484 W. Randolph street Chicago. sun thus wed

$100 TO $300 A MONTH CAN BE MADE working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street, Richmond, Va. 1m.

AGENTS—THE "MATCHLESS" LIGHTING Co., 132 Reade street, New York, patentees and manufacturers of "Matchless" self-lighting gas burners. Startling, useful, quick selling. Thousands sold. Sample by mail, 50c. Special terms of fered.

WANTED—A LIVE SALESMAN IN NASHville, Memphis, Birmingham, Mobile and other cities south and west. Address Mercantile Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—FOR LADY AGENTS THERE IS nothing with which you can make sales so quick and easy as with the Mme. Williamson Corset. Always reliable. Williamson Corset & Brace Co., No. 18 S. 6th street, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—SOME MORE LAWN MOWERS TO grind and repair at 81 Whitehall street. Charles Vittur.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT the old razor grinder ain't dead yet. You can find him at 81 Whitehall street, where you can have your razors ground at short notice. Charles Vittur.

WANTED—A SECOND HAND SODA FOUNtain in good order. Apply at once 98 Decatur street.

WANTED—FOR CASH A ROLLED TOP DESK and safe. Address D. Morrison, Manager, 60 S Broad st., Atlanta.

WANTED TO SELL SEVERAL SCHOOL desks for private school; very cheap. Apply to H. Franklin, corner Broad and Hunter streets.

WANTED—I WOULD LIKE TO BUY A REAL bargain in good, vacant property, that I can make some money on, for from 7 to $1,500. Address H. R. L., Constitution office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, A FINE lot of concave razors at $1 each, all warranted, at 81 Whitehall street. Charles Vittur.

FOR SALE—THREE YOUNG, REGISTERED Jersey cows and one heifer calf. Cows all giving milk. Two have been served. Well bred and fine cows. Prices reasonable. Address Chas. H. Killian, Palmetto, Ga.

FOR SALE—A FINE POLISHER FOR SILVER, brass or nickle. Go and get samples from D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL HEIFER CALF, THREE-fourths Jersey, four months old, 16 South Terry street, near Georgia avenue; on sale for three days, June 24.

FOR SALE—ONE SAFE DOUBLE DOORS. COMbination lock. Call at Carlton & Smith, South Forsyth street.

FOR SALE—OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR LUMber a pair of wagon scales in good condition, Apply Hoppie Bros., 24 Alabama street. sun tue

BUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACtion from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c. We have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c. Address The Constitution. d&wkytf

FOR SALE—AT ONE-TENTH OF THEIR VALUE, large windows suitable for store fronts. Apply at 58 and 60 Whitehall. 1wk

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE SQUARE EMERSON piano. Fine tone and in splendid condition. Owner needs money, and a bargain is offered. Apply at 96½ Whitehall street.

VIOLIN—SPLENDID INSTRUMENT FOR SALE, cheap. Address W. R. Cotman, 25 Wheat.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

STILL IT LIVES, AND LANGSTON & WOODson have had it put on their roof and wood doors to preserve them from decay, and protect against fire. W. Jay McDonald's combined fire and water proof cement roof paint. Stops all leaks and does the work. Leave your orders at 7½ N. Broad street.

REAL ESTATE.

For Sale, by Smith and Dallas, No. 43 South Broad Street.

$1,500—THREE ROOM HOUSE, SMITH street.
$1,0.0—4 vacant lots, Magnolia near Lowe.
$3,000—9 room house, Gilbert street, lot 10 x200.
$1,600—6 room house and 6 acres, Hopeville.
$3,250—four 4 room houses near Boulevard. These rent for $40 per month.
$6,000—10 room house, very large lot, East Hunter.
$ 550—3 room house, Fulton street.
$6,500—9 room house, Lawson street, large lot.
$8,000—9 room house, West Peachtree, very desirable.
$1,500—1 vacant lot, good grove, Richardson street.
$1,000—4 room house, West Mitchell, lot 80x135.
$3,500—5 room house, new, Crew street.
$1,000—4 room house, Jones street, close in.
$1,400—6 room house, large lot, Werner's avenue.
$1,200—4 room house, good neighbors, Luckie.
$ 800—cheap 4 room house, large lot, Vine street.
$2,500—25 acres just outside of Atlanta.
$15,000—100 acres near city limits on railroad.
$ 950—two 2 room houses, lot runs through from McDaniel to Smith streets.
$1,000—vacant lot 100x350, fine grove, West End.
$ 900—6 vacant lots, Moore street, very cheap.
$1,500—4 room brick, Daniel street near Decatur, one superior new iron safe. 2-8

Osborn, Key & Co.—Real Estate Agents.

$8000 FOR 9 ROOM HOUSE, LARGE lot, West Peachtree. Submit us an offer.
$3,000—Five-room house, Gilmer, near Calhoun. Well finished.
$2,500—Six-room house, Calhoun street, near corner.
$3,000—Six-room house, close in.
$3,200—Seven-room house, Jackson hill, good lot.
$1,100—Four-room house, near first ward school.
$1,100—Three-room house, Fair street, corner.
$2,000—Five room house, near new capitol.
$1,800—Forty-two acres, 3-room house, orchard, vineyard and crop, on Georgia railroad, near Decatur.
$1,500—Four-room house, 20 acres, near Decatur, with orchard and vineyard.
$1,000—Five acres just outside city. Osborn, Key & Co., 50 Marietta street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES.

FOR RENT, FOR FOUR MONTHS, 5 ROOM cottage, furnished, 274 Crumley, between Crew and Washington. Apply at Pullman office, union depot.

FOR RENT—A LARGE CENTRALLY LOCATED boarding house. W. H. Turner, 303 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—A NEW FOUR ROOM COTTAGE, Chamberlain street, near Wheat street. Apply at 201 Jackson street.

FOR RENT—THE HANDY BROWN STONE mansion, 86 Ivy street, will be completed by July 1st. Has 26-rooms, exclusive of stove and bath rooms, 4 water and numerous other closets, wood house, coal house, hot and cold water. Gas throughout. Is elegantly and most conveniently constructed in every particular for a first-class boarding house. Near Peachtree street and 300 yards from union depot. Splendid locality for transient and regular board. Apply on premises or to J. W. B. Edwards, 22 Wheat.—sun tues.

FOR RENT—FINE NEW BRICK RESIDENCE, 100 yards from postoffice. Nine rooms, fine basement, gas, water, bath rooms, electric bells, etc. 82 Walton street. Apply to J. F. Stilson, 55 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—TO SEPTEMBER 1ST, FURNISHED house, nine rooms including bath, fine location, cheap. Address "Summer," Constitution office.

FOR RENT ON WASHINGTON STREET—AN elegant two story frame house of 8 rooms and kitchen, with all modern conveniences and fine water, beautiful corner lot, in splendid neighborhood one of the nicest and prettiest homes on the street. Apply to Ansley Bros., 28 South Pryor street. tf.

FOR RENT—A GOOD SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, at 116 Ivy street. Water, gas and all latest improvements; stables and other out houses. G. C. Drummond, 19 South Broad st. wed fri sun

FOR RENT—FOR THE SUMMER, FURNISHED 8 room convenient house, good water, to a family without children. Rent moderate, near Ben Hill monument. References exchanged. Address A, 16 S. Forsyth st. su tu

FOR RENT—A PRETTY, NEW 6 ROOM COTtage on Parker st, near W. Peachtree st, $15 per month. Inquire 16 S. Forsyth st.

FOR RENT—FOR JULY AND AUGUST, MY two story 8 room brick residence, furnished throughout, including gas, water, brick pavements and belgian blocks; street cars, close to churches, and five minutes walk from Kimball house. Call or write to Mrs. A. S. Tally, No. 193 Pryor street.

FOR RENT—NEW FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, NO. 119 Forest avenue. Apply Forest avenue, corner Fort, or No. 40 Whitehall.

TO RENT—A NINE ROOM HOUSE, NICELY furnished, for the summer. P. H. Snook.

FOR RENT—SMALL, FURNISHED HOUSE, FOR summer months, or until November 1st. Apply 42 East Baker street.

Rooms.

FOR RENT—FIVE DELIGHTFUL ROOMS FOR rent at 58 Washington street; board convenient. References exchanged.

FOR RENT—ONE DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM on first floor; well ventilated. 54 Walton street

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE, PLEASANT FRONT room, one block from postoffice. 55 Walton street.

Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO CONNECTING FURNISHED rooms—parlor and bed room, to party without children, cheap. Elegant Knabe piano in parlor. Close in. Address P. L., care this office.

Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.

ROOMS TO RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished, in No. 29 Poplar and No. 41 N. Forsyth street.

DELIGHTFUL ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished; suitable for young men, or light housekeeping. Terms reasonable, at 23 Pulliam street.

Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE STORE ROOM with apartments above, No. 141 West Mitchell. Apply to Geo. S. May. sat sun tues thur tf

TO RENT—A BASEMENT FOR STORAGE PURposes cheap. Delbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall.

TO RENT—A LIMITED NUMBER BEDS AND cots by day, week or season at Piedmont Chautauqua. Also ground space for tents. Address with stamp, box 100, Salt Springs. 7t

FOR RENT—STORE HOUSE CORNER WHEAT and Valentine streets. Apply to D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

For Rent by John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 20 N. Broad St., Corner Walton.

8 r h cor. Spring and Simpson st.	$40 00
8 r h, 303 Washington street	30 00
7 r h 23 Williams street	21 00
6 r h 55 E. Harris	16 00
6 r h 210 Spring street	16 65
6 r h 26 Hood	15 00
5 r h corner Spring and Alexander st	14 00
5 r h 54 W. Harris	25 00
4 r h 21 Scott, near Alexander st	12 50
4 r h 281 Luckie street	12 50
4 r h 20 Bush	6 00
4 r h 9 Plum	8 75
3 r h Pine and Fowler	7 00
3 r h Fowler near Gresham	6 00
3 r h 34 Victoria	5 50

Store room, 5 rooms attached, very large lot, No. 315 Mitchell. Rent reasonable to right party.
A very desirable boarding house close in.
Rooms for colored people in rear of 86 Ivy.

For Rent by Smith & Dallas, No. 43 South Broad Street.

NICE SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, GAS AND WATER, very near First Methodist church.
Ten-room house, gas and water, near First Methodist church.
Six-room house, servants' room, kitchen and stable, cheap for summer, Peachtree street.
Ten-room house, Ivy street, close in.
Six-room cottage, West End.
Five-room cottage, very near Trinity church, in good condition, with water in the house.
Five-room cottage, Larkin street.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

FURNITURE PACKED, SHIPPED OR REPAIRED L. M. Ives, 27 Marietta st.

$50 WILL BUY COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPing outfit worth $150. Going away and will sell out lock, stock and barrel. Address Mechanic, care Constitution.

GO TO P. H. SNOOK'S FURNITURE HOUSE and buy one of his Chautauqua suits for $13.50.

$30 FOR NICE PARLOR SUIT OF FURNIture, eight pieces, as good as new. Call at 76 Courtland street.

COOKING STOVE, WITH ALL UTENSILS, cheap for cash. Been in use two months. W. O. Beall, 44 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND REFRIGERATOR very cheap. J. S. Broomhead, 61 S. Broad street. 1w

2 SHOWCASES, SEVERAL COOKSTOVES, CARpets and other second-hand furniture cheap for cash. L. M. Ives, 27 Marietta st.

GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL GRADES OF FURniture at P. H. Snook's.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BOARD IN NEW YORK CITY—IN A DELIGHTful locality; convenient to elevated station and surface routes. For address apply to H. S. Johnson, Chamberlin, Johnson & Co., Atlanta. 4sun

REAL ESTATE.

$1200 3½ ACRE EDGEWOOD LOT—Rents for nine per cent on value. Apply to H. A. Kuhns, 80 Peachtree street.

FLORIDA REAL ESTATE—THE FINEST HOTEL site in Florida, will sell, or improve on joint account. Address G. W. Lyons, Silver Springs, Fla.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON CORNER OF Chapel and Fair streets; good condition; one acre on corner of Frazier and Little streets, and Capitol and Georgia avenues; six acres on Central railroad and public road, which has been graded. This, as well as the others, is a very desirable place being near West End, where property is so valuable adjoining lands of Anthony Murphy. For particulars address M. S. Smith, Grantville. Gann

W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate, 9 Kimball House, Adjoining Hotel Entrance.

NO. 27 MILLS STREET—A NEW 8-ROOM RESIdence on lot 50x200, running through to Parker street. The house is new, well built and in perfect order, about 200 feet east of Spring street; it is in a growing part of the city; cost over $3,000 to put it there, and is worth $3,500. Will sell for $2,750, $500 cash and $35 per month. Street cars will run on Spring in less than six months. Call and see us. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST BAKER STREET, NEAR PEACHTREE—A splendid 10-room residence, with gas and water, heated by furnace. This is a choice residence, on a splendid street, good sidewalks, laid with belgian block, and will be sold on liberal terms. W. M. Scott & Co.

VENABLE STREET—A 4-ROOM COTTAGE on good street, close to Marietta street bridge works, technological school, etc. A good location, $1,000. Very liberal terms. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST END—NEAR WESTVIEW DUMMY line, we have a number of choice half acre lots well located, a high and commanding situation, which we will sell to those wishing to procure homes on time, ranging from three to five years, with only nominal cash payments. W. M. Scott & Co.

NORTH SIDE, CLOSE IN—A SEVEN-ROOM residence for $2,000. Very cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

RICHARDSON STREET, NEAR FORMWALT—A choice vacant lot 50x198; lot lies well; street paved. W. M. Scott & Co.

340 LUCKIE STREET—A 4-ROOM COTtage in excellent white neighborhood; convenient and desirable; $1,350 cash payment and $20 per month. W. M. Scott & Co.

IRWIN STREET, NEAR RANDOLPH—NEW 4-room house on good lot; splendid renting property; $900, $100 cash and $20 per month. W. M. Scott & Co.

MCAFEE STREET—CORNER LOT AND 4-ROOM cottage on installments of $20 per month; house should rent for $12.50. W. M. SCOTT & Co.

PULLIAM STREET—7-ROOM HOUSE ON 50x150, with side alley. This is a close in and convenient home, cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

BASS STREET—A 3-ROOM HOUSE ON GOOD lot, close to Capitol avenue, for $500, now paying 12 per cent on investment. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST END—NEAR GORDON STREET CAR line, vacant lot, high and level, 50x200, for $500, $50 cash and $10 per month. W. M. Scott & Co.

NEAR U. S. BARRACKS—A SPLENDID 25-acre fruit farm, well suited for grape culture, $2,000; one-fourth cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years. W. M. Scott & Co.

AN ELEGANT NEW CAPITOL AVENUE RESIdence—on the choicest portion of this popular street; house furnished with all modern improvements. A model home, and will be sold cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

OVERLOOKING NEW U. S. BARRACKS—A 10-acre fruit farm for $700. An opportunity to buy a piece of property that will double itself in value in less than three years. W. M. Scott & Co.

104 W. BAKER STREET—$2,000, INSTALLments. W. M. Scott & Co.

Harry Krouse. M. M. Welch

Krouse & Welch, Real Estate, Renting and Loan, 2 Kimball House, Wall Street.

STORE PROPERTY FROM 12 TO 13 PER CENT on price; paved street and sidewalk; party wants to sell, call in and make offer.
$750 will buy one of the prettiest shaded lots in the city, near Fair street school, 70 feet front.
Whitehall street shaded lot, 69 feet front, at a bargain; call and we will show it.
Boulevard acre lot nicely shaded and elevated; only $2,250, for a few days only.
Store property—If you want a solid paying investment call and see us; we can suit you.
Smith street—Nice, new cottage, large lot, at less than value if taken at once.
Norcross summer home—5 room cottage, 3 acres of land, with peaches, apples, grapes, etc., 400 yards from hotel, only $600 —bargain.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET, NEAR IN, 10 ROOM two story residence; $3,500; $800 cash; balance 1, 2 and 3 years.

ATHENS, GA., 8 ROOM TWO STORY RESIdence; kitchen, servants houses, stable, etc.; known as the Newton Place, between 6 and 7 acres of land at a bargain for cash, or will exchange for Atlanta property.

$1250 FOR FOUR TWO ROOM HOUSES and four vacant lots near East Tennessee shops.

$650 FOR THREE TWO ROOM HOUSES, corner Maple and Spencer streets, near first ward school.

$650 FOR NEW THREE ROOM COTTAGE; $100 cash; balance $15.00 monthly.

CALIGRAPH FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Leak & Lyle's Partial Sale List, June 24th, 1888.

$6000—WILL BUY AN ELEGANT TEN-room house, with 10 acres of land in West End. Pure water, large orchard, beautiful shrubbery and yard. Call early, if you want a bargain.
$5500—Most central brick residence, Church street, one block from Peachtree. Every convenience.
$5000—One of the cosiest houses on Whitehall street, large lot.
$3000—One of the nicest houses on Crew street, large shady lot.
$1500—Pretty, new cottage, good lot, fine neighborhood.
$1250—Three-room cottage, rents well, East Fair street.
$1100—Seven-room house, Young street.
$2100—Five-room cottage, just completed, Cooper street.
$1200—Four-room cottage, Pulliam street, easy payments.
$650—Corner lot, McDaniel street.
$600—Three-room cottage, rents well, Powers street.
$800—Good neighborhood, nice, new three-room house; $250 cash, balance easy.
$400—Two-room house, long time.
$450—A splendid vacant lot, easy payments.
$80 to $250—Twenty most desirable vacant lots, long time.
$700—Choice Hill street lot.
$900—Three-room cottage; balance easy terms.
$1200—4½ acres land, West End. A bargain.
$700—Four-room house, lot 8 x200. Railroad front.
$500—Choice Pulliam street lot.
Fine farm, 140 acres, near Salt Springs, for sale or exchange city property.
We buy, sell and exchange city property, farms, mills, mines, mineral and wild lands in Georgia and other states.
Special attention to renting city property, farms, etc. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street.

Ansley Bros.—Real Estate Agents

$7000—2 beautiful Washington street lots 50x200.
$5200—3 acres land, fine fruit, 9 room house, conveniently arranged, near depot, Decatur.
$700—Hill street lot, 2 squares of street car, 50x160.
$5000—5 acres land fronting Georgia railroad at Kirkwood, house 5 rooms and kitchen, beautiful lot.
$3600—3 acres land, house 6 rooms, fronting Georgia railroad at Kirkwood, pretty country home.
$2500—50 acres land 1 mile from Decatur depot, half cleared. Terms ⅓ cash, balance easy.
$2000—7 room house in Decatur, lot ¾ acre.
$6000—8 room house, Kirkwood, lot 12 acres.
$2400—Lot 62x200 feet, Peachtree st, very cheap.
$2250—lot 50x150 feet, West Peachtree near Pine.
$650—Pretty Cooper street lot, 50x160 feet.
$1200—Beautiful Forest ave. corner lot, 55x150 feet.
$1000—Forest ave lot, 50x150 feet, cheap.
$2500—45 acres near Decatur, 3 room house.
$2750—7 room house, lot 85x250 feet, Rawson st.
$3000—7 room Ira street house, lot 50x182 feet.
$800—Lot on Pulliam st, 50x190 feet.
$3,000—2 story brick store and dwelling, will rent for $35.00.
$4000—2 story frame mill, Decatur, also 5 room house and lot, ½ acre, mill pays $80 per month.
$4500—9 room Jones street house near Capitol ave. Fine house.
$10,000—Elegant Pryor street house, near in.
$2000—5 houses and 3 lots, paying 16 per cent.
$1000—Lot 50x189 on Windsor st.
$3500—Beautiful Crew street house near school.
$5500—9 room Pulliam street house, lot 50x160 feet.
$2500—7 room Simpson street house near Peachtree street.
$500—Lot on South Pryor st, near glass works, 50x152 feet.
$6500—Lot 54x250 ft, best part Peachtree st, cheap.
$2000—7 room house, lot 50x214 feet, Morris st.
Some beautiful homes on Peachtree, Harris, Baker, Kimball, Washington, Jackson, Capitol ave., Boulevard, Whitehall and any street you want, and now's the time to buy cheap. Office 28 S. Pryor st.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2 SECOND-HAND NATIONAL harness machines, one very little used, the other longer in use, but does good work. Also collar rods, awles, needles, and collar mallets and lot collar thread will be closed out low. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND FIRE ENgine in good order, with hose, etc., will be sold cheap. Apply to Town Council, of Thomson, Ga. sun 4t

TRUNKS, VALISES, SATCHELS.

TRUNKS AND TRAVELING BAGS. HEADQUARTERS ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY, 92 Whitehall street.

The largest selection of Trunks, Valises, Ladies' and Gents' Club and Tourist Bags, Pocket Books, Dressing Cases, in fact everything to make the traveling public comfortable and secure Sole Leather Trunks.

The celebrated Vaneer Trunks, less weight and more freight.
Europen and Steamer Trunks.
Basket Trunks.
Ladies Saratoga Trunks.
All styles and quality of Traveling Bags and Valises.
Ladies and Gents' Hat Boxes.
A full line of Leather and Plush Novelties.
Our motto "Quick Sales and Small Profits."
Call and see us.
Lieberman & Kaufmann, 92 Whitehall street.
su tu th

BOARDERS WANTED.

SUMMER BOARDERS—AT SPRING BANK, sixty miles north of Atlanta on the W. & A. R. R. Excellent table, bathing and fishing. Rates reasonable. Address F. T. & S. W. Howard, Cement, Ga.

BOARDERS WANTED—AT 67 IVY, CORNER Wheat. Nice rooms, with first class accommodations. Large, shady yard; just the place for the summer. Terms reasonable.

3 MORE BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMOdated at 108 South Forsyth street. Terms very reasonable. Also day boarders.

DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH FIRST-CLASS board can be had at 20 Church st, where there are not many boarders.

108 MARIETTA ST., COOL AND PLEASantly located. Piano in parlor, Table unexcelled. Near postoffice; $4 to $5 per week.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, VERY COMFORTABLE rooms, good location near business center; reasonable rates. 147 Marietta street.

BARTOW HOUSE—BOARDERS WANTED AT $1 per week; pleasant rooms and good fare; two blocks from postoffice. 20 Bartow st.

TWO COOL AND NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, can be had at 15 Wheat street. This is one of the most pleasant and desirable places in the city. sun tu fri

WANTED — BOARDERS FOR A NICELY furnished, front room; close in; nice neighborhood. Terms reasonable; 65 Fairlie street.

A PLEASANT HOME-LIKE PLACE TO BOARD for the summer. Large, airy rooms, fine shady yard, and the best of fare. Call at or address 85 Courtland avenue, Atlanta, Ga. wed sun 4t

6 BOARDERS CAN OBTAIN GOOD BOARD AT a private house; No. 16 Markham street. Satisfaction guaranteed; terms very low. su3m

THE BELMONT—60 AND 62 WALTON STREET, handsomest, best furnished and best ventilated rooms in the city. Baths on each floor. sun tue thurs tf

PARTIES VISITING NEW YORK CAN FIND first-class rooms and board at moderate prices. Location very central; near leading hotels, theaters and routes of travel. Address Mrs. White, 15 West 31st St., near 5th Ave., New York City. jun9-sat sun tues thur.

THE ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE WILL be opened from June 20th, to September 10th, for summer boarders. 1m

100 WALTON STREET. FURNISHED first-class private boarding accommodations, by day, week or month, at reasonable terms; three blocks from Post-office. 15 16 17 18 22 23 24

NICE FRONT ROOM WITH GOOD BOARD at 66 North Forsyth st. Apply to Mrs. D. H. White.

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find pleasant rooms with good attention at 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street, one block of postoffice.

MRS. STEWART, 11 WHEAT STREET, CAN ACcommodate one or two families and a few gentlemen with rooms and first class meals. Only parties having reference need apply.

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find pleasant rooms with good attention at Mrs. Fuller's, 43 and 45 E. Mitchell street.

SUMMER BOARDERS WANTED—BY MRS. E. V. Rice, Hayesville, N. C. The best table, the choicest location, and the flowery region of the old north state. Rates reasonable. Send for terms.

FOR SALE—HORSES, CARRIAGES

FOR SALE—EXTRA FAMILY HORSE, KIND and gentle; not afraid of cars. Any lady or child can drive him. J. N. Cook, 83 South Broad street.

JOB LOT HORSE BRUSHES, BUGGY WHIPS, and lap dusters at D. Morgan's, 80 Whitehall st.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN LOT EXTRA FINE hand made carriage and buggy harness. Come and see for yourself. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—A COMBINATION SADDLE AND buggy horse. J. S. Broomhead, 61 S. Broad street. 1w

FOR SALE—A VERY GENTLE FAMILY HORSE in excellent condition, and phaeton with child's seat; only used one week. Apply to 22 Church street.

A FINE HALF INDIAN N. C. FOR SALE CHEAP. Sound, gentle and good style. Apply at 83 S. Broad street.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID PAIR OF BLOOD bay carriage horses, 5 years old, ride elegantly under the saddle, sound, gentle, and perfectly reliable, not at all afraid of cars, would exchange for real estate. H. L. Wilson, real estate agent, 28 Peachtree street. 3t

DO YOU WANT A FINE LADIES' OR GENTS' saddle, bridle and whip, go and see what is going on at D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—ONE SURRY AND HARNESS, LITtle used, $75. J. N. Cook, 83 South Broad street.

FOR SALE—PAIR OF YOUNG GENTLE PONies a lady or child can drive. Perry Chisolm

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD, GENTLE PONY, any child can ride or drive. Apply 83 N. Pryor street. tu thu sun

1 SECOND-HAND RIDING SADDLE, AND 3 sets buggy harness at your own price. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

ROAD CARTS, VARIOUS KINDS; PRICE lower than ever. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

JUMP-SEATS AND SURREYS; CANOPY TOPS of every style; largest assortment in the south. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

LANDAUS AND VICTORIAS, MCLEAR & KENdall's make; best quality; reasonable prices easy terms. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

BUGGIES, PHAETONS AND BUCKBOARDS, every style and price. Call and examine. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

FAMILY CARRIAGES, LATEST STYLES AND first-class goods; a large variety. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

FARM WAGONS, DRAYS AND DELIVERY wagons, low wheel, wide tire, one, two and three horse wagons. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON LONG TIME, ATLANTA real estate security. Will advance money to build you a house; purchase money notes on real estate bought. The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company. A. D. Adair, president; Jas. L. Logan, Jr., cashier, 36½ East Alabama street.

I HAVE SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS TO loan on Atlanta real estate and contiguous counties at reasonable rates. No delay. Address "Confidence," care Constitution office.

I HAVE SOME MONEY TO LEND FOR A NONresident on long time on Atlanta improved real estate. C. R. Harris, 3 Kimball, Wall street.

WE HAVE A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO lend on improved central property, at six per cent and seven per cent interest. Loans will be made from one to five years, in sums not less than $1,000. Ellis & Gray, 41½ South Broad street, Atlanta. sun tf

LOANS ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY NEgociated by George R. DeSaussure & Co. Room 10, Trader's Bank building, Decatur street 2t w t

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT LOWest rates. Any amount from $500 to $15,000. Thos. H. Willingham & Son; office in James' bank. 1w.

I WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE FIVE-year loans of $300 and upward on Atlanta real estate at 8 per cent interest. No commission charged. C. P. N. Barker, 31½ Peachtree. ju20-1mo

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE—WE ARE NOW selling our stock at slaughtering prices, as we are crowded and must have room.
Bureaus and dresser, $3 to $12.
Bedsteads—all grades and styles, $1.50 to $10.
3 fine pianos on liberal terms.
1 fine buggy horse, handsome, kind and gentle.
1 lot good oil paintings, regardless of value.
3 refrigerators, 3 sideboards, 4 extension tables and eight extra-fine bedsprings—must be sold.
Good wool pants, $1.25 to $1.75.
Fine cassimere S. H. coats, $1.50 to $3.
Boys' knee-pants, 50c.
And other goods in proportion. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales attended to. H. Wolfe, Agent, 98 Whitehall street.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC.

SEASIDE LIBRARIES AT HALF PRICE. DELbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall street.

"QUICK OR THE DEAD," AT DELBRIDGE & Orr, 110 Whitehall street.

A BLIGHTED LIFE

The Story of a Murder Twe[...] Five Years Ago.

A DARK PLOT REVIEW[...]

A Narrow Escape From the [...]lows—Murder Will Out.

OMAHA, Neb., June 23.—[Special.]—A[...] days ago a local paper printed a brief no[...] the death of a former Omaha woman[...] neighboring city, at the same time menti[...] that her entire life seemed to have [...] shrouded in mystery. To a few of her n[...] friends she, before death, confided the s[...] of having been once connected with a m[...] This recalls a crime committed many [...] ago, in which she was a central figure.

Along in the sixties a murder was comm[...] near this city, and a young man narrow[...] caped the gallows by sealing his lips whe[...] life was in jeopardy, in order to conceal a [...] vice.

One night in March, 1862, a farmer na[...] Heymann left the town where, durin[...] day, he had disposed of a lot of sheep. [...] carried the proceeds of his sales in heavy [...] dle-bags. The money was mostly in [...] Heymann did not go armed, but rode [...] town a little under the influence of li[...] but not drunk enough to call attention to [...] fact.

As he lived but twenty miles from the [...] ket, he expected to reach home about [...] night. But when the morning dawned [...] Heymann was still absent from his farm. [...] horse, however, stood at the stable door, [...] the saddle bags were missing, which natu[...] gave rise to suspicions of foul play.

At a distance of five miles from his h[...] the body of Heymann was found lying by [...] roadside, and not far away lay the saddle-[...] rifled of their contents. The murderer, i[...] haste to get the money, had cut his way t[...] instead of unbuckling the straps. The far[...] was found to be quite dead; one side of [...] skull had been crushed as if by a blow fr[...] bludgeon or some murderous weapon of [...] sort, and his pockets, like the saddle-bags, [...] been emptied.

Though the country was scoured for the [...]petrators of the deed, no traces were di[...]ered; but a clue was suddenly furnished [...] most startling manner.

ELLEN GRAY'S STORY.

The body of the farmer had been discov[...] not far from the farmhouse occupied by a f[...]ily named Gray, which consisted of the [...]ents and two children. Ellen Gray came [...]ward and desired to make a statement, w[...] she said had tortured her ever since the n[...] of the murder. The girl stated that she h[...] a horse coming down the frosty road from [...] direction of Silverton. Not regarding [...] sound of any moment, she was about to [...] enter the house when she heard an oath, [...]lowed by a fall and a groan. Then she h[...] a name uttered twice in a tone of min[...] agony and supplication. A moment later [...] sound of hoofs came to her ears, and [...] horse seemed to be galloping toward the H[...]man farm.

It was believed that the name which [...] had heard was that of the murderer, which [...] fallen from the lips of the victim before in[...]sibility or death followed the blow. The [...] visibly hesitated when asked by the magist[...] to pronounce the name. She covered [...] face with her hands and in all probabi[...] would have fallen if she would not have b[...] supported by her brother Hiram. She [...] not like to utter the name that might d[...] one of the young men of her acquaintanc[...] the gallows, for she could not believe [...] guilty, yet she heard Edward Heymann [...] on him to spare his life. She was presse[...] mention the name and further the ends [...] justice, in which the whole country was inter[...]ested, and at last her lips parted.

"God help him and pity me!" she said. "The name I heard was Abner Tenny's!"

If a thunderbolt had struck into the crowd [...] astonishment would not have been more c[...]plete. Men started at the name and wo[...] uttered cries that added to the confusi[...] Standing near the witness was a young [...] of five and twenty, the only son of a mini[...] who watched over the little flock of bi[...]lievers that worshipped in the village chu[...] hard by, and a youth of exemplary habit[...] the outer world. His face was as pale as de[...] and at the mention of his name he started [...] with a cry and found all eyes fixed upon hi[...]

His name was Abner Tenny.

He made no effort to escape, but told [...] people he would face the accusation.

The young man was formally arrested [...] Ellen Gray's statement and brought to the [...] of justice. He denied the crime, but astoni[...]ed everybody with his answer as to where [...] had been on the fatal night of the crime.

"I admit that I was not at home, but wh[...] I was on that night, I will not tell."

This answer was twisted, as it could ca[...] be by the excited community, into br[...] strands of guilt, and the young man was [...]manded by the magistrate for a regular t[...] at the next term of court.

There were a few who believed that [...] might be innocent. When it became gen[...]ally known that he had been a suitor for E[...] Heymann's hand without the consent of h[...] father, revenge was added to the motive [...] murder. Ellen Gray's word was believe[...] She was a girl of violent passions, but her [...]racity in this case was not questioned. S[...] acknowledged that

SHE LOVED ABNER TENNY,

hence her reluctance to testify, and after t[...] preliminary examination she said that she [...]gretted having revealed the secret. But [...] was out now, and the young man lying in t[...] county jail reiterated his innocence, but st[...] he refused to make his whereabouts and occ[...]pation on that night known.

It was strange that Ellen Gray's testimo[...] should remain uncorroborated in its essenti[...] particulars, but there were several parties wh[...] had seen the accused near the scene of th[...] crime at that late hour of the night.

He did not deny this, but persistently r[...]fused to explain his presence there.

His father visited him, and begged him t[...] unburden himself, but he invariably returne[...] the same reply:

"Were I to tell you, you would feel as bad[...] as though I had committed the murder."

The young man was visited by many a[...]quaintances, to whom he would not reveal h[...] secret, and it at last became more than ha[...] suspected that he had accomplices who h[...] concealed the money, not one dollar of whic[...] had as yet been found.

Ellen Gray continued to reaffirm her stat[...]ment. She was confident that she had hea[...] Abner Tenny, in tones that left no doubt [...] her mind that he addressed his murderer. A[...] the time for the trial approached she lost h[...] reluctance, and firmly declared that she kne[...] that the accused had committed the crime.

The brother, not having been at home on th[...] night of the murder, was not summoned as [...] witness. It was known that he, too, had visi[...]ed the Heymann homestead as a suitor f[...] Eva's hand, but that of late he had turned h[...] attention to another lady, to whom he w[...] paying devoirs.

The excitement consequent upon the farm[...]er's death, and Abner Tenny's arrest did n[...] for one moment abate during his sojourn [...] jail. To his best friend, John French, he sai[...]

"Save me, John. You know where I w[...] that night. You know what I was doing. [...] I escape this time, I will be a better man. T[...] murder of my honor would send my father [...] quickly to his grave as the shedding of m[...] blood by the law. Do not come forward an[...] try to save me by scarifying my honor."

"They will hang you if you do not tell [...] all," was the reply. "Let us swear to tell t[...] truth. I'll not let Eva believe you killed h[...] father."

The last sentence drove Abner Tenny to t[...] wall in his cell with a groan. It seemed to n[...] nerve him.

"She will never believe it!" he cried a m[...]ment afterward. "In her eyes I will ever r[...]main guiltless of her father's murder, ev[...] though they hang me for the crime."

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TRUNKS, VALISES, SATCHELS.

TRUNKS AND TRAVELING BAGS. HEADQUARTERS ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY, 92 Whitehall street. The largest selection of Trunks, Valises, Ladies' and Gents' Club and Tourist Bags, Pocket Books, Dressing Cases, in fact everything to make the traveling public comfortable and secure Sole Leather Trunks. The celebrated Vaneer Trunks, less weight and more freight. Europen and Steamer Trunks. Basket Trunks. Ladies Saratoga Trunks. All styles and quality of Traveling Bags and Valises. Ladies and Gents' Hat Boxes. A full line of Leather and Plush Novelties. Our motto "Quick Sales and Small Profits." Call and see us. Lieberman & Kaufmann, 92 Whitehall street. su tu th

BOARDERS WANTED.

SUMMER BOARDERS—AT SPRING BANK, sixty miles north of Atlanta on the W. & A. R. R. Excellent table, bathing and fishing. Rates reasonable. Address F. T. & S. W. Howard, Cement, Ga.

BOARDERS WANTED—AT 67 IVY, CORNER Wheat. Nice rooms, with first class accommodations. Large, shady yard; just the place for the summer. Terms reasonable.

3 MORE BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED at 108 South Forsyth street. Terms very reasonable. Also day boarders.

DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH FIRST-CLASS board can be had at 30 Church st, where there are not many boarders.

108 MARIETTA ST., COOL AND PLEASANTLY located. Piano in parlor. Table unexcelled. Near postoffice; $4 to $5 per week.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, VERY COMFORTABLE rooms, good location near business center; reasonable rates. 147 Marietta street.

BARTOW HOUSE—BOARDERS WANTED AT $4 per week; pleasant rooms and good fare; two blocks from postoffice. 20 Bartow st.

TWO COOL AND NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, can be had at 15 Wheat street. This is one of the most pleasant and desirable places in the city. sun tu fri

WANTED — BOARDERS FOR A NICELY furnished, front room; close in; nice neighborhood. Terms reasonable; 65 Fairlie street.

A PLEASANT HOME-LIKE PLACE TO BOARD for the summer. Large, airy rooms, fine shady yard, and the best of fare. Call at or address 85 Courtland avenue, Atlanta, Ga. wed sun 4t

6 BOARDERS CAN OBTAIN GOOD BOARD AT a private house, No. 16 Markham street. Satisfaction guaranteed; terms very low. su3m

THE BELMONT—60 AND 62 WALTON STREET, handsomest, best furnished and best ventilated rooms in the city. Baths on each floor. sun tue thurs tf

PARTIES VISITING NEW YORK CAN FIND first-class rooms and board at moderate prices. Location very central; near leading hotels, theaters and routes of travel. Address Mrs. White, 15 West 31st St., near 5th Ave., New York City. jun9-sat sun tues thur.

THE ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE WILL be opened from June 20th, to September 10th, for summer boarders. 1m

100 WALTON STREET. FURNISHED first-class private boarding accommodations, by day, week or month, at reasonable terms; three blocks from Post-office. 15 16 17 18 22 23 24

NICE FRONT ROOM WITH GOOD BOARD at 66 North Forsyth st. Apply to Mrs. D. H. White.

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find pleasant rooms with good attention at 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street, one block of postoffice.

MRS. STEWART, 11 WHEAT STREET, CAN ACcommodate one or two families and a few gentlemen with rooms and first class meals. Only parties having reference need apply.

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find pleasant rooms with good attention at Mrs. Fuller's, 43 and 45 E. Mitchell street.

SUMMER BOARDERS WANTED—BY MRS. E. V. Rice, Hayesville, N. C. The best table, the choicest location, amid the flowery region of the old north state. Rates reasonable. Send for terms.

FOR SALE---HORSES, CARRIAGES

FOR SALE—EXTRA FAMILY HORSE, KIND and gentle; not afraid of cars. Any lady or child can drive him. J. N. Cook, 83 South Broad street.

JOB LOT HORSE BRUSHES, BUGGY WHIPS and lap dusters at D. Morgan's, 80 Whitehall st.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN LOT EXTRA FINE hand made carriage and buggy harness. Come and see for yourself. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—A COMBINATION SADDLE AND buggy horse. J. S. Broomhead, 61 S. Broad street. 1w

FOR SALE—A VERY GENTLE FAMILY HORSE in excellent condition, and phaeton with child's seat; only used one week. Apply to 22 Church street.

A FINE HALF INDIAN N. C. FOR SALE CHEAP. Sound, gentle and good style. Apply at 83 S. Broad street.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID PAIR OF BLOOD bay carriage horses, 5 years old, ride elegantly under the saddle, sound, gentle, and perfectly reliable, not at all afraid of cars, would exchange for real estate. H. L. Wilson, real estate agent, 28 Peachtree street. 3t

DO YOU WANT A FINE LADIES' OR GENTS' saddle, bridle and whip, go and see what is going on at D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—ONE SURRY AND HARNESS, LITtle used, $75. J. N. Cook, 83 South Broad street.

FOR SALE—PAIR OF YOUNG GENTLE PONies a lady or child can drive. Perry Chisolm

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD, GENTLE PONY, any child can ride or drive. Apply 83 N. Pryor street. tu thu sun

1 SECOND-HAND RIDING SADDLE, AND 3 sets buggy harness at your own price. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

ROAD CARTS, VARIOUS KINDS; PRICE lower than ever. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

JUMP-SEATS AND SURREYS; CANOPY TOPS of every style; largest assortment in the south. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

LANDAUS AND VICTORIAS, McLEAR & KENdall's make; best quality; reasonable prices easy terms. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk.

BUGGIES, PHAETONS AND BUCKBOARDS, every style and price. Call and examine. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

FAMILY CARRIAGES, LATEST STYLES AND first-class goods; a large variety. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

FARM WAGONS, DRAYS AND DELIVERY wagons, low wheel, wide tire, one, two and three horse wagons. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON LONG TIME, ATLANTA real estate security. Will advance money to build you a house; purchase money notes on real estate bought. The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company. A. D. Adair, president; Jas. L. Logan, Jr., cashier, 36½ East Alabama street.

I HAVE SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS TO loan on Atlanta real estate and contiguous counties at reasonable rates. No delay. Address "Confidence," care Constitution office.

I HAVE SOME MONEY TO LEND FOR A NONresident on long time on Atlanta improved real estate. C. R. Harris, 3 Kimball, Wall street.

WE HAVE A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO lend on improved central property, at six per cent and seven per cent interest. Loans will be made from one to five years, in sums not less than $1,000. Ellis & Gray, 41½ South Broad street, Atlanta. sun tf

LOANS ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY NEgociated by George R. DeSaussure & Co. Room 10, Trader's Bank building, Decatur stree 2t w t

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT LOWest rates. Any amount from $500 to $15,000. Thos. H. Willingham & Son; office in James' bank. 1w.

I WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE FIVEyear loans of $300 and upward on Atlanta real estate at 8 per cent interest. No commission charged. C. P. N. Barker, 31½ Peachtree. jun20-1mo

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE—WE ARE NOW selling our stock at slaughtering prices, as we are crowded and must have room.
Bureaus and dresser, $3 to $12.
Bedsteads—all grades and styles, $1.50 to $10.
3 fine pianos on liberal terms.
1 fine buggy horse, handsome, kind and gentle.
1 lot good oil paintings, regardless of value.
3 refrigerators, 3 sideboards, 4 extension tables and eight extra-fine bedsprings—must be sold.
Good wool pants, $1.25 to $1.75.
Fine cassimere S. H. coats, $1.50 to $3.
Boys' knee-pants, 50c.
And other goods in proportion. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales attended to. H. Wolfe, Agent, 98 Whitehall street.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC.

SEASIDE LIBRARIES AT HALF PRICE. DELbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall street.

"QUICK OR THE DEAD," AT DELBRIDGE & Orr, 110 Whitehall street.

A BLIGHTED LIFE.

The Story of a Murder Twenty-Five Years Ago.

A DARK PLOT REVIEWED

A Narrow Escape From the Gallows—Murder Will Out.

OMAHA, Neb., June 23.—[Special.]—A few days ago a local paper printed a brief notice of the death of a former Omaha woman in a neighboring city, at the same time mentioning that her entire life seemed to have been shrouded in mystery. To a few of her nearest friends she, before death, confided the secret of having been once connected with a murder. This recalls a crime committed many years ago, in which she was a central figure.

Along in the sixties a murder was committed near this city, and a young man narrowly escaped the gallows by sealing his lips when his life was in jeopardy, in order to conceal a petty vice.

One night in March, 1862, a farmer named Heymann left the town where, during the day, he had disposed of a lot of sheep. He carried the proceeds of his sales in heavy saddle-bags. The money was mostly in coin. Heymann did not go armed, but rode from town a little under the influence of liquor, but not drunk enough to call attention to the fact.

As he lived but twenty miles from the market, he expected to reach home about midnight. But when the morning dawned Elias Heymann was still absent from his farm. His horse, however, stood at the stable door, but the saddle bags were missing, which naturally gave rise to suspicions of foul play.

At a distance of five miles from his home the body of Heymann was found lying by the roadside, and not far away lay the saddle-bags, rifled of their contents. The murderer, in his haste to get the money, had cut his way to it, instead of unbuckling the straps. The farmer was found to be quite dead; one side of his skull had been crushed as if by a blow from a bludgeon or some murderous weapon of that sort, and his pockets, like the saddle-bags, had been emptied.

Though the country was scoured for the perpetrators of the deed, no traces were discovered; but a clue was suddenly furnished in a most startling manner.

ELLEN GRAY'S STORY.

The body of the farmer had been discovered not far from the farmhouse occupied by a family named Gray, which consisted of the parents and two children. Ellen Gray came forward and desired to make a statement, which she said had tortured her ever since the night of the murder. The girl stated that she heard a horse coming down the frosty road from the direction of Silverton. Not regarding the sound of any moment, she was about to reenter the house when she heard an oath, followed by a fall and a groan. Then she heard a name uttered twice in a tone of mingled agony and supplication. A moment later the sound of hoofs came to her ears, and the horse seemed to be galloping toward the Heyman farm.

It was believed that the name which she had heard was that of the murderer, which had fallen from the lips of the victim before insensibility or death followed the blow. The girl visibly hesitated when asked by the magistrate to pronounce the name. She covered her face with her hands and in all probability would have fallen if she would not have been supported by her brother Hiram. She did not like to utter the name that might doom one of the young men of her acquaintance to the gallows, for she could not believe him guilty, yet she heard Edward Heymann call on him to spare his life. She was pressed to mention the name and further the ends of justice, in which the whole country was interested, and at last her lips parted.

"God help him and pity me!" she said. "The name I heard was Abner Tenny's!"

If a thunderbolt had struck into the crowd astonishment would not have been more complete. Men started at the name and women uttered cries that added to the confusion. Standing near the witness was a young man of five and twenty, the only son of a minister who watched over the little flock of his believers that worshipped in the village church hard by, and a youth of exemplary habits to the outer world. His face was as pale as death, and at the mention of his name he started back with a cry and found all eyes fixed upon him.

His name was Abner Tenny.

He made no effort to escape, but told the people he would face the accusation.

The young man was formally arrested on Ellen Gray's statement and brought to the bar of justice. He denied the crime, but astonished everybody with his answer as to where he had been on the fatal night of the crime.

"I admit that I was not at home, but where I was on that night, I will not tell."

This answer was twisted, as it could easily be by the excited community, into broad strands of guilt, and the young man was remanded by the magistrate for a regular trial at the next term of court.

There were a few who believed that he might be innocent. When it became generally known that he had been a suitor for Eva Heymann's hand without the consent of her father, revenge was added to the motive of murder. Ellen Gray's word was believed. She was a girl of violent passions, but her veracity in this case was not questioned. She acknowledged that

SHE LOVED ABNER TENNY,

hence her reluctance to testify, and after the preliminary examination she said that she regretted having revealed the secret. But it was out now, and the young man lying in the county jail reiterated his innocence, but still he refused to make his whereabouts and occupation on that night known.

It was strange that Ellen Gray's testimony should remain uncorroborated in its essential particulars, but there were several parties who had seen the accused near the scene of the crime at that late hour of the night.

He did not deny this, but persistently refused to explain his presence there.

His father visited him, and begged him to unburden himself, but he invariably returned the same reply:

"Were I to tell you, you would feel as badly as though I had committed the murder."

The young man was visited by many acquaintances, to whom he would not reveal his secret, and it at last became more than half suspected that he had accomplices who had concealed the money, not one dollar of which had as yet been found.

Ellen Gray continued to reaffirm her statement. She was confident that she had heard Abner Tenny, in tones that left no doubt in her mind that he addressed his murderer. As the time for the trial approached she lost her reluctance, and firmly declared that she knew that the accused had committed the crime.

The brother, not having been at home on the night of the murder, was not summoned as a witness. It was known that he, too, had visited the Heymann homestead as a suitor for Eva's hand, but that of late he had turned his attention to another lady, to whom he was paying devoirs.

The excitement consequent upon the farmer's death, and Abner Tenny's arrest did not for one moment abate during his sojourn in jail. To his best friend, John French, he said:

"Save me, John. You know where I was that night. You know what I was doing. If I escape this time, I will be a better man. The murder of my honor would send my father as quickly to his grave as the shedding of my blood by the law. Do not come forward and try to save me by scarifying my honor."

"They will hang you if you do not tell it all," was the reply. "Let us swear to tell the truth. I'll not let Eva believe you killed her father."

The last sentence drove Abner Tenny to the wall in his cell with a groan. It seemed to unnerve him.

"She will never believe it!" he cried a moment afterward. "In her eyes I will ever remain guiltless of her father's murder, even though they hang me for the crime."

The young man's visitor left the jail and joined two other men of his age in the corridor of the jail, after having bidden adieu to the warden of the prison, who was an interested lisner to the conversation.

The trial came at last, and the accused plead "not guilty" in a firm voice.

Ellen Gray repeated her testimony, so damaging to the defense, and adhered to it through a vigorous cross-questioning to which she was subjected. She had heard the cries after the blows; she was positive of this.

The other evidence offered by the state was merely circumstantial. The defense introduced the professor, who explained the nature of the wounds, and swore that the first blow had produced instant death. This caused a sensation in court. It staggered Ellen Gray's testimony, until that hour believed invulnerable. The blows that now followed from the defense were hard and telling ones.

MURDER WILL OUT.

No alibi was attempted. The accused had forbidden such a plan, on the ground that it would reveal the secret which he was guarding so closely; but the defense became aggressive. It proved that Hiram Gray, Ellen's brother, was not where he said he was on the night of the murder. As the young man was not under arrest the court forbade the introduction of such evidence, when John French, who had up to that time remained silent, arose and exclaimed:

"I do now accuse him of the murder of Edward Heymann. My affidavit is in the court room; the sheriff holds it at this moment. Look at the man! Guilty is written on his face. He is trying to leave the house. Catch him!"

The confusion at that instant was intense.

Ellen Gray, with a loud shriek, fell to the floor, where she was permitted to lie, for all eyes were turned upon her dear brother.

Pistol in hand, the young man was clearing a path to the door. No one dared to lay hands on him, for he threatened to shoot the first one who touched him; and thus he reached the door leading to the street.

On the threshold he paused and faced the excited occupants of the courtroom.

"You will never put me in Abner Tenny's place," he cried. "If I did kill Edward Heyman, you shall not prove it and hang me!"

The next moment there was a loud report, and a human body, after swaying for an instant, fell heavily to the floor.

Hiram Gray had taken his own life!

The tragic occurrence, as might be supposed, put an end to Abner Tenny's trial. It established his innocence in the eyes of all, and the guilty was beyond punishment of an earthly tribunal.

A TERRIBLE PLOT.

Upon her recovery, Ellen Gray unfolded one of the darkest plots on record. She confessed that her testimony was but a tissue of falsehoods; that she knew her brother had killed the farmer for the purpose of getting his money, and accused Tenny, in order to prevent him from marrying Eva Heymann. Ellen, piqued at Tenny's refusal to court her, had entered into the plot with a revengeful spirit. But the game had failed. Of course the minister's son was released, and Ellen Gray was allowed to depart on the condition that she leave the town never to return.

Abner Tenny one year after his release from jail married Eva Heymann, and both of them reside at the present day in the city of Pittsburg, Pa. The secret which Abner Tenny so zealously guarded as to his whereabouts on the night of the Heymann murder was not made known until many years after he had settled down, when one of his friends, John French, previous to moving to New Orleans, stated that a party of five, among whom was Tenny and himself, went that night to a neighboring city on a general carousal and for the sake of his father, not wishing him to know of his downfall from a gentleman to a drunkard, etc., Tenney refused to confess.

As several of the parties still live the names of Tenney and French are used fictitious.

H.

B. B. B.

WAS IT CANCER?

Possibly Not! Yet Bad Was the Case.

But B. B. B. knows no case or condition of blood poison that it cannot cure; and as a tonic it has no equal. But living witnesses will tell of it.

A word from "Old Kentuck."

HENDERSON, Ky., May 4, 1888.—My wife has been afflicted for years, with a most severe form of blood poison, and has been treated for nearly two years by many prominent physicians, without benefit. She has tested B. B. B. thoroughly, with greatest imaginable results; and I can safely recommend this valuable remedy to all who are afflicted with blood troubles, as being the best blood purifier on earth.
[Signed.] PHIL WEINER.

BARNSWORTH, Ala., February 6th, 1888.
BOTANIC BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.—For the last six years I have been a great sufferer from blood poison, and could not get anything that would do me any good, and the doctors, three in number, said I would die. Two years ago I was stricken down with cancer of the lower extremities, was not able to walk out of my room, the cancer causing me great pain. In December last I commenced taking the B. B. B.; have walked half a mile without stopping to rest, before I had taken two bottles. The cancer is healing up nicely, and I think, with the use of your medicine, B. B. B., I will be a well man soon. Yours very respectfully,
B. M. SMITH.
N. B.—You can publish this if you wish.
B. M. S.

B. B. B.

d&w

Everybody Drinks Malto.

You are Cordially Invited

To the entertainment by the "Ladies' Aid Society" of the Christian church, on next Wednesday evening, June 27th, 8 o'clock, at 44 East Hunter street, for the benefit of the church. An interesting programme will be arranged to please the tastes of all who may attend. Recitations, music and social conversations, not a regular church or prayer meeting, but a sober social meeting of the members and friends of the church, directed by the Ladies Aid society.

All good and respectable persons who may feel disposed to blend a little benevolence with social pleasure, are invited to come, and bring with them their sisters and their brothers, and their cousins, and their uncles and their aunts, and the good little children. There is a good time coming, and the day is appointed for it. Ten cents at the door. Don't you forget it. Come and be joyful.

Explosion of Soda.

Frui-Miz will be dispensed free at Beerman & Silverman's Monday afternoon. Ladies especially invited.

Children's Spring Heel Shoes in Low Button for Summer Wear.

We carry the largest stock in Children's Shoes in the south. We buy these goods in case lots and can compete with any market in prices. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Drink Malto—it is pleasant.

Lumber, Shingle and Laths. Best and Cheapest delivered free in any part of the city by the Atlanta Lumber Co. Yards Humphries St. and E. T. R'y. Offices: Traders Bank Buildi'g.

Mosquito Nets for Everybody.

All kinds and sizes put up at short notice. "Don't be a clam" and lie in bed to be bitten by mosquitos, but get one of our nets and "be happy." M. Rich & Bros.

Drink Frui-Miz.

CHURCH CHIMES.

Services Today in the Various Temples.

HOURS FOR COMMENCEMENT

Of Services—The Atlanta Sunday Schools.

METHODIST.

Trinity church, corner Whitehall and West Peters streets, Rev. J. W. Lee, D. D., pastor. Preaching today at 11 a m by the pastor, and at 8 p m by Rev. John N. Craig, D. D., of the Presbyterian mission board. Sunday school 9:30 a m. Class meeting Monday at 8 p m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p m. Young men's meeting Friday 8 p m. Boys and girls meeting Friday 4 p m.

Middlebrook's Hall Sunday school today at 4 p m. Preaching this evening at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited to these services.

First Methodist Episcopal Church South, junction of Peachtree and North Pryor streets—Rev. H. C. Morrison, D. D., pastor. Sunday school at 9.30 a. m., R. A. Hemphill and H. E. W. Palmer, superintendents. Preaching at 10:45 a m by the Rev. John N. Craig, D. D., secretary Presbyterian home missions. There will be no preaching at night. Class meeting at 5 p m Young men's prayer meeting Tuesday at 8 p m, and general prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p m. The public is cordially invited. Seats free.

Marietta Street Mission Sunday school (179 Marietta street) at 9 a m, John F. Barclay, superintendent. Services every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

Decatur Street Mission Sunday school (162 Decatur street) at 3 p m, N. C. Spence, superintendent. The public is cordially invited.

West side Mission Sunday school at 3 p m, W. B. Jackson, superintendent.

Park street Methodist Church, West End—Rev. A. G. Wardlaw, pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m., H. L. Culberson, superintendent. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the pastor's study Friday night at 8. The Normal class for the Sunday school teachers Friday at 7:45 p m. The public are cordially invited to attend at these services.

Walker Street Methodist church, junction of Walker and Nelson streets—Rev. H. J. Ellis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Morning subject, "The Blues." Sabbath school at 9:30 a m. E. H. Orr, superintendent. Quarterly conference Monday at 8 p m at the church. Young men's meeting Tuesday and regular prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p m. All are invited to attend these services.

St. Paul M. E. church, Hunter street, near Bell—Rev. M. L. Underwood, pastor. There will be preaching today at 11 a m and 7:45 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, J. E. Gullett superintendent. Class meeting every Friday night at 7:45. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:45. Young men's prayer meeting Monday evening at 7:45. Parsonage Aid Society meets every Monday at 2:30 p m. All cordially invited. Seats free.

Asbury church, corner Davis and Foundry streets—Rev. J. T. Richardson, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p. m., F. M. Akin, superintendent. Rev. Joseph Choren will lecture the stranger's class. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Grace Church, corner Houston and Boulevard—Rev. G. E. Bonner, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., J. C. Hendrix, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Class meeting Friday night. All invited.

Marietta Street M. E. Church, between Spring and Bartow streets.—Rev. A. F. Ellington, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Consecration meeting Monday at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Merritt avenue church, near Peachtree—Rev. T. J. Christian, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., E. H. Frazier, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

North Atlanta mission Sunday school at 3:00 p. m. J. L. Logan, superintendent.

Preaching at No. 4 Henry street, old barracks, every Sunday at 11 o'clock, except the second Sunday of each month.

Bishop Hendrix Mission, corner Marietta street and Ponders avenue—Rev. C. C. Davis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m by the pastor and 7:45 p m by Rev. F. F. Reynolds. Sunday school at 9 a m, E. M. Roberts, superintendent. Preaching Wednesday night next by Rev. W. F. Glenn, presiding elder. All invited.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist church, corner of Forsyth and Walton streets, Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. E. Pendleton Jones, of Louisville, Ky. No night services. Sunday school at 9:30 a m. Young men's meeting at 8 p m Monday. Prayer and lecture meeting at 8 o'clock Wednesday. All invited.

North Avenue Mission of the First Baptist church, near Technological school. Sabbath school at 4 p m, Jas. W. Byrd acting superintendent. Everybody welcome.

Second Baptist church, corner Washington and Mitchell streets—Rev. Henry McDonald, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor, which will be Dr. McDonald's last Sunday before sailing for Europe. The ordinance of baptism will be administered at the evening service. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, A. C. Briscoe, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p m. Gospel meeting for men and boys only at 8 p m Monday. All are cordially invited to these services.

Third Baptist church, 81 Jones avenue.—Rev. G. R. McCall, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by Rev. E. L. Vaughn. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, W. H. Bell, superintendent. All are cordially invited to attend.

Fifth Baptist church, corner of Bell and Fillmore streets, Rev. V. C. Norcross, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8:00 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, T. J. Buchanan, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30 p m. Regular quarterly conference Friday night to which every member of the church is urged to attend. All are invited.

Sixth Baptist Church, 179 W. Hunter street.—J. H. Weaver, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and at 8 p m by Rev. H. C. Bucholz. Baptism at night. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, J. C. Wilson, superintendent. All invited to attend.

West End Baptist church, corner Oak and Ashby streets, West End, Sunday school this afternoon at 4 o'clock, Dr. William Crenshaw, superintendent. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. F. C. McConnell, of Eatonton, Ga. The Presbyterian congregation is cordially invited to unite with the Baptist in the morning service. Everybody invited.

Central Baptist church, corner W. Fair and Peters streets. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. H. Hatcher. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, D. E. Moncrief, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p m. All are invited to these services.

Primitive Baptist church, corner Boulevard and Irwin streets—Elder J. T. Jordan. Preaching at 11 o'clock every third Saturday and Sunday in each month. All are cordially invited to attend.

East Atlanta Baptist church, Bradley street—T. E. McCutcheon, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and at 7:15 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p m, George Andrews, superintendent Prayer meeting at 9:30 a m. Preaching every Wednesday at 7:30 p m by Rev. Dr. Horniday. All are cordially invited to come.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, Marietta street—Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Young men's prayer meeting Tuesday at 8 o'clock p m. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 o'clock p m Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. All are cordially invited.

Marietta street mission Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church will meet just to the right and opposite the Exposition hotel, on Marietta street, at 3:30 p. m. There will be preaching at the same place on Friday at 8:00 p. m. by Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D. All are cordially invited.

Central Presbyterian church, Washington street—Rev. G. B. Strickler, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8:00 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, Professor W. W. Lumpkin, superintendent. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:00 p m. Young men's prayer meeting Thursday 8:00 p m. All invited.

West End Presbyterian church—Prayer and praise services will be held in Oak street chapel at 7:45 p m by Rev. N. B. Nathes. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, George B. McGaughy, superintendent. Prayermeeting Wednesday evening at 8:00. All are cordially invited.

Rankin Chapel, corner Martin and Glenn streets—F. DeS. Helmer in charge. Preaching Sunday night at 7:45. Sunday school Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Dr. J. W. Rankin, superintendent. Prayer meeting Tuesday night at 7:45. A cordial invitation to all.

Campbell Wallace Chapel, corner Stonewall and Chapel streets—F. DeS. Helmer in charge. Sunday school Sunday afternoon at 3:30, B. H. Cameron, superintendent. Preaching Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Gospel meeting Sunday night at 7:45, conducted by the young men. Prayer meeting Friday night at 7:45, opened by song service for half hour. A cordial welcome to all.

Fourth Presbyterian church—Rev. T. P. Cleveland, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and at 7:45 p m by the pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:45 p m. Men's prayer meeting Monday at 7:45 p m. A cordial invitation to all to attend.

The Sunday-school of the Wallace chapel will meet at 3:30 p. m., at the corner of Stonewall and Chapel streets. B. H. Cameron, superintendent. All are cordially invited to attend.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Church of Christ—On Hunter street, Rev. T. M. Harris, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m, by the pastor. Morning subject, "Who is Greatest in the Kingdom of Heaven?" Evening subject, "Humility." After the sermon at night the ordinance of baptism will be administered. Singing both morning and evening will be good. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, W. S. Bell, superintendent. Bible class at 10 a m, Rev. T. M. Harris, teacher. You are cordially invited to attend.

Central Christian church, Peters street, between Whitehall and Forsyth—Services conducted by Elder A. F. Lee at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., C. A. Rauschenberg, superintendent. No service tonight. All are cordially invited to these services.

EPISCOPAL.

St. Luke's Cathedral, corner Pryor and Houston streets—Rev. R. S. Barrett, dean. Communion service at 9:45 a m. Morning prayer and service at 11 a m. Short evening service and lecture at 6 p m. Strangers are welcomed and provided with seats.

Divine services and sermon by Rev. Aug. Prentiss in Culberson's Hall, West End, at 11 a m. Sunday school at 9:30 a m. All invited.

St. Philip's Mission of the Redeemer, corner West Fair and Walker streets. Divine service and sermon by Rev. Aug. Prentiss at 7:30 p m. Sunday school at 3 p m. All invited.

Sunday school at 4 p m and services at 5 p m at St. Philip's Chapel for the colored people.

Good Shepherd chapel, Plum street—Sunday school at 4:30 p. m.

Emanuel chapel, North Atlanta. Sunday cshool at 3:30 p. m.

Epiphany chapel, Jackson street. Sunday school at 4 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

The Church of the Redeemer, corner of Ellis and Church streets—Rev. G. R. Turk, pastor. No preaching service. Sabbath school at 12:30 p m, A. B. Carrier, superintendent. Mid-week service (conference and prayer) Wednesday at 8 p m. Strangers welcome. Seats free.

Berean Congregational church, East Atlanta, near the Fulton cotton factory.—Preaching at 11 a m and at 7:30 p m by Rev. S. C. McDaniel, of Griffin, who has been called to the pastorate of this church. Sunday school at 3 p m, E. L. Bradley, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30. All welcome.

UNITARIAN.

Church of Our Father, on Church street, near junction of Peachtree and Forsyth streets.—Rev. George Leonard Chaney will preach at 11 a m on "Calvinism; is it the best school of Manhood?" There will be no evening service. Sunday school and pastor's Bible class at 12:15 p m. Seats free. All are made welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

German Lutheran church, corner Forsyth and Garnett streets, J. H. Klerner, pastor. Service at 11 a m. Sunday school at 10 a m. Everybody is welcome.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Y. M. C. A.—Meeting this evening at the railroad rooms, 19½ S. Forsyth street, at 3:30, led by Secretary Bosard. Good singing and short, interesting talks. Bible class at 5 p m. led by Henry Mayes. Let every young man attend these services.

Elder Thomas M Hooper will preach at the Exposition cotton mills today at 11 a m and 3 p m. Text: "According as He hath chosen us in Him before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and without blame before H m in love." Ephesians i. 4. I propose to show that salvation is free for every one that will accept Christ's terms, and the "us" and the "we" named in the text are addressed to the apostles and prophets. Seats free and no collection.

Elder Wm. R. Hooper will preach at George Washington Colbert schoolhouse, on the Peachtree road, near the end of the street car line, today at 11 a m. Text: "But sanctify the Lord God in your hearts, and be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you, with meekness and fear." 1 Peter, iii. 15. I am ready to prove the desciples of Christ organized in the church of God seventeen hundred years before Alexander Campbell was born. Seats free and no collection.

Dr. Morrison's Pulpit

will be filled this morning at 10:45 by Rev. John N. Craig, D. D., secretary Presbyterian home missions. Dr. Craig is one of the most prominent divines of the southern Presbyterian church and a very strong and eloquent preacher.

In Memoriam.

With eyes all tear-bedimmed and a heart filled with sadness and pain I write of our loved and lost darling. Blondelle G. McMillan was born September 25th, 1868, at Cuthbert, Ga., and died June 19th, 1888, at Chattanooga, Tenn. He left his home at Atlanta on Monday evening full of youth, strength and bright hopes, and in a few short hours was brought back to those who idolized him cold in death. Snatched away in the bloom of his young manhood, far from home and loved ones, without one moment's warning of his tragic death, makes the ordeal, through which we are all passing, bitter beyond all expression. No mother, no sister, near to see him pass through the "chilly waters," only one poor afflicted brother who loved him beyond all else. Taken away from us, our baby brother in the sweet summer time, while the golden sunlight fell in waves of radient brightness all around. Our home is so desolate. Oh, so lonely now.

We miss him so, our darling Blonnie, with the bright face, the dear voice we loved so well. "Bring me back my baby!" is the pitiful cry of his brokenhearted mother. We were only seven, and our little band is broken now. The death angel has hovered over our home, bearing away on his gloomy pinions our boy. Still, while we sorrow for his irreparable loss, we feel that the Father needed him, our Blonnie, and that for some wise purpose the Divine Ruler hath sent this great sorrow on us. "He doeth all things well," and the loss we have sustained has, we trust, given our loved one a home bright and fair, far beyond the star-gemmed skies. We feel that he is only waiting across the "beautiful river" to welcome us there. He was laid to rest in Westview cemetery, Thursday, 21st instant. Rev. Mr. Cleveland conducted the burial services; but as we, his suffering brothers and sisters, left him there in that silent city, we feel that 'tis only the casket laid there—the priceless gem, the freed spirit is at rest with God. He has gone and the void left can ne'er be filled. Peace can only fall when the Great Physician lays His hand upon our bleeding hearts, and gives us rest, sweet rest. As we bade good bye to his loved remains we only felt that our darling had been taken by a loving Savior.

Out of the depths of shadow,
Out of the depths of gloom,
Into the sunlight of gladness,
Into a bright happy home.

Out of the winding pathway
Of wrong and sin and pain,
Into the heights of sunshine
To sorrow—never again.

And yet we miss our Blonnie,
Miss him at early dawn,
And again when the noontide sunshine
Falls earthward bright and warm.

And again in the purple gloaming
Our hearts cry out in vain,
For Blonnie, our baby brother
Who will come back never again.

Good bye, good bye, thou dear one,
Thou hath left us all alone,
But oh! my darling brother
Your voice will welcome us home.

Home with you and our Savior,
In that beautiful land above,
Where comes no pain or parting,
But only peace and love.

By one who loved him. —M. E. M.

Do not let your Prejudice stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be absolutely sure to follow to use of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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Fourth—A new house.

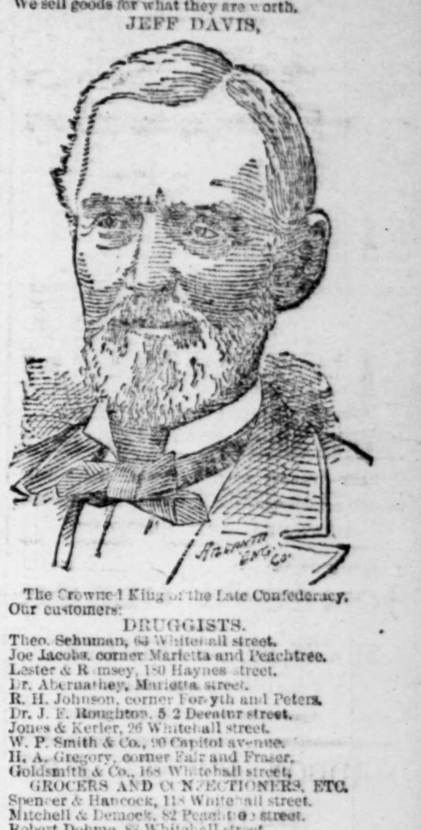
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Lester & Ramsey, 180 Haynes street.
Dr. Abernathey, Marietta street.
R. H. Johnson, corner Forsyth and Peters.
Dr. J. F. Roughton, 5 2 Decatur street.
Jones & Kerler, 26 Whitehall street.
W. P. Smith & Co., 90 Capitol avenue.
H. A. Gregory, corner Fair and Fraser.
Goldsmith & Co., 168 Whitehall street.

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Spencer & Hancock, 118 Whitehall street.
Mitchell & Demoek, 82 Peachtree street.
Robert Dohme, 88 Whitehall street.
T. J. Shepard & Co., 114 Whitehall street.
Schiflan & Fleck, corner Mitchell and Elliott.
J. S. Holland, National hotel.
J. H. Stark, 208 Marietta street.
J. S. Boyd, 93 Peachtree street.
A. W. Farlinger, 257 Peachtree street.
M. C. Borgana, "Bank Place."
D. B. Hollis, "The Arcade."
J. H. Franklin, 13 West Mitchell street.
J. W. Cotton, corner Forsyth and Peters.
S. S. Moore, 9 West Mitchell street.
A. F. Todd, junction Peters and Walker.
George Mattox, 584 Marietta street.
S. L. Blanton 140 Marietta street.
J. W. Perkins, 975 Marietta street.
J. D. Isley, 130 Marietta street.
Fincher & Fincher, Mitchell street.
Peter Eskridge, corner Wheat and Butler streets.
A. B. Coogler, 73 W. Peters street.
A. E. Cohen, corner Peters and Haynes street.
E. McCollough, 97 W. Peters street.
S. A. McDonald, 177 W. Peters street.
McWilliams & McKinney, 33 Decatur street.
E. H. Corlett, 70 Capitol avenue.
B. F. Allen, corner Hunter and King street.
C. H. Mehan, 276 E. Fair street.
J. W. Gower, 121 E. Hunter street.
E. H. Caldwell, West End.
J. A. Abbett, West End.
W. M. Middlebrooks, 361 W. Peters street.
Delbridge & Orr, 110 Whitehall street.
W. C. Gary, 95 S. Pryor street.
G. R. Millner, 71 S. Pryor street.
Daniel & Calaway, 241 W. Peters street.
Wm. Stewart, 243 W. Peters street.
S. M. Martin, 253 W. Peters street.
C. L. Golden, 255 W. Peters street.
T. J. Childers, 401 W. Peters street.
Walker Bros., 108 McDaniel street.
G. W. Duncan, 22 S. Broad street.
W. T. Simpkins, 534 Decatur street.
G. W. Ford, 254 Decatur street.
Fred Cummings, corner Broad and Hunter streets.
M. A. Magbee, 14 W. Mitchell street.
J. Arnold, corner Fraser and Richardson streets.
W. H. Green, corner Mangum and Magnolia sts.
T. J. Conley, 165 Davis street.
A. C. Belcher, 199 W. Mitchell street.
J. H. Warren, —— Marietta street.
S. Reynolds, 275 W. Peters street.
J. B. Brown, 238 Marietta street.
Geo. Thompson, 60 W. Humphries street.
W. H. Brown, 126 W. Humphries street.
Benj. Hooper, 238 Fraser street.
Jno. T. Hagan, Decatur street.
N. J. Jones, 311 W. Peters street.
J. A. Fulton, 27 W. Humphries street.
Edgar Fuller & Co., 60 Hood street.
W. B. Wilson, corner Forsyth and Mitchell street.
M. B. Almond, 431 Whitehall street.
Wm. Scott, 99 Whitehall street.
C. S. Morris, 119 Wheat street.
M. O'Tyson, corner Mangum and Hunter street.
J. H. Hill, corner Hunter and Granger streets.
J. W. Hule, 336 Decatur street.
H. Curry, 164 Fraser street.
B. Karwick, 445 Marietta street.
J. M. Bradley, 605 Marietta street.
John Corrigan, 140 Whitehall street.

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Cochran and Brown, Austell, Ga.
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T. M. Irvine, Austell, Ga.
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Presence of the North Atlantic squadron of war ships, naval and army inspections, sham battles, cannon and rifle target practice, etc., to be a feature of the present summer. Chesapeake Bay and Hampton Roads, from the Hotel, presents one of the most magnificent marine views in the world.

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CLARENCE ANGIER,
HUGH McKELDIN.
B. H. HILL,
C. A. SINDALL,
FRANK N. MALONE.

june20—1w

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA

No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., June 17th, 1888.

On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, except those marked †, which are run daily, except Sunday. And those marked * are run on Sunday only.

Leave Atlanta	6 50 am	7 15 pm	2 15pm	9 10am	†6 15pm	*3 00pm	†12 01pm
Arrive Hapeville	7 13 am	7 38 pm	2 40pm	9 35am	†6 52pm	*3 20pm	†12 30pm
Arrive Griffin	8 20 am	8 43 pm	3 56pm	10 43am	†8 20pm	*5 00pm	
Arrive Macon	10 25 am	10 50 pm	6 30pm	1 00pm			
Arrive Columbus, via Griffin	11 20 am		7 06pm				
Arrive Columbus, via Macon		6 50 am		5 50pm			
Arrive Eufaula	4 00 pm		4 58am				
Arrive Albany	2 55 pm		11 05pm				
Arrive Millen	2 08 pm	3 20 am					
Arrive Savannah	5 00 pm	6 15 am					

Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakely, Clayton Ala., Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from Atlanta.

Leave Savannah	7 10 am	8 20 pm					
Leave Millen	9 45 am	11 00 pm					
Leave Eufaula				10 47 am			
Leave Albany			2 10 am	11 55 am			
Leave Columbus, via Macon	6 00 am	6 45 pm					
Leave Columbus, via Griffin	1 10 pm						
Leave Macon	2 05 pm	3 10 am	6 00 am	5 25 pm			
Leave Griffin	4 01 pm	5 11 am	8 20 am	7 18 pm	* 7 45 am	† 5 15 am	
Leave Hapeville	5 15 pm	6 15 am	9 35 am	8 33 pm	* 9 05 am	† 6 47 am	† 1 10 pm
Arrive Atlanta	5 40 pm	6 40 am	9 58 am	9 00 pm	* 9 35 am	† 7 25 am	† 1 40 pm

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Augusta, Atlanta and Albany.

Through car between Atlanta and Columbus, via Griffin on 6:50 a. m. train.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.

The best and cheapest passenger route from Atlanta to New York and Boston is via Savannah, and elegant steamers thence. Passengers, before purchasing tickets via other routes, would do well to inquire first of the merits of the route via Savannah, by which they will avoid dust and a tedious all rail ride. Fare from Atlanta to New York and Boston, including meals and stateroom on steamer, $24. Round trip tickets will be placed on sale June 1st, good to return until October 31st. New York steamer sails tri-weekly; Boston steamer weekly from Savannah.

For further information apply to

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from this city—Central Time.

EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R'Y.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*No. 14—from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ......6 5 a m	*No. 12—for Rome, Knoxville, Cincinnati, Nashville and Memphis..12 55 p m
*No. 11—from New York and Knoxville, 11 15 a m	*No. 14—for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati and Memphis ....7 00 a m
*No. 13—from Cincinnati, and Nashville... 10 p m	*No. 13—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ......7 25 p m
*No. 16—from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....10 00 p m	*No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....8 00 a m
*No. 15, from N. Y., Knoxville and Alabama points........... 6 00 am	No. 16, for Knoxville and New York.......10 5 p m

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

From Sav'h*......6 00 a m	To Savannah*.......6 50 a m
" Griffin† ... 8 15 a m	To Macon*...........9 00 p m
" Griffin† ....9 45 a m	To Macon*...........2 15 p m
" Macon*.......1 15 p m	To Griffin† ....3 00 p m
" Hapeville†..1 40 p m	To Griffin† ....5 00 p m
" Sav'h*........5 40 p m	To Savannah*.......7 15 p m
" Macon*.......9 00 p m	To Hapeville†......12 01 p m

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chat'ga*....6 32 a m	To Chattanooga*..7 50 a m
" Marietta.......8 35 a m	To Chattanooga*..1 35 p m
" Rome.........11 05 a m	To Rome...............3 45 p m
" Chat'ga*......1 45 p m	To Marietta..........4 40 p m
" Chat'ga*......6 3 p m	To Chattanooga*..5 57 p m
" Chat'ga*...10 20 p m	To Chattan'ga*...11 15 p m

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'ry*..7 40 a m	To Selma..............1 55 p m
" Opelika.......5 40 p m	To Opelika..........6 40 a m
" Selma..........1 10 p m	To Montgom'ry*12 01 a m

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*.....6 30 a m	To Augusta*..........8 00 a m
" Covington*.7 55 a m	To Decatur...........8 55 a m
" Decatur.....10 15 a m	To Clarkston.........12 10 p m
" Augusta*.....1 00 p m	To Augusta*..........2 45 p m
" Clarkston....2 20 p m	To Covington.........6 20 p m
" Augusta*.....5 45 p m	To Augusta*..........11 15 p m
" Decatur......4 45 p m	To Decatur............3 45 p m

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and Danville Railroad.)

From Athens.........9 00 a m	To Washington .7 10 am
*From Wash'g'n..11 00 a m	To Athens..............4 30 pm
*From Wash'g'n...9 40 pm	*To Washington ..6 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

*From Starkville..6 15 a m	To Birming'm*.........1 25 pm
From Tallapoosa..8 50 a m	To Tallapoosa.......5 00 pm
*From Birm'g'm..5 25 p m	*To Starkville......11 00 pm

CLARKSTON TRAINS—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta.........12 10 p m	Lv. Clarkston ....1 25 p m
Lv. Decatur..........12 42 p m	Lv. Decatur............1 48 p m
Ar. Clarkston......12 57 p m	Ar. Atlanta..............2 20 p m

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Meansville, 9 20 a m and 6 25 p m	To Meansville, 7 08 a m and 3 00 p m

*Daily—†Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

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Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, June 23, 1888.

New York exchange buying at ⅛ premium and selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.	R. R. BONDS.	Bid	Asked.
New Ga., 4½ 20 year	105	107	Ga 6s., 1910	109	—
Ga. 6s, 1889	101½	102½	Ga. 6s, 1922	111	—
Ga. 7s, gold	103½	105	Cent. 7s, 1893	107	—
Ga. 7s, 1896	116½	—	C., C. & A. 1st	108	—
S. C. Brown	105	—	A. & C. 1st	119	121
Savannah 5s	103	105	A. & C. inc	101	—
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	124	126	W. of A. 1st	100	—
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	108	—	do. 2d	105	107
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	120	122	Ga. Pac. 1st	107	108
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	112	—	Ga. Pac. 2d	45	50
Atl'ta 6s, L. D.	111	113	Am'cus, Prest. & L'mkn 1st 7s	107½	110
Atl'ta 6s, S. D.	100	102	M. & N. G. 1st	100	—
Atlanta 5s	102½	104	Ga. Mid. & Glf 1st 6s, 1926	91	93
Atlanta 4½s	102	103	RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Augusta 7s	110	112	Georgia	196	199
Macon 6s	110	114	At. & Char.	80	—
Columbus 5s	100	103	Southwest'n	125	127
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.			S. Carolina	5	10
Atlanta Nat'l	290	300	Central	115	117
Merch'ts B'k	140	145	Central deb	100	102
B'k State Ga	140	—	Aug. & Sav.	127	129
Gate City Nat.	140	—	A. & W. Pt.	107	110
Capital City	100	—	do. deb	101	103
RAILROAD BONDS.					
Ga. 6s, 1897	106	108	C., C. & A.	25	35

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The stock market today was more stagnant and recorded transactions less than any Saturday for many weeks. The dealings presented almost no feature of interest beyond the selling down of Lake Shore and the depression of New England. The market opened unchanged and dull, but the prices moved up a fraction, though the rise was confined to fractions less than ⅝ per cent. After 11 o'clock, the tone of the market under selling in Lake Shore and New England became easier, and prices moved off in sympathy with the dealings in those stocks. No other feature was developed, and the market closed very dull and barely steady, at irregular changes from the opening prices.

Exchange dull but steady at 487¼@489¼. Money easy at 1@1½. Subtreasury balances: Coin $138,909,000; currency, $17,260,000. Governments dull but firm; 4s 128; 4½s 107⅛. State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	105½	N. O. Pac. 1st	91¼
do. Class B 5s	109	N. Y. Central	105¼
Ga. 7s mortgage	105	Norfolk & W'n pre	47½
N. C. 6s	120	Northern Pacific	23¾
do. 4s	94½	do. preferred	51¼
S. C. con. Brown	106	Pacific Mail	33¾
Tenn. settlement 3s	70¾	Reading	59¾
Virginia 6s	48	Rich. & Alleghany	6
Virginia consols	34	Richmond & Dan	—
Chesap'ke & Ohio	—	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	23¼
Chicago & N. W.	106½	Rock Island	106¼
do. preferred	139½	St. Paul	65
Del. & Lack	120¼	do. preferred	103¼
Erie	21⅛	Texas Pacific	21⅛
East Tenn., new	9½	Tenn. Coal & Iron	27½
Lake Shore	90¼	Union Pacific	54⅛
L. & N.	54⅝	N. J. Central	81⅞
Memphis & Char	54	Missouri Pacific	75
Mobile & Ohio	7	Western Union	76⅛
N. & C.	76½	Cotton oil trust cert.	35¾

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. ‡Offered. ∥Ex-rights.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 23, 1888.

Net receipts for 1 day 3,449 bales, against 146 bales last year: exports 5,539 bales; last year 1,270 bales; stock 303,354 bales; last year 286,186 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
June	10.25@10.27	10.26@10.27
July	10.30@.....	10.28@10.29
August	10.38@.....	10.36@10.37
September	9.81@.....	9.82@ 9.83
October	9.61@ 9.62	9.62@ 9.63
November	9.51@.....	9.54@ 9.55
December	9.52@.....	9.54@ 9.55
January	9.58@ 9.59	9.61@ 9.62
February	9.65@.....	9.69@ 9.70
March	9.73@ 9.75	9.77@ 9.78

Closed firm; sales 65,700 bales.

Local—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝c.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	4
Air-line Railroad	—
Georgia Railroad	—
Central Railroad	—
Western and Atlantic Railroad	—
West Point Railroad	—
East Tennessee, Va. and Ga. Railroad	—
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
A. and F.	—
Total	4
Receipts previously	104,727
Total	104,731
Stock September 1	81
Grand total	104,812

SHIPMENTS.

Shipped today	—
Shipped previously	97,748
Taken by local spinners	6,560
Total	103,308
Stock on hand	504

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today	4
Same time last year	—
Showing an increase of	4
Receipts since September 1	104,731
Same time last year	122,702
Showing a decrease of	17,971

NEW YORK, June 23—Hubbard, Price & Co., in their circular today, say: Due to the firmness and advancing tendency of cotton in Liverpool, our market opened with a fair demand from 3@4 points higher. There was liberal buying on the part of local shorts who, as usual, close or protect their deals with closing. We also noticed good investment afterward, both for August and the near months of the new crop. As repeatedly stated in our circulars of recent days, the situation rests entirely upon the request of the supply and demand for actual cotton during the remainder of the present year, with the statistical position essentially unchanged.

NEW YORK, June 23—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 1,625,267 bales, of which 1,147,867 bales are American, against 1,873,992 bales and 1,197,992 bales respectively last year. Receipts at all interior towns 7,278 bales. Receipts from plantations —— bales. Crop in sight 6,792,940 bales.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, June 23—12:15p. m.—Cotton hardening tendency; middling uplands 5¼; middling Orleans 5 9-16; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 5,000; American 3,900; uplands low middling clause June delivery 5 32-64; June and July delivery 5 31-64; July and August delivery 5 31-64; August and September delivery 5 30-64; September and October delivery 5 19-64; October and November delivery 5 14-64; November and December delivery 5 12-64, 5 13-65; December and January delivery 5 12-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, June 23—1:00p. m.—Sales of American 5,900 bales; uplands low middling clause June delivery 5 33-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 32-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 32-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 30-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 21-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 15-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 13-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 12-64, sellers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, June 23—Cotton steady; sales 103 bales; middling uplands 10 5-16; middling Orleans 10 7-16; net receipts 177; gross 1,687; consolidated net receipts 3,449; exports to Great Britain 3,498; to continent 1,861; stock 176,997.

GALVESTON, June 23—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts 293 bales; gross 293; sales 8; stock 3,785; exports coastwise 6.

NORFOLK, June 23—Cotton steady; middling 10 1-16; net receipts 234 bales; gross 234; stock 11,886; sales 84; exports coastwise 560.

BALTIMORE, June 23—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 10¼; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales —; stock 8,200; sales to spinners —.

BOSTON, June 23—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅜; net receipts 293 bales; gross 1,213; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 1,159; exports coastwise 121.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅝; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 13,488; exports to Great Britain 1,676.

SAVANNAH, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9⅝; net receipts 329 bales; gross 329; sales 6; stock 5,867.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9⅝; net receipts 1,493 bales; gross 2,644; sales 1,000; stock 72,071; exports to Great Britain 1,822; to continent 1,861; coastwise 400.

MOBILE, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9½; net receipts 11 bales; gross 11; sales 100; stock 5,918; exports coastwise 40.

MEMPHIS, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9⅝; net receipts 17 bales; shipments 268; sales 500; stock 16,509.

AUGUSTA, June 23—Cotton firm; middling 9⅞; net receipts 27 bales; shipments —; sales 81.

CHARLESTON June 23—Cotton steady; middling 9¾; net receipts 293 bales; gross 293; sales 8; stock 1,936; exports coastwise 1,349.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Wheat showed little sign of taking an upward turn today, and yet prices did not go down as freely as on previous days. There was a great deal of nervousness in the pit and the price of July hung around 79c. The range was 79½@79⅜c, with the indicator at 79c twenty minutes before the close. Everybody was expecting a raid or rally just at the close. Wheat closed fairly firm at about last night's prices for the day as follows: June 79c, July 79½c, August 79½c, September 79¾c, December 82½c.

In the corn market there was nothing of interest. July opened ⅛@⅜c higher, closing at 47 5-16c.

Oats were dull, July closing at 30½c.

Provisions were moderately active and stronger, the closing being at 2½c advance on pork and 5c on short ribs and lard. The shorts, who have been selling all articles freely for several days, changed their course and begad covering. There was not much offered, and prices were easily advanced. July pork was bid up 15c, but receded 7½c and closed at $13.62½. July lard advanced 5c and closed at 8.25. July short ribs sold at 7.45@7.47½ and closed steady.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing
WHEAT—			
June	79	79	79
July	79¼	79⅜	79¼
August	79⅞	80⅛	79½
CORN—			
June	47¼	47¼	47
July	47¾	47⅞	47¼
August	48⅜	48¾	48¼
OATS—			
June	30¾	31	31
July	30½	30¾	30½
August	26⅛	26⅜	26⅛
PORK—			
July	13 55	13 70	13 62½
August	13 70	13 77½	13 70
LARD—			
June	8 20	8 20	8 20
July	8 20	8 25	8 25
August	8 32½	8 32½	8 35
SHORT RIBS—			
June	7 45	7 45	7 45
July	7 45	7 47½	7 45
August	7 55	7 55	7 52½

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 23, 1888.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, June 23—Flour—Best patent $5.75; extra fancy $5.50; fancy $5.25; extra family $4.75; choice family $4.50; family $4.00; extra $3.75. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.02; Georgia red $5. Bran—Large sacks $1.00; small $1.00. Corn Meal—Plain 77c; bolted 75c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—$4.25. Corn—Choice white 75c; No. 2 white Tennessee 72c; No. 2 mixed 73c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 47c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.15; small bales $1.15; No. 1 large bales $1.15; small bales $1.10; clover 95c; wheat straw baled 80c. Peas—Stock —.

NEW YORK, June 23—Flour, southern dull; common to fair extra $3.30@$3.90; good to choice $4.50@$5.10. Wheat heavy and ⅛@¼c lower, closing weak; No 2 red June 85½@85¼; July 85⅝@86¼. Corn dull and ⅜c lower, closing weak; No. 2 June 53; July 53@53¼. Oats dull, lower and more or less nominal; No. 2 spot 33@33¼; mixed western, 38@40. Hops dull; state 4@14; California 3@12.

BALTIMORE, June 23—Flour quiet; lower: Howard street and western superfine $2.35@$2.85; extra $3.00@$3.85; family $4.00@$4.65; city mills superfine $2.50@$2.65; extra $3.25@$3.75; Rio brands $4.80@5.10. Wheat, southern, none offering; nominally lower; western weak and lower; southern red 84@88; longberry 85@90; No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot and June 84½@8. Corn, southern nominal; white 58@60; yellow 58@60.

ST. LOUIS, June 23—Flour nominal, ranging from $2.40@4.50. Wheat firmer; closed ¼@⅜c below yesterday; No. 2 red fall cash 82½; June 82. Corn firm at first, but closed lower; No. 2 mixed cash 44@45½; July 44@44⅞. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed cash 32@32½.

CHICAGO, June 23—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull; spring wheat $3.40@4.25; spring patent $3.50@$4.80. No. 2 spring wheat 78¼@79; No. 3 do —; No. 2 red 80½@80¼. No. 2 corn 46⅞@47. No. 2 oats 31.

CINCINNATI, June 23—Flour in moderate demand; family $3.85@$4.00; fancy $4.35@$4.50. Wheat dull; No. 2 red 87. Corn easy; No. 2 mixed 51. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 mixed 35¼.

LOUISVILLE, June 2—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red 92; longberry 94. Corn, No. 2 mixed 55; do. white 57. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 36½; do. white —.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, June 23—Coffee—Choice 19½c; prime 19c; good 18c; fair 1c7; low grade 16c. Sugar—Cut loaf 8¼c; powdered 8¼c; standard granulated 7½c; standard A 7⅜c; extra C 6¼@6¾c; yellow extra C 6¼@6⅝. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@55c; prime 35@35c; common 20@25c. Teas—Black 35@60c; green 35@60c. Nutmegs 75c; Cloves 35c. Allspice 12½c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. Ginger 10c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls $15.00; ½ bbls $6.75; kits 80c. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ℔ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches — Round wood ℔ gross $1.15; ℔ 200 $2.50; ℔ 3.50; ℔ 400 $4.50. Soda—in kegs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rhoice 6½c; prime 6c; fair 5½c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; factory 13c.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23—Coffee in light demand but firm; Rio cargoes common to prime 13¼@16¼. Sugar strong; Louisiana open kettle choice 5⅜; strictly prime 5⅛@5⅜; fully fair to prime 5¼@5⅛; fair to good fair 5½; good common 4⅞; centrifugals, plantation granulated 6⅝; choice white 6⅛; off white 6⅛; choice yellow clarified 6 1-16; prime do. 6; off do. 5⅞; seconds 4⅞@4 9-16. Molasses steady; open kettle fancy 38; choice 33@35; strictly prime 29@30; good prime 25@26; prime 21@23; common 25; fair to good fair 19@20; common to good common 15@17; centrifugals prime 20@22; prime to good prime 18; fair to good fair 16@17; inferior to good common 10@15. Louisiana syrup 20@26. Rice dull; Louisiana ordinary to prime 4⅛@4⅝.

NEW YORK, June 23—Coffee fair Rio dull and nominal at 14⅜; options moderately active, closing steady; No 7 Rio June 11.75@11.80; July 10.50@10.60; August 10.75@10.85. Sugar strong and firm; fair to good refining 4⅝; refined firm; C 5⅛; extra C 5⅛@5¼; white extra C 5⅜; yellow 5 5-16@5¼; off A 6@6⅛; mould A 7; standard A 6¼; confectioners A 6⅝; cut loaf and crushed 8; powdered 7; granulated 6⅝; cubes 7. Molasses dull; 50-test 19½. Rice steady; domestic 4⅛@5⅝.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, June 23—Provisions easy. Pork $14.10; Lard 7.75@7.87½. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 5.62½@6.00; long clear 7.50; clear ribs 7.62½@7.75; short clear 7.87½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.62½@6.75; long clear 8.37½@8.45; short ribs 8.37½@8.45; short clear 8.45; hams 10¼@11.

LOUISVILLE, June 23—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib sides 8.40; clear sides 8.90; shoulders 6¾. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 7.75; clear sides 8.00; shoulders 6.12½. Mess pork nominal. Hams, sugar-cured 11¼@12½. Lard, choice leaf 9⅞.

NEW YORK, June 23—Pork dull; unchanged; old mess $14.00@$14.50; new $15.25@$15.50. Middles nominal. Lard firmer but dull; western steam spot 8.50@8.55; June 8.48; city steam 8.15; refined to continent 8.50.

CHICAGO, June 23—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $13.60. Lard 8.26. Short ribs loose 7.42½@7.45. Dry salted shoulders boxed 6.00@6.25; short clear sides boxed 7.95@8.00.

ATLANTA, June 23—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 8⅛c. Sugar-cured hams 12½c. Lard—Pure leaf, tierces 10¼@10c½; refined 8⅞@9c.

CINCINNATI, June 23—Pork dull at $14.25. Lard quiet at 8.00. Bulk meats dull; short ribs 7½. Bacon steady; short ribs —; short clear 9.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, June 23—Turpentine steady at 33; rosin dull; strained 82½; good strained 87½; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.90; virgin $2.00.

CHARLESTON, June 23—Turpentine quiet at 33; rosin quiet; good strained 80.

SAVANNAH, June 23—Turpentine steady at 33; rosin steady at 92½.

NEW YORK, June 23 — Rosin quiet at $1.15@$1.17½; turpentine steady at 37.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, June 23— Apples— $2.00@$2.50 per bbl. Lemons—$5.25@$5.50. Oranges—$6.50@$7.00. Cocoanuts—6c. Pineapples—$2.00 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.75@$2.00; grapes $7.50 ℔ barrel. Figs — 13@18c. Raisins — New London $3.25; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Leghorn citron—27c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples 8⅛@14c, sundried peaches 8⅛@10c; sundried peaches pealed 11c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, June 23— Market steady. Horseshoes $4.25@$4.50; mule shoes $5.25@$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironbound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 32@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well-buckets $3.50@$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Swede iron 5c; rolled or merchant bar 2⅛c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, $2.50; steel $2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ℔ ℔ 5@5½c. Powder, rifle $5.00 blasting $2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot $1.60.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, June 23— Horses —Plug $65@90; good drive $150@$200; drivers $125@$140; fine $250@$300. Mules—14¼ to 15 hands $115@$125; 15 to 15½ hands $135@$160.

CINCINNATI, June 23—Hogs steady; common and light $4.00@$5.40; packing and butchers $5.30@$5.75.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, June 23—Eggs—14c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 18@20c; other grades 12½@15c. Poultry—Hens 28@30c; young chickens large 18@20c. Irish Potatoes — $3.00@3.50. Sweet Potatoes—90c@$1.00. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10c. Onions—$4.50@$5.00. Cabbage—2½@3c.

Whisky.

CINCINNATI, June 23—Whisky steady at $1.14.
ST. LOUIS, June 23—Whisky steady at $1.14.
CHICAGO, June 23—Whisky $1.20.

To Bridge Builders.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSIONers of Roads and Revenues, June 23d, 1888. Sealed bids will be received until 10 o'clock a. m. on the first Wednesday in August next for furnishing material and repairing four bridges in the lower part of the county. Specifications and location can be had on application to me. The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of County Commissioners, JOHN T. COOPER, Clerk Com. R. and R.
jun24 sun 4t

NOTIONS, ETC.

Racket Store!

The Dollar Side of Merchandise.

As the largest and swiftest steamer consumes the greatest amount of fuel so it is that the

RACKET,

With values clean-cut against dollars, cutting first to the right and then to the left, having no regard for any credit king with exorbitant charges, has found such a difficult task to obtain sufficient goods to meet the great demands.

BUT HERE THEY ARE,

With more in transit, and to arrive this week. There are sundry small articles in our store to meet the wants of the fair sex. For instance: Pins 1c, cost 5c elsewhere. English Pins 4c, worth 10c. Box Hair Pins, all sizes, 4c, worth 10c. Safety Pins 5c dozen, and large size at that. 36-inch Whalbone 6c and 7c. Dress Extenders 5c and 10c. Hat Pins 1c. Veilings 7½c, 10c, 13c, 18c, worth three times that amount. Tinsel 5c. Ball Dress Shiels 8c. Steels 7c dozen. Darning Cotton, assorted colors, 1c. Swan's Down 10c.

Then our ladies' Corsets are far below value. Examine Extension Back 45c; Zeoline, 70c; Columbia Nursing, 85c; Dr. Beardley's, 95c. Our Misses' "Little Corinne" is a daisy seller, at 38c. Belts? Well, just look at them for 13c, and ladies' collars and cuffs for 5c, cannot be touched. Just think of Oriental Laces 5 inches wide at 5c, and other widths in proportion.

In the maelstrom of mercantile life, in the rush and push and struggle for supremacy, the battle is half won in the buying, and with us a total victory is obtained in selling as we buy. Our purses are all the way from 2c to 15c, with ladies' ling pocket-books at 18c. Feather Edge Braid, 24c dozen, Bald Knitting Cotton, 5c. Macrame Cord 8⅛c. Welly how does this take your fancy? 3 ounces Florida water 15c, cost 25c elsewhere. 8 ounces, 35c, worth 75c. Star Dime Cologne, 5c. Austin's Regina and Home Sweet Home, 20c. And our frames, cabinet, at 5c. Leatherette, 10 and 15c, with Velvets from almost nothing to $1, would delight the eye of an artist. Just think of a Bustle that would cost us $2.75 a dozen to replace, going at 14 and 15c. But they are facts.

No. 6 xx envelopes cost $1.15 at the factory by the case. We charge 3c a pack, AND DEFY any competitor to follow suit without loss. No. 10 officials are 7c. Would stereoscopes at 23c, worth 50, and Alligator Lap Tablets at 29c, worth same price, with French Shoe Dressing, at 5c, Walsh's 10, be considered cheap? Autograph Albums as low as 4c, and scraps 7c; scrap pictures 1c, full size sheet. It may pay you to inspect our stock Silk Handkerchiefs 5c, worth 15c; 22c, worth 50c; 30c, worth 60c; 35c, worth 75c; 39c, worth 90c, and 45c, worth $1.25 elsewhere. Suspenders and shirts at your own price. Pocket Glasses 3c up. Meershaum Cigar Holders 20c. Pipes 50 per cent lower than cost of manufacture.

Then in Hardware and Tinware we are at home: Saws, 26-inch, warranted, worth $1.50, are only 45c. Braces, 15c to 60c; all steel Hammer, 38c; Auge. Bits, 8c, quarter; Scissors, 3c; 3 paper Tacks, 5c. Stove Pans, 10c, 14c, 18c.

Moving onward. Ever onward. We will, by indomitable exertion and zeal, gain the fore front of the mercantile battle, backed by the Almighty Dollar, which exerts an all powerful influence in scoops ing here, there and everywhere, picking up the greatest bargains for the least money, and giving to you the greatest benefits that can be vouchsafed to man.

A. L. DRUCKER & BRO.,

94 Whitehall St.

—BRANCH:—

CHARLES ROUSS,

Broadway, New York.

C.O.W. Crab Orchard WATER. NATURES' GREAT REMEDY.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache, Constipation,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PAMPHLET BY MAIL FREE.

Crab Orchard Water Co. Louisville, Ky.

THE GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE.

—W. & A. R. R.—

The following time card in effect Sunday May 20, 1888.

NORTHBOUND—No. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	7 50 a m
Arrive Dalton	11 40 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	1 00 p m
Stops at all important stations.	
No. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	1 35 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 11 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	6 43 p m
No. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday.	
Leave Atlanta	3 45 p m
Arrive Rome	6 59 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.	
No. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday	
Leave Atlanta	4 40 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 39 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.	
No. 11 EXPESS—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	11 15 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	4 37 a m
No. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	5 55 p m
Arrive Dalton	10 00 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	11 40 p m
Stops at all important stations when signaled.	
No. 21 DALTON ACCOMMODATION—Daily except Sunday.	
Leave Dalton	6 25 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	8 00 a m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 3 has first-class coach, daily, Waco, Texas, to Atlanta without change.

No. 1 has either Mann Boudoir Buffet or Pullman Palace Buffet and sleeping cars, daily, Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change, and first-class coach, daily, Jacksonville to Chattanooga without change and without extra charge.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome.

No. 11 has Pullman Palace sleeping cars Atlanta to Chattanooga, open for passengers at 9 00 p m.

No. 19 has Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change, and first-class coach Atlanta to Little Rock without change.

SOUTHBOUND—No. 4 Express	
Leave Chattanooga	8 05 a m
Leave Dalton	9 47 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 45 p m
Stops at all important way stations.	
No. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Chattanooga	1 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta	6 37 p m
No. 20 EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Chattanooga	1 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta	6 32 a m
Stops at all important way stations.	
No. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.	
Leave Chattanooga	5 20 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 30 p m
No. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday	
Leave Marietta	7 35 a m
Arrive Atlanta	8 35 a m
No. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday.	
Leave Rome	7 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	11 05 a m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.	
No. 22 DALTON ACCOMMODATION—Daily except Sunday.	
Leave Chattanooga	6 00 p m
Arrive Dalton	7 30 p m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 2 has first-class coach, daily, Waco, Texas, to Atlanta without change.

No. 4 has either Mann Boudoir Buffet or Pullman Palace Buffet and sleeping cars, daily, Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change, and first-class coach, daily, Chattanooga to Jacksonville without change and without extra charge.

No. 20 has Pullman Palace sleeping car, daily Nashville to Atlanta without change, first-class coach daily Little Rock, Ark. to Atlanta without change, and Pullman Palace sleeping cars, Chattanooga to Atlanta open for passengers at 9 00 p m.

R. A. ANDERSON, Sup't,
J. M. BROWN, Gen. Pass. Agent.
ALTON ANGIER,
Assistent Gen. Pass. Agt.

LAGER BEER.

CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN, Prest. JNO. GOETZ, Jr., Sec'y. JACOB MOERLEIN, Treas. JOHN MOERLEIN, Supt. GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Pre WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Sup

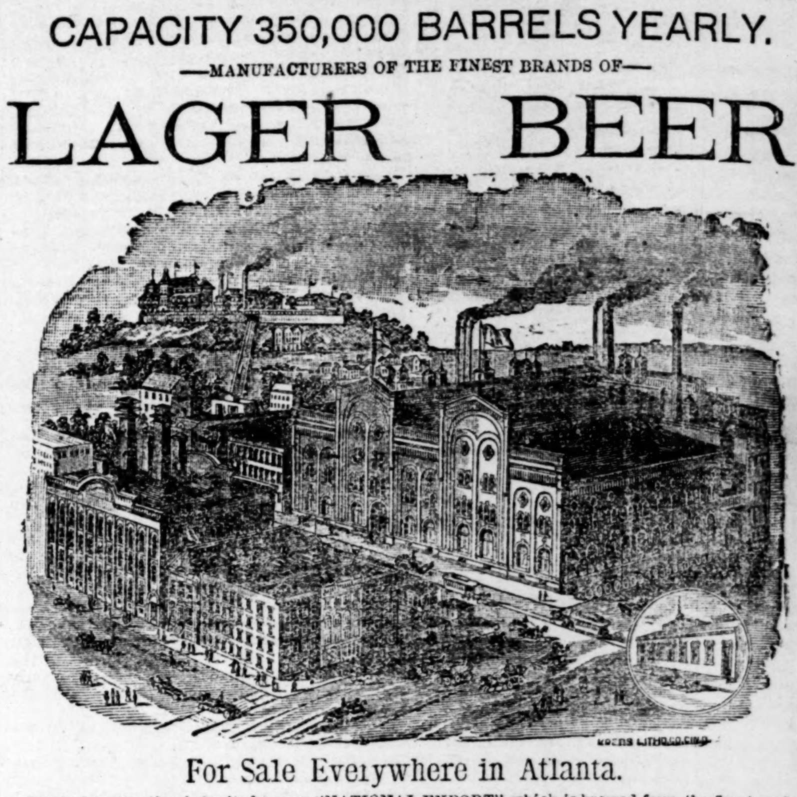
The Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

CAPACITY 350,000 BARRELS YEARLY.

—MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST BRANDS OF—

LAGER BEER.



For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta.

Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade of imported and domestic hops and malt, and prepared according to the most approved methods. It is a genuine and pure old lager; does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being absolutely free from all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the convalescent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our customers throughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnati Exposition over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the world. The barrel beer of THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to any beer brewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen Pints, and is guaranteed to keep in any climate.

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

fe14—d6m

CUMBERLAND ISLAND HOTEL

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, GA., NEAR BRUNSWICK.

Thoroughly renovated. New cottages. Railroad from steamer landing to hotel, and hotel to beach. Finest fishing and bathing on Atlantic coast.

NOW OPEN FOR RECEPTON OF GUESTS

All trains make close connection at Brunswick with the elegant steamer City of Brunswick at 7:00 a. m. daily; returning, arrives at Brunswick 7:30 p. m. daily. United States mail service.
W. H. BUNKLEY, Proprietor, Bunkley, Ga.

HEALTH IS WEALTH.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermaterrhœa caused by overexertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
JACOBS'S PHARMACY, Sole Agents,
Marietta and Peachtree Sts., Atlanta, Ga.
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Lawyers' Briefs!

THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE MAKES A specialty of printing on short notice lawyers' briefs. Being supplied with a large amount and assortment of type, and employing a large force of printers, we possess special advantages for doing this and all kinds of printing demanding rapid execution. Charges reasonable. Have your printing done at
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A SPECIALTY.

AGENTS FOR ANTI-KALSOMINE

The best and cheapest preparation for finishings, walls and ceilings of dwellings, churches, stores, etc. Send for color cards, testimonials, etc.

45 DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.

CHATTANOOGA, ROME & COLUMBUS RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE NO. 10.
In Effect March 26th, 1888.

South Bound.	Daily. No. 1.	Daily. No. 3.
East Rome	6 30 am	2 30 pm
Holmes	6 38 am	2 38 pm
Holders	6 50 am	2 50 pm
Silver Creek	7 00 am	3 00 pm
Chambers	7 01 am	3 01 pm
New Bethel	7 16 am	3 16 pm
Summit	7 21 am	3 24 pm
Brooks	7 32 am	3 32 pm
Lake Creek	7 36 am	3 36 pm
Dyars	7 48 am	3 48 pm
Cedartown	8 00 am	4 00 pm

North Bound.	Daily. No. 2.	Daily. No. 4.
Cedartown	8 30 am	5 00 pm
Dyars	8 42 am	5 12 pm
Lake Creek	8 51 am	5 24 pm
Brooks	8 58 am	5 28 pm
Summit	9 06 am	5 36 pm
New Bethel	9 14 am	5 44 pm
Chambers	9 26 am	5 56 pm
Silver Creek	9 32 am	6 02 pm
Holders	9 40 am	6 10 pm
Holmes	9 52 am	6 22 pm
East Rome	10 00 am	6 30 pm

All trains run to East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia passenger depot in East Rome.

Connect at Rome with East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, and with Rome railroad at Cedartown with East and West Railroad of Alabama.

D. WILLIAMSON, President. F. H. HARRIS, Acting Supt.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA. May 1.th 188.

Commencing Sunday, 13th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.	
Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	7 45 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 20 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST—DAILY.	No. 1 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta ....8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta.........10 45 a m
Ar. Gainesville.....8 25 p m	Lv. Macon..............7 10 a m
Ar. Athens............5 05 p m	Lv. Milledgeville...9 19 a m
Ar. Washington...2 20 p m	Lv. Washington.....11 20 a m
Ar. Milledgeville..4 13 p m	Lv. Athens..............9 00 a m
Ar. Macon.............6 00 p m	Ar. Gainesville......8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta..........3 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta.............5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST—DAILY.	No. 3 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta .....11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta......11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta.........6 45 a m	Ar. Atlanta.........6 20 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta ....8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur..........9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur..........9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta..........10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta...........3 45 p m	Lv. Decatur..........4 20 p m
Ar. Decatur..........4 10 p m	Ar. Atlanta...........4 45 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta ....6 20 p m	Lv. Covington......5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur..........6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur..........7 25 a m
Ar. Covington......8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta............7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAILY

No. 31 WESTWARD.	No. 32 EASTWARD.
Lv. Camac .... 1 30 a m	Lv. Macon.............6 30 p m
Ar. Macon...........7 30 a m	Ar. Camac ....11 00 p m

Sleeping car to Charleston on train No. 4.

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.

No connection for Gainesville on Sundayy.

Train No. 27 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. This train makes close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest.

Train No. 28 will stop and receive passengers at and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for supper.

E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager,
JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R.

Following schedule goes into effect Sunday, June 10, 1888.

SOUTH BOUND.

	NO.1* A. M.	NO.3* P. M.	NO.5† A. M.	NO.7† P. M.
Leave Atlanta	6 40	3 00	8 00	2 30
" E T, V & G Ry Jun	6 55	3 20	8 10	2 40
" Buchanan	......	......	8 15	2 48
" Haasville	7 20	3 45	8 27	3 00
" Riverdale	7 47	4 05	8 45	3 18
" Selina	7 57	4 15	8 51	3 23
" Fayetteville	8 28	4 43	9 20	3 42
" Woolsey	8 59	5 05	9 40	4 00
" Lowry	9 13	5 15	9 50	4 10
" Kalula Junction	......	......	9 55	4 16
" Zetella	9 37	5 35	10 10	4 30
" Williamson	10 00	5 58	10 22	4 42
" Zebulon	10 23	6 18	10 40	5 00
" Meansville	10 43	6 38	10 53	5 13
" Wye	11 08	7 00	11 08	5 28
" Upson Co. R.R	11 24	7 18	11 20	5 40
" Yatesville	11 48	7 40	11 40	6 00
Arrive Culloden	12 00	8 00	12 00	6 20

NORTH BOUND.

	NO.2* A. M.	NO.4* P. M.	NO.6† A. M.	NO.8† P. M.
Leave Culloden	4 10	1 00	6 30	2 30
" Yatesville	4 30	1 20	6 50	2 50
" Upson Co. R. R	4 50	1 44	7 15	3 15
" Wye	5 05	2 00	7 30	3 30
" Meansville	5 25	2 20	7 45	3 45
" Zebulon	5 45	2 43	8 00	3 57
" Williamson	6 05	3 08	8 12	4 10
" Zetella	6 25	3 28	8 27	4 45
" Kalula Junction	......	......	8 37	5 00
" Lowry	6 45	3 50	8 42	5 05
" Woolsey	7 00	4 06	8 55	5 16
" Fayetteville	7 25	4 43	9 15	5 35
" Selina	7 57	5 11	9 33	5 55
" Riverdale	8 06	5 20	9 38	6 00
" Haasville	8 30	5 45	9 53	6 18
" Buchanan	......	......	10 05	6 30
" E T, V & G Ry Jun	8 50	6 10	10 12	6 35
Arrive Atlanta	9 00	6 25	10 20	6 45

*Daily except Sunday.
†Sunday only.
All trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V. & G. Ry. passenger depot. Mitchell street.
H. L. COLLIER, Supt.
JNO. N. DUNN, President.

UNWRITTEN HISTO

The First United States Flag on by a Southern Man.

THE BATTLE OF RUSSELL'S

A Daring and Successful Dash of Scout Into the Federal Lines Ne Chattanooga in 1864.

Written For The Constitution.

"A land without ruins is a land w memories," and lest the sacred memori tering about the lost cause should like t tory of the mound builders, be shrou oblivion, it becomes the duty of conte neous writers to preserve such records be of interest to future generations.

Perhaps this reminiscence should be held for the present, as quite a number o actors in the stirring scenes recounted following narrative still survive and are the best citizens of Cherokee county, Ala but by consent of the principal actor, a view of the fact that this historic region ing penetrated by two important railroa and that the rich stores of historic lore hi unexplored, by this means will comman attention of the inquisitive outside worl well as our matchless stores of mineral we it is but fitting that the light of truth be t on this episode of the dark days of '65, civil authority was struggling to reasse sway.

Here throughout this entire region—en ing the fertile valleys of the Coosa and tooga rivers—are scattered prehistoric re of a race whose occupancy ante-dated th the aborigine Cherokee and Creeks. last race (the Atlantis of the North Ame continent) seem to have kept to the river creeks in this section, as indicated by numerous mounds and fortifications alon near our principal streams. The writer been told by an old settler that when county was first settled by the whites, th the bluffs forming the north bank of the river, on which the village of Cedar Bluff stands, could be plainly traced the remai quite a formidable earthworks. North of and near the Chattooga river, was to be s well-defined fort—parallelogram in form, bastions at the four corners. Whether earthworks were the products of the m builders, or were thrown up by the Spa exploring expedition led by DeSoto, passed through this section in 1541, rema matter of speculation. In any event, th historic ground,

In the summer of the year preceding outbreak of the civil war, during the exc and heated canvass for president of the U States,

THE FIRST GUN FIRED BY A SOUTHERNE on the stars and stripes was in the street the village of Cedar Bluff, Alabama, in 18

This flag was the property of Mr. Lawrence who espoused the cause of the u candidates, Bell and Everett for president vice-president, and was fired into by Ge W. Cothran, a supporter of Breckenridge Lane.

On the 3d day of May, 1863, a column 1,700 federal cavalry and mounted infa under Colonel Streight was captured by dashing confederate, General N. B. Forres the head of less than 500 men, at the Lawre homestead, four miles east of Cedar B Ala. This brilliant achievement after a and fatiguing pursuit from the Tennessee r across mountains and swollen streams save Bragg his line of communication, and to government at Richmond the valuable arm and cannon foundry at Rome, Ga.

The ease with which this raid penetrated so far into north-east Alabama caused the confederates to become more vigilant and the principal roads in this section were guarded for months after by relays of pickets at interva of a few miles, detailed from the 8th and 1 Texas regiments. This gave rise soon a the withdrawal of these troops to the for tion of companies of scouts—chief am which was that of Captain John Gatewood Tennesseean who, surrounded by some of most daring and adventurous spirits from army, representing men from half a do states, became a holy terror to tories, mara ers and skulkers in north-east Alabama a north Georgia.

The services performed by these sco though at times exceeding the usages civilized warfare were recognized to the ext of being left unmolested by the authoriti and, therefore, they were practically an in pendent command.

Passing rapidly over this period, and with brief notice of the masterly retreat of Gene Johnston, after the reverses at Dalton a Rasaca, and when after the fall of rains, t section of Alabama was considered inside Sh man's lines; but for the presence of th scouts, Cherokee county would have been ov run by tories. The writer, who was the mere lad living on the farm, rememb the distinctness with which heard the booming of Sherma and Johnston's guns, which daily beca more and more indistinct as the grand arm moved farther to the south of us, and how h heart sank as the sullen but dull boom Johnston's distant guns sounded the dea null of southern hopes. Constituting a part the garrison of Rome was Spencer's notorio First Alabama cavalry regiment U. S. A., w made frequent raids into Cherokee county the state whose name his minious desecrat and belied. To these raiders Alabama (he we rest) lost its significance, for the round tr of sixty miles would be covered in a day, an thus only hen roosts and dairies became th prey of these marauders who were dubbe buttermilk rangers. The haste with which th moved was due to the presence of Gatwood scouts.

After the fall of Atlanta when the brillian but rash, Hood put his columns in motion o his fatal backward movement into Tennesse the welcome sight of the loved gray jacket an the glorious southern cross made the hearts o our people leap again with joy, but our enth siasm soon turned to grief, for close on th heels of the gray veterans came the victorio legions of Sherman and finding, according t General O. O. Howard's recent Century articl a rich country in upper Cherokee county wer into bivouac with headquarters at Gaylesvill This was about the 20th of October, 1864, an after ten days of riotous living, stripping th country of everything which could be co sumed or destroyed,

THE FAMOUS MARCH TO THE SEA was entered on by the various army corps cros ing the Coosa at different points on ponto bridges—that of Schofield crossing at Ced Bluff, thus forming the right of Sherman's lin of march.

Captain Gatewood was again master of th situation, and in November, with 100 me planned and executed

A RAID INTO THE FEDERAL LINES AT CHATTA NOOGA,

and in sight of the city captured 500 head o fat beef cattle, with the guard, wagons an camp equipments, and succeeded by a force march of 65 miles in bringing th booty into Alabama. On reach ing the Coosa river, over which was necessary to swim the herd, a large p cent of the cattle were unable from sheer e haustion to cross and were given to our cit zens by the generous captain, so that throug the winters of 1864 and 1865, we had Yanke beef to keep the gaunt wolf from the door.

All the remaining cattle were delivered the confederate authorities. (It might b proper to add in this connection that the pri oners were not so humanly treated. Oh, th horrors of civil war! May God spare th fair land from a repetition of such inhumani of man to man.)

There were perhaps 150 of these cattle di tributed among the people of upper Cheroke county, and quite a number were retained f domestic use.

The changing scenes of the terrible dram were now rapid as the changes of a kalei escope, and with the spring of '65 came peac and, though its white wings were an omino black border, our people went bravely to wo to reconstruct their scattered and vanish fortunes.

In July a predatory raid was made in Cherokee county by the late tories, but no respectable loyalists, Grimmett, Roberts a

R BEER.

MOERLEIN, Treas. GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Pre
MOERLEIN, Supt. WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Sup

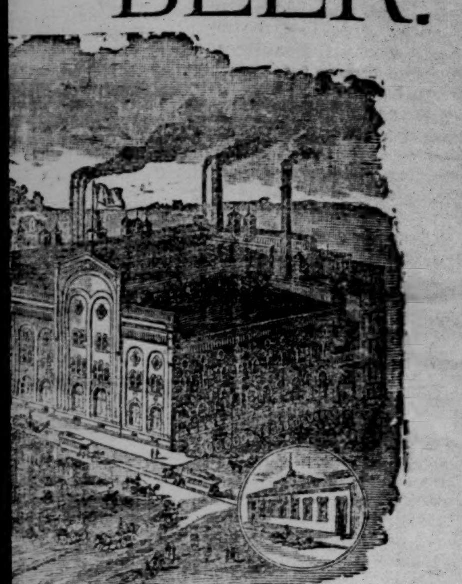
erlein Brewing Co.,

ATI, OHIO.

BARRELS YEARLY.

THE FINEST BRANDS OF—

BEER.



where in Atlanta.

AL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade and according to the most approved methods. It is a ticle of any injurious ingredients, and being 1 bso- ribed by the most prominent physicians for the NAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Austra- ties, we are now prepared to furnish it to our custom-

was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnati beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the OERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen

Atlanta Agent.

OMPTLY FILLED.

ISLAND HOTEL

GA., NEAR BRUNSWICK.

from steamer landing to hotel, and hotel to beach.

CEPTON OF GUESTS

with the elegant steamer City of Brunswick at 7:00 a. daily. United States mail service.
W. H. BUNKLEY, Proprietor, Bunkley, Ga.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA. May 1th 188 .

Commencing Sunday, 13th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	7 45 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 20 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST—DAILY.		No. 1 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta	10 45 a m
Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m	Lv. Macon	7 10 a m
Ar. Athens	5 05 p m	Lv. Milledgeville	9 19 a m
Ar. Washington	2 20 p m	Lv. Washington	11 20 a m
Ar. Milledgeville	4 13 p m	Lv. Athens	9 00 a m
Ar. Macon	6 00 p m	Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta	3 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST—DAILY.		No. 3 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta	11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta	6 45 a m	Ar. Atlanta	6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur	9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur	9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta	10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta	3 45 p m	Lv. Decatur	4 20 p m
Ar. Decatur	4 10 p m	Ar. Atlanta	4 45 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	6 20 p m	Lv. Covington	5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur	6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur	7 25 a m
Ar. Covington	8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta	7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAILY

No. 31 WESTWARD.		No. 32 EASTWARD.	
Lv. Camac	1 30 a m	Lv. Macon	6 30 p m
Ar. Macon	7 30 a m	Ar. Camac	11 00 p m

Sleeping car to Charleston on train No. 4.
Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signall d stop at any regular schedule flag station.
No connection for Gainesville on Sundayy,
Train No. 27 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. This train makes close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest.
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E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager,
OE W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R.
Following schedule goes into effect Sunday, June 10, 1888.

SOUTH BOUND.

	NO.1* A. M.	NO.3* P. M.	NO.5† A. M.	NO.7† P. M.
Leave Atlanta	6 40	3 00	8 00	2 30
E T,V & G Ry Jun	6 55	3 20	8 10	2 40
Buchanan	....	....	8 15	2 48
Haasville	7 20	3 45	8 27	3 00
Riverdale	7 47	4 05	8 45	3 18
Selina	7 57	4 15	8 51	3 23
Fayetteville	8 28	4 43	9 20	3 42
Woolsey	8 59	5 05	9 40	4 00
Lowry	9 13	5 15	9 50	4 10
Kalula Junction	....	....	9 55	4 16
Zetella	9 37	5 3[illegible]	10 10	4 30
Williamson	10 00	5 58	10 22	4 42
Zebulon	10 23	6 18	10 40	5 00
Meansville	10 4[illegible]	6 38	10 53	5 13
Wye	11 08	7 00	11 08	5 28
Upson Co. R.R.	11 21	7 18	11 20	5 40
Yatesville	11 48	7 40	11 40	6 00
Arrive Culloden	12 00	8 00	12 00	6 20

NORTH BOUND.

	NO.2* A. M.	NO.4* P. M.	NO.6† A. M.	NO.8† P. M.
Leave Culloden	4 10	1 00	6 30	2 30
Yatesville	4 30	1 20	6 50	2 50
Upson Co. R. R.	4 50	1 44	7 15	3 15
Wye	5 05	2 00	7 30	3 30
Meansville	5 25	2 20	7 45	3 45
Zebulon	5 45	2 43	8 00	3 57
Williamson	6 05	3 08	8 12	4 10
Zetella	6 25	3 28	8 27	4 45
Kalula Junction	....	....	8 37	5 00
Lowry	6 45	3 50	8 42	5 05
Woolsey	7 00	4 06	8 55	5 16
Fayetteville	7 25	4 43	9 15	5 35
Selina	7 57	5 11	9 33	5 55
Riverdale	8 06	5 20	9 38	6 00
Haasville	8 30	5 45	9 53	6 18
Buchanan	....	....	10 05	6 30
E T,V & G Ry Jun	8 50	6 10	10 12	6 35
Arrive Atlanta	9 00	6 25	10 20	6 45

*Daily except Sunday.
†Sunday only.
All trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V. & G. Ry. passenger depot, Mitchell street.
H. L. COLLIER, Supt.
JNO. N. DUNN, President.

UNWRITTEN HISTORY.

The First United States Flag Fired on by a Southern Man.

THE BATTLE OF RUSSELL'S GAP.

A Daring and Successful Dash of a Bold Scout Into the Federal Lines Near Chattanooga in 1864.

Written For The Constitution.

"A land without ruins is a land without memories," and lest the sacred memories clustering about the lost cause should like the history of the mound builders, be shrouded in oblivion, it becomes the duty of contemporaneous writers to preserve such records as will be of interest to future generations.

Perhaps this reminiscence should be withheld for the present, as quite a number of the actors in the stirring scenes recounted in the following narrative still survive and are among the best citizens of Cherokee county, Alabama, but by consent of the principal actor, and in view of the fact that this historic region is being penetrated by two important railroad lines and that the rich stores of historic lore hitherto unexplored, by this means will command the attention of the inquisitive outside world (as well as our matchless stores of mineral wealth) it is but fitting that the light of truth be turned on this episode of the dark days of '65, when civil authority was struggling to reassert its sway.

Here throughout this entire region—embracing the fertile valleys of the Coosa and Chattooga rivers—are scattered prehistoric remains of a race whose occupancy ante-dated that of the aborigine Cherokee and Creeks. This last race (the Atlantis of the North American continent) seem to have kept to the rivers and creeks in this section, as indicated by the numerous mounds and fortifications along and near our principal streams. The writer has been told by an old settler that when this county was first settled by the whites, that on the bluffs forming the north bank of the Coosa river, on which the village of Cedar Bluff now stands, could be plainly traced the remains of quite a formidable earthworks. North of this, and near the Chattooga river, was to be seen a well-defined fort—parallelogram in form, with bastions at the four corners. Whether these earthworks were the products of the mound-builders, or were thrown up by the Spanish exploring expedition led by DeSoto, who passed through this section in 1541, remains a matter of speculation. In any event, this is historic ground,

In the summer of the year preceding the outbreak of the civil war, during the exciting and heated canvass for president of the United States,

THE FIRST GUN FIRED BY A SOUTHERNER

on the stars and stripes was in the streets of the village of Cedar Bluff, Alabama, in 1860.

This flag was the property of Mr. Jere Lawrence who espoused the cause of the union candidates, Bell and Everett for president and vice-president, and was fired into by George W. Cothran, a supporter of Breckenridge and Lane.

On the 3d day of May, 1863, a column of 1,700 federal cavalry and mounted infantry under Colonel Streight was captured by the dashing confederate, General N. B. Forrest, at the head of less than 500 men, at the Lawrence homestead, four miles east of Cedar Bluff, Ala. This brilliant achievement after a long and fatiguing pursuit from the Tennessee river across mountains and swollen streams saved to Bragg his line of communication, and to the government at Richmond the valuable armory and cannon foundry at Rome, Ga.

The ease with which this raid penetrated so far into north-east Alabama caused the confederates to become more vigilant and the principal roads in this section were guarded for months after by relays of pickets at intervals of a few miles, detailed from the 8th and 11th Texas regiments. This gave rise soon after the withdrawal of these troops to the formation of companies of scouts—chief among which was that of Captain John Gatewood, a Tennesseean who, surrounded by some of the most daring and adventurous spirits from the army, representing men from half a dozen states, became a holy terror to tories, marauders and skulkers in north-east Alabama and north Georgia.

The services performed by these scouts though at times exceeding the usages of civilized warfare were recognized to the extent of being left unmolested by the authorities, and, therefore, they were practically an independent command.

Passing rapidly over this period, and with a brief notice of the masterly retreat of General Johnston, after the reverses at Dalton and Rasaca, and when after the fall of rains, this section of Alabama was considered inside Sherman's lines; but for the presence of these scouts, Cherokee county would have been overrun by tories. The writer, who was then a mere lad living on the farm, remembers the distinctness with which he heard the booming of Sherman's and Johnston's guns, which daily became more and more indistinct as the grand armies moved farther to the south of us, and how his heart sank as the sullen but dull boom of Johnston's distant guns sounded the death null of southern hopes. Constituting a part of the garrison of Rome was Spencer's notorious First Alabama cavalry regiment U. S. A., who made frequent raids into Cherokee county in the state whose name his minious desecrated and belied. To these raiders Alabama (here we rest) lost its significance, for the round trip of sixty miles would be covered in a day, and thus only hen roosts and dairies became the prey of these marauders who were dubbed buttermilk rangers. The haste with which they moved was due to the presence of Gatwood's scouts.

After the fall of Atlanta when the brilliant, but rash, Hood put his columns in motion on his fatal backward movement into Tennessee, the welcome sight of the loved gray jacket and the glorious southern cross made the hearts of our people leap again with joy, but our enthusiasm soon turned to grief, for close on the heels of the gray veterans came the victorious legions of Sherman and finding, according to General O. O. Howard's recent Century article, a rich country in upper Cherokee county went into bivouac with headquarters at Gaylesville. This was about the 20th of October, 1864, and after ten days of riotous living, stripping the country of everything which could be consumed or destroyed,

THE FAMOUS MARCH TO THE SEA

was entered on by the various army corps crossing the Coosa at different points on pontoon bridges—that of Schofield crossing at Cedar Bluff, thus forming the right of Sherman's line of march. * * * * *

Captain Gatewood was again master of the situation, and in November, with 100 men, planned and executed

A RAID INTO THE FEDERAL LINES AT CHATTANOOGA,

and in sight of the city captured 500 head of fat beef cattle, with the guard, wagons and camp equipments, and succeeded by a forced march of 65 miles in bringing the booty into Alabama. On reaching the Coosa river, over which it was necessary to swim the herd, a large per cent of the cattle were unable from sheer exhaustion to cross and were given to our citizens by the generous captain, so that through the winters of 1864 and 1865, we had Yankee beef to keep the gaunt wolf from the door.

All the remaining cattle were delivered to the confederate authorities. (It might be proper to add in this connection that the prisoners were not so humanly treated. Oh, the horrors of civil war! May God spare this fair land from a repetition of such inhumanity of man to man.)

There were perhaps 150 of these cattle distributed among the people of upper Cherokee county, and quite a number were retained for domestic use.

The changing scenes of the terrible drama were now rapid as the changes of a kaleidescope, and with the spring of '65 came peace, and, though its white wings were an ominous black border, our people went bravely to work to reconstruct their scattered and vanished fortunes.

In July a predatory raid was made into Cherokee county by the late tories, but now respectable loyalists, Grimmett, Roberts and others of Chattooga county, Ga., for the purpose of siezing the Gatewood cattle as they were called. A warrant was sworn out and special deputy Z. T. Lawrence, with a posse of three, arrested the marauders and delivered them to the sheriff in Center, the county site of Cherokee, where they gave bond and were released.

THE BATTLE OF RUSSELL'S GAP.

Immediately on reaching Chattanooga Grimmett and associates reported to the commander of the post and asked for a detail of soldiers with which to quell this fresh rebellion and thereby be enabled to make the seizure of the coveted government property.

Furnished with fifty soldiers, under charge of a lieutenant, this military raid entered Cherokee county on the 25th day of August and proceeded to show an utter disregard for private rights and civil authority. Their first victim was the widow Hawkins, whose wagon being met in the public road was robbed of ten gallons of brandy. This gave impetus to the rapacity of the soldiers, and stripping clothes lines of the family linen and by other acts, the people were given to understand that they were at the mercy of their conquerors.

On these complaints two warrants were sworn out and placed in the hands of the sheriff, who summoned a posse numbering about forty men, who, arming themselves with double barrel shotguns, repeaters, etc, hastened to the scene of the depredations.

Among the sheriff's posse were Colonel S. K. McSpadden, Major Joe Hardwick, Captain Sam B. Echols, Captain E. G. Bradley, Captain T. J. Williamson, Captain John B. Hardwick, Captain H. S. Bogan, Rev. L. A. Clifton and other leading citizens.

The sheriff's information was that the soldiers and tories were scouring the country on three different roads, gathering up so-called government property as they advanced—the main body approaching through Russell's Gap in Dirtcellar mountain.

Detailing squadrons for each of the other roads and placing experienced late army officers at their head, Sheriff Daniel assumed command of the remaining twenty citizen soldiery, and pushed on into the Russell gap. By this time the whole country was aroused, and armed bodies of horsemen were careering on almost all the public roads leading in the direction of Chattanooga. However, the only organized opposition was that offered by the sheriff.

Pushing forward into the gap of the mountain, the advancing federals were encountered as they were descending a hill, whereupon Sheriff Daniel ordered a halt of his posse and advanced for a conference with the lieutenant, whose authority he proposed to demand. When the sheriff was within twenty paces of the advancing officer a gun was discharged by a soldier in the rear over the heads of those in front, and pointblank into the ranks of the posse, and though no injury was inflicted, the fire was returned with the old spirit, and a fusilade of buckshot whistled into the ranks of the bluecoats.

The sheriff, finding that fight was inevitable, emptied his double-barrel shotgun into the advancing soldiers and quickly reined his horse out of the road to avoid the cross fire. For several minutes a very spirited fire was kept up, when the lieutenant ordered his men to cease firing, and surrendered. In the melee seven of the soldiers were wounded and one killed outright, besides a number of their horses were killed and disabled.

Only one of the citizens (L. H. Sheley) received a scratch, a bullet grazing his head and producing quite a painful scalp wound.

The prisoners, sixteen in number, who fell into the hands of the sheriff, were sent under a guard of eight men to Center, where it was proposed to lodge them in jail, but, owing to the chaotic state of the civil establishment, it was decided that a more prudent thing to do would be to deliver them to the military authorities, which was accordingly done by turning them over to the commander of the post at Jacksonville, Ala., who released them at once. Meantime flushed with success the posse scattered along the roads and twenty-one of their number were picked up in squads by the soldiers and carried to Chattanooga and imprisoned, where for twenty days they were subjected to harsh treatment, and under negro guards required to break rock on the streets. Their release was finally secured by the united effort of our best legal talent. The sheriff having made his escape avoided arrest, as the feeling of bitterness entertained by the military authorities was directed against him chiefly, but in March, 1866, he surrendered voluntarily and was imprisoned in the military prison at Talladega, Ala., and treated as prisoner of war. The companion of his prison life was Joseph M. Reed, who had lost a leg in one of the battles of the war. A scant supply of bread and water was issued to them, but thanks to some of the noble and fair ladies of the city who are noted for their generous deeds, a change soon came and the prisoners were feasted on the most luxurious diet. After three months of close confinement Sheriff Daniel was released on $800 bond. (The bond had been fixed at $50,000 at first) and on the last of June, 1866, both he and Reed were released.

Thus ended the Daniel war, and Cherokee county was singularly free from federal interference during the whole reconstruction period. L.

CHEROKEE COUNTY, June 20, 1888.

Cause—Hood's Sarsaparilla. Effects—pure blood, all humors cured, a good appetite, healthy digestion, no dyspepsia, brain refreshed, whole system built up and strengthened. Try it.

Strong Warning to Wives.

From the Charleston News and Courier.

Mr. E. T. Viett has furnished the following epitaph, which was copied from a tombstone in Holydown church, Cumberland, England:

Here lies the bodies
of Thomas Bond, and Mary, his wife.
She was temperate, chaste and charitable;
But
she was proud, peevish, and passionate.
She was an affectionate wife and a tender
mother;
But
her husband and child, whom she loved, seldom
saw her countenance without a
disgusting frown,
while she received visitors, whom
she despised,
with an endearing smile.
Her behavior was discreet towards strangers;
But
imprudent in her family.
Abroad her conduct was influenced by good
breeding;
But
at home by ill-temper.
She was a professed enemy to flattery, and was
seldom known to praise or commend;
But
the talents in which she principally excelled
were difference of opinion and discovering
flaws and imperfections.
She was an admirable economist,
and, without prodigality,
dispensed plenty to every person in her
family;
But
would sacrifice their eyes to a farthing candle.
She sometimes made her husband happy with her
good qualities;
But
much more frequently with
her many failings.
Insomuch, that in thirty years' cohabitation,
he often lamented
that, maugre all her virtues,
he had not, in the whole, enjoyed two
years of matrimonial comfort.
At length,
finding she had lost the affections of her
husband, as well as the regard of her neighbors,
family disputes having been divulged by
servants,
she died of vexat on July 28, 1768.
Her worn-out husband survived her four
months and two days,
and departed this life November 28, 1768,
in the fifty-fourth year of his age.

William Bond, brother to the deceased,
erected this stone
as a weekly monitor to the surviving
wives of this parish,
that they may avoid the infamy
of having their memory handed down to
posterity
with a patchwork character.

AMONG the people of today, there are few indeed, who have not heard of the merits of Prickly Ash Bark and Berries, as a household remedy. Teas and drinks have been made of them for centuries, and in hundreds of families have formed the sole reliance in rheumatic and kidney diseases. Prickly Ash Bitters now take the place of the old system and is more beneficial in all troubles of this nature.

Drink Frui-Miz.

Perpetual motion has not yet been discovered, but perpetual joy has been attained by the smokers of "Nicolini" Cigars.

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DADE'S MASSACRE.

BARTOW, Polk County, Fla., June, 1883.—Almost directly north of my little cabin, some fifty miles, as the crow flies, lies the scene of what is known as "Dade's massacre," in which the United States troops met with one of the most wofnl and bloody defeats, perhaps, in view of the number of men engaged, ever recorded in the annals even of Indian warfare. This deplorable affair stands out prominent among my early memories, as occuring in the same year—1835—in which I set my first type.

Having had many talks with old men who were living in Florida at the time of its occurrence, and being the possessor, also, of an account of the massacre, derived from the lips of Ransom Clark, a Massachusetts man, one of the three soldiers who alone escaped from it, I have thought that a faithful narrative of the affair, drawn from the material at my command, might not prove unacceptable to the readers of the Portland Transcript.

Dade's massacre occurred early in what is called the second Seminole war, in which the celebrated Osceola was the leading war chief of the savages. He was the son, or step-son, as some say, of a Scotch trader named Powell, his mother being the daughter of a noted Creek warrior. Cast adrift by his father when a mere child, Osceola found an asylum with the Florida Seminoles, and there in a few years rose to distinction and married.

For several years the United States authorities had been endeavoring to induce the Seminoles to leave Florida and seek new homes west of the Mississippi. As a determined opponent of this measure, Osceola had rendered himself obnoxious to certain army officers, among whom was General Thompson, the Indian agent. While the Seminole chief and his family were visiting Thompson, at Fort King, the latter caused Osceola's wife to be arrested and carried away, under a claim that she was the daughter of a runaway slave. At this outrage Osceola became almost frantic with grief and indignation. His wrath rose to such a pitch that Thompson finally orderep him to be placed in irons and confined. Dissembling his anger, the heart-broken chief in a few days regained his liberty by a pretense of agreeing to the project of removal.

He was scarcely free, however, when, bent upon avenging his wrongs, he set about stirring up his people to war. It did not take him long to bring matters to the desired issue, and several slight skirmishes had already occurred, when tidings reached Fort Brooke, now Tampa, that General Clinch, at Fort Drane, a short distance from Orange Lake, was being hard pressed by the savages. It was determined to send a party to his relief. Accordingly, two companies of United States artillery, numbering 107 men, of whom eight were commissioned officers, under the charge of Major Francis L. Dade, set out from Fort Brooke for that purpose, on the 23d of December, 1835. The progress of the detachment was slow, as a great degree of caution had to be observed, the country through which they were passing being wonderfully well adapted to those ambushments and surprises which generally characterize Indian warfare. On the evening of the 27th they bivouacked among some ponds and small streams forming the headwaters of the Withlaooshie river. Breaking camp the next morning, they had by eight o'clock marched about three miles on their way, when, whilst they were skirting the edge of a small pond, surrounded by tall grass, bushes and low trees. and just as Major Dade had said to the men: "We have now got through all danger. Keep up a good heart, and when we get to Fort King I'll give you a three day's Christmas," a single rifle shot was heard, coming from a hammock on the left of the troops, and which was fired by the leader of the Indians apparently as a signal to begin the attack. At all events, it was immediately followed by volley after volley from the lurking savages, by whom the main body of whites now found themselves to be surrounded, the advance guard having been permitted to pass unmolested through the narrow road between the pond and the hammock, where the Indians were hidden. By the first discharge, Major Dade and Captain Frazier were killed, together with several non-commissioned officers and many private soldiers.

Their leader slain, anp panic-stricken by the suddenness of this unlooked-for attack, the whites were at first thrown into confusion, and it was several minutes before they recovered sufficiently to organize a plan of defense. The one solitary field-piece of the expedition—a six-pound howitzer—was now hurried up, and brought to bear upon the place occupied by the unseen foe. A few rounds from this silenced their fire, and all became quiet for about half an hour. During this breathing spell the wounded were brought in. Among them was Lieutenant Mudge, who being unable to speak, was set up against a tree, where he was found two months afterward by a detachment sent out to bury the remains of those who had fallen in the battle.

The soldiers now began throwing up a small triangular breastwork of logs; but, before it had been raised to a sufficient height to afford material protection, the Indians renewed their attack with a stubborn determination that gave the troops but slight hope of being able to hold their ground, in view of the incomplete state of their defenses. Nevertheless, as long as their artillery ammunition lasted, they managed to keep the Indians in check. After firing forty-nine rounds they were loading for the fiftieth discharge when their sole remaining match went out. The battle was now virtually lost, though the soldiers maintained the struggle, which appears to have been one in which no quarter was expected, until not a solitary man was left standing. The fight lasted until four o'clock in the afternoon, when, finding no further opposition, the savages rushed into the breastwork, and immediately began the work of butchering such of the poor soldiers as still showed signs of being alive.

Ransom Clark, one of the three men who came out of the fight with his life, remained outside the breastwork, deliberately firing at such Indians as exposed themselves to his aim, until he received a ball in his right arm, follower by a second one, which, entering his right temple, came out of the top of his head. Immediately afterward he received a shot in one thigh, which brought him down on his side, and he then crawled into the breastwork. Near the close of the struggle a ball entered his right shoulder and passed into his lungs. With the blood gushing from his mouth, he at last dropped his musket and fell upon his face.

When the Indians had finished their work of butchering the wounded, their negro slaves, of which some of them possessed a large number, came upon the field to strip the dead. Clark having by this time revived a little, a negro observing him to show signs of life, took up a musket and shot him in the top of the shoulder, the ball coming out of his back.

Though the enemy soon afterward disappeared, Clark, who had again revived, remained quite still until about nine in the night. He thence began to crawl on his knees and left band. As he was thus slowly and painfully making his way among the dead, he put his hand on one man, in whom he felt signs of life. Finally, aroused from apparent death, this man proved to be the son of a British officer in Canada, named De Courcy. The two now started to seek a place of safety, Clark still crawling, and De Courcy, who was only wounded in his side and arm, being able to walk a little. Getting on as they best could all that night, about noon of the next day they saw an Indian ahead of them on horseback and loading his rifle. Taking separate sides of the road, they thus hoped to distract the savage's attention and get by him safely. The Indian, however, caught sight of the Englishman and gave him chase. Hearing the discharge of a rifle, Clark hid himself in a hammock, from which he presently again saw the Indian, with his arms and legs covered with blood, having, no doubt, as was then the savage custom, cut De Courcy to pieces after bringing him down with the rifle.

"The Indian," Clark relates, "then came riding through the brush in pursuit of me, and approached within ten feet, but finally gave up the search. I then resumed my way back to Fort Brooke, crawling and limping through the nights and forenoons, and sleeping in the brush during the middle of the day."

With no other nourishment than cold water, the poor fellow struggled painfully along, till, on the evening of the fifth day after the fight, he reached the fort. Here he lay in hospital for five months before recovering from his wounds, and received his discharge with a pension of $8 per month. Four other wounded soldiers afterward came in; but, joining another expedition before their hurts were fully healed, they soon died of them, so that Clark remained the sole survivor of the unfortunaty detachment.

In this desperate conflict, the Indians claim to have had but 180 warriors engaged. Of these they admit only three to have been killed, a statement, however to which little credit can be attached, though there is no doubt that, under the circumstances, their loss was small compared with that of the whites.

While Dade's command was thus being slaughtered, another terrible tragedy was enacting at Fort King, only a few miles away, wherein Osceola took a prominent part, in fulfillment of his oath of vengeance against General Thompson. That officer, with a number of friends, was dining at a store in the vicinity of the fort, when suddenly a murderous discharge of rifles was poured in upon them before they could rise from the tables at which they were seated. Thompson and four others fell, the former pierced by no less than thirteen balls. A band of Indians, Osceola at their head, now rushed in, scalped the slain, and made good their escape before the garrison at the fort could turn out. It is said that the Indians concerned in this affair immediately hurried away to take part in the final destruction of Dade's command.

JOHN B. DUFFEY.

A PEACEMAKER.

M. Quad, in Detroit Free Press.

The mountaineer of Tennessee is a curious combination. He is ignorant, but courteous; unlearned, but sharp; poverty-poor, but openhanded; suspicious and cunning, yet scorning any unfair advantage. He is shiftless, but virtuous; most always a sinner, as the word goes, yet holding to some of the commandments with a grip more tenacious than a Christian's. I have eaten his hoe-cake and possum, slept before his rude fireplace, walked and hunted with him; studied him from all sides, and yet he is as much of an enigma as the day I first saw him.

One evening, after a hard day's climb in the mountains beyond Athens, I came upon a log cabin near the road. I said evening because everything after 12 is "evening" in the south. It was about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. A man sat on a log at the door smoking and whittling, three children were playing about, and a woman sat on the door sill with elbows on her knees and her face in her hands. As I came near the man looked up and said:

"Howdo, stranger?"

The woman slowly lifted a face the color of a sunflower, gazed at me for half a minute, and then added:

Howdo?"

The children sat down on the log in a bashful way, each sucking a finger, and the father pocketed his knife, knocked the ashes from his pipe, and continued:

"Make yerself right to hum, stranger. Children, bring the gourd, and you, Jen, hunt up a bite to eat."

I explained that all I asked was a drink of water and some information about the route, but he spoke up with considerable energy:

"You must stop with us tonight. There's no other place for ten miles whar' they are fixed to take you in."

I demurred and he insisted, and I finally sat down beside him. We had scarcely begun a conversation, when the woman looked up and drawled:

"Say, Hi."

"What?"

"Better git yer gun."

',Why?"

"'Cause Robinson's coming."

The man rose up, passed the woman, and next moment came out with a rifle in his hands. Ae stood on the log and looked down the road, and as I cast my eyes in that direction I saw a man leave the road and take to a tree.

"Yes, that's Robinson," muttered my host. "Stranger. you'd better squat! Children, lay low! Jen, look out fur yourself!"

I sat down on the ground beside the log, while the children took cover on the other side. The woman never moved.

"Who is Robinson and what does he want?" I finally asked.

"Lives down on the creek, and wants to shoot me," was the calm reply.

"He's gittin' yer range, Hi!" remarked, rather than exclaimed, the woman.

Next moment a bullet whistled over my head and the report of Robinson's rifle came to our ears.

"He couldnit hit a barn at the end of his gnn!" muttered Hi, who stood with rifle ready to raise to his face.

There was a long silence, and then he stepped down and said:

"Guess we'd better go in, stranger. Robinson's an onery skunk, and is probably creepin' up on us for a clusser shot. Jist don't mind us, but make yerself to hum."

The door had not been shut to after us as we entered the cabin when a bullet struck it. This aroused the spirit of the woman, and she exclaimed:

"There, Hi Skivens, didn't I allus say Robinson was a coward?"

"Yes, you allus did."

"And you he got to wipe him out?"

"Yes, I hev. Tain't no use upttin' up with him no moah."

"Have you and Robinson been at this thing very long?" I asked, as I sat down.

"'Bout three years."

"It's what they call a feud, is it?"

"That's the name, I guess. I'd have had him twice if my gun hadn't missed fire, and he's hit me once."

"Only a trifle, though," added the woman, as if I would regard the wound as a stain upon his honor.

"I'd like to see the man as could kill pop!" exclaimed the oldest child, a girl of 10.

"Go long, Nancy, and take that with you!" said the mother, as she bestowed a sound cuff on the ear.

Robinson now fired a bullet through the only front window and uttered a war-whoop.

"Goin' to stand it?" queried the woman as she looked over her husband.

"In course not. Stranger, I'm sorry for this muss. That onery Robinson has took advantage of your bein' here to raise a furse. Don't blame it on to me."

I excused him and asked him for the origin of the feud. He could not give a clear reason, and after ten minutes' argument he consented to let me go out and talk with Robinson. I opened the door, waved the only white cloth the woman could find in the house, and soon after went out. Robinson was behind a tree across the road.

"Howdy, stranger?" he queried as I came up. "Has Hi surrendered?"

When I told him that I had come to act as a peacemaker he laughed the idea to scorn.

"Didn't he tell a hull barroom full of fellers at Athens that he could put me on my back!" he howled.

"And what else?"

"Didn't he call me a sassafrax-chewer, and make fun of my shootin'!"

I went back to Hi, and he roared out:

"Didn't he brag of how he could out-jump me?"

"What else?"

"Didn't he say we run off durin' the war?"

I went back to Robinson, and just as darkness settled down I patched up a truce. He was to come into the cabin and talk matters over, being guaranteed protection. When we entered Hi sat on the edge of the bed, rifle in hand. The two men glared at each other a minute, and neither the wife nor children seemed to have a quicker heart-beat. Robinson finally placed his gun in a corner, went over to Hi with extended hand, and said:

"We've bin onery long 'nuff. I know you kin out-wrassle me."

"Yes, we've bin powerful onery," replied Hi, "I allus knowed you could out-jump me."

"And I chewed sassafrax."

"And we run off durin' the war."

That settled it. The wife set about getting supper, and it wasn't ten minutes before Robinson was trotting one of the children on his knee and saying:

"Mighty peart youngster, Hi. Seems to take arter both of ye. Wife hevin' any chills this summer?"

And the pioneer, whose rifle was at half cock and only two feet away, replied:

"Purty fa'r, child, as they run. No, Jen isn't chillin' any this sezun. Say, Jim, let's fix fur a hunt tomorrow. I got track of a b'ar yesterday up yere a piece."

And they went off together in the morning before I was up.

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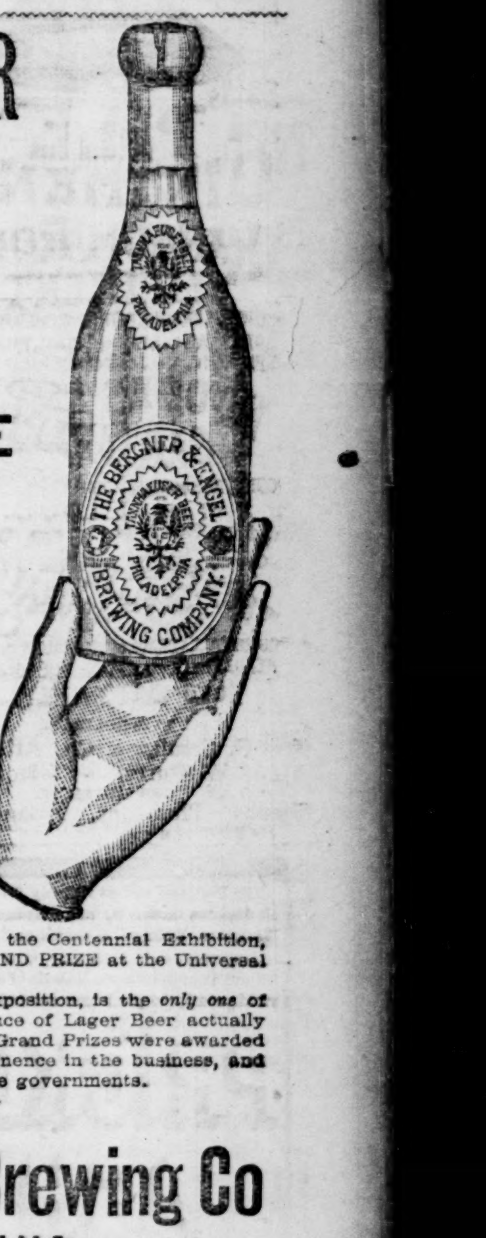
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Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyron, (of Fernandina, Fla.,) recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 146 Chambers st., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

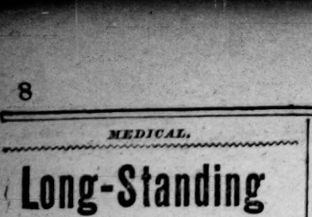
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

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50 CTS. & $1 PER BOTTLE

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CURES RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA & ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD. $1 PER BOTTLE. 6 FOR $5.

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CURES ALL FORMS OF NEURALGIA & NERVOUS HEADACHE. 50 CTS PER BOX.

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The best and surest Remedy for Cure of all diseases caused by any derangement of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Bilious Complaints and Malaria of all kinds yield readily to the beneficent influence of

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

It is pleasant to the taste, tones up the system, restores and preserves health.

It is purely Vegetable, and cannot fail to prove beneficial, both to old and young.

As a Blood Purifier it is superior to all others. Sold everywhere at $1.00 a bottle.

TANSY PILLS

are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10,000 American women use them regularly. Guaranteed superior to all others or cash refunded. If your druggist don't keep Wilcox's Compound Tansy Pills," accepting worthless nostrum said to be "just as good," but send $1, for "Woman's Safe Guard," and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.

35 MEDALS AWARDED TO

BENSON'S

Cures Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Backache, Weakness, Colds in the Chest and all Aches and Strains.

CAPCINE

Beware of imitations under similar sounding names. Ask for BENSON'S AND TAKE NO OTHER.

PLASTER

THE BEST IN THE WORLD

PEN PICTURES.

The Backwoods Philosopher Sighs for the Brush

TO PAINT HIS PICTURES

In Colors — A Funeral in the Country.

What a great thing it is to be an artist. How often have I envied Horace Bradley, who can so skilfully catch the pictures of nature as they pass and haye them transferred to the printed page, so that the millions may see what he saw and feast upon the scene. What a still greater gift it is to use pen and pencil as Porte Crayon did in the long ago, and delight the mind as well as the eye. If we could sketch what wasee with our eyes and describe the surroundings as we feel them in our hearts, it would be a double pleasure to mankind. I wish I had a little pocket camera that would take a photograph in an instant, and attract nobody's attention, one that I could just draw a focus on a novel scene or landscape or a pretty face, or even a dog fight, and take a picture no larger than a dime, and then have it expanded by a larger instrument. I read in the Scientific American that the French artists will take a sheet of paper that is six feet square, and has 5,000 words written upon it, and will photograph it down to two inches upon a slip of thin vellum, and tie that round the long feather in a carrier pigeon's tail and send the bird 500 miles in a day, and then have the vellum magnified so that every word can be read.

Last Sunday morning two hardy countrymen called at the commissary store to borrow a pick and a shovel wherewith to dig a grave. They said that old man Wade was dead, the old man with the dropsy. He had been as good as dead for a long time and his wife and their invalid daughter had nursed him for years. They were poor, very poor, and the old woman worked out when she could and so they had kept out out of the poorhouse and kept the wolf from the door. Not long agoshe took a contract for splitting rails and without help of any kind cut and split 400 a week and pocketed her two dollars on Saturday with a thankful heart and a "Bless God for his goodness." For years this strong-armed and strong-hearted woman has maintained the family and comforted the suffering invalids. She is as much a heroine as was Joan of Arc, for she did what she could and does all she can and never complains. She works up to the full measure of her capacity.

Sunday evening the funeral procession came by, and it was then that I wanted Horace Bradley with his sketch book. The cortege was a yoke of oxen drawing a dirty ore wagon—a wagon with a strong, straight frame that the ore haulers use. A nabor had loaned this humble hearse, and a pale faced boy of sixteen had volunteered to drive. A plank seat had been placed across in front of the old woman and her daughter, and the black stained coffin took up the space behind them. The pale faced boy walked and drove the oxen. Slowly the slow team moved along the sandy road, sad and silent the old woman and her daughter leaned to each other with folded arms, and their old-fashioned sun-bonnets almost touching, and their homespun garments showing that even poverty can be clean. I wanted to look upon their care-worn faces, but they turned not, neither to the right nor to the left. They too seemed dead—or almost dead, and so did the oxen and the boy—so still, so slow, so sad, so solemn. Never was there a more touching picture for the artist's pencil. We thought this team was all, and we wondered, but by and by another ox team came in sight and then a buggy with the preacher and then some more of the humble people walking, and by the time the country graveyard was reached, there was quite a gathering of those who had come to join with simple prayer and song and help to put the old man in the ground. Verily it does not cost much to die and be buried—at the mines, and there is no difference to the dead. They sleep as well as at Greenwood.

There was another picture that would have rejoiced Horace Badley. It was a court scene—a trial by a magistrate, a trial of a man for assault with intent to kill a man. The prosecutor was a blacksmith and the defendant was a whitesmith who had seized a hatcet and ordered the blacksmith to get out of his store or quit cursing, whereupon the blacksmith affected great indignation and sued a warrant for assault with intent to kill. The case was tried in the middle of a big road. The old squire was sitting on the ground in his shirt sleeves, and when the parties all arrived he told the constable to open court, and the constable said: "Oh yes, oh yes; this court opens to adjournment. Take notice and govern yourself accordin'." The prosecutor was sworn and told his tale. The defendant and his son were sworn, and the squire said: "Now, gentlemen, I have seen it somewhere or hearn tell somewhere that a man and his son can't both testify in a case, but I will hear fiuy one of you whichsoever you choose." There were no lawyers to discuss this grave question and so the defendant told his tale, and then two darkes testified and the old squire took a chew of tobacco and said. "Well, gentlemen, I don't see as how this here case is much of a case, and nobody's been hurt or was likely to be, and there was no scrimmage to justify the warrant, but I've been bothered and pestered right smart and lost more than half a day, and I can't fool around such business for nothin', and my costs hav got to be paid by somebody or the office hain't worth nothin', but an accommodation, and as the prosecutor can't pay it and the defendant can, I will jest fine him two dollars and quit. Mr. Constable, you can collect them costs and then adjourn the court, for bus'ness is bis'ness."

"Well, I'll be dogon'd," said an ore-digger. "Two dollars for pickin' up a hatchet and tellin' a feller to go out of your house. Dogon'd if it won't be dangerous for a feller to take up a hatchet to nail on a plank."

But I reckon the judgment of the court was about right, for he must have his costs and they must pay it who can.

When I came home there was another picture on the shaded lawn that fronts my house, and which is a good part of our home. Children had gathered there to frolic, and some were swinging and some were in the hammock and some were playing base and all were merry and happy as the birds that watched them from the leafy trees. How innocently envious we are of these children. With what sweet longing we look upon their sportive ways, their glowing faces and listen to their merry laughter, and as they race and run and play around us. It is a right sad thing to grow old—too old, too stiff to play, and sometimes we whisper a line of the old song, "Oh, would I were a boy again." I was amused at a friend who is himself approaching the shady side, and who watched them boys until he said could'nt stand it any longer, and so with a grunt he got down upon the ground and joined the boys who were playing 'mumble peg,' and with the eagerness of his youth went through the same old formula of palms and backs, and fists and fingers, and shoulders and ears, and break the chicken's neck, and hugging Sal, and shaving Patsy, and nose and chin forehead, and ride the horse to water, and jump the fence, and slap the baby, and drop the bucket, and turn over the world. Then came the peg—driving the peg. It was about two inches long and had to be driven with the back of the knife. One stroke with the eyes open and one with them shut, and then the vanguished player has to get down on his marrow bones and pull it up with his teeth.

Next day evening there was another picture—one that will not fade from our memory—never, no never. The marriage altar was erected in our home—our own home, and our black-eyed daughter stood up before it and confessed to the man of her choice. She has gone away and left us. As a good old mother remarked, "She has gone off with a man who never did do a thing for her but give her a ring and a book and a little French candy now and then."

The parlor was trimmed with flowers and evergreens. The pretty gifts that came from kindred and friends adorned the tables. Kith and kin were gathered as witnesses, and soon the preacher came and made them promise—the same old promise that we made nearly forty years ago—the promise that our parents made and grand parents—the promise that when well and faithfully kept brings peace and love and happiness to the poor as well as the rich. How bright, how beautiful the world looks now, but clouds will come and sorrow for such is the common lot. May God temper the wind to the lambs of our flock. One by one they leave us for other loves that are stronger than ours. Another leaf will soon be taken from the table—another chair is vacant. Another shadow will cloud the mother's face when the evening lamp has closed the busy day and her thoughts turn to the missing child.

But all this is a part of the battle of life and it becomes us all to meet it bravely.

BILL ARP.

At His Post Day and Night.

The vigilant imp, indigestion, goads us with his many-lashed scourge. Each lash is a diabolical symptom. No comfort in eating, misery afterwards, little or broken rest at night, visitations of the nightmare during fitful intervals of sleep, an uprising unrefreshed and without appetite, sleepiness and yawning during the day, nervousness and irritability of temper, even monomania in extreme cases. Hard to bear, all this. Necessary? No! a thousand times no, so long as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the nation's specific for indigestion, acute or chronic, is procurable. The commencement of a course of this medicine is the commencement of a cure. Prompt relief first, absolute eradication subsequently. The truth of this statement, backed up by irrefragable testimony, is well known to the American people. So are others, viz.: that the Bitters averts and cures fever and ague and billious remittent, and removes nervousness, billiousness, constipation, and kidney and bladder troubles.

For The Nervous The Debilitated The Aged.

Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the problem of the long needed medicine for the nervous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the best nerve tonics, Celery and Coca, with other effective remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, remove disease, restore strength and renew vitality. This medicine is

Paine's Celery Compound

It fills a place heretofore unoccupied, and marks a new era in the treatment of nervous troubles. Overwork, anxiety, disease, lay the foundation of nervous prostration and weakness, and experience has shown that the usual remedies do not mend the strain and paralysis of the nervous system.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for circulars.

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For Weak NERVES, KIDNEYS, BAD BLOOD, Nervous Prostration, DYSPEPSIA, and all Languid or Debilitated Conditions,

INVIGORINE

TAKE

For Loss of NERVE POWER from what ever cause, FEEBLENESS from old age, WEAKNESS from Excesses. In stages of Puberty & Change of Life, INVIGORINE regulates, strengthens & quiets

PRICE $1.00. Sold by your Druggist. Manufactured by B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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Real Estate.

I have for sale a splendid place 16 miles east Atlanta, at Stone Mountain, near depot. 25 acres, 8 in field, balance in orchard, garden, pastures, etc. 7-room residence, servants' house, stables, etc., all in good repair.

150 acres level land, well watered, part in woods, with 5-room cottage fronting Decatur road. Accommodation depot in front. A lovely place.

The P. P. Pease lots on West Peachtree street, in forest grove. Lovely building sites.

Four nice cottages on north side, under shadow of the Kimball house.

Three cottages on south side on Whitehall.

Three large brick residences on south side.

A nice place near new state capitol.

Four nice cottages in third ward.

The very best residence property on Peachtree street; also on North Avenue, West Peachtree and Kimball streets.

Three new first-class rent-paying plants. A bargain can be had.

Several splendid building lots in West End, on and near street car line.

8p G. W. ADAIR.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SUPERIOR COURT of Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell on the premises, at public outcry for cash, on June 26th, at 10 o'clock p. m. (subject to the approval of the court, unless sooner disposed of at private sale, the following described property, in my hands as receiver of Ogletree & Robinson, to wit: That valuable property known as the Phœnix Planing mills, consisting of a forty-horse power engine and boiler and all necessary machinery for the manufacture of sash, doors and blinds, and for a general planing mill business. Also, the stock of lumber and manufactured goods on hand, the factory proper being a substantial frame building, two stories high, well lighted and ventilated, containing 21,684 square feet of floor space, and having gas throughout first story, together with steam dry kiln, known as the common sense kiln; also lumber sheds covering 3,680 square feet; also the lot on which said plant is located, being 200 feet square, situated on the corner of Butler and Gilmer streets, Atlanta, Ga. A splendid opportunity is here offered to parties desiring to make such an investment. For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 27 North Butler street, Atlanta, Ga. GEO. W. WINBURN, Receiver.

june13—dtd

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Notice---Bridge Contractors.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 9, 1888.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE Mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta will be received until 3 p. m. Monday, July 2, 1888, for the grading, masonry and iron superstructure of the Grant street bridge. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city engineer. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

E. M. CLAYTON, City Engineer.

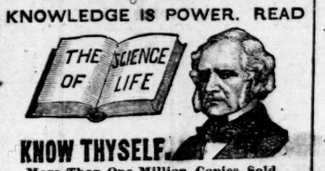
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Fall season begins September 27, 1888. Address Mme Van Norman, as above.

Coleman National Business College, Newark, N. J. Open all the year. Best course of Business Training. Best facilities. Pleasantest location. Lowest rates. Shortest time. Most highly recommended write for Catalogue and be convinced. H. COLEMAN, Pres't.

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FALL TERM BEGINS SEPT. 12TH. FACULTY able and experienced. The Music Department is a part of the music school of Mr. Alfredo Barili. The Art School is under the direction of Mr. H. W. Barnitz. The Primary Department is in charge of a successful teacher, trained in the best methods of primary and kindergarten instruction. For catalogue apply to MRS. BAYLOR STEWART, Principal.

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute,

TROY, N. Y.

Examinations for admission to this, the oldest School of Engineering in the United States, will be held in Atlanta, at High School Building, 47 Washington street, on May 30th, 1888. Candidates will report at 9 a. m. on that day to Mr. W. F. Slaton, who will conduct the examinations, in the following subjects: Spelling, English grammar, geography, arithmetic, algebra, through equations of the 2d degree—including radicals—and in plane geometry. The examinations will be wholly written, and a fee of $5 will be required of each candidate. For further information address

D. M GREENE, Director, Troy, N. Y.

may10—d16t th su tu

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begin 12th July, 1888, and end 12th September. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.

may 30 2w June15 2w

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Near Louisville, Ky. Next session begins Sept. 19th Address E. L. McCLELLAND, Head Master, or Rt. Rev. T. U. DUDLEY, D. D., Box 87 Louisville, Ky.

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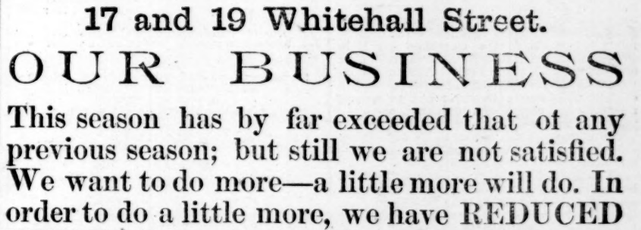
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This season has by far exceeded that of any previous season; but still we are not satisfied. We want to do more—a little more will do. In order to do a little more, we have REDUCED PRICES throughout our entire establishment. We offer SPECIAL BARGAINS in every department. Below we quote a few of them:

$9.00 for an ALL WOOL blue serge suit, warranted fast color, former price $13.50.

$15.00—A lot of imported cheviot suits that were $20, $22.50 and $25, now $15.

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$1.45 for a boy's blue sailor suit, good value at $2.50, now going at $1.45.

40 cents for a lot of boys' knee pants, good value at 60 cents and 75 cents.

Bargains in light derbys, straw hats and underwear.

We are sole agents for Taylor's celebrated Mickinaws, Derbys and Silk Hats.

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20 Pages.

VOL. XXI.

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High's Wash Dress Goods come first. Gran business in seasonable fabrics.

We wish to call special attention to an auction lot of Embroidered suits, consisting plain material with nine yards of trimming match, worth regular $4.75 to go, for $1.9 These won't last long, so come early.

125 pieces French Satines, fine qualities an desirable styles, worth from 25 to 40c; cut th week to 19c.

10,000 yards figured Lawns that the town bragging on, at 5c, this week we will sell them at 2½c.

Another special lot of figured Lawns, sup rior quality, and best styles, this week at 3½

200 pieces Plaid Lawns in fast colors, crea and white grounds, assorted plaids—sold e erywhere at 10 to 12½c, this week at 7½c.

Those figured China Crepes, prettiest was goods of the season. We have called them cheap at 10c yard; down this week to 8½c.

7,000 yards striped Chambrays, beautif goods, shown all over Atlanta at 10c, an called a bargain. Buy them at High's th week, at 6½c.

Pure Linen Lawns, worth and sold every where at from 15 to 20c, cut this week to 8½ yard. These are first-class goods in every pa ticular, and perfectly fast colors.

100 pieces solid colored Chambrays, tip to goods, fast colors, perfect and smooth fabric t go after MONDAY, TWELVE O'CLOCK at 6½c yard. This goods is well worth twic what we ask, and while we do not limit th quantity to our retail customers, we will se none wholesale.

100 pieces new striped and figured Batiste full 36 inches wide. We have asked 12½c fo same goods all the season; this lot to go a 8½c, just to make things lively.

Ginghams, Chambrays and Zephyrs of every style, variety and price. More goods to show in this department than any four houses in Atlanta.

400 pieces new Satines, in both French an domestic goods, at popular prices.

We are selling a line of Satine at 12½c tha are in exact duplicates of the fine French goods and the difference in quality cannot be told except upon very close examination. See them

HIGH'S

$20,000 Stock of White Goods.

We certainly have them and nobody can touch our prices.

10,000 yards of Plaid Nainsooks, not remnants, but a No. 1 goods, worth 8½c anywhere High's price this week 5c.

5,000 yards lace-striped Lawns, perfect fabric and lovely goods, to be sold at 5c, worth double.

3 cases beautiful sheer India Linens in lengths of 4 to 7 yards, well worth 12½c to be sold on bargain counters at 5c.

2 cases lovely, soft-plaid Lawns in lengths 2 to 8 yards. Cannot be matched for less than 15c to 20c. High's bargain price 10c yard.

In white plaid Lawns we have now the exact patterns and qualities we have sold all season at 25c, now offered at 12½c yard.

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Embroidery and Lace Stock

is doing an immense business. Embroideries and laces of every width, quality and price. Special reduction in fine Laces and Embroideries.

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Any Business Firm in Atlanta, a
CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK, New York,
NATIONAL PARK BANK, New York,
R. T. WILSON & CO, New York,

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

DYSPEPSIA AND Fullness After Eating Relieved by TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

may17—d3m e o d

LUME

DOORS, SAS

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC. REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY O FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIA

su we W. L.

20 Pages. **THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.** Pages 9 to 20.

VOL. XXI. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1888. TWENTY PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DRY GOODS, GENT'S FURNISHINGS, ETC.

THE PIEDMONT CHAUTAUQUA OPENS IN JULY!

J. M. HIGH'S

Great Whitehall Street Dry Goods Stores

Will be open every day this summer and will continue to dispense values such as the trading public have never seen before.

SMALL CONCERNS AND CLOSING SALES ENTIRELY RATTLED BY HIGH'S PRICES. SEE WHAT WE HAVE:

High's Wash Dress Goods come first. Grand business in seasonable fabrics.

We wish to call special attention to an auction lot of Embroidered suits, consisting of plain material with nine yards of trimming to match, worth regular $4.75 to go for $1.98. These won't last long, so come early.

125 pieces French Satines, fine qualities and desirable styles, worth from 25 to 40c; cut this week to 12½c.

10,000 yards figured Lawns that the town is bragging on, at 5c, this week we will sell them at 2½c.

Another special lot of figured Lawns, superior quality, and best styles, this week at 3½c.

200 pieces Plaid Lawns in fast colors, cream and white grounds, assorted plaids—sold everywhere at 10 to 12½c, this week at 7½c.

Those figured China Crepes, prettiest wash goods of the season. We have called them cheap at 10c yard; down this week to 8½c.

7,000 yards striped Chambrays, beautiful goods, shown all over Atlanta at 10c, and called a bargain. Buy them at High's this week, at 6½c.

Pure Linen Lawns, worth and sold everywhere at from 15 to 20c, cut this week to 8½c yard. These are first-class goods in every particular, and perfectly fast colors.

100 pieces solid colored Chambrays, tip top goods, fast colors, perfect and smooth fabric to go after MONDAY, TWELVE O'CLOCK, at 6½c yard. This goods is well worth twice what we ask, and while we do not limit the quantity to our retail customers, we will sell none wholesale.

100 pieces new striped and figured Batistes, full 36 inches wide. We have asked 12½c for same goods all the season; this lot to go for 8½c, just to make things lively.

Ginghams, Chambrays and Zephyrs of every style, variety and price. More goods to show in this department than any four houses in Atlanta.

400 pieces new Satines, in both French and domestic goods, at popular prices.

We are selling a line of Satine at 12½c that are in exact duplicates of the fine French goods, and the difference in quality cannot be told except upon very close examination. See them.

HIGH'S
$20,000 Stock of White Goods.

We certainly have them and nobody can touch our prices.

10,000 yards of Plaid Nainsooks, not remnants, but a No. 1 goods, worth 8½c anywhere. High's price this week 5c.

5,000 yards lace-striped Lawns, perfect fabric and lovely goods, to be sold at 5c, worth double.

3 cases beautiful sheer India Linens in lengths of 4 to 7 yards, well worth 12½c to be sold on bargain counters at 5c.

2 cases lovely, soft-plaid Lawns in lengths 2 to 8 yards. Cannot be matched for less than 15c to 20c. High's bargain price 10c yard.

In white plaid Lawns we have now the exact patterns and qualities we have sold all season at 25c, now offered at 12½c yard.

HIGH'S
Embroidery and Lace Stock

is doing an immense business. Embroideries and laces of every width, quality and price. Special reduction in fine Laces and Embroideries.

Black Lace Flouncings

to suit everybody! We have the goods to suit you and will make our prices suit, whatever you wish to pay.

Figured etamines—lovely summer fabric—worth 12½c, to be sold this week at 7½c.

Again we call attention to those lovely embroidered suits. They are worth $4.75, and High is selling them at $1.98.

Black and Mourning Goods

TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

38 inch Cashmere Coupure, worth 40c, at 23c this week.

42 inch Hortense Surahs, all wool, worth 60c, at 42½c.

All wool double width Albatross, at 35c. No house in Atlanta will duplicate for less than 50c.

42 inch, all wool Henrietta, at 49c, worth 75c.

In fine Black goods we can duplicate any eastern stock or prices.

Priestley's silk warp fabrics of every class, style and price.

Priestley's celebrated silk warp Henrietta, $1 number, this week for 85c.

Silk warp Clairette, 42-inch wide, worth and sold everywhere at $1.50, High's price for this week $1.10.

Silk Warp Drap DeAlma, finest goods on the market, $1.75 number, cut to $1.25.

All wool Challise, in creams and pinks, sold this week, only, at 15c yard. Remember this is all wool and worth double what we ask.

40 inch cream Albatross, all wool, worth 65c, this week at 45c.

Cream, pink and blue, all wool Albatross, at 35c, sold all over Atlanta at 50c.

All wool Albertine, in creams, at 50, 65 and 75c marked down from 75, 85 and $1. This is a soft and lovely new fabric, and will be sure to please.

All wool Henrietta in creams and pinks and blues, finest values ever shown in Atlanta, at 75c and $1. The $1 number is 48 inches wide and elegant silk finish.

$25,000 worth of Black and Colored Silks to be sacrificed. Watch the offerings.

Evening shades Surahs, lovely goods, worth 75c, at 50c yard.

Dress Surahs, good line colors, at 75c, worth $1.00.

Failles Rhadimes and Gros Grains at prices that cannot be touched in Atlanta.

Grand Special Sale of Black Silks This Week.

All Silk Surahs, 90c number, this week at 65c; this is the opportunity of the season.

24 inch Black Surah, marked in stock and well worth $1.25, to go this week at 98c.

Special cuts in Gros Grains and Rhadames.

$1.00	goods cut to	75c.
$1.25	" "	98c.
$1.50	" "	$1.10.
$1.75	" "	$1.35.
$2.00	" "	$1.65.

Figured China Silks, at 25c yard, worth 50c.

Figured Bengalines cut from $1.25 to 75c this week; nicest thing on the market for summer wear.

This Explains High's Position

on Wool Dress Goods. Come and get the benefit of the cuts.

All dress goods that have been 35c and 40c all the season, cut to 25c.

All dress goods that have been 50c and 60c all the season, cut to 35c.

Our fine all wool dress goods from 65c to 85c all cut to 50c.

And Here's the Best of All!

We offer this week all our $1, $1.25 and $1.35 French, German and English dress goods at 75c and 85c. If a dress is wanted, come to see us!

HIGH'S
Parasol and Sunshade Stock

must be seen to be appreciated.

Surah silk Parasols at 75c, worth $1.25.

Striped coaching Parasols were $1.50, cut this week to 95c.

Rugby silk Umbrellas at $1.98, worth $3. Genuine bargains.

Beaconsfield Gloria silk Umbrellas at $1.98 and $2.19, with genuine 14-karat gold handles.

All our fine Lyons and Hirsch Bros.'s Puritan, twilled, umbria, moire and irredescent silk Umbrellas and Parasols to go 40 per cent under value this week. Now is your opportunity to buy a fine umbrella at small cost.

The Great Sale of Unlaundried SHIRTS from AUCTION

Sales in New England is now in full blast, and will continue until the entire lot of over 1,500 dozen is closed out. Hundreds of customers who visited the shirt department at HIGH'S during the past week will testify that shirts are being sold at prices away under the reach of any competition. The stock we have on hand must go, and a few of the following quotations will convince a shrewd purchaser that it will be to his interest to call and examine these goods as early in the week as possible:

Regular 85c. shirts made of good material and reinforced back and front at 50c. each.

Regular 50c. shirts, made of good domestic, pure linen bosoms and reinforced, job lot, price 33½c.

Fine plaited bosom shirts with 17in. bosom made of Langdon domestic and reinforced, worth 80c., closing out 59c.

Best $1 shirt in Atlanta, made of the finest selected materials, hand cut and tailor made, biggest drive in America at 65c.

Gents' Balbriggan Shirts, good quality, at 25c. each, worth 40c.

Gents' Drilling Drawers, good quality and well made, regular 50c. goods, at 25c. pair.

Fine French Balbriggan Underwear, finished with pearl buttons and silk binding, beautiful quality, at $1, suit worth $1.75. Shirts or drawers sold separate at 50c. each.

Patent Elastic Ankle Drawers made of Peperal Drilling, felled seams, fit guaranteed. This is a regular 75c. drawer at 50c. each.

432 pairs of Drummer's Samples of suspenders, no two pair alike, ranging in value from 50c to $1 a pair, all in one lot at 25c. for choice.

Beautiful line of China Silk Scarfs at 25c. each, worth 50c.

Another lot of those beautiful Percale Shirt Waists just arrived. These goods cannot be matched in the city for less than 75c., our price 50c. each.

An enormous lot of Ladies Gauze and Jersey Knit Undervests in all shapes and styles, to be closed out this week at first cost. Come early before the stock is broken.

SPECIAL NOTE.

High's Millinery Department

Will sell this week all Millinery Goods at New York cost.

Some of the season's choicest

Productions yet to be had.

All our choice shapes in white and colored Milan Straws that were $2.25 and $2.60 to be sold this week at $1.50.

Flowers at your own price.
Our flower stock must go.
Flowers that were $2.50 now $1.50.
Flowers that were $2 now $1.
Flowers that were $1 now 50c.
Entire stock of flowers at 50c. on the dollar.

Early Monday morning from 8 to 9 o'clock, we will sell a large sun shade hat, that our neighbors brag on, at 35c, at 15c, only one to each customer, to avoid speculation.

Silk Mits at factory prices for this week. Mitts for everybody. Our 15c Mitts will be so this week. Our 35c Mitts will be 25c this week. Our 50c Mitts will be 35c this week. Our 85c Mitts will be 65c this week. Mitts of every style and every price, length and quality can be had in this department.

High has the largest and best Corset department in Atlanta. R. & G. Corsets, 75c; Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets, $1; Warner's Coraline Corset, $1; High's Own Corset, $1; High's Pride, 50c. All the standard and reliable makes, at our own popular prices.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Ladies' skirts with 8 tucks and cambric ruffles that were 75c. for this week 48c.

Ladies' gowns, neatly trimmed and good material, to go at 48c.

Ladies' chemise with embroidered and tucked yokes, good values at 75c, also to go at 48c.

These lots to be had only on center counters in millinery department.

Corset covers of every style, design and price from 50c to the very finest.

Just in—a lot of Nos. 7, 9, 12 and 16 cream and white moire ribbons. These goods are going fast. Call early.

Fans for the Millions.

Good palmetto Fans at 1c each. Good Japanese Fans at 5c each. 25c Japanese Fans now 15c. 35c and 40c Japanese Fans now 25c.

HIGH'S
Hosiery Department

is immense.

Ladies' black ribbed Hose 10c.
Ladies' black seamless Hose 12½c.
Ladies' full, regular made double heel and toe Balbriggan Hose 12½c.
Ladies' light weight, fast black ribbed Hose 25c.
Ladies' black, brilliant lisle thread Hose, with split soles, 33½c.
Ladies' black silk Hose, with black feet, 50c.
Misses' black or solid color lisle thread Hose 12½c.
Misses' black ribbed Hose, all sizes, 10c.
Misses' black ribbed seamless Hose, 7 to 8½, 15c.
Gents' full, regular made double heel and toe balbriggan half-Hose 15c.
Gents' British half-Hose, with oil color pin stripe, 20c.

J. M. HIGH, The Regulator and Controller of Low Prices, 46, 48 and 50 Whitehall Street.

STRAW MATTINGS, E. C.

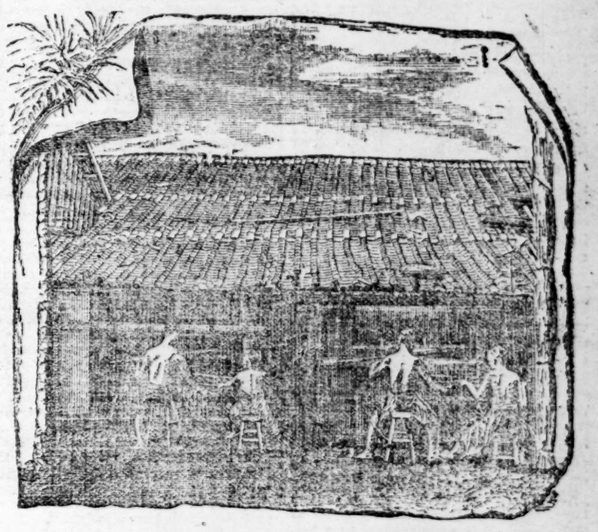
BELOW

We give an illustration of how the natives make

STRAW MATTINGS

FOR

ANDREW J. MILLER & SON



You would do well to see our large stock of China Mattings and Rattan Furniture.

You will get your work done satisfactorily if you will have us put up your summer

DRAPERIES AND AWNINGS

We keep the foremost stock of

FURNITURE AND CARPETS

in latest designs at lowest prices.

We will communicate with you either in the city or country, and furnish estimates for anything in our line.

ANDREW J. MILLER & SON.

"QUEEN OF THE MOUNTAINS."

PORTER SPRINGS, LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA, board $25 per month; hack fare from Gainesville (every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) $2 and trunks 50 cents each; ten pin alley, billiards and baths free; Chalybeate water; daily mail with money order office; altitude 3,000 feet. Dr. T. J. Heard, of Galveston, Texas, resident physician; L. Q. Meaders, Gainesville, Ga., hack line contractor. For further information address

MR. & MRS. H. P. FARROW, Proprietors.
June 32-d 1m

STOCKTON HOTEL, POPULAR PRICES.
CAPE MAY, N. J.
New Ownership. New Management. Newly Furnished. Perfect Appointments. Finest beach in the world. Opens June 20. F. THEO. WALTON, Prop'r, Late of St. James Hotel, New York.
tues thus sat sun

CATOOSA SPRINGS

—OPEN—

SUMMER AND WINTER.

BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS, SUPERIOR BUILDings, Large Capacity, Location High, Drainage Perfect. Our

Buffalo Epsom, Sulphur, Chalybeate

and many other mineral waters are among the best in the world.

Rates: $40 per month; $12 per week; $2 per day.
Special rates to families.
Special reduced rates from Atlanta, Marietta and Rome, over Western and Atlantic Railroad to the Springs, beginning June the 1st.
Address CATOOSA SPRINGS CO.,
Catoosa Springs Ga.

THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

Greenbrier County, W. Va.,

THE MOST CELEBRATED OF ALL THE MOUNtain resorts, and one of the oldest and most popular of America's watering places, will open the season June 1st. Elevated above tide-water 2,000 feet; surrounding mountains, 3,500 feet. Send for pamphlet describing hygienic advantages.
1m B. F. EAKLE, Superintendent.

A STONE PALACE!

IN THE COUNTRY.

WITH ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 800 GUESTS, supplied with every convenience and comfort, practically fireproof, surrounded by 150 acres of ornamental grounds (an earthly paradise for children), two bands of music—a separate band for children.

RATES

$17.50 to $21.00 and upward per week. Half price for children and servants. Rooms with private bath or private parlors extra.

Can live much cheaper here than anywhere else in the United States in proportion to the elegance of the living, and the beauty and healthfulness of the surroundings.

WAUKESHA

Is 100 miles from Chicago. Water fresh and free to guests is on draught in the hotel from the **Bethesda Spring, Silurian Spring, Arcadian Spring, Fountain Spring and Iron Spring** (all located near the hotel.) Address

FOUNTAIN SPRING HOUSE, Waukesha, Wis
J. M. LEE, Manager.

BATTERY PARK HOTEL

ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

JOHN B. STEELE, MANAGER.

Summer Rates for Season of 1888.

May, June, July, August and September.

WHEN ONE ROOM IS OCCUPIED BY ONE person: Per day. $ 4 00
Per week. $21 to 25 00
Per month of 4 weeks 75 to 90 00
When one room is occupied by two persons:
Per day $7 00
Per week $35 to 42 00
Per month 120 to 150 00
Special rates to families.
Above rates are governed according to location of rooms. Parlor suites and rooms with baths extra.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,

Madison Square, New York.

THE LARGEST, BEST APPOINTED AND MOST liberally managed hotel in the city, with the most central and delightful location.

HITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.
A. B. Darling, formerly of the Battle House, Mobile.
Hiram Hitchcock, formerly of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans.
tu th sa su

GRAND VIEW HOTEL,

TALLULAH FALLS, GA.

THIS NEW HOTEL WAS RUN LAST SEASON, and was packed to its utmost capacity. It was just weatherboarded and the partitions run between the rooms; this season it is all finished beautifully inside, is clean and cool; rooms 14x16, large and airy; house has sixteen open fireplaces for cool nights. Will keep a band during the season. Hotel has the highest elevation of any hotel at Tallulah, and commands the finest view; is situated in a park of seven acres delightful grounds for children.

For terms address, W. D. YOUNG,
Sun tues thurs Owner and Proprietor.

Ocean Hotel, Brunswick Ga.,

HAS BEEN NEWLY AND ELEGANTLY FURnished throughout. Table supplied with every luxury the market affords. Special rates to parties visiting St. Simons and Cumberland Islands. Call on or address J. R. LATIMORE,
sun wed sun Proprietor.

Fauquier White Sulphur Springs,

FAUQUIER COUNTY, VA., 50 MILES SOUTH OF Washington, on Virginia Midland division of Piedmont Air-Line, open for guests from June 1st to December 1st. Most complete and best furnished brick hotel in the south.

Gas, electric bells, hot and cold baths on each floor.
Circulars at office of Constitution.
H. CABELL MADDUX, Manager.

SECURITY INVESTMENT COMPANY.

The Georgia ecurity Investment Co mpany,

OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA:

CAPITAL - - - - - - - - $500,000.00

L. J. HILL, President,
JOHN KEELY, Vice-President.
W. R. HAMMOND, Secretary.
HALL & HAMMOND, Attorneys

DIRECTORS:

A. D. ADAIR, of Adair Bros. & Co.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Mgr. Const. Pub. Co. and Pres. Capitol City Bank.
JOHN KEELY, Retail Dry Goods, and Vice-Prest. Neal Loan & Banking Company.
L. J. HILL, President Gate City National Bank.
W. R. HAMMOND, Ex Judge Superior Court, Atlanta Circuit.

This Company negotiates five year 7 per cent Loans on Improved Farm Property, or 6 per cent loans on Improved City Real Estate, and guarantees the prompt payment thereof. It has advantages for placing loans not possessed by an individual agency, and offers great inducements to capitalists, by guaranteeing the loans it makes. The company undertakes in every instance to cash any loans made by it, on sixty days' notice of default in payment of either principal or any interest coupon, and thus does away with even the possibility of a delay in collecting. Parties wishing a safe and profitable investment, with prompt returns, will consult their interest by addressing L. J. HILL, President, Atlanta, Ga.

REFERENCES:

Any Business Firm in Atlanta, and by Permission the Following:
CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK, New York,
NATIONAL PARK BANK, New York,
R. T. WILSON & CO, New York,
AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, N. Y.
INMAN, SWANN & CO., New York,
SECOND NATIONAL BANK, Boston, Mass.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

DYSPEPSIA AND Fullness After Eating Relieved by TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

INDIGESTION Easily Got Rid of by Taking TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

may17—d3m e o d

LUMBER!

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, NEWEL BALUSTERS, RAILS, WINDOW GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC.
REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY OWN GOODS, AND AM HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL. WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

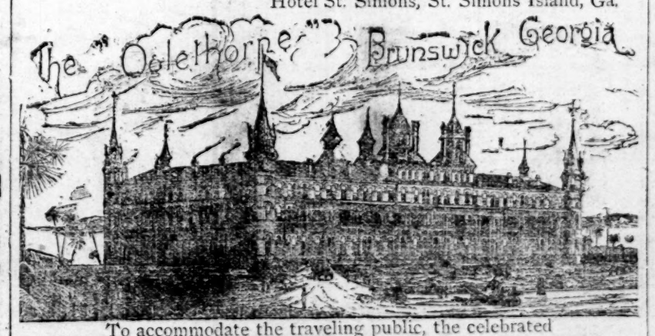
W. L. TRAYNHAM, 74 Decatur St., ATLANTA, GA

su we

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE HOTEL "ST. SIMONS,"

Situated on the beach at St. Simons Island, near Brunswick, Ga., and within one hundred yards of the surf, is now open for guests, under the management of Major S. Frank Warren, so favorably known to the traveling public for the past thirty years. This hotel has seventy-five guest rooms, and is splendidly furnished and thoroughly equipped throughout with all modern conveniences. The surf bathing is of the finest, with splendid opportunities for boating and fishing. Fish diet a specialty. Twenty pretty cottages surround the hotel, affording quiet to those who do not desire to live in the hotel proper. Time via ferry or steamboat line and island railroad from Brunswick being fifty minutes, six round trips per day. Double daily mails. Telegraph and telephone connections. For rates, address S. FRANK WARREN, Manager,
Hotel St. Simons, St. Simons Island, Ga.



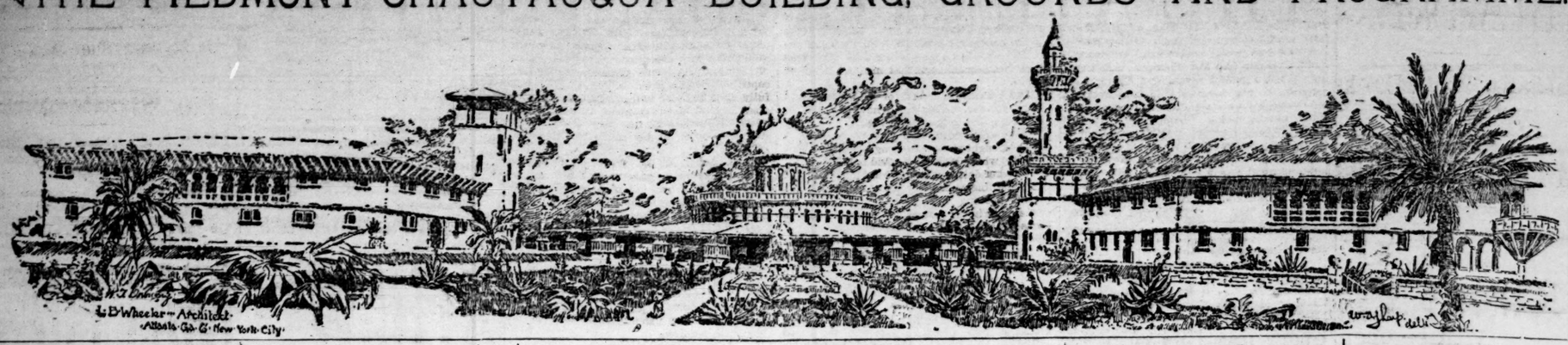
To accommodate the traveling public, the celebrated

"OGLETHORPE" HOTEL

Will be kept open until September 1st, and its present excellence will be maintained. All trains and boats stop at and start from a point just below the "Oglethorpe," and ample time will be allowed passengers for meals there en route. Both the "Oglethorpe" and "St. Simons" hotels are supplied with artesian water from wells of great depth, and the water is pleasant to the taste and healthful to the body.

Jun6—1w re in

THE PIEDMONT CHAUTAUQUA BUILDING, GROUNDS AND PROGRAMME.



IN GOOD OLD STYLE.

Messing in Tents in the Woods—Open Air Dinners.

It is Clear That the Chautauqua Management Cannot Provide Houses for All the Visitors This Summer.

The general demand for tents and the splendid manner in which the tents are now equipped has led the management to order a large number of tents of the very best style for use of the crowds.

These tents will be 12x12, 14x21 and 16x31 in size. They will be floored and provided with flys and piazzas. They will be neatly and completely furnished, and rent from $2 to $6 a week, accommodating from four to twenty people. They are as dry as a house, very much cooler and perfectly safe. They will be put up only inside the Chautauqua grounds, where the best of order will be preserved, the grounds kept lighted all night and a fine police system maintained.

Parties occupying these tents can either live at the restaurant, buying meal tickets by the dozen, can keep house in their tents or can live in "messes." Many will prefer the latter plan, so popular at the Gate City Guard encampment last year. A commissary will be provided, tables set in the open air, cooks stationed at intervals, and just such fare provided as is desired.

A good plan is for a party to arrange to occupy three or four tents, have these pitched in a hollow square, with a table in the center, under the trees or under a canopy tent. With their own cook, they can buy from the commissary and live just as they please. It is important that those who want tents should apply as soon as possible.

The best way to live at Chautauqua is to get good tents and live in them!

Mr. Will Carleton.

The Chautauqua has made a contract with Mr. Will Carleton, the best known and most popular of American poets, to give three readings. It is admitted that Mr Carleton has the most popular entertainment on the platform. One of his subjects is "The Golden Horse." With this he lectures on the love of money, and reads "Over the Hills to the Poor House" to illustrate miserliness; "The New Organ," to illustrate the progress made by the rich against the protests of the old-fashioned; "Out of the Old House, Nancy, Up Into the New," to show that while money can buy new houses, it does not always make homes; "Betsy and I Are Out," to illustrate what part money plays with a contentious couple, and "How Betsy and I Made Up," to show that money has very little to do when love takes the reins, and so on. By thus weaving his famous poems into the warp of a story, the entertainment is full of charm.

The great literary event of the Chautauqua session will be the three evenings with Mr. Will Carleton.

Good Work for the Dull Months.

July and August are dull months in business. Now, why don't you make up your mind to give your wife and children a few days at Piedmont Chautauqua, let them hear some of the great lectures and superb concerts, see the illuminations, mingle with the crowd, attend the special classes, learn how to swim and row, and have a good time generally?

The illustrated lectures on travel alone, and on familiar science, will be worth a month's schooling to your children and will refresh yourself and wife

And then you meet the very best people of the south at Chautauqua, and help an enterprise that will keep thousands of our people at home and put the south to the front.

Think it over now and make up your mind with your wife today, that no matter what your plans may be, that you will manage to put in three or four days at the Chautauqua. Buy a lot and build a cottage, or rent a tent, or go to the hotels, or rent rooms and board at the restaurant. You can live absolutely as you please, and at whatever cost you please. Send to John R. Wilkinson for information.

The New Georgia Reader.

Mr. Harry S. Edwards has consented to give a reading at Chautauqua.

Mr. Edwards is one of the coming authors of this country. His poems are exquisite, and his stories in the Century and Harper have won unstinted praise from both sides of the Atlantic. Mr. Edwards will probably give a monologue on the south as it was, in the course of which he will read "The Man on the Monument," a superb piece of writing, and descriptive of the men of those days. He will read "He was a Perfect Gentleman," a stirring poem, and, as a tribute to southern flowers, perhaps, "The Dandelion," a delicious poem. As a bit of southern sky and scenery, that unsurpassed poem, "The Vultures." As to bits of old fashioned southern life, he will read extracts from "The Two Runaways," "Elder Brown's Backslide," etc.

This will be Mr. Edwards first appearance on the platform, and he should be greeted with a rousing audience, as we feel sure he will be. The south has the best literary youngsters in America, and if she will give them proper encouragement her sway in literature will be confessed before many years.

No Dust at Chautauqua.

There shall be no dust at Chautauqua this summer. An immense tank of fifty thousand gallons capacity, supplied from an exhaustless spring, will be set fifty feet above the level of the Italian garden. With hose and sprinklers every walk and avenue will be kept perfectly cool and pleasant. To go to Chautauqua will be to escape the dust.

Atlanta is a Central Point

from which people go to all the summer resorts. Piedmont Chautauqua is only 35 minutes' ride from Atlanta. A day out there will be the best day of your trip, no matter where you are going! Write Chautauqua on a piece of paper and pin it in your hat!

He's the Man to Write To!

If you think of anything not made plain in this paper, and want to have it made plain, write to John R. Wilkinson, Secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CHAUTAUQUA BUILDINGS.

What is the use talking of the Chautauqua buildings? They are the finest Chautauqua buildings in America! When we hear of anything better in Europe, we will improve ours!

The tabernacle seats six thousand people; the restaurant one thousand. The gardens are of Italian pattern. Everything is modern, brilliant, beautiful!

It will be a treat to see these superb grounds illuminated with electric lights on towers, colored globes in the gardens, bonfires on the lakes and lanterns in the groves!

SHAMING THE STARS.

That is What the Chautauqua Fireworks Will Do.

The Great Illuminations—Four Firms Will Enter the Contest—Twenty Thousand Chinese Lanterns and Globes.

Major H. M. Funston, who for thirty years has been the leader in pyrotechnics, says:

"The illumination of the Italian garden, the rose mound and the sunken garden, as you have it planned, will make the most brilliant effect ever seen in this country. It will amaze your people."

This illumination is known in pyrotechnics as the "Fairy scene." It consists in outlining every flower bed, every walk, with small colored globes, of amber, scarlet, blue and red. Upon entering the gate the whole garden and courts are outlined as distinctly as if by day, and the effect is simply entrancing. The rose mound will be made a perfect blaze of light. It requires eleven thousand of these globes, which are now on their way by steamer across the Atlantic. The candles with which they are lighted are imported, and the "fairy scene" illumination will be given with a magnificence never before attempted in America.

So much for the courts, gardens and walks. The groves will be decked with Chinese lantens in the most artistic style. The lake will be lighted with immense bonfires, suspended by iron cages over the water. Every tower on the building will have its electric light. These are the elements of illumination, and the artistic and startling combinations that can be made with them are simply incalculable. Mr. Johnson, of London, imported for this work, will have charge of each night's illuminations, with a force of twenty men as assistants.

The Pyrotechnic Contest.

No event in pyrotechnics in the past ten years has excited such interest as the competitive contest at the Chautauqua. The following firms have already entered, and are now preparing displays:

HAMES PAIN & SONS, LONDON.
THE UNEXCELLED COMPANY, NEW YORK.
JAMES PALMER & SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.
LOUIS WITTE & CO., NEW ORLEANS.
DETWILLER & STREET CO.

No such competition has ever been seen in this country, as five firms have never yet entered in a competitive display.

Each firm is busy at work importing and manufacturing novelties for this great competition. Mr. Dowling, of the Unexcelled, states that his firm has three of the most distinguised Japanese manufacturers which it will retain and bring to Chautauqua to personally superintend the firing of the Japanese display. One feature of this display is a bomb which explodes eight hundred feet in the air and discharges one thousand lanterns, lighted and complete.

These displays, on which so much depends to the competitors, will undoubtedly be the best that money and ingenuity can make. The south is a new and broad field, and each firm feels that by this competition it must win or lose in the south. Our people will see five such nights of fireworks as, in our opinion, have never before been seen in this country.

The days at the Chautauqua will be days of delight and the night swill be glorious.

The Chautauqua Lake.

The lake problem has been solved at last.

The Chautauqua lake will be like everything else at Chautauqua—the best that can be had. Sweetwater creek is somewhat muddy, which ruled Sweetwater creek out. The pumping station is located on a branch a mile and half away from the grounds. The water is as clear and fresh as a spring, and three hundred thousand gallons a day will be delivered into the lake.

The Chautauqua lake will cover five and a half acres. An immense force of hands are now grading it to four feet in depth, and the bottom will be pebbled. An island forty by thirty feet will grace the center, and a dozen splendid trees will rise from the water. A fleet of twenty-five of the best boats will be kept in service. A swimming pool from four to sixteen feet deep, with pebbled bottom, bath houses and spring boards will be arranged at the lower end of the lake. Swimming masters and boat masters will be on hand constantly to teach children.

Some wonderful effects will be made with the lake at night. The bonfires are a unique feature, suspended above the water in iron baskets.

The fireworks will be fired from behind the lake, giving the double effect of water and sky. There will be water carnivals on the lake, each boat being handsomely decked, rivaling the carnivals of Venice. The lake will be the great feature of Chautauqua.

Think of it This Way.

What is duller than the ordinary life at a summer resort? It consists mainly in sitting around a hotel, and dealing in small talk.

At the Chautauqua there is constant inspiration and amusement. At any hour of the day you can hear a superb concert, some world-renowned solos and famous lecturers, take a ride on the lake, a turn in the gymnasium, a game of lawn tennis, attend the special schools, or college, watch the fireworks, illuminations, and in fact feel every night that you are wiser and better and have more enjoyment to your credit than you had the night before.

There is everything to please at Chautauqua. The mind and body will find constant amusement. There is cool air, pure breezes and mountains in the distance, good drives, splendid hotels and a big crowd.

Chautauqua means a great deal to the south, and you cannot afford not to go out at least two or three days during July and August.

Wherever you go this summer—no matter where—don't forget to stop in Atlanta a few days and take in Piedmont Chautauqua. Don't forget this!

Here is a new page about Chautauqua! The place is developing rapidly. Chautauqua Hill is a blaze of beauty and brilliancy! It swarms with busy men, and the courts, gardens, rose-mounds, lakes, temples, electric lights, flowers are unfolding as if by magic. Clear water, deep shades, cool breezes, mountain views and a wealth of color and fragrance in the gardens. A Moorish and Italian scene transplanted!

The programme is the best ever offered north or south. Every intelligent man and woman within reach should enjoy it. Concerts, lectures, sight-seeing, illuminations, sports every day and night! The ideal summer home! READ EVERY WORD OF THIS PAGE!

A GLIMPSE AT THE
ATTRACTIONS
OFFERED AT THE
GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

Read these carefully, and see if you can afford to miss what is offered.

We submit a partial classified list of attractions at Chautauqua!

Study them closely. They cover every phase of literature, science, travels, of music, and of recitation. The New York Chautauqua has issued its programme for 1888. Get it and compare it with this! You will find the Georgia Chautauqua richer in music, lectures, college, and everything! We pronounce it the best programme ever offered at any Chautauqua, north or south! And yet it is not completed. Several of our best attractions are not yet closed and dated. Oxer 100 lectures will be delivered at our Chautauqua. Every day will be a day of delight! Read the list.

LITERATURE.

"Womanhood in Shakspeare"—Wallace Bruce, August 17.
"Childhood in Dickens"—Wallace Bruce, August 18.
"Landmarks of Scott"—Wallace Bruce, August 21.
"Carlyle"—Leon H. Vincent, August 8.
"Ruskin"—Leon H. Vincent, August 8.
"Thackeray"—Leon H. Vincent, August 10.
"Dickens"—Leon H. Vincent, August 13.
"George Eliot"—Leon H. Vincent, August 14.
"The Best 100 Books"—Walter B. Hill, August 15.
"Longfellow at Home" (illustrated—James A. Green, July 16.
"Emerson at Home" (illustrated)—James A. Green, July 17.
"Lowell at Home" (illustrated)—James A. Green. July 18.
"Epochs of English Literature"—Five Lectures, Prof. James M. Garnett, July 18 to 23.
"The Elizabethian Poets"—Prof. James M. Garnett, July 12.
"Studies in Goethe and Schiller"—Five Lectures, Prof. Zdanoweiz, July 19 to 24.
"The German Classics"—Prof. Zdonowelz, July 25.
"Studies in French Literature"—Five lectures by Prof. W. H. Perkinson, July 19 to 25.
"Hugo and His Compeers"—Prof. W. H. Perkinson.

TRAVELS.

"Picturesque America in Poetry', (illustrated)—Wallace Bruce, August 27.
"Japan and Japanese" (illustrated)—T. Irgenoga, August 16.
"In and About Shakspeare's Home" (illustrated)—W. L. Davidson, August 16.
"Tramps Through Switzerland" (illustrated)—W. L. Davidson, August 18.
"London and the English" (illustrated)—Dr. Stocking, August 13.
"Faded Queen of Adriatic" (illustrated)—Dr. Stocking, August 14.
"Wonders of Polar World" (illustrated)—Lieutenant Schwatka, August 9.
"Dangers of Polar Sea" (illustrated)—Lieutenant Schwatka, August 10.
"The Arabs of Palestine" (illustrated)—P. Von Finklestein, August 10.
"Farmers of Palestine" (illustrated)—P. Von Finklestein, August 13.
"City Life in Jerusalem" (illustrated)—P. Von Finklestein, August 14.
"Adventures in West Indies" (illustrated)—F. A. Ober, August 27.
"Mexico and the Mexicans"—F. A. Ober, August 28.
"Land of the Midnight Sun"—H. C. White, July 23.
"Farming in Norway"—H. C. White, July 24.
"Knapsack Tour Round the World," T. F. Clark, August 2.
"Through Central India," T. F. Clark, August 3.
"Vesuvius and Its Victims"—R. S. Barrett.
"A Poor Man's Trip to Europe"—R. S. Barrett.
"Peter and the Mt. Hor Regions"—Illustrated, Dr. A. H. Gillet, July 16.

HISTORICAL.

"The Bible and the Monuments," W. R. Harper, July 18.
"The Mosaic Record," George P. Hays, August 23.
"The Battle of 12th of May"—Governor John B. Gordon, July 12.
"Five Periods of History"—Five Lectures, Prof. George Fred Holmes, July 18 to 21.
"The Functions of Civilization"—Prof. Holmes, University of Virginia, July 20.
"The Development of Civilization"—Prof. Holmes, University of Virginia, July 13.
"The Uses of History"—Lawton E. Evans, July 11.
"Lecture" (Subject not fixed)—Colonel C. C. Jones, of Augusta.

SCIENCE.

"The Starry Heavens and Moral Law," J. H. Carlisle, August 14.
"Electricity, the Nineteenth Century Wizard" (illustrated), J. B. DeMotte, August 22.
"A Beam of Light" (illustrated), J. B. DeMotte, August 23.
"A Wave of Sound" (illustrated), J. B. DeMotte, August 24.
"The Air We Breathe" (illustrated), J. B. DeMotte, August 25.
"Conquest of the Sea," Lansing Burrows.
"The Eye and the Way to Use It," Dr. A. W. Calhoun.
"The Ear and Its Abuse," Dr. A. W. Calhoun.
"Five Lectures on Chemistry, with Experiments"—Prof. L. B. Clifton.
"The Testimony of the Rocks"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 18.
"World Building"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 19.
"The Philosophy of Seismic Disturbances"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 20.
"Carniverous Plants"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 21.
"Gold Ferns in Plants"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 22.
"Five Lectures on Local Flora"—Prof. Charles F. McClintock, July 23 to 28.
"Evolution"—Chief Justice Bleckley, July 15.
"The Skies and Their Beauty"—Three Lectures, Miss Eliza A. Bowen, July 9 to 12.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Love, Courtship and Marriage"—John DeWitt Miller, August 20.
"Uses of Ugliness"—John DeWitt Miller, August 21.
"Errors, Mishaps and Oversights"—Carlton Hillyer, July 17.
"Our Debt to Christianity"—Dr. Stocking, August 15.
"Saul of Tarsus"—Geo. R. Wendling, August 7.
"Stonewall Jackson"—Geo. R. Wendling, August 8.
"An Evening With a Skeptic"—Geo. R. Wendling, August 9.
"Character and Characters"—Geo. P. Hays, August 24.
"Fools"—P. S. Henson, August 23.
"Money or the Golden Calf"—P. S. Henson, August 24.
"Eaters and Eating"—Sam Jones, August 3.
"Get There"—Sam Jones, August 4.
"The Curse of Rum"—Sam Jones, August 5.
"Mission of Humor"—Frank Beard, August 27.
"Chalk Talk"—Frank Beard, August 28.
"Secrets of Studio," Frank Beard, August 25.
"Popular Amusements," O. P. Fitzgerald, August 2.
"The School of Scandal," T. DeWitt Talmage.
"Manhood, Its Pattern and Inspiration," Thirlkield, August 17.
"The Indians of Iowa" (illustrated), Frederick Starr, August 17
"The Chinese of Pacific Coast," Frederick Starr, August 18.
"The Pauline or 5th Gospel," Dr. A. A. Wright, August 11.
"The Revised Version," Dr. A. A. Wright, August 13.
"Sidelights on the Beginning of Things," Dr. A. A. Wright, August 14.
Major Charles H. Smith, Bill Arp, subject not fixed.

SERMONS.

Dr. E. H. Barnett.
Dr. O. P. Fitzgerald.
Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage.
Rev. Sam Jones.
Dr. H. C. Morrison.
Dr. J. B. Hawthorne.
Dr. W. A. Candler.
Dr. Lansing Burrows.
Dr. J. W. Lee.
Dr. Charles W. Stocking.
Dr. Alfred Wright.
Dr. W. P. Harrison,
Dr. Strickler,
Bishop Key,
Dr. I. S. Hopkins,
Bishop Wilmer.

READERS.

Professor W. W. Carnes—Charles H. Little,
Nella F. Brown.
Thos. Nelson Page.
Richard Malcolm Johnston.
Mrs. Plowman—Betsy Hamilton.
Will Carlton—Robert Burns Wilson.
Helen Potter—James Whitcomb Riley,
Miss N. M. Murfree.
Harry S. Edwards.

MUSIC AND CONCERTS.

Professor Rogers, Goschen Band.
The Boston Stars.
The Hungarion Gypsy Band.
The St. Cecelia Quartette.
The Hungarian Gipsy Quartette.
The Spanish Students, Mandolins.
The Polymnia Club.
The Chicago Cornet Quartette.
Walter Emerson, Cornet.
Medora Henson-Emerson, Soprano.
Professor Rudolph King, Piano.
Herr Hugo Turpie, Cornet.
Signor Guiseppi, Vitali Violin.
Signor N. Fanelli, Harp.
Charles E. Rogers, Cornet.
C. Z. Bronson, Clarionet.
Henry Glise, Clarionet.
Fred Fowler, Flute.
G. B. Roscoe, Euphonium.
Professor C. C. Case, Chorus Director.

While the above list surpasses the attractions offered by any Chantauqua, it is still incomplete. Negotiations are pending with various lecturers, divines and musical organizats, the result of which will be announced from day to day.

IMPORTANT CHAUTAUQUA DATS.

Peabody Institute, July 9th to 23d.
Assembly Schools, July 9th to August 21st.
Chautauqua College, July 18th to August 15th.
The Assembly, August 7th to August 29th.

SPECIAL DAYS.

1. Inauguration Day, July 3.
2. National Day, July 4.
3. Chautauqua Day, July 18.
4. College Day, July 23.
5. Temperance Day, August 4.
6. Assembly Opening, August 7.
7. Veterans' Day, August 8th.
8. Recognition Day, August 15th.
9. Children's Day, August 18th.
10. Farmers' Day, August 22d.
11. Closing day, September 3d.

Other special days will be added as the programme is completed.

LIVING AT CHAUTAUQUA.

From "Tents in the Woods" to a Palace.

FROM $2 A WEEK UP TO $20 A WEEK.

Living [for Everybody so That Everybody Can Come—The Piedmont Chautauqua Leads all Others in Variety.

In building hotels the company suits all tastes. The Sweetwater Park, the finest hotel in the south, is run like a palace, from fifteen to twenty-five dollars a week, with beautiful grounds, gardens and fountains—six hundred people taken care of. The other hotels five to twelve dollars a week. Private boarding houses from four to ten dollars a week. So much for hotels.

But if you do not want to live in the hotels, the Chautauqua company has about one hundred rooms neatly furnished from twenty-five to seventy-five cents a day. You can take these rooms and board at the restaurant, which seats one thousand people. Meals are not over fifty cents, but you can get an excellent lunch for ten cents and upward. A dollar a day will give you the best of living, and you can live for one half that if you live simple.

Then there are cottages at which you can rent rooms or get board if you do not like the hotels or the company rooms.

Then there is the "tenting in the woods," after all the best way to live, and the most comfortable. Samples of tents are now up at Chautauqua, set under trees, so that you can see precisely how they look furnished with flies, floors and piazzas, everything first class. A tent 16 by 21 will hold from six to eight people comfortably, and you can keep house in your tent or board at the restaurant. You can buy your bread and pies from the bakery, your milk from the dairy, and live at two or three dollars a week, and live comfortably. This is the popular plan at all Chautauquas, "tenting in the woods." You can rent a tent at from two to five dollars a week that will accommodate from three to ten people.

The whole plan of the Chautauqua is cheap amusements and instruction for the millions. We offer you entertainments that would cost you five dollars, if given separately, for twenty-five cents a day. We want everybody to come, and whether you live in the hotel or in the camp headquarters of the Chautauqua, we will be glad to see you.

We have just one piece of advice for everybody, rich and poor, high and low: Go to Piedmont Chautauqua certain, no matter how much or how little money you have, and you will get accommodation to suit you. You can live in rooms or in tents, at five or six dollars a week, and live better than you do at home, and get all the accommodations besides. In every respect Chautauqua furnishes the best amusements and the best accommodations at the lowest prices, and will pay expenses by getting immense crowds.

In the meantime, go out and see the Chautauqua tents, or get some friend to see them, and put in your application for a tent at once, as they will be rented very rapidly as soon as they are seen.

Send a Man to Spy It Out.

The only difficulty about Chautauqua is incredulity as to what it is really doing. If everybody believed the descriptions were not overdrawn, why of course everybody would come!

Well, send somebody up to look the grounds and buildings over. From every town and city there are constantly people coming to Atlanta. Get one of them to take a run up to Chautauqua and report what he sees. If you can't do that get some Atlanta friend to tell you.

A preacher tells that his audience looked incredulous when he said there would be 7,200 colored lamps to outline the courts and walks and gardens at night. And yet there will be over 10,000 lamps! Come up and see the grounds, or send a man! You will always regret it if you miss seeing the Chautauqua this summer!

Tours Through England and Italy.

You noticed the list of illustrated lectures on travels in another column. These will be revelations to you. The pictures are taken from photographs, and are displayed by stereoptic covering from twelve to fifteen feet, in beautiful colors, and giving absolutely accurate pictures of strange localities.

In addition to these lectures there will be "ideal tours" through England and Italy for the presen summer. This consists of daily display of pictures of localities in these two countries. More than two thousand photographs have been enlarged and colored for use in these tours. An informal body of tourists is organized and presided over by some one who is familiar with each country. Questions are then asked by those who have never visited England or Italy, and answered by those who have visited those countries. At the New York Chautauqua these tourists meetings and quiz clubs have proved exceedingly popular and instructive, and no one will leave Piedmont Chautauqua this summer without being more conversant with the beauties and history of English and Italian localities than most of the people who visit them in person. Remember that England and Italy are the countries for "ideal tours" for the summer session at Piedmont Chautauqua. These clubs will be invaluable to those who intend to visit Europe in the future, and exceedingly interesting to those who have a European experience.

The Fourth of July at Chautauqua.

The Chautauqua grounds will be open to the public for the first time on July 4th. That will be Confederate Veterans day, and will be a grand occasion. The barbecue pits will cover half a mile, and every old soldier in Georgia, that can possibly get there, is expected to be present.

Then Confederate Survivors' association, of Atlanta, have charge of the programme, and will share the profits of the day. Three bands of music will be in attendance, including the famous Hungarian Gypsy quartett, with their wonderful music.

Tickets for the round trip, including admission, sixty cents. Tickets to the barbecue twenty-five cents, but no charge for barbecue tickets is made for members of the Confederate Survivors' association.

This will be the first day at Chautauqua grounds, and a grand day it will be.

CHAUTAUQUA COLLEGE

A Whole University Opened For $5 to Anybody.

With 13 Departments and 20 Professors—There Should be 1,000 Students—Read What Its Aim and Purpose Is.

A word about the Chautauqua summer college.

Do you understand what it is? Well, just read this to oblige us. The Chautauqua summer college is a liberal university with every department of learning. Dr. Harper of Yale college, is dean of the faculty, and he has had the selection of every professor, with no limit as to price. He has secured a faculty that in his opinion is equal to the best that can be secured in America, each man being a master of his department.

What Does the Summer College Do?

It has three purposes. First, review, to enable scholars to renew their studies; second, education, to enable those who have never studied to make a start under undermasters, which they can finish by study at home; third, method, to give to each scholar the best method for acquiring a knowledge of subjects under study. At the New York Chautauqua over 2,000 students were enrolled last summer. It is simply amazing how much one can accomplish by a three weeks' course under a fine teacher, with supplemental books for reading during the year. For example: The lectures of Dr. Holmes in history, tracing the human race from the highlands of Armenia to San Francisco, with incidental reading of a half dozen books, will make one a better historian than ten years of ordinary reading. Professor W. H. Perkinson's lectures on the French language will enable any one to acquire the language by leisure study at home during the ensuing year. Dr. McClintock's lectures on botany, geology with the reading of recommended text books, will give anyone all that a scholar need know on these subjects. It is not claimed that the technical thoroughness of the university is acquired, but it is claimed that attendance on these lectures, and an intelligent reading of the text books recommended during the year, will give results to equal the best university education.

In order that no man or woman in Georgia need be shut out out of this great summer university, the tuition fees are put at five dollars. This admits to every department of the college, and all the special classes, from the gymnasium, through fine arts, elocution up to Hebrew. For five dollars any visitor becomes a member of the Chautauqua college of liberal arts, and is entitled to full tuition in all the classes of the Chautauqua assembly. This same privilege would cost at New York Chautauqua from $30 to $50. It is put at $5 at Piedmont, simply because we want to draw the multitude and give to the education of adults its proper estimate in the south. Hence the fee for every department and every class at the Chautauqua is put at $5. The salaries of professors alone will amount to nearly $10,000. In order that the public may know the character of the men who make up the faculty in the Chautauqua summer school, we append the list as telegraphed us by Dr. Harper. Every name will be recognized as that of a man who is master of his profession.

PIEDMONT CHAUTAUQUA COLLEGE.

Summer Session, July 18th to August 15th.

TEACHERS AND DEPARTMENTS.

Lewis Miller, President.
John H. Vincent, D. D., Chancellor.
W. R. Harper, D. D., Dean.

1. English Language and Literature, James M. Garnett, University of Virginia.
2. German Language and Literature, Casimier Zdanowicz, Vanderbilt.
3. French Language and Literature, W. H. Perkinson, University of Virginia.
4. Preparatory and College Latin, J. H. Kirkland, Vanderbilt.
5. Preparatory and College Greek, W. H. Bocock, Hampden Sidney, Va.
6. Physics and Chemistry, H. C. Smith, Davidson College, N. C.
7. Geology and Botany, Chas. F. McClintock, Fort Smith, Ark.
8. History and Pedagogics, G. F. Holmes, University of Virginia.
9. New Testament, Greek, T. C. Johnson, University of Virginia.
10. Arabic and Assyrian, George H. Schodde, Columbus, O.
11. Hebrew Language and Literature, Walter B. Moore, Hampden, Sidney, Va. Professor J. R. Sampy, of Louisville, Ky., and Professor Rowlins, of the University of Virginia.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HEBREW.
July 18th to August 2d.
W. R. Harper, D. D., Dean.
ASSISTANTS.

THE ASSEMBLY SCHOOLS.

1.
MUSIC.
Chorus, Voice Culture and Harmony, Professor C. C. Case.
Piano and Organ.

Cornet..... Charles E. Rogers.
Violin..... G. V. Roscoe.
Flute..... Fred Fowler.
Clarionet..... H. V. Brunson.

2.
PHYSICAL CULTURE.
Professor W. R. Anderson, Supt. Brooklyn, Schools.
Miss L. E. Lindley, Brooklyn, N. Y.

3.
DECORATIVE ART.
Miss Annie Henderson, LaFayette, Ind.

4.
FINE ART.
Miss Lydia P. Hess, Chicago.

5.
ELOCUTION.
Professor W. W. Carns, Chicago.

Remember it costs you only five dollars to get at student's ticket in the Chautauqua summer college. You can then take French, German, elocution, history, literature, botany, byology, physical culture, painting—every department in the university, or special schools if you please. Those who do not buy a membership at five dollars can get instruction in any of the special schools at fees ranging from one dollar to two and a half dollars, which is about one-third the price charged at other Chautauquas. There can be no more delightful and inspiring way of spending a year than to take two or three departments in the summer college work, attend the lectures, and supplement them by reading until next summer, when you will be advanced. You will be amazed to find how easy and how inspiring the work is. The Chautauqua summer college opens July 18th, and every professor will be in his class room on that day.

Railroad Rates to Chautauqua.

The railroad rates from any point in North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, and Columbus, Miss., is one fare for the round trip—that is, half rates. These tickets are sold on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, and on no other days, but are good until the 15th of September.

The rates from points in Georgia will be even lower than this, but are not yet definitely settled. You can rely on one thing, however. You can come to the Piedmont Chautauqua from any point in the south Atlantic states for one-half fare—that is, for one fare for the round trip, and tickets will be good until September 15th. The rates from Georgia towns and cities will be given in a day or two.

BLAINE.

That is the Way It Look at Chicago.

TWO MORE BALLOTS

And an Adjournment Until Monday.

A CONFERENCE AT NIGHT

New York Will Vote for Blaine Tomorrow.

Staff Correspondence Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The convention is deadlocked.

In the opinion of nearly everybody here, who is supposed to know anything about it, today's work means that Blaine is the only key to the solution of the complex problem, and that he will be made the choice of the convention.

It is currently reported tonight that the Blaine men forced the adjournment until Monday, in order to have a cable conference with him. They have done everything possible to carry the convention over until next week and having succeeded, it only remains for them to carry out the remainder of their programme.

This morning's two ballots resulted in frightening them with Harrison's greatly increased strength. Nothing could be done during the recess to get Alger, Allison or Sherman out of the way, in order to start the much-talked-of Blaine panic. It was in order to do something of this kind that the convention was so suddenly adjourned after the fifth ballot.

"WHAT DOES IT MEAN?"

When the convention reassembled at four o'clock it was the general belief that something was going to happen. The only thing done, however, was to adjourn until Monday morning at eleven o'clock.

"What does it mean?" was the question with every one who did not see in it the cunning hand of the Blaine leaders. The recognized Blaine support in the convention voted to adjourn, and Harrison and Alger opposed it. New York's vote in the negative was a surprise, as it was believed to be for Blaine. One of its delegates said to me tonight:

"Of course, we are for Blaine, and if the other Blaine states had voted with us Blaine would have been nominated right away. We oppose adjournment because we wanted the matter settled right then and there."

TALK WITH A BLAINE MAN.

I talked with the leaders of both the California and Maine delegations concerning their vote for adjournment, and found that they favored it on the ground that they did not want to force action, and did not want to bring Blaine before the convention until it became apparent to the friends of the others that his name was the only way to harmony. As one of the Californians expressed:

"We wished to hold over until next week, in hopes that by a conference we could adjust matters among the other candidates. Blaine has over 500 votes straight out in the convention, and we can call them any time we want. The longer we hold out, the other candidates against each other, the stronger becomes their unwillingness to yield among themselves. When it becomes apparent that any one of them is gaining considerably, and that the others are losing, the strength of the losers will be at once transferred to Blaine. We will nominate him this way, and every candidate but one will be satisfied, and that one will be the one on whom the anti-Blaine sentiment will concentrate, and whose wings we will clip at the proper time."

BLAINE, AND THEN ALLISON.

If, by any chance, Blaine's name should be withdrawn from consideration, Allison will be the nominee, with Phelps or Morton second. With Blaine the nominee, Foraker, McKinley or Alger will occupy the second place. There is a strong impression, however, that McKinley is a dark horse of considerable prominence, and that he may be the choice of the Blaine men, if they have occasion to select another.

Blaine is already fully advised of the situation, and everything depends on what he says tomorrow in his private cable correspondence to his manager here. If he had been inclined to say anything, however, he has had ample opportunity during the week in the positive stand which has been taken for him in the convention by California, and from other states. He has been silent, and he will still be silent.

DEAD COCKS IN THE PIT.

As it stands now, Gresham and Sherman are dead beyond resurrection. Their hopes have gone glimmering and Sherman is no doubt already at work laying his plans for the next convention. Alger and Allison have not given up and Harrison will stand to the last. It is possible that Monday will be given them to squeeze some of their number out, but it is more probable that things will so shape themselves as to reach a nomination Monday, at least in the afternoon.

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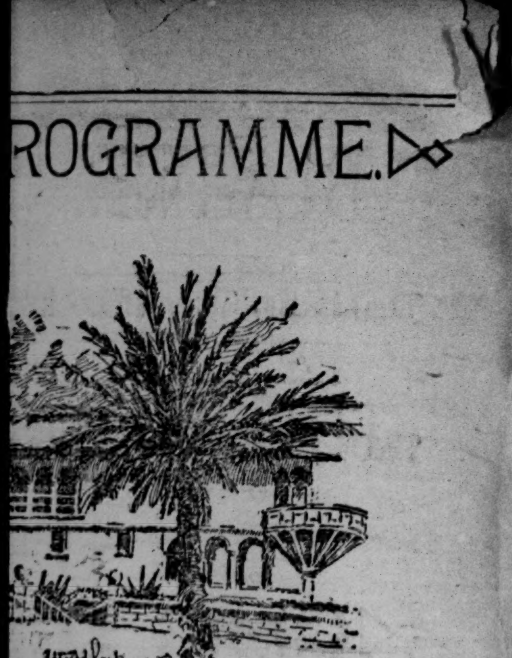
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ROGRAMME.



CHAUTAUQUA COLLEGE

A Whole University Opened For $5 to Anybody.

With 13 Departments and 20 Professors—There Should be 1,000 Students—Read What Its Aim and Purpose Is.

A word about the Chautauqua summer college.

Do you understand what it is? Well, just read this to oblige us. The Chautauqua summer college is a liberal university with every department of learning. Dr. Harper of Yale college, is dean of the faculty, and he has had the selection of every professor, with no limit as to price. He has secured a faculty that in his opinion is equal to the best that that can be secured in America, each man being a master of his department.

What Does the Summer College Do?

It has three purposes. First, review, to enable scholars to renew their studies; second, education, to enable those who have never studied to make a start under undermasters, which they can finish by study at home; third, method, to give to each scholar the best method for acquiring a knowledge of subjects under study. At the New York Chautauqua over 2,000 students were enrolled last summer. It is simply amazing how much one can accomplish by a three weeks' course under a fine teacher, with supplemental books for reading during the year. For example: The lectures of Dr. Holmes in history, tracing the human race from the highlands of Armenia to San Francisco, with incidental reading of a half dozen books, will make one a better historian than ten years of ordinary reading. Professor W. H. Perkinson's lectures on the French language will enable any one to acquire the language by leisure study at home during the ensuing year. Dr. McClintock's lectures on botany, geology with the reading of recommended text books, will give anyone all that a scholar need know on these subjects. It is not claimed that the technical thoroughness of the university is acquired, but it is claimed that attendance on these lectures, and an intelligent reading of the text books recommended during the year, will give results to equal the best university education.

In order that no man or woman in Georgia need be shut out out of this great summer university, the tuition fees are put at five dollars. This admits to every department of the college, and all the special classes, from the gymnasium, through fine arts, elocution up to Hebrew. For five dollars any visitor becomes a member of the Chautauqua college of liberal arts, and is entitled to full tuition in all the classes of the Chautauqua assembly. This same privilege would cost at New York Chautauqua from $50 to $60. It is put at $5 at Piedmont, simply because we want to draw the multitude and give to the education of adults its proper estimate in the south. Hence the fee for every department and every class at the Chautauqua is put at $5. The salaries of professors alone will amount to nearly $10,000. In order that the public may know the character of the men who make up the faculty in the Chautauqua summer school, we append the list as telegraphed us by Dr. Harper. Every name will be recognized as that of a man who is master of his profession.

PIEDMONT CHAUTAUQUA COLLEGE.

Summer Session, July 18th to August 15th.

TEACHERS AND DEPARTMENTS.

Lewis Miller, President.
John H. Vincent, D. D., Chancellor.
W. R. Harper, D. D., Dean.

1. English Language and Literature, James M. Garnett, University of Virginia.
2. German Language and Literature, Casimier Zdanowicz, Vanderbilt.
3. French Language and Literature, W. H. Perkinson, University of Virginia.
4. Preparatory and College Latin, J. H. Kirkland, Vanderbilt.
5. Preparatory and College Greek, W. H. Bocock, Hampden Sidney, Va.
6. Physics and Chemistry, H. C. Smith, Davidson College, N. C.
7. Geology and Botany, Chas. F. McClintock, Fort Smith, Ark.
8. History and Pedagogics, G. F. Holmes, University of Virginia.
9. New Testament, Greek, T. C. Johnston, University of Virginia.
10. Arabic and Assyrian, George H. Schodde, Columbus, O.
11. Hebrew Language and Literature, Walter H. Moore, Hampden, Sidney, Va. Professor J. R. Sampey, of Louisville, Ky., and Professor Rowlins, of the University of Virginia.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HEBREW.
July 18th to August 2d.
W. R. Harper, D. D., Dean.
ASSISTANTS.

THE ASSEMBLY SCHOOLS.

1.
MUSIC.
Chorus, Voice Culture and Harmony, Professor C. C. Case.
Piano and Organ.

Cornet	Charles E. Rogers.
Violin	G. V. Roscoe.
Flute	Fred Fowler.
Clarionet	H. V. Brunson.

2.
PHYSICAL CULTURE.
Professor W. R. Anderson, Supt. Brooklyn, Schools.
Miss L. E. Lindley, Brooklyn, N. Y.

3.
DECORATIVE ART.
Miss Annie Henderson, LaFayette, Ind.

4.
FINE ART.
Miss Lydia P. Hess, Chicago.

5.
ELOCUTION.
Professor W. W. Carns, Chicago.

Remember it costs you only five dollars to get a student's ticket in the Chautauqua summer college. You can then take French, German, elocution, history, literature, botany, byology, physical culture, painting—every department in the university, or special schools if you please. Those who do not buy a membership at five dollars can get instruction in any of the special schools at fees ranging from one dollar to two and a half dollars, which is about one-third the price charged at other Chautauquas. There can be no more delightful and inspiring way of spending a year than to take two or three departments in the summer college work, attend the lectures, and supplement them by reading until next summer, when you will be advanced. You will be amazed to find how easy and how inspiring the work is. The Chautauqua summer college opens July 18th, and every professor will be in his class room on that day.

Railroad Rates to Chautauqua.

The railroad rates from any point in North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, and Columbus, Miss., is one fare for the round trip—that is, half rates. These tickets are sold on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, and on no other days, but are good until the 15th of September.

The rates from points in Georgia will be even lower than this, but are not yet definitely settled. You can rely on one thing, however: You can come to the Piedmont Chautauqua from any point in the south Atlantic states for one-half fare—that is, for one fare for the round trip, and tickets will be good until September 15th. The rates from Georgia towns and cities will be given in a day or two.

BLAINE.

That is the Way It Locks at Chicago.

TWO MORE BALLOTS

And an Adjournment Until Monday.

A CONFERENCE AT NIGHT.

New York Will Vote for Blaine Tomorrow.

Staff Correspondence Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The convention is deadlocked.

In the opinion of nearly everybody here, who is supposed to know anything about it, today's work means that Blaine is the only key to the solution of the complex problem, and that he will be made the choice of the convention.

It is currently reported tonight that the Blaine men forced the adjournment until Monday, in order to have a cable conference with him. They have done everything possible to carry the convention over until next week, and having succeeded, it only remains for them to carry out the remainder of their programme.

This morning's two ballots resulted in frightening them with Harrison's greatly increased strength. Nothing could be done during the recess to get Alger, Allison or Sherman out of the way, in order to start the much-talked-of Blaine panic. It was in order to do something of this kind that the convention was so suddenly adjourned after the fifth ballot.

"WHAT DOES IT MEAN?"

When the convention reassembled at four o'clock it was the general belief that something was going to happen. The only thing done, however, was to adjourn until Monday morning at eleven o'clock.

"What does it mean?" was the question with every one who did not see in it the cunning hand of the Blaine leaders. The recognized Blaine support in the convention voted to adjourn, and Harrison and Alger opposed it. New York's vote in the negative was a surprise, as it was believed to be for Blaine. One of its delegates said to me tonight:

"Of course, we are for Blaine, and if the other Blaine states had voted with us Blaine would have been nominated right away. We oppose adjournment because we wanted the matter settled right then and there."

TALK WITH A BLAINE MAN.

I talked with the leaders of both the California and Maine delegations concerning their vote for adjournment, and found that they favored it on the ground that they did not want to force action, and did not want to bring Blaine before the convention until it became apparent to the friends of the others that his name was the only way to harmony. As one of the Californians expressed:

"We wished to hold over until next week, in hopes that by a conference we could adjust matters among the other candidates. Blaine has over 500 votes straight out in the convention, and we can call them any time we want. The longer we hold out, the other candidates against each other, the stronger becomes their unwillingness to yield among themselves. When it becomes apparent that any one of them is gaining considerably, and that the others are losing, the strength of the losers will be at once transferred to Blaine. We will nominate him this way, and every candidate but one will be satisfied, and that one will be the one on whom the anti-Blaine sentiment will concentrate, and whose wings we will clip at the proper time."

BLAINE, AND THEN ALLISON,

If, by any chance, Blaine's name should be withdrawn from consideration, Allison will be the nominee, with Phelps or Morton second. With Blaine the nominee, Foraker, McKinley or Alger will occupy the second place. There is a strong impression, however, that McKinley is a dark horse of considerable prominence, and that he may be the choice of the Blaine men, if they have occasion to select another.

Blaine is already fully advised of the situation, and everything depends on what he says tomorrow in his private cable correspondence to his manager here. If he had been inclined to say anything, however, he has had ample opportunity during the week in the positive stand which has been taken for him in the convention by California, and from other states. He has been silent, and he will still be silent.

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However, it was decided later by the Blaine leaders, that nothing serious could result in one more ballot, and that it was probably better not to attempt an adjournment at that time, but that if there was no marked change on the next ballot, they would adjourn the convention until the afternoon, in which effort they knew that they could count on the full Sherman support, which would stake its last chance on rallying its forces during the recess; so the fifth ballot was taken and gave Harrison 213 votes, a loss of only four, while a strong influence had been exerted to reduce it more. Allison had gained twelve votes, receiving 99, and Gresham had lost 11 more. Alger went up to 142, a gain of seven, and Sherman had continued his downward course, receiving only 224, his low water mark thus far, and his tide rapidly ebbing. Though the convention had not been in session but little over an hour, the Blainiacs saw that it was their policy to adjourn, and adjourn they did, the full Sherman support assisting them to do so. The interim between 12 and 4 o'clock was devoted to bringing about the result as above announced.

CLARK HOWELL.

DeYOUNG'S VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

He Declares That Harrison Would be Defeated in the Pacific States.

CHICAGO, June 23.—At a conference of representatives of the Sherman, Alger, Harrison, Blaine and Allison delegations which took place this morning at the Grand Pacific, between 12 and 4 o'clock, M. H. DeYoung, representing Mr. Blaine, made a statement that if Harrison was nominated it would be utterly impossible to elect him. He could not possibly carry the Pacific coast, nor would he be able to carry any of the larger states where the labor element predominated, because he had voted against the Chinese bill and treaty, and every phase of it, and he had committed a still greater crime in voting to naturalize Chinamen and give them the right of suffrage, and that Allison was exactly in the same boat.

The statement made by Mr. DeYoung created great consternation.

Colonel Henderson, representing the Allison interest, made a statement that he thought DeYoung was mistaken about Allison's record.

DeYoung stated that he had the records and would produce them tomorrow, at the next meeting of the conference.

The effect of DeYoung's statement caused a representative of the New York delegation to make a statement that he did not think his delegation would support him if these facts were brought before them, and asked Mr. DeYoung if he would appear before the New York delegation today and make the same statement.

The Indiana supporters of Harrison this morning called on the California delegation and stated that they would not attempt to force the nomination of Harrison until after the recess today, or until this matter can be explained away.

HIS NAME IS BLAINE.

He was not a Candidate, But will Git there all the Same.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The conference committee that met at the Grand Pacific last night and remained in session until nearly 4 o'clock this morning, assembled immediately after the convention adjourned this morning in parlor three of the Grand Pacific hotel. There was a large representation, comprising the representative of Alger, Blaine, Allison, Sherman and Hawley.

This meeting was originally called for the purpose of defeating the Harrison movement. Today they really did not know the

OBJECT OF THEIR MEETING,

as Harrison had been practically defeated by the adjournment yesterday. However, after various speakers had addressed the meeting upon the impossibility of nominating any man but Blaine, they appointed a committee to take the situation into consideration and present to the conference committee a ticket which, if the members saw fit, they could report back to their delegates with a recommendation that they support it. A committee of ten was appointed, representing the different factions consisting of Colonel Davis and Senator Farwell on behalf of Gresham; M. H. DeYoung for the Blaine movement; Hubbell and Clarkson for Allison; Duffield for Alger, and Governor Foster and Benjamin Butterworth for Sherman.

The conference then adjourned till 2 o'clock, and the committee immediately went in session, notifying Senators Hoar and Quay to be present.

Senator Quay did not put in an appearance.

FOR THE SAKE OF THE PARTY.

The first action taken was Senator Farwell, who, after complimenting Judge Gresham, said that for the sake of the party, he would withdraw his name.

Governor Foster then addressed the meeting in behalf of Sherman.

At the conclusion of Foster's remarks, Duffield addressed the committee in favor of Alger.

Clarkson was then called upon, and he very strongly urged the claims of Allison.

M. H. DeYoung being called, he stated to the convention that he thought they were not there to listen to the praises of different candidates, but to decide on a man who was the most available, and who could carry the country for the party. The better plan would be to examine the merits of the different candidates. Mr. DeYoung stated to the committee the objections urged by the representatives from the Pacific coast to two or three of the candidates, and concluded by saying that there was no necessity of setting forth the claims and availability of Mr. Blaine, as everybody was too well acquainted with him to require that.

MR. BLAINE, OF MAINE,

At this moment Senator Quay came into the room. He stated to the committee that New York had decided to support Blaine, and he could not see how the nomination of Blaine could be avoided.

He felt that the majority of the convention would be in favor of it.

The chairman, Senator Farwell, stated that in any event it was the duty of the committee to recommend the name of some candidate and the name of Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, was proposed.

The committee was polled as to some of the candidates, and by a large majority decided that Sherman was out of the fight; that Blaine being a possibility with the convention, it was the duty of the committee to endeavor to select somebody outside of Blaine, and that he ought not to be considered by this committe. The result of this was a protracted discussion.

An attempt was made to catechise representatives present as to their second choice.

Mr. Duffield, manager of the Alger forces, was asked who his delegation would support in the event that Alger was out of the way, to which he replied, Blaine.

The same question was put to DeYoung, who stated that his position was different from that of any gentleman present; his delegation supporting the candidate who, in his opinion, would be the nominee. Therefore, it was ridiculous to ask him his second choice, especially in view of the fact that the candidates represented by other members of the committee were all practically out of the race.

At this stage of the proceedings, Senator Hoar addressed the meeting and said that Mr. Blaine was very dear to the people of Massachusetts; that they thought very highly of him, and that he could undoubtedly carry his state. He thought Mr. McKinley could also carry it if he was placed at the head of the ticket.

THE SHERMAN MEN OBJECT.

The Ohio delegation—Governor Foraker and Ben Butterworth—refused to consider Sherman out of the fight, for all the committee had so decided.

Repeated ballots were taken. On the first ballot in the committee no one candidate received over three votes. After repeated balloting McKinly received seven votes.

The chairman asked Mr. DeYoung if he would recommend his delegation to support McKinley, and he replied that he would not; that his delegation had declared for the man who now held the majority vote in the convention, and it would simply be ridiculous to ask them, when they had won their fight, to refuse at that moment to vote for him.

There was a great deal of discussion, and some who favored McKinley now objected to reporting him to the conference.

Mr. Duffield said that if they reported a man, it ought to be one strong enough to beat Blaine, which McKinley could not do.

Another delegate stated that McKinley had this morning practically placed himself in the same position as Blaine, when he got on a chair in the convention and stated that he was not a candidate for president.

BLAINE AND ALLISON.

After some more discussion, it was finally decided to report two names to the conference and the second name chosen was Allison's.

The committee then adjourned to report to the conference.

When the conference had to some extent discussed the situation, a motion was made that they adjourn the convention immediately on meeting this afternoon until Monday morning, to give time for a thorough discussion of the situation, and it was agreed that each delegate in the conference be requested to urge his delegation to vote for an adjournment of the convention. It was so ordered.

A GENERAL REVIEW.

Prediction That Blaine Will be Nominated on Monday.

CHICAGO, June 22.—The fifth day closed with the situation showing Blaine against the field. There was a narrow escape from a Blaine stampede in the convention at four o'clock this afternoon. Depew, who was responsible for the Harrison movement, which yesterday gave such promise, today admitted the failure of that movement, and declared himself for Blaine. Instead of him getting the nomination this morning, Harrison was forced to the utmost of his strength and compelled to fall back, confessedly beaten.

Harrison's friends are very indignant at the manner in which he has been treated and claims a mere pretense was made of giving him hearty support, and that from the first it was not intended by Elkins and his colleagues to permit the Hoosier's nomination. They are in an ugly mood tonight, and, while confessing their favorite's defeat, have no plans for the future. Probably they will swallow their disappointment with as good grace as possible, and play for second place on the ticket.

Elkins's programme for beating the regular candidates, one after another, thus preparing the way for Blaine as a finality, which has previously been described in these dispatches, is being successfully carried out. Sherman fell by the wayside Friday, and Harrison was beaten today. Senator John Sherman telegraphed four Ohio delegates-at-large Friday evening that they could exercise their best judgment concerning future operations. Today he telegraphed more explicit relief of all pledges to him.

Three men are talked of as being strong enough to beat Elkins's combination for Blaine. They are Gresham, Allison and McKinley. The last named has made a fine impression upon the convention, but he is chairman of the platform committee, and for his fidelity to Sherman is pledged.

A conference of about forty friends of all the candidates was held in the parlors of the Grand Pacific today. A sub-committee composed of two delegates, friendly to each of the candidates, reported in favor of all candidates but Allison and McKinley withdrawing from the contest and concentrating their forces, first on Allison, and if he cannot even then be nominated, on McKinley. The California delegates were represented at the conference, and an effort was made to induce that delegation to take up McKinley. This California refused to do at present, taking the position that their candidate (Blaine) had a clear majority of the delegates, and while this was the case it would be folly to consider anything. The whole committee refused to sanction the report of the sub-committee, and the matter was dropped until Monday. Further conferences are to be held, and it is hoped to formulate some sort of programme before the convention shall assemble Monday morning.

Friends of Gresham are making the last rally and forcibly presenting his claims as the strongest man on whom the opposition to Blaine can unite. They claim he is the second choice of a larger number of delegates than any other candidate, and that he is the most available candidate. Wisconsin and Minnesota, which today wavered from the Gresham lines, have promised to come back Monday morning. With Harrison beaten, it is claimed nearly the whole of Indiana will swing over to Indiana's second choice, and if Allison and Sherman will join the movement Blaine may be beaten.

Elkins claims a large majority of the convention for Blaine, and says Blaine can be nominated the moment he gives the word. Other figures are not so favorable as these, and ex-Senator Platt, a Blaine man, has a list of reliable Blaine men, prepared by his lieutenant after a personal canvass, and it contains the names of 423 persons, a bare majority of the delegates. This afternoon's adjournment without ballot was at first put down as an anti-Blaine victory, but the facts don't support this theory. There are good reasons for believing that Depew's abandonment of Harrison was arranged to be the signal for the Blaine stampede, but it is the policy of the Blaine forces to aid all efforts to secure delay. They say they are in no hurry to nominate Blaine and want all other candidates to have as good chance and as much time as their friends may ask for. They take this position because it is their desire not only to nominate Blaine, but to nominate him in such manner as will not have the appearance of riding over the other candidates.

There is no concealment of the bitter feeling prevailing tonight over the manner in which the committee is being juggled with by Blaine's friends, who pretended to be giving their candidates a fair chance and at the same time take good care to defeat one after another as they rise in prominence in balloting.

Many visitors, disgusted with the manipulation of the convention which brings on adjournment without any attempt to transact business, are leaving the city, and if the feeling of antagonism among the delegates continues to grow another day Blaine may be nominated. Elkins has openly boasted of his ability to beat any candidate the opposition may put up, and also boasts of having defeated Sherman and Harrison. Elkins says there is no doubt of Blaine's acceptance if nominated.

A vigorous effort will be made between this and Monday morning to combine the field against Blaine. But nothing will be decided upon till tomorrow night. The present outlook is that Allison, Gresham or McKinley will take the lead.

The current prediction tonight is that Blaine will be nominated Monday, possibly after a conference with the representatives of defeated candidates, at which a letter or telegram from Blaine will be received.

THE SITUATION AT MIDNIGHT.

Blaine's Managers Confident That He Will Be Nominated on the Second Ballot.

CHICAGO, June 24.—At midnight Blaine's managers here are very confident that their candidate will be nominated on the second ballot taken Monday. They say, however, that they are in no hurry about it, as they are sure that the result they desire will be brought about eventually.

The sub-committee appointed by the conference of the friends of the different candidates had another meeting tonight at which all gentlemen represented in previous reports of the meeting were present with the exception of Senator Hoar. The situation was fully discussed, but nothing of importance was done beyond the appointment of a committee of two to confer with the New York delegation and report to the committee tomorrow afternoon.

At a meeting of the New York delegation tonight, that state, by a vote of 65 to 7, decided to vote for Blaine on Monday. The Californians are highly elated over the outlook for the success of their campaign, and the nomination of Blaine, if it be accomplished, is certainly due to their persistent efforts. This is recognized by leading political managers here. When the sub-committee was about to adjourn at midnight, one of the members jokingly moved that, after nominations were made, the members make it a point to wait on the California delegation and inquire if there was anything else required.

WILL SPEND SUNDAY IN CHICAGO.

The Republican Convention Held Two Sessions and Adjourned Until Monday.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The convention met this morning, with the usual rumors of combinations flying through the air as thick as blackbirds. Everybody is asking his neighbor what he knows and has his own exclusive tip to impart to meet any unfavorable news he may hear from others. Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll does not appear in the hall, but his name is on many lips, and his interrupted speech of last night, which appears to have irreparably damaged the Gresham boom, although the Illinois candidate's friends refuse to own this and still claim that the convention must come to him eventually.

But as the time for the meeting of the convention arrives the Gresham movement is almost lost sight of in the conflict of opinion as to the great fight which is pending at once between Harrison and Allison. Senator Cameron has prevailed upon Quay, who leads the Pennsylvania forces, to go into

AN ALLISON COMBINATION,

and the junior senator from Pennsylvania went into convention last night with 55 votes for Allison and the firm conviction that the Iowa candidate would be nominated on the second or third ballot. He was confused by the Harrison movement in New York, and got Hastings to move an adjournment in order to gain time. Quay was at work all night fixing up the Allison fences, and his delegation is now in session hearing the news. If Quay cannot succeed with the Allison movement, he may run in with the Harrison tide, but is more likely to join in a combination of the field against the Indiana candidate. Friends of Harrison are claiming that the Blaine people are coming over to their man, and that he will succeed after three ballots.

THE GENTLEMAN FROM OHIO.

But while all these rumors and counter-rumors fill the air, a good many long-headed people are watching a man sitting in the Ohio delegation—a man with fine, clear-cut face, who is a promising dark horse in the race, who, if the convention cannot agree upon any of the candidates now in nomination, is looked upon as the winner. This is Congressman McKinley, who has made an excellent impression here, and is universally popular.

It is noted as a significant fact that, as the hour of convening arrives, there are but few of the leading spirits of the convention in the hall. This indicates that conferences are still going on, and that no agreement, which might prevent a fight, has been arrived at.

THE BAND BEGINS TO PLAY.

While the convention is kept waiting for the call to order the band in the organ loft struck up "Marching Through Georgia," which has always heretofore provoked applause, but everybody is so deeply absorbed in attempts to analyze the situation that the music makes no impression whatever. As the minutes pass there begins to grow a strong impression that no result will be possible at this morning's session, and that after several ballots the convention will take a recess. If this is done, it is considered highly probable that no nomination will be made before Monday, by which time it is hoped that some one can be agreed upon which will put a stop to the deadlock.

One of the best evidences that the presidential puzzle is as much a puzzle as ever, is the fact that there is comparatively no talk

ABOUT THE VICE-PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE.

The convention was called to order at 10:08 o'clock, but it was not until two minutes later when the proceedings were formally opened by Chairman Estee calling upon Senator Warner Miller, of New York, to preside over its deliberations.

Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, delivered an invocation.

Mr. Lewis, of Kentucky, rising to a question of privilege, said he had been announced as voting on the third ballot yesterday for Alger. As a matter of fact, he voted for Gresham. The chair said that the correction would be made.

The Pennsylvania delegation has just come into the hall and have yielded, after a long wrangle, to Quay's desire that they shall hold on to Sherman for two more ballots. A great majority of the delegation also proposes to vote for adjournment after the second ballot.

The convention proceeded to ballot. When Connecticut was reached one vote was cast for McKinley, of Ohio. As soon as the announcement was made Mr. McKinley was seen to rise in his seat, and, amid most impressive silence, proceeded to make a statement. He was greeted with a storm of applause. He said:

M'KINLEY'S SPEECH.

I am here as one of the chosen representatives of my state. I am here by a resolution of the republican convention, passed without one dissenting voice, commanding me to cast my vote for John Sherman, and use every worthy endeavor for his nomination. I accepted the trust because my heart and judgment were in accord with the letter and spirit and purpose of that resolution. It has pleased certain delegates to cast their votes for me. I am not insensible to the honor they would do me; but in the presence of the duty resting upon me, I cannot remain silent with honor. I cannot consistently with the credit of the state whose credentials I bear, and which has trusted me; I cannot with honorable fidelity to John Sherman, who has trusted me in his cause and with his confidence; I cannot consistently with my own view of my personal integrity consent, or seem to consent, to permit my name to be used as a candidate before this convention. I would not respect myself if I could find it in my heart to do, to say, or permit it to be done, that which could even be a ground for any one to suspect that I wavered in my loyalty to Ohio or my devotion to the chief of her choice and the chief of mine. I do request, I demand, that no delegate who would not cast a reflection upon me, shall cast a ballot for me.

Mr. McKinley spoke earnestly and with emphasis. He was evidently sincere, and the convention, at the conclusion of his little speech, graciously applauded.

THE GALLERIES HISSED.

The ballot was then proceeded with without further incident until Illinois was reached, when a break of three votes from Gresham to Harrison, created a sensation and was received with a mingled demonstration of hisses and applause. When New York was reached the galleries hissed. After the vote of the state giving Harrison fifty-nine votes one of the delegates demanded a poll of the delegation. The poll showed no change in the vote. As the ballot proceeds there is shown, in addition to the expected gain for Harrison, a very decided growth in the Alger vote, which comes chiefly from the south. The Pennsylvania vote still sticks by Sherman, he getting 53 of the 60 votes from that state. This is part of the Quay programme to beat Harrison. The Wisconsin vote swings to Harrison. The ballot resulted as follows:

THE VOTE.

Alger	135
Allison	88
Gresham	98
Harrison	217
Sherman	235
Blaine	42
McKinley	11
Lincoln	1
Douglass	1
Foraker	1

The convention then proceeded to another ballot, which, if the programme of the field against Harrison is carried out, will be the last of the session of this morning, as an adjournment will be taken as soon as the ballot has been taken.

When the state of Virginia was called, the call of the roll of delegates was demanded, which resulted as follows:

Mahone, O'Conner, Wise, Houston, Hines, Brown and Bryant for Harrison; Watts, Allen, Harris, Foster, Lee, Ger, Langsdon, Wood and French for Sherman; Libby, Riddleberger and Lewis for Allison; Scott, Pettibone and Jackson for Alger, and Frazer for Blaine.

The ballot resulted as follows:

Sherman	224
Harrison	213
Gresham	87
Blaine	48
McKinley	14
Allison	99
Alger	142

After the second ballot had been taken Governor Foster, of Ohio, moved a recess until 4 o'clock this afternoon, and his motion was seconded by Mr. Duffield, of Virginia.

On behalf of New Jersey, Senator Sewell demanded the roll call, which was immediately proceeded with.

The roll call on the question of taking recess resulted as follows:

THE ROLL CALL.

Alabama, 19 ayes, 1 no; Arkansas, 14 ayes; California, 16 ayes; Colorado, 6 ayes; Connecticut, 12 ayes; Delaware, 5 ayes, 1 no; Florida, 8 ayes; Georgia, 23 ayes, 1 no; Illinois, 33 ayes, 11 nos; Indiana, 28 ayes, 2 nos; Iowa, 26 ayes; Kansas, 18 ayes; Kentucky, 17 ayes, 9 nos; Louisiana, 16 ayes; Maine, 12 ayes; Maryland, 14 ayes, 2 nos; Massachusetts, 22 ayes, 6 nos; Michigan, 26 ayes; Minnesota, 13 ayes, 1 no; Mississippi, 18 ayes; Missouri, 26 ayes, 5 nos.

When Missouri was reached in the call of states, it was so evident that the motion had carried that Senator Sewell withdrew his demand of the roll call, and the convention adjourned until 4 o'clock.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

The unsuccessful balloting of this morning's session had the effect only of intensifying the interest in the proceedings of the convention. When it was called to order the galleries were filled early and space reserved for delegates. The hum of conversation was incessant. Hardly had the gavel of the chairman fallen upon the desk when Mr. King, of Indiana, moved that the convention adjourn until 11 o'clock Monday morning.

The chair decided that the roll of states be called.

When it was apparent that the motion to adjourn had prevailed the delegates from Alabama rose and inquired whether railroad tickets, which expired by limiation today, would be extended.

In response, the chairman, whose voice is still weak, directed the secretary to state that tickets would be good until the convention adjourned sine die, and when the secretary, by inadvertance, spoke about railroad passes, the convention realized the ludicrousness of the slip, and applauded and laughed vigorously.

The chairman then announced the vote to stand: Yeas 496, nays 322, and the convention accordingly adjourned to meet Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

A BURGLAR SHOT DEAD.

A Sensational Shooting in a North Carolina Store.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 23.—[Special.]—News has been received of the killing of a burglar in Pitt county. Last night J. W. Cox, in business at Haddock cross roads, shot a negro, York Cratch, killing him instantly. Some one had frequently entered Cox's store at night, stealing goods and money. Cox put strychnine in brandy peaches. When the store was again entered the peaches were stolen, but nothing was heard of any effects of the strychnine. Cox and one of his brothers went to the store to sleep in the loft. Last night they heard sounds outdoors. There were several burglars. After working half an hour they succeeded in breaking the lock. Crotch entered the store alone, and struck a match. Cox fired on him from the left with a shotgun. The load entered just above the temple and lodged near the roof of the mouth, killing him instantly. Cox and his brother then fired into the negroes at the door. Cox and his brother remained in the loft until day, when a note was sent to the sheriff telling him what occurred, and asking that a coroner be sent. The jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. Crotch was a notorious character.

MURDER AT A CHURCH DOOR.

A Sensational Episode in a North Carolina Settlement.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 22.—[Special.]—In Gaston county, there was a quarrel between a negro named Garrison and two other negroes named Ross Suttan and William Suggs. They met next day at a negro church. After services, and just outside the church door, Garrison complained to the preacher that some persons present were carrying pistols for him (Garrison) and finally said that Ross Suttan had a pistol. Suttan drew a pistol and shot Garrison in the abdomen. Garrison then rushed on Suttan and seized him when Suggs ran up behind Garrison and shot him in the back, the ball passing through the body. The preacher caught Suggs, took his pistol and put him in charge of others, then went and seized Suttan. In the meantime Garrison died. Suggs contrived to escape, but Suttan was held and is now in jail.

The American Derby.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The overwhelming reputation of Baldwin's great colt, Emperor of Norfolk, made the field today for the American Derby the smallest that has ever started for the event. It is doubtful, however, if the great assemblage of twenty-five to thirty thousand people present felt any less interest in the race on that account. Emperor of Norfolk won easily in 2:40¼. Falcon was second, Los Angeles third.

First race, one mile, Valuable won, Volante second, Macbeth third. Time 1:43¼.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile, Carnegie won, Bantaline second, Orderly third. Time 1:15.

Fourth race, one mile and one eighth, Birthday won, Unique second, Leila May third. Time 1:56¼.

Fifth race, five furlongs, Nonsoon won, Galen second, Chilsowie third. Time 1:02¾.

Sheepshead Bay Races.

NEW YORK, June 23.—At Sheepshead Bay, the first race, three-quarters of a mile, Cousin Jeems won, Fitzroy second, Gimladi third. Time, 1:15.

Second race, one mile and a furlong, Bella B. won, Anomaly second, Golden Reed third. Time 1:57.

Third race, three-quarters of a mile, Diablo won, Tinny second, Sam Wood third. Time 1:15¼.

Fourth race, one mile and a furlong, Terracotta won, Feenzi second, Linden third. Time 1:53.

Fifth race, one mile and three furlongs, Belvidere won, Lelogas second, Brother Ban third. Time 2:22.

Sixth race, one mile on grass, Cambisses won, Tattler second, Lancaster third. Time 1:43¼.

RAIDING A DEN.

Sportsmen Caught Up With in Columbia, S. C.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 23.—[Special.]—The proceedings in the city court this morning were unusually enlivened by the prosecution of J. M. Elson, for keeping a gambling house. The chief of police raided the establishment at midnight, ascertained the names of the parties present, and had them up before the mayor this morning. The crowd were caught in the act of playing keno. Elson and his two partners pleaded guilty, and were fined each forty dollars. Four players got off with ten dollars each, and other players asked time to prove their innocence. The house has long been suspected. It is in the heart of the city, within a few yards of the city court room. Many of the players are supposed to have escaped by jumping out of the windows. This is the first raid made of a gambling house in many years, and it is expected to do much good in suppressing such establishments.

Surrendered to the Sheriff.

COVINGTON, GA., June 23.—[Special.]—D. Johnson shot and killed Iverson Perry last night, both colored. Johnson came in and surrendered to Sheriff Anderson. They both lived on Mr. James Cook's place, four miles above town. This makes four killings in this county since the 25th of last December.

POOR JOHN IS SAD

On Account of the News From Chicago.

WILL SHERMAN WITHDRAW?

Crowding About the Bulletin Boards at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—[Special.]—Senator Sherman was at the capitol early this morning. From his own committee room he went into that of appropriations for awhile. It was seen that the senator was feeling quite blue; that he had about abandoned hope, and that he was sorely disappointed. However, he did not manifest such feeling to the public. He was only more reserved, more thoughtful, than yesterday.

Senator Allison was apparently as unconcerned as if he was not in the race. He went on with his committee work as usual, stopping to read the bulletins as they were sent to the committee room. There was a dense crowd around the bulletin board in the secretary's office, and the corner of the house corridor, where bulletins are posted, was kept at a temperature even above the weather by the closely packed crowd.

WHAT MADE HIM SAD.

It is said that some of Senator Sherman's friends sent him discouraging telegrams this morning, and that accounted for his despondency; but it was only temporary, for the result of the first ballot taken today (the fourth in all) showed that the Sherman forces were holding well together, despite breaks in other directions. This fact raised Sherman stock materially in the general estimation.

The house lobby, after the first bulletin had arrived, was crowded with members and officers of the house. Near the west end of the lobby a bulletin had been erected, but it required too much time to paste the dispatches, so an employe of the house climbed upon a table, and read the bulletins as they came. When New York announced 59 votes for Harrison, Mr. Randall remarked: "That means business."

Every seat in the lobby was occupied, and many members were standing. For a time the house was almost deserted.

WILL SHERMAN BE WITHDRAWN?

When information came that the convention had taken a recess until 4 o'clock there were general expressions of disappointment. As ex-Governor Foster made the motion to adjourn, that was taken to mean that the proceeding was in the interest of Sherman, but as the balloting stopped the crowds left the bulletin boards.

It is generally regarded here that the adjournment to Monday takes Sherman from the field. Indeed, among senators and members, who claim to have inside information, it is said that the fight has positively narrowed down to McKinley and Blaine. They say that although the Blaine men have control of the convention, yet the aggressive anti-Blaine men are too many to be ignored. The delay of adjournment was had to give as much time as possible to overcome the strong anti-Blaine minority, as it is not desired to nominate the Maine statesman except by a practically unanimous vote.

TO WAIT ON THE PRESIDENT.

The notification committee appointed to give President Cleveland official notice of his nomination by the national democratic convention will meet at the Arlington Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, and, together with the national democratic committee, they will proceed in a body to the white house, where the president will be officially notified of his nomination. It is expected that Mr. Thurman, the nominee for the vice-presidency, will be present, and will be informed of his selection at the same time.

After the formality is over the two committees will be taken in charge by the Columbia Democratic club for a drive around the city, and then be escorted to a boat for a trip to Mount Vernon and Marshall hall. At Marshall hall supper will be served. All the leading local democrats will be in attendance, together with representatives of the administration.

A committee of the Columbia club, consisting of Messrs. William Dickson, M. A. McGowan, M. I. Weller, Captain John S. Miller and John Hadley Doyle, together with Chairman Rowe of the central committee, called on the president yesterday, and informed him of the arrangements made for entertaining the committeemen. The president expressed gratification at learning of the provisions made by the Columbia club for the entertainment.

MRS. CLEVELAND'S NEW HAT.

Mrs. Cleveland wears a new Gainsborough hat of black leghorn, in her afternoon drives, that is very becoming to her girlish beauty. The hat is trimmed with white ostrich tips, and has a wide, curled brim. With it she wears a simple dress of white muslin. The president has donned his white straw hat with the black ribbon band.

E. W. B.

THE DAY IN THE HOUSE.

The International Maritime Conference—Chinese Treaty—Public Buildings.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The speaker laid before the house messages from the president, returning, without his approval, five private pension bills.

Mr. Belmont presented the conference report on the international maritime conference bill. Agreed to.

The appropriation is fixed at $20,000, as it was in the original Belmont bill. The time and place of meeting is left discretionary with the president, with the proviso that the commission of delegates shall expire January 1st, 1890.

Mr. Belmont also reported from the committee on foreign affairs, a bill introduced by him to give effect to the Chinese treaty. The only amendments are provisions taken from the Morrow bill, making the bill take effect upon ratification of the treaty and wiping out the section allowing six months during which the Chinese may return upon certificates.

The report is unanimous, Mr. Morrow consenting to the recommendation that his bill lie upon the table.

After a struggle lasting an hour on the order of business, the public buildings committee secured the floor and Mr. Dibble, of South Carolina, called up the senate bill for the construction of a building at Portland, Oregon, with an amendment reducing the appropriation from $500,000 to $350,000. By further amendment this amount was still further reduced to $200,000.

The whole afternoon was spent in an effort to get a quorum, and, failing to secure one, on the proposition to report the Portland bill favorably, the house at 2:40 adjourned.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The following is a statement of the associated banks for the week ending today:

Reserve decrease	$ 894,300
Loans increase	2,303,100
Specie decrease	394,100
Legal tenders decrease	25,400
Deposits increase	1,898,000
Circulation increase	346,000

The banks now hold $27,769,400 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The bond offerings yesterday were $301,100; accepted $35,100 fours at 1.28.

Jos. W. Lee, a prominent resident of Norfolk, Va., shot himself in the head, dying instantly. Financial embarrassment was the cause.

Fire at Holbrook, Arizona, destroyed the entire business section, including the Atlantic and Pacific depot, section houses and a number of cars. Loss $200,000.

BIBLE STUDIES.

International Sabbath School Lessons for 1888.

Lesson XXVII for July 8—The Golden Calf—Exodus, Thirty-Second Chapter, 15-26 Verses.

[These Sunday-school lessons are taken from "Bible Studies for 1888," by Rev. Geo. F. Pentecost, D. D., and republished by THE CONSTITUTION by permission of A. S. Barnes & Co., 111 William street, New York.]

GOLDEN TEXT.—Little children, keep yourselves from idols.—I. John, v, 21.

And Moses turned, and went down from the mount, and the two tables of the testimony were in his hand: the tables were written on both their sides; on the one side and on the other were they written. And the tables were the work of God, and the writing was the writing of God, graven upon the tables. And when Joshua heard the noise of the people as they shouted, he said unto Moses, There is a noise of war in the camp. And he said, It is not the voice of them that shout for mastery, neither is it the voice of them that cry for being overcome; but the noise of them that sing do I hear. And it came to pass, as soon as he came nigh unto the camp, that he saw the calf, and the dancing: and Moses' anger waxed hot, and he cast the tables out of his hands, and brake them beneath the mount. And he took the calf which they had made, and burnt it in the fire, and ground it to powder, and strewed it upon the water, and made the children of Israel drink of it. And Moses said unto Aaron, What did this people unto thee, that thou hast brought so great a sin upon them? And Aaron said, Let not the anger of my lord wax hot: thou knowest the people, that they are set on mischief. For they said unto me, Make us gods, which shall go before us: for as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of Egypt, we wot not what is become of him. And I said unto them, Whoever hath any gold, let them break it off. So they gave it me: then I cast it into the fire, and there came out this calf. And when Moses saw that the people were naked, (for Aaron had made them naked unto their shame among their enemies,) then Moses stood in the gate of the camp, and said, Who is on the Lord's side? let him come unto me. And all the sons of Levi gathered themselves together unto him.—Exodus xxxii, 15-26.

Just forty days had elapsed since Moses had read and repeated the contents of the Book of the Covenant in the hearing of all the people and they had solemnly ratified it, pledging themselves unreservedly to the service, and obedience to Jehovah. The prospect for the intercourse between Jehovah and his people seemed good. Moses had, in obedience to the further command of God, gone up into the mountain to receive from his hands the tables of the Law, which was to be the expression of God's righteousness and the standard of the people's righteousness; the very foundation upon which all their moral relations with God should be built. The xxv, xxvi, xxvii, xxviii, xxix, xxx and xxxi chapters are taken up with a detailed account of the building and furnishing of the tabernacle, and belongs chronologically between the eleventh and twelfth verses of the twenty-fourth chapter. What the people were doing during these forty days in which Moses was in the mount we are not told, except that toward the close of that period they had become restless at Moses' long absence; and taking it for granted, in their blind and unbelieving way, that he had either forsaken them or was dead, they determined to take matters in their own hands; and forsaking Jehovah, they forced or persuaded Aaron to join with them in building a Golden Calf, which should stand to them for the visible sign of God, and start on their journey, either on toward the promised land, or back toward Egypt. They were like that unfaithful servant in the New Testament (Matt. xxiv, 48-9) who said: "My lord delayeth his coming, and began to smite his fellow-servants, and to eat and to drink with the drunken." They gathered themselves together, and went to Aaron, who was left in charge of the camp and of God's interests and worship, and said: "Up, make us gods which shall go before us; for as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of Egypt, we wot not what is become of him." A declaration of their own faithlessness and base ingratitude toward God and his servant Moses, that no language can sufficiently portray. Aaron weakly yielded to their demands, and with the contributions of gold from the women, who were in the lot breaking out their ear-rings, cast a calf of gold for them, around which they assembled, and with noisy songs and probably lascivious dancing (for they were naked and had been feasting, eating and drinking), they profaned and blasphemed the name of Jehovah by pretending that they were worshiping him. Jehovah saw this from his place in heaven, though it was hid from Moses, and spoke to Moses declaring his purpose to destroy them; which purpose he was turned from by the intercession of Moses, whose prayer is one of the most beautiful expressions of grace anywhere seen in God's word, and beautifully typifies our Lord's intercession for us. This brings us to the text of our lesson, from which point we shall go on with more particularity.

I.—Moses' Descent from the Mountain.

Already the two beautiful tablets on which the ten commandments were written were in his hands, when his intercession with God had secured their respite from the destruction of the Lord.

1.—CONCERNING THE TABLES OF TESTIMONY.

These were the tablets on which the ten commandments were written. They were probably not nearly so large as we are accustomed to think them. Certainly neither so large nor so heavy but that Moses easily carried them, one in one hand and one in the other. Perhaps he carried them as we say, one under each arm. "They were the work of God." It is not necessary to suppose that they were newly created for that purpose, but selected from material already at hand in the mountain. The essential thought in connection with them is that these ten commandments—the Law of God—were in no sense the offspring of Moses' thought. He never conceived such a system of righteousness. These wonderful words, which shine out more clearly and resplendently after these four thousand years than ever before, which have never been superceded or improved upon even in the thought of man, were God's own revelation of righteousness. "The tables were the work of God; the writing was the writing of God." No wonder Jesus said to them: "I came not to destroy the law," either by superseding them with another law, or by adding to them, or taking away from them, even by so much as a jot or a tittle. They must stand forever as the highest expression of divine righteousness, and though the Law is not the Gospel, and must not be confounded with it in any way, and can not do aught for us but make manifest our sin, it nevertheless lies at the foundation of our salvation; for, Jesus having perfectly fulfilled it for us, the Spirit fulfills it in us and itself becomes our defense and justification.

2.—MOSES' DESCENT FROM THE MOUNTAIN.

Armed with these two tables of testimony, Moses, no doubt with swelling heart and joyous anticipation of the further delight and gladness of the people when they should see this further manifestion of the divine favor in giving them this heaven-written law, started down the mountain. After he had passed down and out of the cloud, which had shut him in with God and away from the sight of even Joshua, his faithful servant who went so far with him, and coming again to the place where Joshua had been waiting for him all these forty days, he proceeded on his way to the camp. Still further down the side of the mountain they went. Suddenly the sound of voices smote on their ears. Joshua was the first to hear it, and at once reported it to Moses, supposing it was the shout of combatants. Noises at a distance coming up over a shoulder of the mountain would be indistinct; but the better trained ear of Moses, or his better judgment, told him that it was neither the shout of those who were victorious in battle, nor the cry of those who were defeated. It was the sound, or the voice of revelry. It is noted by travelers that in all the latter part of the descent from Sinai, the plain at its base is shut out from sight; and that sounds would be heard from it a long time before the plain would open on the view. (Stanley, Sinai and Palestine, p. 44.) But now, approaching the edge of that projecting table on the mount beneath which the whole camp lay spread out before him, the dreadful spectacle of the idolatrous revel around the calf filled his eye. Much more did it fill his heart: first with amazement, then with bitter disappointment, and finally with an upspringing anger, which was as the anger of God. We leave the feelings of disappointment and sorrow which came over Moses to be imagined by our readers.

II.—The Anger of Moses.

After the first burst of astonishment, shame and sorrow had flooded his heart, there burst up a very volcano of anger, for it is recorded that "Moses' anger waxed hot." Some have been disposed to censure Moses for this outburst of anger, supposing that it was the result of his naturally hasty temper (for that was characteristic of Moses, as witness the slaying of the Egyptians in his early days, and his fatal smiting of the rock in his later years), a temper which he had so far under government that he had the title of "the meekest man." We do not take this view of the case. His anger was legitimate and proper. He was not angry on his own account, but on God's account. He was angry because of their sin. In his hands he had a testimony from God, the first words of which solemnly forbade them to make any graven image, or to worship any other God beside Jehovah; and right here, before his eyes, they were shattering that commandment to pieces and trampling it under their feet. Now he understood why God wanted to destroy them. Now he saw as God had seen in the mountain. He had but interceded for them, and thus he sees them wallowing in sin. He was a meek man, a loving man, a man who had been ready to die for them; a man who had won their lives by his intercession. It was not personal provocation, but burning and righteous indignation and wrath. It just typifies a little that "wrath of the Lamb," which will burn against the persistent rejecters of grace and mercy at the last day (Rev. vi, 16, 17; xvi, 19).

2.—THE OCCASION OF HIS ANGER.

We have just stated in a general way what this was: the sin of the people in worshiping a calf, the work of their own hands. This was their outward transgression. It will be worth our while to analyze a little the sin of their hearts, lying back of their actions. (a) It exposed "an evil heart of unbelief, in departing from the Living God," which was, in fact, at the bottom of all the ten great transgressions laid against them during their wilderness wanderings (Num. xiv, 22). In "their hearts they had turned back to Egypt," from which the Lord had delivered them (Acts vii, 39); they had forgotten that they were purged from their old sins, and had returned, "like a dog to his vomit and a sow to her wallowing in the mire." (b) They had yielded to their senses, and allowed them to assert their supremacy over their faith. Losing sight of Moses, they lost sight of God. Their old carnal tendencies were reasserting themselves, and they were practicing the abominations of Egypt from which they had been delivered. The ingrained evil habits of their nature were allowed to have sway over what they knew to be the better life. (c) Their sin was aggravated by the fact that they were sinning under an hypocritical pretense of still worshiping the Lord, even as Jeroboam caused Israel to sin in after times (I. Kings xiii, 33-34). They were worshiping their own idols, while pretending to serve God. A sin which is fearfully common today, though the golden calf is not visibly set up. Their sin was further aggravated by the double fact that they had but recently, and in the most solemn manner, pledged themselves to the service of Jehovah, and at the very time Moses was in the mount on their behalf, and God was doing wonders for them; the very time when, of all others, they should have been prayerfully and patiently waiting on God.

3.—MANIFESTATION OF HIS ANGER.

Moses manifested his anger in two ways: (a) He cast down the tables of stone out of his hands and brake them. This certainly was a most momentous action. It was not an unadvised one, as some have thought. True, it was a most solemn responsibility to have taken. How sacred and precious those tables were, given, as they were, amid the awful splendors of that interview with God, the work of God, and the writing of God, as they were. But in speaking of the action later, Moses does not speak as though he had done a rash thing (Deut. ix, 17-20, which ought to be read most carefully with this lesson), but a well-advised thing. Why should he have not thus, by tragic action, clearly set before their eyes their dreadful sin? They had first broken that holy law by their idolatry, and now he shows them what they have done, all the more surely because the tables were so sacred, and had been so solemnly received from God's hand. Henceforth they were to live and be dealt with under a broken law. This, as has been said, "fittingly sets forth the Law's entrance into a sinful and sinning world." (b) "And he took the calf which they had made, and ground it to powder, and made the children of Israel drink of it." Moses had no difficulty in quelling that mob of idolatrers, and bringing them into subjection. His tragic action in breaking the tables of stone in their sight was followed by his commanding presence in the midst of the camp. With his face flushed with anger, and his eyes blazing with holy wrath, he quickly cowed their coward and conscience-stricken hearts. Tearing the calf from the pedestal, he cast it into the furnace in which it was originally fired, until it was calcined; then strewing it upon the waters of the brook flowing through the camp, compelled them to drink it with the water. By this act he at once humiliated both them and their god, showing them what a contemptible thing it was. Compelling them to drink the dust of their god, he fittingly set before them the lesson that they must eat of the fruit of their own doings. Verily, the way of the transgressor is hard. The pride and naughtiness of sin shall be brought down, the sinner is humiliated, and made to eat the bitter fruit of his sin. As a man sows, so shall he reap. No small part of one's punishment in this life, and in the life to come, is in the reaping of the harvest himself hath sown.

III.—Aaron's Rebuke and Apology.

Turning from the people, Moses next arraigns Aaron, though he was his brother and the high priest. "What did this people unto thee that thou hast brought so great a sin upon them?" He does not hesitate to charge the guilt of their doing upon his head, and sets before him the fact of his responsibility in the matter.

1.—AARON'S SIN.

Some have attempted to excuse Aaron on the following grounds, which, indeed, was substantially his own version of the matter: That he was overborne by the mob, and if he had stood out against them they would have stoned him; and, finally, that it was better for him to put himself at the head of the apostasy, and so control it, than to leave them to their own wild and lawless proceedings; that he testified his own disapproval by causing them to be stripped of their clothing, that the shame of their nakedness might appear. This is ingenious; but we know, from Deut. ix, 20, that there was no excuse, and especially no justification. Aaron was the responsible head of the camp in the absence of Moses; as high priest he was God's representative, and as such he had consented to the sin of the people, and helped them in it, and seems to have done so without the least protest or remonstrance on his part. He was a weak man, who gave way to the mob without even so much as making one effort to stand up for God and the right.

2.—AARON'S APOLOGY.

Quailing before Moses, and conscious of his guilt in the matter, he first deprecated the anger of Moses, and then proceeded to throw the blame of the whole matter upon the people, declaring that the thing just "came about," as men sometimes say. "I cast it (the gold) into the fire, and there came out a calf." Thus men excuse their sins, who ought to stand firm for the right and for God. It is the world-old justification. "The woman thou gavest me, she did eat of the tree and gave it unto me." There is a remarkable similarity between the inquisition of God after Adam's sin, and that of Moses after Aaron's. Almost all sin is justified in this way. It is the custom of others to do so and so; it is according to the laws of business, and it is impossible for us to stand against the universal trend of things. Society is so organized. My partners and associates do it; though evil, still it is done in the name of religion. To resist and stand out is to bring one's self in collision with public sentiment, and so destroy one's influence and opportunities for usefulness; and so on to the end of the chapter. "The Lord was very angry with Aaron and would have destroyed him" but for Moses' intercession (Deut. ix, 20); and so these same sins of ours would bring destruction upon us but for our Savior's intercession. Let us not strain the grace that interposes on our behalf.

IV.—The Call to Repentance.

Having dealt with the people and with Aaron in condemning them for their sin, Moses now takes his place in the gate of the camp, and calls upon them to repent, forsake their evil way, acknowledge their sin by coming at once to his side, and thus make open confession of their sin and purpose to amend their way. "Who is on the Lord's side? Let him come unto me." This also gave opportunity for any who may not have been drawn into this apostasy to declare themselves. God has a controversy with sinners. It is necessary for every man to take sides. Before proceeding to punishment, God gives opportunity for repentance, and calls upon whosoever will to accept his mercy. This is the lesson here. Our assignment of Scripture ends in the midst of the story of Judgment which followed. We know from the account that the sons of Levi at once sprang to the side of Moses, repudiating the sin of the people and of Aaron the high priest, and took God's side. Further on we are told how the matter ended. Girding on their swords, the children of Levi, at Moses' command, began an attack upon the rebels who stood out. On that day three thousand men were slain before the Lord. The rebellion was subdued, the rest of the people submitted. It has been pertinently observed that when the law came, three thousand souls were slain, while on the first day of the Gospel proclamation three thousand sinners were saved.

NOTE.—It is necessary for a right understanding of the spirit of Moses in this terrible transaction to read, as I have already pointed out, Deut. ix, 18, 19. For forty days and nights that great-hearted man mourned over their sins, neither eating bread nor taking drink; pleading for them and Aaron until the Lord hearkened and spared them, as he had before hearkened in the mount (Ex. xxxii, 11-14). In his prayer he even went so far in his entreaty as to say unto the Lord: "And now if thou wilt forgive their sin—and if not, blot me, I pray thee, out of thy book which thou hast written."

A NEGRO DIES,

Without a Doctor, Without Help, and Alone—Colored Citizens Excited.

There was considerable feeling stirred up among the colored people of the sixth ward yesterday by the evidence introduced at the coroner's inquest over the body of a negro named Peter White, found dead in his bed.

White's dead body was first discovered about ten o'clock Friday night.

It was then left without any attention whatever, until shortly before the coroner's jury was empanelled yesterday forenoon.

The man had died alone, and, judging from the position of the body, the clinched hands and glaring eyes, the drawn face and parted lips, he had died in great agony.

One greasy little bottle, containing about two tablespoonsful of a reddish colored liquid, was lying near by on a rickety cane-bottomed chair. A small smoke-stained lamp, with a broken chimney, and a few scraps of dry cornbread—that was all.

The miserable lump of a pillow was covered with red blotches of blood, and the ragged quilt had been doubled up against the foot of the bed by the dying struggles of the unfortunate negro.

And that's the way it was left until yesterday morning.

Judge Manning, acting coroner, was informed of the matter, and after a short investigation he decided that an inquest was necessary.

White's home for some time past has been on what is known as Knott's alley—a piece of an alley that leaves Harris street, between Calhoun and Courtland streets, running for about a hundred yards in the direction of Cain and then stopping abruptly against a plank fence.

A sort of hog path winds through the weeds and gullies, and in one of the three or four little shanties in the alley the jury met to hold the inquest.

Something like humanity had prompted one of the negro women in the neighborhood to smooth the cover over the body, and to wash away the blood that had been trickling from the nose. The body had been prepared as well as the delay would permit.

There were several witnesses, all of them neighbors of the dead man.

The evidence showed that White had been confined to his bed with consumption for some weeks. About three weeks ago he had a hemorrhage of the lungs. A doctor was called in at that time, and gave a prescription. Since that time no physician had attended the man. From time to time a curious neighbor would drop in and bring a few scraps of bread, and so the negro lived. It is safe to say that outside a radius of one hundred yards around the negro's house nothing was known of the case. The negro was left alone often for a day at a time, and unable to turn himself over in his bed.

About six o'clock Friday afternoon a negro woman named Mattie Shepherd came into the sick man's room.

"He was breathin' mighty heavy," said the woman, "and he was moving about like it hurt him. He said, 'Mattie, I'm a dyin'.' That was about six o'clock, and I didn't say much to him. I knowed I couldn't do anything for him, so I jes went an' told some of the neighbors that ole man White was dyin'. None of 'em didn't go there till they found him about ten o'clock."

That was four hours after he had been found in a dying condition by Mattie Shepherd.

Nobody knows how he died, or when he died.

The jury rendered the following verdict:

We, the jury summoned and empanelled in the inquest on the body of Peter White, here lying dead before us, proved from the evidence adduced and the opinion of the county physician, that deceased came to his death from consumption and hemorrhage of the lungs. W. C. MADDOX, foreman.

"It was about all they could do," said Judge Manning, "because of course the neighbors are not legally bound to help even a dying man. But I never knew a more heartless case. It was simply terrible."

The darky was buried yesterday afternoon at the expense of the county.

He was only a pauper, and they gave him a pauper's grave.

The Aged Housewife's Prayer.

I pray that, risen from the dead,
  I may in glory stand,
A crown, perhaps, upon my head—
  But a needle in my hand.

I've had no time to learn to play—
  So let no harp be mine;
Through all my life, by night and day,
  Plain sewing's been my line.

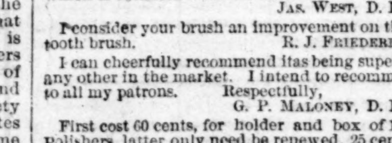
Therefore, accustomed, to the end,
  To plying useful stitches,
I'll be content if asked to mend
  The little angels' breeches.

—Eugene Field, in Chicago News.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Three Prominent New Orleans Dentists

Voice the opinion of their profession after thorough test of the



NEW ORLEANS, June 11th, 1888.

After satisfactory trial, I can safely say that the polish obtained from the Felt is superior to that which is obtained from the bristles.
JAS. WEST, D. D. S.

I consider your brush an improvement on the old tooth brush.
R. J. FRIEDERICHS.

I can cheerfully recommend it as being superior to any other in the market. I intend to recommend it to all my patrons. Respectfully,
G. P. MALONEY, D. D. S.

First cost 60 cents, for holder and box of 18 Felt Polishers, latter only need be renewed, 25 cents per box; holder imperishable: at all dealers or mailed by HORSEY M'F'G CO., Utica, N. Y.
At wholesale by A. J. HALTIWANGER.
may17 3m eod fol r m no 1

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

A GREAT DAY

Will be That of the Veterans' at Chautauqua.

Plenty of Music and a Grand Barbecue on July 4th—The Work at the Grounds—Low Rates.

It is 13,512 minutes, including nights, until the gates of the Piedmont Chautauqua are thrown open to the public.

Confederate Veterans' Day at Chautauqua.

The Chautauqua grounds will be formally opened to the public on the morning of July 4th, at eight o'clock.

The day will be given to the Confederate Veterans' association. A programme of speech making, camp fires, singing of old songs, and the playing of old music will be arranged.

There will be three bands on the ground, and the first musician who attempts to play a tune that was not in vogue during the war in the confederate camps; will be instantly tabooed. Nothing will be heard on that day but the "Bonny Blue Flag," "Lorena," "The Girl I Left Behind Me," "Jaunita," "My Maryland," "Dixie," and the other tunes that stirred the soldier's heart in the days that tried men's souls. This inhibition against new and classical music does not apply to the Hungarian Gypsy quartette which comes here to open the Chautauqua season.

Arrangments will be made for the recitation of a dozen war poems such "All's Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight," "The Picket's Last Shot," "Little Giffen of Tennessee," and other famous stirring war ballads.

There will be speaking by distinguished orators morning and evening. Governor Gordon, General Phil Cook, Captain E. P. Howell, Hon. Lowndes Calhoun, Hon. Ben Abbot, and others will make short speeches. Regimental camp fires will be organized all through the Chautauqua groves, and the Hon. Ben Abbott will award the confederate survivors a medal for the best war story or anecdote told at their camp fire during the day, the same to be repeated by the winner upon receiving the medal.

An immense barbecue will be provided at two o'clock, and will be under charge of Mr. Primrose, of Augusta, who is said to be without an equal in the country. Every meat within the limit of the law will be barbecued, and it is estimated that the pits will extend for a mile. Added to the barbecue will be a splendid dinner of vegetables and pastry.

This day is for the benefit of the Confederate Survivor's association. This association will get a percentage of the sale of the tickets, and will get the receipts from the barbecue to go to their funds for building a home for disabled confederate soldiers. The rate for the round trip, including admission to the Chautauqua grounds and concert and exercise, will be sixty cents. The charge for tickets to the barbecue will be twenty-five cents. Arrangements have been made to carry five thousand people out of Atlanta on that day. Every old soldier in the city and the family of every old soldier should rally to the support of the Survivor's association on this day, and at the same time open the Chautauqua grounds with such a boom as will insure the success of the session. All the local military will be invited to go out as escort to the confederate survivors, and it is believed that all will attend. The Fourth will be made a great day at Chautauqua, and every man who can do so should close his place of business in Atlanta on that day and go out with the old soldiers.

The Work at the Grounds.

Mr. James R. Wylie, who has been in charge of the work at the grounds, reported yesterday afternoon that fine progress was being made. There are now nearly one thousand men on the pay roll, and he is organizing to carry out two hundred additional workmen Monday morning. With this force he says everything can be ready for the grand opening on the Fourth. A wonderful change has been made in the appearance of things during the present week.

Low Rates for Chautauqua.

The Piedmont Chautauqua will have lower rates than has ever been given to a similar assembly north or south. As already advertised, a rate of one fare for the round trip has been secured from all points in North and South Carolina, Florida, Tennessee, Alabama, and Columbus, Miss. Tickets at this half rate will be sold on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, and good until the 15th of September. So that any one within this territory can come to the Chautauqua at half price any week during the two months and remain as long as desired.

The Rates on Georgia Roads.

The Virginia Beach association left the Georgia roads to agree on a rate to the Chautauqua within the state of Georgia. There is hardly a doubt that this rate will be put at a cent a mile, and perhaps less on long distance. Mr. E. R. Dorsey, of the Georgia road, states that he is ready to agree to a rate of one cent a mile for distance traveled, provided the other roads are willing; these tickets to be sold two days in each week during the Chautauqua session. Mr. Dorsey also agrees to attach the Chautauqua coupon to all tickets sold. Mr. Charlton, of the Central railroad, says that he is unable to fix a rate for his road until all the roads in Georgia meet, but that he is satisfied the rate will be made satisfactory when the roads get together. Mr. Joseph M. Brown, of the Western and Atlantic road, is already on record as agreeing to a rate of one cent a mile for two or even three days in each week, and make the tickets good for return to September 15th. From the very first, Mr. James L. Taylor, of the Richmond and Danville road, has been in favor of a low rate, and will doubtless make such a rate for all points on his line within the state. Mr. Wrenn is always to the front with low rates and good accommodations. Mr. Cromwell, of the West Point road, says he will do all in his power to make the Chautauqua a success, and of course the Georgia Pacific road will meet even the most liberal proposition for low rates.

A meeting of passenger agents of Georgia roads will probably be called in Atlanta Tuesday or Wednesday, and the matter will then be definitely settled. We feel sure that the outcome will be a rate of one cent a mile within the state limits, and the Chautauqua coupons will be attached to the tickets and sold two days out of each week for the two months.

These rates will bring to Atlanta a hundred thousand people during the months of July and August, and Atlanta may as well make up her mind now to get ready to entertain this number, as it halts on its way here to and from Chautauqua.

Chautauqua Notes.

Mr. Louis Witte, of New Orleans, and Mr. Palmer, of James Palmer & Son, of Rochester, N. Y., both competitors in the great pyrotechnic contest at Chautauqua, are in the city looking over the grounds on which the contest is to occur, and making preparations. Mr. Witte fired some of his whistling rockets at Chautauqua yesterday, and found them a perfect success. Aquatic fireworks will be introduced into the contest, as well as aerial.

Messrs. Roberts Bros., of Chicago, telegraph that they have shipped four sample tents by express, to be exhibited to Chautauqua visitors. These tents will reach Atlanta Monday morning, and will be put up at some convenient place in the city for examination.

Mr. R. J. Douglas, of Waukegan, Ill., shipped on yesterday sixteen boats for Lake Erskine, at Chautauqua. These boats are of the best make, trimmed with walnut and with nickel oar locks. As soon as these boats arrive, the order for those best adapted will be doubled, until a fleet of twenty-five boats is secured.

Messrs. James Pian & Sons telegraph that they shipped by Thursday's steamer five casks of pyramid candles, just imported from London for the "Fairy Scene" at the Chautauqua ground, and that ten more casks will follow by the next steamer. It requires over eight thousand candles for a single night's illumination, which will last for four nights.

Mr. Bellingrath has an immense force of men at work laying the pipe for the lake at Chautauqua, and says he will be ready to turn water on from the pumping station at Crystal spring, on the morning of the 28th. Mr. DeWitte, who is in charge of the work at the lake, says he will be ready for the water at that time. The pipe will deliver 360,000 gallons of water every twenty-four hours, and in addition to the two streams that feed the lake, it will require ten days to fill the five and a half acres.

BICYCLES.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

Do You Want a Bicycle?

Now is the Time to Get One!

BICYCLES SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS

Locks, Lamps, Oils, Cement, Cyclometers and All Kinds of Sundries.

BOYS' BICYCLES A SPECIALTY!

We are Agents for the Celebrated

GORMULLY & JEFFERY BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

In the following counties: Fulton, DeKalb, Rockdale, Newton, Greene, Taliaferro, McDuffie, Wilkes, Oglethorpe, Elbert, Hart, Franklin, Banks, Habersham, Gwinnett, Milton, Cobb, Cherokee, Pickens, Gilmer, Clayton, Henry, Butts, Jasper, Jones, Putnam and Hancock.

Positively the Highest Grade Bicycle Made.

Awarded First Premium at Piedmont Exposition.

Send for Catalogue and terms.

SOUTHERN BICYCLE EXCHANGE,
42½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER COMPANY

Salt Springs, Ga.

HAVING LEASED FROM MESSRS. E. W. MARSH & Co. for ten years the sole right to sell this valuable water, I beg leave to inform the public that I have erected an immense bottling works, pavillions, etc., with an authorized capital of $500,000, and am now shipping this water to all parts of this country (with agencies in Europe) put up in cases of 12 half gallon flint glass bottles (still water) for medicinal use, and in cases of 50 pints and 50 quarts, carbonated, for table use, hotels and clubs (having the same medicinal properties), which is unrivalled as a mixer of wines, liquors, etc.

The analysis on each bottle challenges the criticism of the medical faculty for Bright's Disease, Kidney Affection, Stone in the Bladder, Eczema, and all Uric Acid troubles, Blood Poison, etc.

For sale by all druggists.

FLOYD CHANEY,
Of Gilbert Manufacturing Co., New York.

P. S.—We will ship, without cost, to any physician in the United States, a case of this water as a test of its merits. June 23-3m-Sat.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

BALTIMORE.

Announcements for the next academic year are now ready and will be sent on application. w

SALT SPRINGS HOTEL

LOCATED AT SALT SPRINGS STATION ON THE Georgia Pacific railway, twenty miles west of Atlanta, Ga. Always open. Rooms thoroughly renovated. Table supplied with the best. All are invited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.
tu,sat MRS. S. L. COOKE, Proprietress

ATLANTA, Ga., June 21st, 1888.

THE FIRM OF BETTS, EVANS & JONES, wholesale and retail lumber dealers, at 158 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., has been dissolved by mutual consent, D. C. Jones having bought the interests of J. S. Betts and J. W. Evans, will continue business at the old stand, and assumes all the liabilities and will collect all debts due the late firm.
J. S. BETTS,
J. W. EVANS,
june 23 d 5t sat D. C. JONES.

Special Saturday Evening Excursion Rates

—TO—

Summer Resorts on the Air-Line Division,

RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. R.

	$
Atlanta to Norcross	65
" to Strickland Springs	90
" to Gainesville	1 75
" to New Holland	1 95
" to White Sulphur Springs station	1 95
" to Mt. Airy	2 65
" to Clarksville	2 85
" to Tallulah Falls	3 35
" to Toccoa	3 10

These tickets will be sold only for trains leaving Atlanta Saturday afternoon, good to return on any regular passenger train arriving at Atlanta not later than 12 o'clock noon the following Monday.

J. L. TAYLOR, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
L. L. McCLESKEY, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
june 23d sat tif

CNCINNATI, WALNUT HILLS.

Miss Nourse's

English and French Family and Day School

Will re-open Sept. 26. Pupils may join special classes in Languages, Literature and Art, or may take the full course of study fitting for College Examination. Circulars and further information can be had during the Summer on application to the above address. sat sun

"The Brown & King Supply Co"

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPERior court of said county: George S. Brown, Barrington J. King, R. J. Lowry and George W. Parrott pray that they, and such other persons as they may associate with them, may be made and declared to be a body corporate under the name of "The Brown & King Supply Co.," for a period of twenty years with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of that period. All of said corporators named are of said state and county, and the principal office of said corporation shall be in Atlanta, Ga., but they ask power to establish and locate other offices at such points as may be desirable to them.

The capital stock of said company, actually paid in, shall be twenty-five thousand dollars, but petitioners ask the privilege of increasing said amount to fifty thousand dollars at any time the stockholders shall decide so to do.

The principal business of said company shall be to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in cotton and woolen mill supplies and in all general mill supplies, machinery and tools, and all such other articles of wares and merchandise as are usually kept by wholesale supply companies.

Petitioners pray for the right to buy and hold real and personal property, such as is connected with and suitable to their business, and for the right to sell, mortgage and encumber the same whenever necessary in the prosecution of their business. They desire power to make and establish all suitable rules, regulations and by-laws for the control and government of said corporation, and for the designative on election or appointment of such officers as may be necessary or proper for conducting the business of the corporation. They desire the right to sue and be sued, to have and use a common seal, and to have all such general powers, rights, privileges and immunities as are generally granted to private corporations under the laws of Georgia, and your petitioners will ever pray, etc.

ELLIS & GRAY,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office this 1st day of June, 1888.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true and correct copy, as appears of record in this office this June 1st, 1888.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
june 2, 5t sat.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, March 2d, 1888. John C. Battle, administrator of Somerfield Farris, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administrations.
mar 3 3 mos sat W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: E. T. Hunnicutt, as administrator of John C. Hunnicutt, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN,
jly1-1aw3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1, 1888: Catherine T. Flynn, as administratrix of John H. Flynn has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
june 2 9 16 23 30

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 4, 1888.—Livingston Mims, administrator of the estate of Robert E. Allen, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next why said Livingston Mims should not be discharged from said administration.
may 7-1aw3mosMon W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 5th, 1888.—Henry R. Harris, guardian of Robert Lucius L., Henry, Louise, Neal and his infant child unnamed, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minors: This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
1aw4w—may7 12 19 26 ju2

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNEY—ORDINARY'S Office, April 6th, 1888.—Robert F. Maddox, administrator of Hannah Weakley, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in July next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
1aw3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY — ORDINARY'S office, May 4, 1888—Benj. J. Taliaferro, as administrator of V. H. Taliaferro, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
1aw4w—may 7 12 19 26 ju2 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: Walter B. Tomlinson the guardian of Jessie G. Tomlinson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if they can, on or before the first Monday in July next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2-9-16-23-30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—COURT OF Ordinary, Chambers, June 1st, 1888: To Mary M. Morgan, heir-at-law of Samuel G. Pegg, deceased, who resides out of said state: Nancy Katherine Pegg having as legatee, applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next July term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in July next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
je 2 9 16 23 30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1st, 1888: Franklin P. Ford has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Margaret L. Elam, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
je 2 9 16 23 30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: Walter Catchings has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Eliza Catchings, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2-9-16-23-30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: George Bancoft, as executor of the will of Lizzie Baker, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
jly1-1aw3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 4, 1888.—J. C. Jenkins, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth and Mary Clayton, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next why said J. C. Jenkins should not be discharged from said administration. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
may 7-1aw3mosMon

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1, 1888: S. McD. Wilson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Foster Mitchell, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2 9 16 23 30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 2, 1888.—Rosalie Haiman, administratrix of Harman L. Haiman, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore to notify all concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administratrix should not be dismissed from said administration.
mar 3-3m sat W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

AGITATION DEFEATE[D]

Triumph of the Baldwin Coun[ty] Democracy.

The Prohibition Issue not Permitted to D[is]turb the Party Councils—Other News of Interest.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]— In the nominating convention this morni[ng] for senator, both factions had gathered toge[th]er their full force, and a lively convention w[as] anticipated, but this was soon dispersed.

Captain T. H. H. Latimer, the candid[ate] of the prohibition wing, without conferri[ng] with his friends, withdrew from the race, a[nd] Colonel Whitfield was nominated by acclam[a]tion.

Captain Latimer was brought out only [a] week ago, and against his will. He had e[n]tered the race, and his withdrawal at such [a] late hour today has thrown a damper over th[e] prohibitionists here that will be felt a lo[ng] time.

EXCITEMENT IN CHEROKEE

Over the Contest for the Senatorship—Oth[er] Political Notes.

CANTON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Th[e] political excitement in this county and sen[a]torial district is beginning to shape itself an[d] take on sufficient force to make it interestin[g] both for the "dear people" and the candidate[s] themselves, for the next few months.

This county is entitled to only one represent[]ative in the house, according to the census [of] 1880. For this position we already have thr[ee] open and avowed candidates—Captain W. H. Perkinson and Jabez Galt, ex-clerk of the sup[e]rior court, who are announced in the advance[,] and Colonel P. P. DuPre, who is not public[ly] announced, but is making a "still hunt." Be[]sides this trio, there are others seriously co[n]sidering the propriety of announcing, and it [is] probable that the Farmers' Alliance will p[ut] out a candidate themselves. In th[is] connection, Major W. B. C. Pucke[tt] and Captain John B. Richards, both forme[r] representatives, and Rev. John H. Latha[m] and perhaps others are spoken of. The "Alli[]ance" claims to have about 1,000 voting mem[]bers in this county, and it is not at all improb[a]ble that they may also put out a full ticket f[or] county officers. Joe Heard, a republican, [is] also a candidate for representative—at lea[st] he is supposed to be, as he has been in the ra[ce] for representative for the last ten years [or] longer. The republican strength is extremel[y] weak, however, and there is no hope for h[is] election. The main issues in the represent[a]tive race are the "State road betterments" and extension of the Marietta and Nort[h] Georgia railroad into Atlanta, or rather th[e] person who presents himself for election mu[st] favor no "betterments," and the extension [of] the Marietta and North Georgia into Atlant[a,] else he can expect no votes from our peopl[e.] Jabez Galt is a distant relative of Joseph E. Brown, and some will seek to detract from h[is] merits because of the fact that Joseph E. Brown & Co. will ask for "betterments." W[e] expect some lively developments in the repr[e]sentative race, and also the senatorial, as th[e] aspirants for senator will be put to pretty muc[h] the same test in this county as the represent[a]tive. The senatorial aspirants have a consti[t]uency with different views on some of th[e] issues which will be before the people. Fo[r] instance, some of the voters in Forsyth count[y] do not want the Marietta and North Georg[ia] railroad extended into Atlanta, for fear that [it] would injure the property of the State road[.] Milton county does not seem to care much ho[w] it goes; but Cherokee is solid for extensio[n.] The district is composed of the counties o[f] Cherokee, Forsyth and Milton, and Cheroke[e] votes almost as much as both Forsyth an[d] Milton, and, to say the least, holds the balanc[e] of power, and will see that her interests do not suffer. The present senatorial candidates are Hons. A. J. Julian and H. L. Patterson, both of whom have represented their county, Forsyth, in the legislature one or more terms. There are others spoken of who will abide the action of a nominating convention, to be held i[n] Cumming the first Tuesday in August nex[t.] Julian and Patterson are both organized dem[]ocrats, and, as the proposition to nominate [a] candidate in the way and manner proposed does not meet the wishes of the people o[f] Forsyth county, whose time it is, by the rota[]tion system, to put out a candidate, they d[o] not propose to submit to the convention, unles[s] primaries are fairly held in each of the milit[ia] districts.

In county elections there will be, as usua[l,] more men to defeat than to elect. All th[e] present officers will likely offer for re-electio[n] either to the position they are now filling o[r] some other. Several others are already an[]nounced, and it is evident that there will b[e] enough to select a good ticket from.

In the congressional race, which will shortl[y] come on, a lively campaign is expected. Th[is] county will probably have a pretty lively tu[s]sle on the first Tuesday in August, when dele[]gates to represent the county in the congres[]sional convention, to be held in Gainesville o[n] the 14th of August, are to be selected. Hon. A. D. Candler and Judge Geo. W. Leste[r] both have friends here [and each side will, o[f] course, try to get the delegation. Colonel Can[]dler is, however, I believe, the strongest an[d] will secure the delegation from Cherokee[.] Rev. T. Pickett, the independent candidat[e] for congress in this district, has the honor o[f] hailing from this county, and in the genera[l] count of votes he will be found to come u[p] with a pretty strong following, bu[t] the nominee of the democratic part[y] will carry the county this year, I think, although as long as Cherokee remained in the 7th she rolled up an independent ma[]jority of from 300 to 500 votes for Dr. Felton[.] But many of the strongest independents o[f] olden time are now the most enthusiastic sup[]porters of the organized democracy.

Captain H. W. Newman, of this place, wh[o] has been indorsed for presidential elector fo[r] the ninth district by this and Milton countie[s] (the only counties which have acted yet), ha[s] strong letters from all over the district, and i[t] is now almost a settled fact that he will b[e] nominated, as he would make a splendid ele[c]tor and be an honor to the district and th[e] state.

The race for solicitor-general and judge o[f] this, the Blue Ridge circuit, is between Hon. George R. Brown, of this place, and Hon. T. C. Tate, of Jasper, for solicitor-general, and Hon. Will J. Winn and Judge W. M. Sessions, both of Marietta, for judge. Except the solicito[r] but little is being said regarding this race[.] The people fully recognize the fact that wit[h] either Winn or Sessions the circui[t] will be well presided over. Brown and Tate are both working hard and each recog[]nizes the fact that they have a hard fight be[]fore them. From the many letters of assur[]ance of support which Brown now has fro[m] candidates who will probably be elected, bot[h] in the circuit and out of it, it is evident that h[e] will go into the house and senate with a ma[]jority of votes for him. Colonel Brown is on[e] of the best, if not the best, lawyers in nort[h] Georgia and should he be elected the circui[t] would have an able solicitor, one who woul[d] always be found at his post watching the in[]terest of the state and the people thereof.

As before stated we look for lively politica[l] races this fall and are preparing for them[.] The representative race was formally opene[d] today at 2 o'clock, in Bell's distric[t,] when Captain W. H. Perkinson addresse[d] the people upon the issues involved in hi[s] race. He and the other aspirants will als[o] probably speak at the courthouse in Canton o[n] the first Tuesday in July, and there may als[o] be speeches made there by the the senatoria[l] aspirants. It is evident now that these race[s] will be warm and much fun to the peopl[e] is looked for. The representative race as i[t] now stand is principally between Galt an[d] Perkinson, with perhaps Perkinson in th[e] lead. DuPre has not much of a following a[t] present. But as the race progresses and whe[n] the votes are counted it may be found that an[] other and different person altogether is electe[d.]

THE BRUNSWICK CONVENTION.

How Colonel Norwood and Captain Gordo[n] Take Defeat.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 22.—[Special.]—M[r.] Norwood sums up the Brunswick conventio[n] as "three disappointments and one surpris[e."] He takes his defeat philosophically. In th[e] fight he and Captain Gordon each seemed t[o] possess many more friends than fall to th[e]

CYCLES,

TRICYCLES

Bicycle?

Time to Get One!

N EASY PAYMENTS

Cyclometers and All Kinds of ndries.

S A SPECIALTY!

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BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

DeKalb, Rockdale, Newton, Greene, thorpe, Elbert, Hart, Franklin, Banks- b, Cherokee, Pickens, Gilmer, Clay, utnam and Hancock.

t Grade Bicycle Made.

n at Piedmont Exposition.

YCLE EXCHANGE,

Street, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, March 24, 1888. John C. Battle, administrator of Somerfield Farris, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administrations.
mar 3 3 mos sat W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: E. T. Hunnicutt, as administrator of John C. Hunnicutt, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN,
jly1-law3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1, 1888: Catherine T. Flynn, as administratrix of John H. Flynn has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
june 2 9 16 23 30

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 4, 1888.—Livingston Mims, administrator of the estate of Robert E. Allen, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next why said Livingston Mims should not be discharged from said administration.
may 7-law3mosMon W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 5th, 1888.—Henry R. Harris, guardian of Robert Lucius L., Henry, Louise, Neal and his infant child unnamed, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minors: This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
law4w—may7 12 19 26 ju2

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNEY—ORDINARY'S Office, April 6th, 1888.—Robert F. Maddox, administrator of Hannah Weakley, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in July next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
law3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, May 4, 1888—Benj. Taliaferro, administrator of V. H. Taliaferro, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
law1w—may 7 12 19 26 ju2 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: Walter B. Tomlinson the guardian of Jessie G. Tomlinson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if they can, on or before the first Monday in July next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2-9-16-23-30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—COURT OF Ordinary, Chambers, June 1st, 1888: To Mary M. Morgan, heir-at-law of Samuel G. Pegg, deceased, who resides out of said state: Nancy Katherine Pegg having as legatee, applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next July term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in July next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
je 2 9 16 23 30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1st, 1888: Franklin P. Ford has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Margaret L. Lyon, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
je 2 9 16 23 30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: Walter Catchings has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Eliza Catchings, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2-9-16-23-30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, June 1st, 1888: George Bancroft, as executor of the will of Lizzie Baker, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
jly1-law3mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, May 4, 1888.—J. C. Jenkins, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth and Mary Clayton, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before first Monday in August next why said J. C. Jenkins should not be discharged from said administration.
may 7-law3mosMon W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 1, 1888: S. McD. Wilson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Foster Mitchell, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in July next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
june 2 9 16 23 30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, March 2, 1888.—Rosalie Haiman, administratrix of Herman L. Haiman, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore to notify all concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administratrix should not be dismissed from said administration.
mar 3-3m sat W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

AGITATION DEFEATED.

Triumph of the Baldwin County Democracy.

The Prohibition Issue not Permitted to Disturb the Party Councils—Other News of Interest.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.] In the nominating convention this morning for senator, both factions had gathered together their full force, and a lively convention was anticipated, but this was soon dispersed.

Captain T. H. H. Latimer, the candidate of the prohibition wing, without conferring with his friends, withdrew from the race, and Colonel Whitfield was nominated by acclamation.

Captain Latimer was brought out only a week ago, and against his will. He had entered the race, and his withdrawal at such a late hour today has thrown a damper over the prohibitionists here that will be felt a long time.

EXCITEMENT IN CHEROKEE

Over the Contest for the Senatorship—Other Political Notes.

CANTON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The political excitement in this county and senatorial district is beginning to shape itself and take on sufficient force to make it interesting, both for the "dear people" and the candidates themselves, for the next few months.

This county is entitled to only one representative in the house, according to the census of 1880. For this position we already have three open and avowed candidates—Captain W. H. Perkinson and Jabez Galt, ex-clerk of the superior court, who are announced in the advance, and Colonel P. P. DuPre, who is not publicly announced, but is making a "still hunt." Besides this trio, there are others seriously considering the propriety of announcing, and it is probable that the Farmers' Alliance will put out a candidate themselves. In this connection, Major W. B. C. Puckett and Captain John B. Richards, both former representatives, and Rev. John H. Latham and perhaps others are spoken of. The "Alliance" claims to have about 1,000 voting members in this county, and it is not at all improbable that they may also put out a full ticket for county officers. Joe Heard, a republican, is also a candidate for representative—at least he is supposed to be, as he has been in the race for representative for the last ten years or longer. The republican strength is extremely weak, however, and there is no hope for his election. The main issues in the representative race are the "State road betterments" and extension of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad into Atlanta, or rather the person who presents himself for election must favor no "betterments," and the extension of the Marietta and North Georgia into Atlanta, else he can expect no votes from our people. Jabez Galt is a distant relative of Joseph E. Brown, and some will seek to detract from his merits because of the fact that Joseph E. Brown & Co. will ask for "betterments." We expect some lively developments in the representative race, and also the senatorial, as the aspirants for senator will be put to pretty much the same test in this county as the representative. The senatorial aspirants have a constituency with different views on some of the issues which will be before the people. For instance, some of the voters in Forsyth county do not want the Marietta and North Georgia railroad extended into Atlanta, for fear that it would injure the property of the State road; Milton county does not seem to care much how it goes; but Cherokee is solid for extension. The district is composed of the counties of Cherokee, Forsyth and Milton, and Cherokee votes almost as much as both Forsyth and Milton, and, to say the least, holds the balance of power, and will see that her interests do not suffer. The present senatorial candidates are Hons. A. J. Julian and H. L. Patterson, both of whom have represented their county, Forsyth, in the legislature one or more terms. There are others spoken of who will abide the action of a nominating convention, to be held in Cumming the first Tuesday in August next. Julian and Patterson are both organized democrats, but, as the proposition to nominate a candidate in the way and manner proposed, does not meet the wishes of the people of Forsyth county, whose time it is, by the rotation system, to put out a candidate, they do not propose to submit to the convention, unless primaries are fairly held in each of the militia districts.

In county elections there will be, as usual, more men to defeat than to elect. All the present officers will likely offer for re-election, either to the position they are now filling or some other. Several others are already announced, and it is evident that there will be enough to select a good ticket from.

In the congressional race, which will shortly come on, a lively campaign is expected. This county will probably have a pretty lively tussle on the first Tuesday in August, when delegates to represent the county in the congressional convention, to be held in Gainesville on the 14th of August, are to be selected. Hon. A. D. Candler and Judge Geo. W. Lester both have friends here and each side will, of course, try to get the delegation. Colonel Candler is, however, I believe, the strongest and will secure the delegation from Cherokee. Rev. T. Pickett, the independent candidate for congress in this district, has the honor of hailing from this county, and in the general count of votes he will be found to come up with a pretty strong following, but the nominee of the democratic party will carry the county this year, I think, although as long as Cherokee remained in the 7th she rolled up an independent majority of from 300 to 500 votes for Dr. Felton. But many of the strongest independents of olden time are now the most enthusiastic supporters of the organized democracy.

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THE BRUNSWICK CONVENTION.

How Colonel Norwood and Captain Gordon Take Defeat.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 22.—[Special.]—Mr. Norwood sums up the Brunswick convention as "three disappointments and one surprise." He takes his defeat philosophically. In the fight he and Captain Gordon each seemed to possess many more friends than fall to the share of most men. They are both men of too many resources to be able to mourn long over one shattered ambition. Many more will spring up and engross attention. One has a multifarious business. The other turns in the crises of life to the mute companionship of his books. His intimates say Mr. Norwood is the best read man in the state. He is familiar with every standard English author. His station and scope would be better found in the senate than in the bustling, log-rolling house of representatives. No man ought to go to congress from the first district who is unable to meet out of his own pocket any deficiency in appropriation for the rivers and harbors of his district. A rum-swigger, poker player and a native corruptionist would be more likely to rake shekels out of the national treasury, than a scholar and a gentleman, or an erudite statistician. Nevertheless, the requirements of commerce, and especially of Savannah's commerce, demand ample appropriations. Not a dollar under $600,000 will put her river in popular shape. The city would gladly issue bonds to do this, but for the fact that there is a constitutional inhibition. She has already reached the limit of her lawful indebtedness, and can therefore incur no further bonded liabilities. Nothing remains but an appeal for national aid. With a parsimonious appropriation, her situation is deplorable. The holding of the convention at Brunswick has been an immense advertisement for that beautiful city. It opened the eyes of eighteen counties to her resources, advantages, and, above all, her many attractions, either as a place of residence or of temporary resort. Change marks everything. Innovation greets the eye whichever way the vision is directed. Less than five years ago I am told there was not a brick house in Brunswick. Now long lines of handsome stores front Newcastle street, the sidewalks are paved and the town is blessed with a fine hotel. Among Brunswick's foremost citizens are several gentlemen formerly of Savannah. Mr. Jordan Thomas is one of these. He is now building a cotton compress. Mr. C. Downing may be also mentioned, now an efficient element in Brunswick's progress. Ellis, Young & Co. have an important branch office there. Perhaps the most useful citizen of the place is another former Savannahian, Mr. W. E. Kay, the vice-president of the Brunswick Improvement company. To him are largely due the splendid hotels in the city and on St. Simons, and a good schedule by steamer between the two places. The street railroad is also one of his projects. In the wake of these follow many other noteworthy improvements and embellishments the city over.

To go back to politics, Brunswick cemented a rather shaky and unstable friendship by voting for the mayor of Savannah as her representative in congress. Jealousy can never again be fairly ascribed to her.

Colonel Lester's friends are well pleased over the prospect of this distinguished politician remaining in public life after the expiration of his term of office as mayor. In the prime of life, and possessing many excellent gifts direct from the hand of nature, Colonel Lester will probably remain in congress for many terms and reach a notable station in national public life.

A RAILROAD PARTY IN SAVANNAH.

Superintendent W. W. Starr, of the Central Carolina system, brought down a large party from Augusta this morning in his private car. They stopped at the Pulaski for a few hours and then went on to Tybee, where they will spend today and tomorrow. In the party are Judge Raney Mann, Joseph Ganahl, Mr. and Mrs. Boykin Wright, Mr. Jacob Phinizy, Mr. P. A. Stovall, of the Augusta Chronicle; Mr. Wilberforce Daniel and Mr. W. I. Delph. Superintendent Levi Hege, of the Central's Savannah division, joined the party here. Superintendent Collins, of the Tybee road, took the party down to the island this forenoon.

SAVANNAH'S NEW HOTEL.

Mr. Albert Glessner, of Boston, is in the city, with a view to leasing the new hotel if he can make satisfactory arrangements with the company. Mr. Glessner has two large restaurants in Boston, and has had many years experience as a caterer. "I would furnish the hotel out and out," said Mr. Glessner, "and its furnishings would not be surpassed in richness by any hotel in this country. I would spend $125,000 on it before opening it." The committee is figuring on a two hundred and fifty to three hundred room hotel. To furnish such a house properly will take a large sum of money. Mr. Glessner is going to Europe next month. If he gets the assurance that he can get the lease he will buy his furnishings abroad.

"I would get my linens in Germany, my porcelain in Dresden, my glassware in Vienna and whatever was needed I would get in the place where it was made." He says: "I have bought a lot on the old jail site, intending to build a winter home here in Savannah anyhow, as it is the finest climate I have found anywhere, and I have spent winters in Florida, Algiers and Egypt, and I like Savannah's climate better than any of the others. I think a new hotel at Tybee would pay, and if I could lease the new hotel here I would build a $50,000 house on Tybee."

For three or four days the building committee of the hotel has been at work examining the seven plans submitted by architects. On Monday the building committee and the board of directors will meet to decide upon a plan. Several applications for the lease of the hotel have been received, but, as the building will not be completed for more than a year, nothing has been done with the applications except to file them.

TUCK IS THE WINNER.

A Genuine Surprise For a Great Many People.

ATHENS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The result of today's contest was a general surprise to most of the people of Clarke county. By the ballots cast at today's democratic primary, Mr. Henry C. Tuck was declared to be the democratic candidate for the legislature, by nearly two hundred majority. The friends of both parties worked earnestly throughout the day, but nothing could stem the tide that early set in for the game young candidate. The vote in detail was as follows: Athens—Tuck 444, Mell 331. Buck Branch—Tuck 35, Mell 22. Puryears—Tuck 47, Mell 0. Sandy Creek—Mell 19, Tuck 11. Georgia Factory—Tuck 29, Mell 32. Barber's Creek—Tuck 49, Mell 21. This flattering vote bears testimony to the popularity and strength of Henry Tuck, who made the race against great odds, and whose personal magnetism and ability were the issues that carried him through so successfully. The friends of Mell accepted the results of the race as ultimate, and declare their intention of supporting the nominee. There was much excitement manifested at the polls, but no serious casualties are reported. Tonight the people are shouting, bands are playing, citizens are addressing the people from impromptu stands. Addresses have been made by Tuck, Russell and Burnett, all of whom were lustily cheered.

The Republicans Awake.

DAWSONVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Politics are becoming interesting in our little town. George M. Taylor, a worthy farmer of our county, has announced his candidacy for representative. Others are on the eve of announcing, and doubtless will as soon as they "got it fixed." The republicans have called a mass convention to consider the advisability of nominating a candidate for representative and county offices. They comprise about one-third of the voters in the county, and will figure largely in the race with a probability of winning if two democrats run.

Politics in Muscogee.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The new county democratic executive committee met today, and elected T. B. Hatcher chairman and D. A. Joseph secretary. The managers were appointed for the primary election to be held next Saturday for the selection of senator and two representatives. The candidates for the senate are Colonel G. E. Thomas and Mr. Lan Johnson. Messrs. G. Y. Tigner, J. B. David, Henry McGehee and Captain Price Gilbert are out for the house.

Murder in Walton.

MONROE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Last night, six miles above Monroe, Sam Alexander was shot and killed by Bud Cooper. Both are colored and the killing was in cold blood. The coroner has gone to the scene of the killing with a jury.

Fulton County Sunday school Association.

The second quarterly convention of the Fulton County Sunday-school association will be held at the Second Baptist church on Thursday, July 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m. An interesting programme has been prepared, and a good meeting may be expected. We understand that the association has resolved that they will not cease their labors until every child in Fulton county is the owner of a Bible and is able to read it.

EMORY'S ELECTION.

Warren A. Candler Chosen for President.

Exhibition of the Sub-Freshman Depatment—Sophomore Declamation—Other College Notes.

OXFORD, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—A large number of visitors is in attendance upon the commencement exercises of Emory college. Last night the public exhibition of the sub-freshman department occurred. The following programme was rendered:

Prayer.
W. T. Aydelott, Pierson, Fla., Tribute to Washington—Harrison.
W. H. Brown, Dawson, Ga., Our Duty as Patriots—Kingsboro.
K. Dearing, Oxford, Ga., Reply to Mr. Ingalls—Grady.
J. T. Eakes, Oxford, Ga., Eulogy on Stonewall Jackson—Bell.
C. W. Evans, Augusta, Ga., Shall Our Laurels Wither?—Harcourt.
J. H. Hopkins, Oxford, Ga., A Patriot's Last Speech—Emmet.
J. Mather, Lincoln, England—The Conquered Banner—Father Ryan.
W. H. Mixon, Bluff Springs, Fla.—Our Liberty in Our Own Keeping—Hilliard.
H. D. Pace, Covington, Ga.—The South Has Nothing to Take Back—Grady.
M. M. Parks, Oxford, Ga.—The Roman Sentinel—Florence.
C. C. Thomas, Waycross, Ga.—My Country! My Mother! My God!—Anonymous.
W. A. Wilkins, Waynesboro, Ga.—Eulogy on Hill—Anonymous.
Delivery of Medals.
Benediction.

The medal for best declamation was won by Mr. H. D. Pace, of Covington. The speeches of Messrs. Evans, Parks, and Thomas were worthy of special mention.

A compliment was paid Mr. H. W. Grady in that two of the twelve declaimers selected their speeches from his orations. It will be noticed that the winning speech was one of these.

Today the board of trustees held their annual meeting. There were present twenty-four members, only three members being absent.

Among the trustees present were Rev. A. G. Haygood, LL. D., Bishop J. S. Key, D. D., Rev. W. H. Potter, D. D., President I. S. Hopkins, D. D., Rev. J. W. Hinton, D. D., Rev. F. Pasco, Mr. L. D. Palmer, Dr. Henry Gaither, Hon. W. A. Hemphill, Hon. J. K. Hines and others. Dr. Haygood is president of the board.

There were two ses sions of the board. At the morning session were considered the reports of officers. A committee was also appointed to report to afternoon session in reference to filling chair of President Hopkins, who resigned to accept presidency of state technological school. During the morning session, it is said that one trustee (not a resident of Atlanta) remarked to another, who agreed with him, that his opinion was that the best thing that could be done for Emory would be to pull up stakes at Oxford and move the institution to the gate city. It was thought by those gentlemen that this move would infuse new life and vigor into the college and put it on a higher plane than it now occupies, and at same time place it in good financial circumstances. The 241 students enrolled last session is the largest number ever in attendance during one year. President Hopkins's administration has been successful, and reflects honor upon him.

At the afternoon session Rev. W. A. Candler was elected president of the college. Mr. Candler is at present associate editor of the Nashville Christian Advocate. He is a native Georgian, a first honor graduate of Emory of class of 1875, about thirty-two years old, a scholarly gentleman and a man of affairs. His election was anticipated as reported in THE CONSTITUTION of yesterday.

The commencement sermon is to be preached tomorrow by Rev. J. O. Branch.

Sophomore declamation occurs on Monday. Junior and senior speaking on Tuesday and Wednesday respectively.

IN THE SCHOOL ROOM.

Cartersville's Educational Boom Equals Her Material Progress.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Cartersville is progressing rapidly in population and material prosperity. Her progress is equally rapid in educational matters. The commencement exercises of East Cartersville institute came to a close on the 22d instant, and not a friend or patron of the school, nor a spectator who witnessed the very thorough and searching examination of the pupils of this school, but that felt gratified to the very faithful and efficient corps of instructors, under whose tuition these pupils have attained such wonderful proficiency in their studies. The examinations extended from the primer to the languages and the higher mathematics, interspersed with recitations, compositions and music, all occupying two days. Throughout the whole course of examination invitations were extended to all present to subject the pupils to further and critical examination and several gentlemen of culture present did so.

Notably the Rev. J. S. Hillhouse, who is a ripe scholar, examined a class in Latin, by selecting a portion of the first book in Cæsar and requesting them to read and translate it which they did with wonderful ease and accuracy, though they were but beginners in the study of Latin and had no previous notice or warning that they would be called upon to read and translate that portion of the book. They not only translated, but analyzed it and explained the connection of words, phrases and sentences. The classes in algebra and geometry displayed equal proficiency. These tests, applied by competent gentleman present as well as by the teachers, satisfied all who witnessed the examination that the children had not been crammed for the occasion, and that they had been intelligently and thoroughly instructed on the entire course of study which they had pursued. This institute has an exceptionally fine corps of instructors, to-wit:

Daniel G. Lee, A. M., president, professor Latin language and higher mathematics.

P. Zellars, A. B., professor Greek language, moral and mental philosophy, etc.

Miss Ida Lee, primary and intermediate departments

Mrs. S. J. Ware, instruction in music.

All of these instructors are skilled and progressive in their respective departments, and their pupils evince great enthusiasm in their studies. The session just closed has been one of marked success and a very large increase of pupils at the fall term, opening August 20th, 1888, will doubtless result. This school merits an extensive patronage. Our people are fortunate in securing the services of Professor Lee and his associates, and are proud of the school he has thus built up in our midst. Thus Cartersville moves grandly forward. Nestled on the bosom of the Etowah, with a grand perspective of mountain scenery on her south and east, with pure air and pure water abounding, fertile fields all around her, excellent railroad facilities and others to be added, substantial churches with excellent pastors and large congregations of worshippers, and with no barrooms, do you wonder that Cartersville rejoices in her happy condition, and looks hopefully forward to her destiny?

Cartersville's New Foundry.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Our new foundry and moulding works are rapidly nearing completion, and will be ready to execute orders in a few days. Mr. Geer, of New Britain, Conn., has broken ground for his novelty hardware works, and has a good force at work. By the early fall we hope to see him turning out his specialties. Both these plants are located on land donated by the Cartersville Land company, which has a number of good sites awaiting the manufacturer.

Lodge Officers Elected.

ALBANY, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—At a meeting of Alex. H. Stephens conclave No. 167, independent order of Heptosophs, held here, the following officers were elected: Financier, L. Loew; archon, J. W. Joiner; inspector, W. H. Oliver; provost, W. E. Hilsman; warder, H. I. Sterne; secretary, W. T. Cox; sentinel, Samuel Blattner; treasurer, S. Sterne; medical examiner, W. W. Bacon; prelate, C. Wessolowsky; trustees, Jacob Lorch, W. E. Hillsman, W. W. Bacon.

THE COLUMBUS EXPOSITION.

Great Preparations for It—The Numerous Attractions.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—A breakfast at sunrise in the car shed of the gate city, a rapid ride through a fertile and interesting section of Georgia, and at 11 o'clock a. m., I was in the city of spindles, Columbus, Ga., the queen of the Chattahoochee.

There is much to interest a stranger who visits this beautiful and busy city, but just now one hears but one subject discussed by everybody, and at every place, and at every hour—and that is the exposition to be held here next fall under the auspices of the Chattahoochee Valley Exposition company. It will open October the 4th, next, and close on the 13th of the same month.

The exposition is to be what its name implies—a Chattahoochee valley exposition. An inter-state affair, in which Georgia, Florida, and Alabama are directly interested, and through which our entire southern section should and will be benefitted. The Chattahoochee river, starting at the base of the solid mountains of northeastern Georgia and winding through a valley whose waters are shed from the western side of a slope on which stands Atlanta, finds its way to the boundary line of Georgia and Alabama. About thirty miles above Columbus it cuts its way through hills that are but miniature representations of those same mountains in which the river rises, and as it comes through these hills it makes a supply of water power unprecedented in quantity and availability. It is by this water power that the great Eagle and Phenix mills, the largest cotton mills in the south, are driven. From this city, the head of navigation, it finds its way to the gulf through a rich and fertile valley, extending over a large section of eastern Alabama, western Georgia and western Florida. It is from this circumstance that the exposition at Columbus takes its name, and the management are striving to furnish an exhibit that will give an idea to the outside world of the magnificent resources of this favored section. The work of the exposition is already satisfactorily progressing. The grounds are located along the river, and in the southern portion of the city, within fifteen minutes walk of the business center. They are reached by horse car and standard guage line of railroad, by a dummy line and by steamer, so there will be no difficulty in transporting and handling the crowds that may attend. The exposition park comprises a tract of one hundred and fifty acres, which lie beautifully, and seem to have been designed by nature for just such purposes as that to which they are now devoted. The park is alive with busy workmen. The finishing touches are being put on the grand stand, which is a huge affair, capable of seating 4,000 people. The foundations for the main building are being put in place, and in other portions of the grounds the ring of the trowel and the music of the saw tell that the plans are assuming shape. A very large force of laborers are at work on the race course, which, by the way, is a perfect mile track, built on the model of the "spirit of the times," and said to rival in excellence the celebrated track at Cleveland, Ohio, one of the most noted courses in the union. A special feature of the exposition will be a military prize drill for the opening and second days, October 4th and 5th. Four companies have already entered. Atlanta, as usual, will be at the fore. The Atlanta Rifles having entered more than a week ago. There will be a great shooting contest between leading gun clubs from the three states and a genuine old-fashioned southern fox chase. A grand tournament, magnificent races, for which over five thousand dollars have been offered, fire works by the same company that made the display during the Piedmont exposition last year. A gatling gun drill and target practice, which will prove a novel sight to thousands, and numbers of other similar attractions. The amount offered in premiums and purses is $15,000. A special premium of $1,000 in cash is offered for the best country display, open to the three states and $500 goes to the second best. All the premiums are on a similar liberal scale. There will be an unusually large display of mineral products from Alabama and other sections and the manufacturing feature will be made the leading one of the exposition. Ample arrangements are being made for an extensive bench and poultry show. In the agricultural and mineral departments the above states will vie with each other. The commissioner of agriculture for Georgia has already entered for space in which to make a special state display, and similar spaces will be devoted to Alabama and Florida. The opening day will be brilliant. The governors of the three states, with their staff, will be in attendance.

The exposition management is preparing for a very large collection of exhibits and an immense crowd. The railroad companies have made special freight rates, and the Southern Passenger association in convention last week at Virginia Beach, took action in passenger fares, giving a very liberal rate. These rates will apply to all points south of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi. There is no question but that this will be a great exposition. It will bring prominently before the world the products, developments and possibilities of the great section that lies within the valley, and the three southern states of Georgia, Alabama and Florida will meet in friendly competition, and with their sister states are expected to come and make an exposition tending to illustrate their capabilities and resources.

The progressive and growing city of Columbus, with its numerous railroad connections, north and west, and its river and rail lines south opens wide her gates and extends a warm invitation to all to come and witness this competition. I could write much that might be read with interest about this beautiful city which is leaping forward with unusual strides in the march of progress, but catching the spirit of its people I cannot now think nor talk anything but their exposition.

IN TOUGH LUCK.

A Macon Boy's Arrest in Atlanta, and What Came Of It.

MACON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—There was an interesting case up before Justice Matt R. Freeman yesterday afternoon, which lasted until last night.

A young man named H. C. Kelley was charged with larceny after trust.

Kelley had been working for Mr. T. C. Parker, in the capacity of a newsbutcher, on the Savannah division of the Central. A few days ago he decided to quit Parker, and take a position in Atlanta. He told his employer that he was going to quit and go to Atlanta that evening. There was a balance on the books against him of some thirteen dollars, which Kelley told Parker his brother would settle as soon as the bill was presented to him.

He then got on the train and went to Atlanta. When he arrived there he was placed under arrest, by a telegram from Parker, and next day was brought back to Macon.

The trial took place yesterday afternoon, and Mr. Kelley discharged, unless he is wanted by the superior court, and no bond asked of him.

Had Lived There Forty-One Years.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The residence of Mr. W. H. Smith was destroyed by fire today at 9 a. m. The loss is twelve hundred dollars, insurance five hundred dollars in the Southern Mutual of Athens. The fire started from a defective stove flue. By the heroic work of the fire department the residence of Mr. Z. T. Castleman was saved. Mr. Smith is one of Gainesville's most highly esteemed citizens, and has been living in the house for forty-one years.

Finished to Rome.

ROME, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Work on the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus railway is practically finished, and it is stated that the first train from Chattanooga will reach Rome on Monday. The completion of this line causes great rejoicing here, and proves a potent factor in Rome's progress.

Appropriations have been made for the exposition buildings, and work will commence on Monday. Everything will be ready October 1st.

A Park for Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., June 23—[Special.]—Messrs. H. H. Perry, A. W. VanHoose, H. H. Dean, C. A. Ryder, E. E. Dixon, R. Smith, J. H. Dozier, T. H. Shelley and A. R. Logan have purchased from Mr. Lemuel Brooks the lot lying in front of the Georgia Baptist seminary, and will at once beautify the same by fencing and converting it into a park.

Reduced Rates to the State Fair.

SPARTA, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The following letter was today received by Hon. W. J. Northen from Colonel B. W. Wrenn:

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., June 19th, 1888.—Mr. W. J. Northen, President State Fair: We have this day granted you one fare rate to the Georgia state fair, with special low rates from Brunswick, Savannah and Atlanta. B. W. WRENN.

AN INFIDEL ONCE

But Now Laboring in the Service of the Lord.

A CHECKERED CAREER.

Some Atlanta Stories—A Talk With Rev. J. S. Merriman—An Interesting Conversation.

Twenty-two years an infidel, eighteen months a Christian!

"Yes, sir," said Rev. James S. Merriman last night. "I worked for infidelity for twenty-two years, and I was the most wretched of men all that time. I have been a Christian about eighteen months, and during that time I have enjoyed peace and happiness. The life of an infidel is dark and hopeless, but the life of a Christian is full of light and peace and hope."

The man spoke in a softened voice and his face fairly beamed. There can be no question that he meant exactly what he said.

"The infidels then have an organization?"

"Oh, yes. They have a regular organization and their work is conducted with system. They have halls in Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York and various other cities. When one of the regular workers for infidelity I used to travel around and speak for the cause in these halls. I have addressed thousands upon thousands of people on the subject of infidelity. You would be surprised to know of the great number of people in this country who have no belief whatever in a hereafter. Among the infidels in the United States are some of the brightest and best educated women who not only work hard for the cause but take the platforms in the halls and make ingenious arguments against the Bible."

"Children are trained up to be infidels, too?"

"Oh, yes; and that reminds me. I had a friend in Pennsylvania named Curtis. All his family were confirmed infidels, except a bright little daughter of only twelve years. Father, mother, sons, daughters were all infidels, but this child was not. Well, some time ago the little one died. Curtis wrote me a long letter on the subject of her death. Among other things he said: 'You say that the God whom you worship is an almighty and all merciful being. How can that be, when he cuts down these human buds just as they are preparing to bloom into womanhood? If your God is so mighty and merciful how is it that he has taken away my child, so young, so lovely, so innocent!' I wrote him a letter in reply, and said: 'I visited the botanical gardens in Washington City not long ago and was shown through the long level walks, flanked on either side with nicely laid off beds, brilliant with beautiful flowers. After awhile we came to a part of the garden where tender buds were growing—buds almost ready to burst into bloom. The keeper of the garden reached down and began cutting the buds off and taking them into a glass house. I said to him: 'Why do you treat those delicate buds in this manner?' He looked up and said: 'Do you not see that a storm is coming. I must take these buds into the house to save them from the storm. I don't want to see them blasted, and in that letter I wrote your child was removed to heaven of the almighty and merciful God, to save her life from being blasted by the storm of infidelity which was about to break above her head.

"Mr. Curtis read my letter and burst into tears. Some time after, his wife missed him. She searched the house over, and at length found him in his room. He was praying. That man is now a Christian, and lives in the sweet hope of once again seeing his child in the hereafter."

As the words fell from his lips he looked up and a radiant smile played upon his peaceful face.

"Yes, yes," he continued; "there was no happiness for me in that old life. But now I live for Christ alone and, in my own humble way, do all the good I can. I care nothing for public opinion, because I know that I am doing right. Let me give you another incident: A few days ago a young man connected with the mail service brought a beautiful girl to Atlanta from Baltimore and deserted her here. He went on, I think, to New Orleans. The girl was only seventeen and came from one of the best families in Baltimore. She had not a friend in Atlanta. She picked up a newspaper and read that I was the friend of fallen women. In deep distress she came to me and told me her sad story. She was covered with shame; but felt, she said, that I would help her. She wanted to go back to Baltimore. I took her by the hand and said I will help you? I went about the work. I determined that if I could not get the money by appealing to charitable people, I would buy her a ticket out of my own pocket. I went to one of your leading citizens and churchmen, who keeps a wholesale house on Alabama street and asked his aid. He said that he had heavy expenses and did not feel able to contribute. I then went to the saloon just across from that gentleman under a bank on Alabama street. I went down stairs and stated the case to the keeper. He said at once that he would help. In a short time with the aid of two other saloon men further down the same street enough money had been gotton up to buy the poor girl a ticket to Baltimore and to defray other expenses of the trip. She left last night for Baltimore. I know exactly how to appeal to saloon men. Many of them are very good hearted men. I mention this to show that all the charity is not confined to church people."

"Can fallen women be reformed, Mr. Merriman?"

"Undoubtedly I have had much experience lifting these people up and am very much interested in that branch of Christian work. Christ died to save sinners, and if fallen men are saved through His blood, why not fallen women? I think that some time in the near future a home of the Good Shepherds will be built in Atlanta. I have been feeling around upon this subject, and am confident that several thousand dollars can be raised for the purpose. A rich woman in this city, who has spent years in this business

OF GILDED VICE.

has promised to contribute liberally if the matter is taken in hand."

"What do you think of prohibition?"

"I am a temperance man, but I want to say this: I have far more respect for the saloon-keeper who makes no profession of religion, who never goes near a church, than I have for the wholesale dealer in liquor who professes to be a Christian and who aspires to be a pillar in the church. There can be no compromise in this matter. If it is wrong to sell liquor by the drink, it is certainly wrong to sell it by the barrel."

"What of the theater?"

"As conducted at the present day, the theater is most demoralizing. I am opposed to it. Some of the plays presented are wholesome in tone, but the great majority of plays of the day are immoral and have a fearful effect upon the people. Then, too, the percentage of stage people who go to church is extremely small. As a rule they have no respect for religion. I think that the theater ought to be regulated by law, and that plays of bad moral tone should be suppressed in the interest of public morality and true religion."

"Don't a great many church people attend the theater?"

"Yes, but there is a broad distinction between church people and Christians. In my opinion Christians don't go to the theater. People who are true Christians have no desire to visit the theater."

"And dancing?"

"Dancing, more particularly round dancings as carried on by the rich and fashionable, ha, nothing in common with true religion. True Christians don't indulge in it, though many church people do. Men may say what they please. I tell you, dancing is demoralizing, and Christians—sincere Christians—care nothing for it. If a search warrant should be taken out for the devil, people who dance the round dances would be arrested on suspicion.'

Notes from Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. Prichard died tonight.

John Collee had his hand badly mashed while coupling cars on the dummy line today.

General Alexander and Major Belknap will reach the city tomorrow morning for a trip over the Birmingham extension.

EMBRYO LAWYERS,

Editors and Politicians to be Turned Loose On Us After Commencement.

ATHENS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The law class of '88 is the largest that has ever attended the university of Georgia, and contains some of the best material in college. In its ranks may be found not only destined lawyers but embryo journalists, politicians and statesmen. Mr. L. B. Beard, one of the brightest members of the class, is one of the editors of the Dawson Advertiser, and has assisted greatly in making that paper the first class weekly it is. Mr. J. A. Hixon, of Americus, is a born lawyer, and his daily recitations prove conclusively that he will know no superior as a cross examiner of witnesses. Mr. B. S. Miller, of Buena Vista, is devoting special attention to the law of practice, and expects to become justice of the peace on his return home. In the hands of Mr. W. E. Steed rests the political honors of the class. Within the past few days Mr. Steed has received scores of letters from the people of Taylor county, urging him to make the race for the next legislature. Mr. Steed in seriously contemplating acquiescence in the wishes of his friends, and should he consent to run, his ability and courtesy will make him an invunerable candidate.

The matter for the Pandora has been sent to the printers, and the book will appear on the first of July. The Pandora is the magazine published annually by the fraternities of the university, and the appearance of each volume is eagerly anticipated by the students. Atlanta is represented in the board of seven editors by Editor-in-Chief Albert Howell, and Editors L. L. Knight and Wilmer Moore. The Phi Delta Theta fraternity is not represented.

Visitors to commencement have already begun to appear, and the good house wives of Athens are making things hum with the broom and dust pan.

The Commercial hotel has been completely renovated, and under the supervision of Messrs. Stanley and Allen, will satisfactorily entertain the large number of visitors who throng the city during commencement week. A special Georgia railroad train will leave Atlanta on the 7th of July, bringing a party of two hundred Atlantians, most of whom will remain in Athens during the entire commencement week.

THE LAST SPIKE DRIVEN.

The Carrollton End of the New Road Completed.

From the Carrollton, Ga., Free Press.

On last Tuesday evening, a little before 4 o'clock, the last spike on this end of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus road was driven. A large number of citizens, both ladies and gentlemen, were present at the closing scene. No demonstration was made over this important event in the history of Carrollton, excepting the blowing of the whistle of the engine a short while. Immediately after the last spike was driven the construction train carried the convicts and road hands up the road, where they will go to work leveling up the road.

With the completion of this end of the road, the entire line is finished, except a short gap above Rome, which we suppose will be finished by the time this paper goes to press.

The Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus road was the quickest ever built in Georgia. Just think of it, a road 140 miles long, built in just seven months, for the first dirt was broken upon it last December. President Williamson, of the construction company, has shown great executive ability in the manner in which he has had the work done.

Regular schedule trains will be put on about the middle of July, we understand.

As to what will be the next move on this line, we refer to an article from the Columbus Enquirer, published elsewhere, in which Colonel Williamson says that after a breathing spell, they will build from this place on to Columbus and Montgomery.

EQUAL TO THREE MEN.

Charley Hester Proves Equal to the Occasion.

MACON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—The worst fight that has ever occurred in Bibb county jail took place there tonight. This afternoon Charley Hester was arrested and jailed on the charge of lunacy. Tonight he began tearing up his cell, and had torn up several strips of iron from the wall, when Jailer Birdsong sent for police officers to help him chain him. Officers Porter and Johnson responded, but it proved afterward that the whole force should have been called in. The cell was unlocked and the negro was taken out in the hall. The jailer's object was to chain him, but he could not be made to lay down on the floor. Johnson attempted to trip him up, but did not succeed. This enraged the prisoner so that he hit Porter a lick that knocked him down. Before the other men could catch him he was on Porter, and beating him all up until a blow from Johnson's club silenced him. Birdsong got the chain around his neck, but this was not of much avail. It was a long time before he was conquered. Jailer Birdsong says it was the toughest he has had since he has been jailer, and that this negro would make a good match for Ruffian Rhodes, the crazy negro who was sent to the asylum some time ago.

To Celebrate St. John's Day.

CUTHBERT, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Washington Lodge No. 19, of Cuthbert, will celebrate St. John's day, June 27th, with a grand dinner, to which all of southwest Georgia is cordially invited. The spread will doubtless be one of the handsomest ever seen in the county, and the crowd promises to be immense.

Hon. L. Arnheim, the silver-tongued orator of Dougherty county, is expected to address the people on that day. Should he be present, there is no doubt but what the address will be in keeping with the magnificence of the occasion. Our Masonic brethren will spare no pains to make everybody enjoy themselves to their heart's content, and were it possible to secure him, they would delegate a special committee to escort down Georgia's most gifted orator, the Hon. Henry W. Grady.

Death from Apoplexy.

CLINTON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Joseph G. Glawson, a highly esteemed and wealthy planter of Jones county, died suddenly of apoplexy at his home, four miles from Clinton, last night at 10:30. He ate supper and retired feeling all right. At 10 o'clock his wife awoke hearing him breathing heavily. He lived but a few moments after she reached his bedside. While his death was not totally unexpected it has cast a gloom over the entire community. He was a man of noble character.

Central City Personals.

MACON, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—T. J. Wilson, of Winston, N. C., is stopping at the Lanier for a few days.

W. H. Knapp, of New York city, is in the city for a few days.

W. H. McCarry, of Jeffersonville, Ga., is in the city today.

T. R. Hendricks, of Cochran, is stopping at the Lanier today.

Colonel E. C. Machen came down from a trip up the Covington and Macon last night.

B. M. Turner, of Atlanta, is stopping at the Lanier for a few days.

J. L. Baker, of St. Augustine, Fla., is stopping at the Hotel Lanier.

Mr. George A. Smith has returned from a trip to Cumberland island. He and W. Winter Wimberly contemplate going down again tomorrow.

Mr. F. A. Malon, special agent of the Decatur Land, Investment and Furnace company, of Alabama, is stopping over in the city today, while on his way from Charleston to Atlanta.

Professor J. F. M. Daly has moved his office from Cherry street, and now has quarters in the Huff building, on Mulberry.

The Unlucky Fifteen.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In the autumn of 1864 fifty seven convalescents left Johnson's island for special exchange. When we got to Point Lookout we were examined. The officer told us that there was a mistake of fifteen and that number of the most able bodied would be returned. When the roll was called I was one of the fifteen. Well, we knew we would be shot at the stake in the morning. We rested better next day when we were assured that it was only a mistake in the number. After a few weeks we were carried to Washington city and quartered in the old capitol—room eleven. After a short stay we were carried to Fort Delaware and after being there some time one of our party, Lieutenant McBeth, from Charleston, S. C., drew up a petition to the federal war department for our exchange, signed by all the fifteen. It came back approved. We left Fort Delaware the 28th of February, 1865, just making one year, nine months and twelve days I had lived in captivity.

My object in writing the above is to get up a correspondence with some of the unlucky, as I lost all or nearly all their addresses.

S. H. VAUGHTER,
Pilot Point, Tex.

THE CONSTITUTION:
Published Daily and Weekly

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION Is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free, at $1.00 per month, $2.50 for three month, or $10.00 a year.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, postpaid, for $1.25 a year, or for $1.00 in clubs of five of more. Address all letters to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent, Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 24, 1888.

It Means Blaine.

Although the Chicago convention has adjourned until Monday, it still means Blaine.

The shadow of Blaine hangs over all, and it has been there from the first.

When the delegates scattered their votes among the candidates it was in the interest of Blaine. The early recess yesterday and the adjournment when the delegates reassembled—all this was a part of the Blaine programme.

The conscience of the convention cannot rise higher than Blaine. It will never reach such a man as Gresham.

All this means a strong, rough, desperate fight. All the resources of the most daring audacity; all the expedients that invention and ingenuity can suggest; all the influence that wealth and monopoly can control; all the hero worship that has been given to a magnetic leader will be taxed to the utmost.

With the issues sharply defined between honest government and Blaineism, a solidly united democracy will march on to a more splendid and decisive triumph than the victory of four years ago.

Cleveland beat Blaine in the hardest fought political battle of this generation, and he will beat him again. But there is work before us—hard work and hot work—and we cannot begin too early.

Let our rallying cry be "Cleveland and Victory!"

BROTHER BLAINE complains that he is shadowed by newspaper correspondents. This is probably because Brother Blaine overshadows the republican convention.

Candidates and Newspapers.

General Sherman is quoted as saying that he would rather face a battery ten times than have the newspapers turned against him in a presidential campaign.

This sort of talk will not hurt the newspapers, but it will amuse people who are well acquainted with the general's record. Why should a candidate dread the newspapers? If he is honest and capable, the newspapers cannot hurt him. If he is dishonest and incapable, he has no business in the race.

In the last presidential campaign, a few newspapers endeavored to defeat Mr. Cleveland by circulating slanderous stories about him. The people of the country wrathfully denounced the slanders, and exposed the slanderers. They elected the candidate who was the target for all the paid liars in the country, and the newspapers engaged in the dirty work of the campaign against him lost their influence and much of their patronage.

The American people as a mass love fair play, and the newspaper that does not recognize this fact is treading on dangerous ground. No man who is fit to be a candidate has any cause to fear the press. It is right that the truth should be told about him, and if a lie is put into circulation, it will recoil upon the heads of its authors.

Perhaps, however, General Sherman knows what he is talking about. The newspapers have shown up his barbarous methods of warfare. They have fastened the responsibility for the burning of Columbia upon him, and they have made him out either a prevaricator or a man utterly without a memory in his controversy with Jefferson Davis.

If there is any lesson to be learned from all this, it is that the candidate who dreads the newspapers is a man with a vunerable record. It is well that it is so. A man with a bad record should not place himself in the fierce white light of newspaper notoriety. If he is foolish enough to do it, he must suffer the consequences.

MR. CARNEGIE, who is a four-in-hand republican democrat, announces, semi-officially, that Brother Blaine will accept if he is nominated.

IN the midst of the confusion and excitement of the moment, the republicans at Chicago forgot to fling out a plank to the prohibitionists.

The Two Conventions.

The contrast between the national conventions of the two great parties, is decided enough to attract the serious attention of thoughtful observers. The democratic convention, although it was charged with an extraordinary amount of enthusiasm, transacted its business in an orderly way, and its members went home in good humor with themselves and everybody else. All the differences between the leaders were compromised without any trouble, and the result of the deliberations of the body was a winning ticket and complete party harmony.

The republican convention, however, is quite a different affair. It has taken no action that even squints in the direction of deliberation. When the members are not gabbling and brawling, they are intriguing. The delegates bought in the south by Sherman and Alger are anxious to be bought again. There is not a sign of sincerity in the convention. For five days the air of Chicago has been reeking with rumors of bargains, sales and combinations. Everything is in the nature of a sham and a fraud.

When Foraker, with fine frenzy, abuses all the candidates except Sherman, it is clear that he is striving to injure the man he is pledged to support, endeavoring with a plentiful lack of diplomacy to play the Garfield game. When Chauncey Depew consents to become a candidate, everybody understands that it is a move to head off other candidates, and to hold the convention to Blaine.

Fraud and sham. The Sherman delegates are not for Sherman, the Alger delegates are not for Alger. But in spite of the insincerity, the convention is not without its picturesque aspects. There is Ingersoll rising in the interests of Blaine to stab Gresham with compliments; likewise, the committee room being ajar, there is Wise dragging Billy Mahone around by the beard, and there are the policemen politely clubbing the heads of inoffensive colored delegates.

It has been a very merry convention, indeed, and all its shams and intrigues have been performed to the tune of "Marching Through Georgia."

THE woman suffragists made no impression on the republican convention. We believe the time has arrived when the crowing hens should go to roost.

SPEAKING of possible or impossible candidates, what has become of your Uncle Evarts?

A Southern Story.

The first issue of Belford's Magazine distinguishes itself by printing in its pages a a novel of southern life and character from the pen of Mrs. E. W. Bellamy, of Alabama, whose story of "Four Oaks," printed some years ago in Appleton's Journal, gave evidence of exceptional talent.

The title of the novel in Belford's Magazine is "Old Man Gilbert," and it is safe to say that in recent years no American magazine has printed so strong a story. There are flaws here and there in the workmanship, but in all essentials "Old Man Gilbert" is one of the most remarkable contributions that have been made to American literature since the war.

The story takes its name from an old family negro, and the character of this old negro is drawn with a skill that amounts to genius. Indeed, the old negro is a creation, and as such he is a permanent addition to our literature. The other characters, the old master, the young mistress and other accessories of a southern household before the war, are vividly drawn, but they are all subordinate, so far as literary art is concerned, to old man Gilbert.

The novel is introduced by a letter from Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson, but no such introduction is necessary. Mrs. Bellamy's story will stand on its merits; it needs no bolstering. To those who know and appreciate the phase of American life it describes no praise can add to the simple strength and beauty of the story, and no detraction belittle the remarkable creation of old man Gilbert.

THE Sherman boom went to Chicago in a freight car. It will be carried home in Editor Halstead's vest pocket.

COLONEL BOB INGERSOLL is the man who caused the Gresham boom to collapse and wither. The puncture he gave it was deliberately conceived and adroitly executed. At bottom, Ingersoll is for Blaine.

Summer Resorts at Home.

Few people consider how much is saved to Georgia by the building up of summer resorts within the state.

A man who takes his family to Cape May, Saratoga or the Virginia springs for a month's trip, does not count on spending less than five hundred to a thousand dollars. This money is gone, never to return to Georgia.

To stop the hundreds of families that have formerly been compelled to go north for amusement and comfort during the summer, is to stop an immense drain on our cash capital. The immense expenditures at St. Simond's Island carry hundreds to that surf who formerly sought the Jersey coast. The improvements at Tallulah, at Warm Springs, and elsewhere through the state, will keep many at home who formerly went wandering. The Piedmont Chautauqua has already turned the tide of southerners who went elsewhere during the past summers, and with the assistance of the admirable resorts in mountain and on shore, from one end of Georgia to the other, will leave little excuse for any Georgian seeking either pleasure or comfort outside of the limits of his own state.

MR. BLAINE visited Jedburgh the other day. If he had lived in the good old times he would have let that town alone. Everybody has heard of "Jedburgh justice." It used to be the custom of the Jedburghers to hang a man first, and try him afterward.

THE LEGISLATURE of Maryland some time ago made it unlawful for anybody to place prizes in packages of merchandise. Some tea and coffee men recently carried a case to the court of appeals, and the law was decided to be unconstitutional.

"ROUGH ON RATS" has been heard from again. A little boy in New York, to escape a whipping, took a dose of the stuff and died.

ZADKEIL, the London astrologer, stands by his gloomy predictions for the present year. For July we are promised great fires in London and a disastrous earthquake in Madrid. Earthquake shocks in August are to be frequent and terrific in Italy, France, Russia, Turkey, and Greece. On August 12th there is to be mob violence in France. In the United States the president and his cabinet will have many thorny questions to decide. The trade of the American people will be greatly expanded. Sudden deaths will be very numerous, especially from heart disease, in Charleston, Philadelphia, Washington and New York.

HOW CAN A MAN expect to keep cool if he eats and drinks heating stuff and rushes about in the sun? If he is sensible and is willing to be lazy, he will have no difficulty in keeping cool.

GENERAL DISS DEBAR says that when he is released from the penitentiary he will go south to engage in the immigration business. The general should stay where he is. The New Yorkers know how to deal with him, and the place he is in is more comfortable than a southern chaingang.

THE CONFIRMATION OF John Dillon's sentence to six months' inprisonment in jail is practically a death sentence. The victim is very ill and feeble, and it is thought that he cannot live through his period of confinement. His offense was not a grave one. He simply gave the Irsh people some advice as to the best means of defeating the operations of the "crimes act."

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM is an imprudent and hot headed young man. After his father's death he rudely dismissed Dr. Mackenzie, the eminent English physician, without seeing him. The doctor had done his best for the royal patient, but human skill could do nothing in such a case. Instead of being sent away in disgrace he deserved thanks in addition to his fee.

THE NEW YORK VOICE pitches into the democratic party for readopting the anti-sumptuary law plank, and asks if Senator's Colquitt and Reagan, and Walter B. Hill, and Ex-Mayor Holtzclaw will stand on such a platform. At last accounts the gentlemen referred to were on it.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Late Georgia Convention and the National Convention Contrasted.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In reading the reports of the St. Louis convention, and your editorial of Sunday thereon, I can well understand how you can agree with it, also how you differed from the action of the late democratic convention in Georgia.

At St. Louis some of the leaders attempted to follow in the line of our Georgia convention, but they were not successful in their proscription views.

Watterson, it seems from the reports, was very dictatorial when the delegates first arrived at St. Louis, but I think he got very much off his stilts before the convention adjourned. Probably the news from Oregon and Illinois cooled down some of the men behind him who had more discretion and less sympathy with the whisky ring than he has, and they found it necessary to take a more sensible view of the platform.

The platform is very carefully worded. It is an unconditional indorsement of the platform of 1884 which Pat Walsh sought unsuccessfully to have adopted in Georgia, and it endorses (not the message), but the views expressed by President Cleveland in his last annual message as the correct interpretation of the platform (not as a whole), but upon the question of tariff reduction, leaving the internal revenue just as it stood in the platform of 1884. It next indorses the efforts of our democratic representatives in congress to secure a reduction of excessive taxation. No true democrat will contend that excessive taxation shall be kept up. All will agree that there shall be raised enough to meet all the requirements of the government, economically administered—all the requirements of every kind.

How shall it be raised? That was the question before each convention. In the latter part of the St. Louis platform, it says that our established domestic industries and enterprises should not, and need not, be endangered by the reduction and correction of the burdens of taxation.

On the contrary, a fair and careful revision of our laws, (mark it does not say in this instance, our tariff laws, but embraces the internal revenue as well) with due allowance for the difference between the wages of American and foreign labor, must promote and encourage every branch of such domestic industries and enterprises, by giving them assurance of an extended market and steady and continuous operation. In the interest of American labor, which should in no event be neglected, this revision of our tax laws contemplated by the democratic party, should promote the advantage of such labor by cheapening the cost of the necessaries of life in the home of every workman, and at the time secure to him steady, remunerative employment.

While of course this St. Louis platform as it seems to me is intended to some extent to straddle the fence, as all political platforms are, it is about as strong as the platform of 1884, which the Georgia convention repudated and voted down. In other words, it adopts the platform of 1884, and its is very careful not to construe it away. The reading of this is very different from the reading of the action of the democratic convention that assembled lately in Atlanta, where it indorsed the message and Mills bill, as it then was. The democratic convention in St. Louis was careful not to indorse the Mills bill as part of the platform, though it passed a resolution that the convention recommend the early passage of the bill for the reduction of the revenue now pending in the house of representatives. The Mills bill as it now is, is greatly different from what it was as it was indorsed by the democratic convention in Atlanta, and it will probably be quite different from what it now is by the time it passes the two houses of congress, if it ever does, So there is nothing definite indorsed there.

All agree that the defeat of the democracy in the present state of things would be a great misfortune to the south, as there is an evident disposition among republican leaders north to stir up the race question again in the event the republicans get into power by commencing to legislate on the machinery of elections for members of congress and presidential electors, virtually taking the control of these elections which they probably may do under the constitution, from the states. This would put us in a very bad condition south.

Georgia democrats can all stand upon the St. Louis platform, but they cannot all stand upon the Georgia platform.

By the way, it is, I believe, a well established fact that a large quantity of potatoes which had been raised in Scotland and transported across the Atlantic ocean, paid duties at New York, and railroad freights to Atlanta, and were on sale here last week. (See last issue Working World.) Are the farmers of Georgia willing to take the duty off of these "necessities of life?" Shall the internal revenue tax, or the duty on potatoes go? I recently saw a statement in your paper that rice raised in Java was being sold to the rice planters of Georgia and South Carolina to feed their rice field hands. It came across the ocean and paid duty, and was sold to our rice planters cheaper than they could raise it. Shall the internal revenue or the rice tariff go? Every intelligent man knows that, with the tariff off of potatoes and rice, larger quantities of each will be brought here to compete with that raised by our farmers.

I think it is the duty of government to protect our farmers against foreign farmers. If that be sound policy for farmers, why does it not apply to other things.

A STRONG PROTECTION DEMOCRAT.

Who is Responsible?

There is an old story written in the German, which tells of a father who had seven sons and he in his old age gathered his sons around him and had each to get a fagot. He took the seven fagots and bound them together and handed the bundle to each son to break. They did not succeed. He then loosed the bundle and handed each son a fagot to break and it was easily done. He called their attention to the fact that when bound together neither could break the bundle, but when seperated how easily it was destroyed, and that if they would always as brothers remain bound to each other, there was nothing in this life that could destroy them, but as soon as they might have disagreements among themselves, they could very easily be overcome. As true of individuals, so is it true as to communities. How are we now in Atlanta? Is the bundle of fagots bound together? No! they have become separated, and the ruthless hand of fanaticism is destroying each fagot as easily as the German boys destroyed the actual fagot. Can not the present state of affairs be controlled by thinking men of Atlanta, and our people brought together as they once were, and all have one aim—the common good of our fair city and her people?

Before the question of prohibition was raised in our midst we were a united people, and made common cause of any public enterprise. Men now seeking political preferment ruthlessly tear up all avenues of unity and, by a division of our people, seek to ride into political power upon this third party movement.

It is a dangerous experiment and lead by men, if I read aright their ultimate designs, whose influence is equally as dangerous to the prosperity of our people. This question is one that cannot be treated lightly, and I think that our sober, thinking and conservative men should begin to look the danger square in the face, and not hesitate. No matter what your own opinions may be, put down this hydra-headed monster and let the grand old democratic party still wield its power over us. Being of and for the people, I am afraid many are losing sight of the fact that our next legislature is one of the most important that has convened since the time of Governor Bullock, and it is time that we begin to consider this, as the most important questions are coming up, such as what to do with the State road, our convicts, what to do with them; a United States senator to elect. These are some of the most important, and we should begin to consider whether we will elect conservative men to our next legislature, or whether we will sit with folded hands and allow the third party to elect representatives for us, whose only qualifications, I have been informed, shall be that he is simply a prohibitionist—a one idea man—sent to our legislative halls with this one idea only, free to trade off anything to secure his pet hobby. Suicidal policy! Pharisaical men, standing upon the street corners, thanking God that they are not like other men. They, indeed, appear beautiful outward, but within are full of dead men's bones and all uncleanness. The cup and platter are clean on the outside, but within they are full of extortion and excess—blind leaders of the blind.

Since the meeting held for the purpose of selecting an executive committee, there has been such stignation in real estate, as we have not experienced for months past, and if rightly informed, the disposition shown on that occasion by the leaders of the prohibition party causes this stagnation. One party who was anxious to consumate a trade in real estate before that meeting to $20,000, refused promptly to consider the trade any longer, giving as a reason "that he did not wish to purchase that much real estate in any city that was so divided within itself." Then the complexion of our "democratic" executive committee. Can you call it a democratic committee? I think not; for it is a committee made for the one idea man, and the one idea man hopes to ride into our next legislature through his one idea committee. This subject is so full and has so many phases, that in one article it is hard to show up its many faces. This article is written by one who is conservative in his views, and who only wishes to get the better element of the democratic party to thinking, and, if it can only accomplish this one thing, the writer will feel well repaid for his effort; for he feels that when he can get reasonable men to thinking, and especially the reasonable men of Atlanta, they will refuse to be led by one idea men and act on their own good judgment. Now, who is responsible for all this, at this early day? For the prohibition party cannot expect to change the policy of our city government for nearly one and a half years to come. Let them be as reasonable as the other side was when, for the sake of the success of the Piedmont exposition and the request made then, they dropped the subject until almost the very last day they had to act. This wrangling at this time can be conducive of no good and may do much harm.

His True Field.

From the Boston Transcript.

Rev. Mr. Pendleton wants to go to Africa as a missionary. He will find the people there blackened by nature. It will save him a great deal of trouble.

SUNDRY TOPICS.

Of Interest for Sunday Morning Reading.

DR. MORRISON'S LITTLE SON

Two Georgia Expositions—An Invitation to the Governor.

There is a general solicitude, not confined to the members of Dr. Morrison's church, about the recovery of his little son Robbie.

The little boy was attacked October 13th, 1887, with a violent case of tracheal diptheria. When the disease was about to cause his death, on the 14th, Dr. Hobbs was called in by the family physicians, Drs. Bizzell and Ridley, to perform tracheatomy. A hole was made in the larynx and a curved silver tube inserted through which the boy could breathe. But for this operation he would have died in a few minutes for want of air.

When the disease in the throat had passed away and the time came for removing the silver canula from the hole in the windpipe—about the seventh day after the operation—it was found impossible to leave the canula out on account of a paralysis in the vocal chords which would completely close the glottis. This condition of paralysis lasted ten days or two weeks, during which time the scar tissue caused by the diptheretic inflammation had so thickened that the whole trachea above the canula had closed completely. For this reason the little fellow has been compelled to depend upon the canula in his neck for air since the operation. Dr. Hobbs recommended the father to take the little patient to Dr. O'Dwyer, of New York, who is a mechanical genius and the inventor of Dr. O'Dwyer's tubes for treating such cases. On the 19th of June, Dr. O'Dwyer attempted to insert his tube in the usual way, through the mouth downward, but found it impossible, on account of the firm adhesions at the vocal chords. He finally succeeded in introducing the tube upward through the canula opening, and the little fellow is now breathing through the natural channel, with the O'Dwyer tube still in position, however.

It is hoped that by gradually increasing the size of these tubes the calibre of the trachea may be enlarged to its original size, when he can breathe naturally.

Dr. H. C. Morrison is very much encouraged at the success of the O'Dwyer experiment as tried on his throat. The following telegram was received from him last night:

"Mr. H. W. Grady, Atlanta, Ga.—Robert continues to improve, and if no unexpected change occurs, we shall bring him home sound and well. Yours sincerely, H. C. MORRISON.

J. H. Griffin, of the Evansville route: "I have just returned from Chicago and can promise you that I am glad to get back alive. Talk about crowds, why it is estimated on the very best authority that over 250,000 visitors are in the city. Sleeping and eating privileges are at a premium, and every available space is utilized for cots and pallets, with prices higher than the Washington monument. And the convention—why some people are about as anxious to get inside as they will be to get to heaven. I saw seventy-five dollars paid for two tickets, entitling them to the privileges of the hall for the week, and ten dollars a day was a common rate for tickets during the first two days. And if it had not been for the colored delegates from the south, that price would probably have been a low one. Do you know what those colored fellows did? Why, they just dumped their tickets on the market through the speculators, accepting anything for them, even selling them to women of questionable character. Taken all together, I think that the money greed and depravity shown by some of these people would make a decent man blush at the suggestion of training with them politically. Who do I think will be nominated? Well, I thought it would be Sherman, but have changed my mind, and am now at sea. But it is a small matter, I guess, for Cleveland is going to be re-elected."

W. R. Boyd: "I am very much interested in the poor of Atlanta, and in fact of the world, and I am firmly of the opinion that much of their trouble is caused by ill-health arising from an utter lack of knowledge of the laws of health and neglect of the injunction that cleanliness is next to godliness. In the course of my investigations among the sick and needy I have learned that idleness, too, is responsible not alone for many of the petty crimes and misdemeanors that the press daily chronicles, but results in sickness and then want follows speedily as a matter of course. To make a man believe he has a soul worth saving, you must first show him that he has one, and it occurs to me that a little advice in matters that pertain to the care of the body and proper sanitation of the home would have an elevating tendency, and produce a more healthy and prosperous community."

Georgia is becoming noted for its expositions.

The famous cotton exposition and the at least equally famous Piedmont exposition have given the state an enviable reputation in this line.

This year Georgia is to have several more expositions, the most notable being those of Augusta, Columbus and Rome.

Atlanta has been full of exposition boomers this week.

"I tell you what it is," said General Manager John Ryckman, of the Augusta exposition—the Augusta National exposition, beg pardon—"you have no conception of what our exposition is going to be. Even I have to stop and catch my breath sometimes when I think of it. The exposition has already got beyond Georgia and the south—it is essentially national in its character. Why, it is going to be the biggest thing on wheels.

"I am just on my way from Birmingham and Anniston, where I went to talk exposition. I met with a good deal of opposition at first. The people over there didn't see how it would benefit them to go to Augusta, but I think they have changed their mind. We are going to have the grandest exhibit of the natural resources of the south, and indeed, of the entire country, as well as of the manufacturing interests, that has ever been got together. And Augusta is booming—look out for us."

"We came to Atlanta," said President Goetchins, who spoke for the Columbus party, "to invite Governor Gordon to be with us on our opening day—October 4th. I may add that we succeeded in attaining the object of our visit, and we are all mighty glad of it. Our exposition is an assured success.

"We have not attempted anything which we can not make a success, for our exposition—the Chattahoochee Valley exposition—is essentially local in its character. It is our aim to show the resources of the Chattahoochee valley in Georgia, Alabama and Florida, and in our exposition plans we are being ably seconded by the people of Columbus. The city itself has given us one hundred acres of land and $20,000 in money; the citizens have given us $15,000, and we are assured of the finest exhibits possible. That means a big show and we feel confident of success.

Tom McGill—everybody knows Tom—is in the city, and has invited Governor Gordon to visit Chicago and deliver a lecture, or more properly, an address.

It is a fact not generally known that thousands of the confederate dead are buried near Chicago, and that over 500 of the boys who wore the gray are now residents of that city. The graves of the dead are unadorned and unmarked, and it is for the noble purpose of erecting a monument to their memory that Governor Gordon is asked to lecture. All the Grand Army Republic posts of Chicago have agreed to take tickets, and Mr. McGill is of the opinion that a $10,000 monument could be secured.

Governor Gordon has not yet decided as to whether he will be able to accept the invitation or not.

The discussion of political matters about the hotels yesterday took a betting turn in one or two instances, and one wager of $100 for and against Cleveland carrying New York was made. A commercial traveler, who stated that he had just come from New York, said that Cleveland was regarded as a sure winner in the November election, and cited several bets of large amounts that had been offered with no takers, "and, you know," he continued, "money talks."

Known Wherever He Goes.

From the Chicago Mail.

The New York delegate is easily picked out by his dress and manner. If there is still any doubt as to his identity you might approach him and ask him if he wants the earth. If he is a genuine New Yorker he will reply: "Well, you might leave it in my back-yard and I will take a look at it. If I conclude to take it I will let you know."

MR. FORD'S CRITICISM.

From the Thomasville, Ga., Enterprise.

The University of Georgia is a well constucted, well officered school, but there are always a few cranks who try to pose as reformers and the university and the present management are at present annoyed with the buzzings of some of these insects.

From the Eatonton, Ga., Messenger.

Mr. Lyman H. Ford, one of the board of visitors to the state university, this season, makes some startling revelations, in an extract taken from the report touching that institute made to the governor of the state. We notice also, in the programme for commencent week, "the german and hop" is down in two or three places. Too much "german hop" will not rapidly develop the morals and intellect fo the young men of the institution. We vote here and now to eliminate this german business.

From the Gwinnett, Ga., Herald.

Mr. Ford seems to be an æsthetic gentleman, who devoted his time to reading the verses upon the college wall scribbled by the "untutored muse." He makes a terrific onslaught upon the boys who smoke cigars and chew the juicy quid. Now, if the boys had chewed gum and smoked cigarettes, we could understand how righteous might be Ford's indignation, but when these future statesmen take pattern from the Georgia legislature. Mr. Ford ought to set up the peanuts and fall into the old ruts of reports of investigating committees.

Mr. John H. Inman Going to His Old Home.

Mr. John H. Inman reached Atlanta yesterday in his private car. He is accompanied by his secretary and his two sons. Mr. Inman is on a tour of inspection over the Richmond Terminal properties, including the Richmond and Danville and East Tennessee systems. As president of the Terminal company he is now in control of those two systems of roads. It is Mr. Inman's custom to make a tour of inspection over the Central system in December, over the Louisville and Nashville system in September and over the Terminal properties in May. He was detained in New York this year on account of the fight made on his administration of the Terminal properties, which resulted in his overwhelming and triumphal victory on the 22d of last month. Mr. Inman will leave the city tonight for Dandridge, Tenn., his birthplace and boyhood home. He has not been there in eighteen years, when he left it a penniless soldier with little else than his parole and his gray unif rm. He now returns to it, many times over a millionaire, with enormous properties in every state in the south, and in practical control of more then twelve thousand miles of railroad, and director in companies with nearly five hundred million dollars capital.

The three Inman brothers, John, Sam and Hugh, all left Dandridge at about the same time, with nothing but their energy and brains to advance them in the struggles with the world. Each of them has amassed a great fortune, and at the same time has preserved unsullied integrity, performed all the duties of citizenship, and won the esteem and confidence of the people as they accumulated their fortunes. They will all go back tomorrow to visit the little town in which they were born, in which their young days were passed, and which is sacred to them as the spot in which their mother lies buried.

The Constitution is always Good.

From the Marshalville, Ga., Times.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION comes to us every day full of interesting reading matter.

From the Pickens County, Ga., Herald.

We insert this week the announcement of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION for the present year. THE CONSTITUTION is the greatest newspaper in the south. It recent growth has been almost phenomenal, the weekly edition having a circulation of 125,000 copies as the result of indomitable pluck and energy.

From the Clarkesville, Ga., Advertiser.

THE CONSTITUTION certainly stands at the head of the list in the south as a newspaper, and there are really no papers in the United States which surpass it in enterprise and have a more complete and reliable news service. THE CONSTITUTION during the national campaign now opening will be found battling valiantly and effectually for the triumph of Cleveland and Thurman, and all who wish to kept well posted in political and other public matters should subscribed for it at once.

From the Elberton, Ga., Gazette.

For ability and enterprise THE CONSTITUTION is ahead of all southern newspapers, and to a man who has been in the habit of reading it and keeping up with all that is going on in the world it is simply indispensible. It will work faithfully for the success of the democratic nominees for president and vice-president, and will keep its readers thoroughly posted on all the campaign news from every quarter. Truly THE CONSTITUTION is a grand paper, and the people of Georgia have a right to feel proud of it. Every man who can read ought to take it at least during the campaign.

On Leave of Absence.

Mr. E. C. Bruffey, who has been connected with THE CONSTITUTION for the past seven years, will leave Atlanta this week for an extended tour of the middle and eastern states.

Several months ago Mr. Bruffey's eyes began troubling him, and in March last he was compelled to quit work. In May he went west and returned this month much improved, but after nine days work was compelled to quit again. His eyes are too weak to permit work, and for the next three months will be out of the city.

Mr. Bruffey, as everyone knows, is a gentleman of indomitable energy, and cannot remain idle. Being barred from his profession by his eyes, he has made a contract with the S. S. S. company to represent them on his trip, and will introduce that medicine to the queen's taste. It goes without saying that he will do his work to the entire satisfaction of the company.

When Mr. Bruffey's leave of absence expires he will return to the city and resume his place on THE CONSTITUTION.

During his connection with THE CONSTITUTION he has always been one of its most faithful and trusted workers, and will always find a welcome on his return.

It Saved Time.

From the Washington Critic.

For four days a K street man has been carrying a safety card around with him, bearing these legends:

Don't know whether it will be Blaine or not.
Don't know who it will be.
Don't know who has the best show.
Don't know what the convention will do.
Don't know whether the candidate will be defeated or not.
Don't know who will get second place.
Don't know anybody who will decline anything.
Don't know how the first ballot will stand.
Don't know how any ballot will stand.
Yes, this is hot enought for me.

MISSING LINKS.

John Aitkin asserts that a cubic inch of air in an ordinary room contains 30,318,000 particles of dust.

The birds of southern Florida are said to be fast disappearing before the guns of the plume hunters.

Spring delights return awful slowly in Dakota. Snow fell to the depth of ten inches at Rapid City on the 20th instant.

Leprosy is said to be spreading at an alarming rate in Russia. Thirty cases have been officially reported in Darvat alone.

Miss Leoline Daniels, of Athens, La., while preparing for her wedding, became suddenly ill and died about the hour she was to have been married.

At Hamilton, Ont., a man who borrowed an umbrella and did not return it has just been sentenced to jail for one year. A timely warning to the wise is sufficient.

Cats are found to be the best exterminators of rabbits in New Zealand. They do great havoc among the young ones, and in some sections scarcely a rabbit was to be seen.

There is need of a theatrical glossary. Here is a new term used in the "profession": "Miss Thalia Siddons will go on the road with 'Box and Cox.' She will be featured."

An elm tree growing in the grounds of the Pennsylvania hospital, in Philadelphia, is a scion of the famous tree under which William Penn held the first treaty with the Indians.

It is said that enought salt underlies the city of Ithaca, N. Y., to supply the world for a century, and that a syndicate has been formed to build there the largest salt works in the state of New York.

Anglomania in Paris has had one good result: It has developed a fashion for walking among women. A constitutional is all the fashion, and the morning walk to the Bois is a brilliant sight to see.

Among the multitude of presents received by the pope this year were a row-boat, a boot-blacking machine and a bicycle. They are just about as appropriate presents as the majority of bridal gifts sent in this country.

Three years ago Charles Selhe, of Morris Cove, Tenn., saved from drowning the young daughter of a rich New Yorker. Now, by will of that gentleman, who has lately died, Selhe gets some $10,000 in reward for his bravery.

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Poor Withered Rose.

Poor withered rose! on my lapel
Did bashful, black-eyed Isabel
Pin you last night,—but you were fair
As her fair face when from her hair
She plucked you, blushing red as wine.

Now, that you're faded, and your smell
Of fragrance gone, shall I expel
You rudely from this breast of mine,
Poor withered rose?

O muse, the cruel thought repel!
For 'mongst these dying petals dwell
Two kisses that her lips divine
Imprinted here; hence will I wear
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THE AMBROSE STORY.

Mr. N. L. Hutchins, Jr., Answers Major W. E. Simmons.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Major W. E. Simmons was mad, very mad, when he penned the article in today's CONSTITUTION. Why this was so, is left to conjecture. If it had occurred to the writer that he was ashamed, or averse to have his name used in connection with the Ambrose story, consideration for his delicate sensibilities might have spared him.

As Justice was an infant, only a few days old at the time of the homicide in 1866, it is hardly necessary for him to brand as false the assertion that he manufactured the account given to wound the friends and relatives of the deceased. No one regrets more than the writer that it became necessary that he should reply to the statements which appeared in last Sunday's CONSTITUTION, by giving the facts of that homicide as told him, and as understood to be true by the older and respectable citizens of this community. But justice to the friends of the victim and the community, as well as a warning to the young and thoughtless, rendered it proper to recall the circumstances connected with that homicide. Having done this, it was superfluous, perhaps, to characterize the killing as "cowardly and cold blooded." But was the "account given by Justice not true, nor designed to be?" "Consistency is a jewel," which the major does not wear. He denounces as untrue every word of Justices's article, yet proceeds to say that the circumstances are correctly stated in the article from the Gwinnett Herald. The editor of that paper was as familiar with the facts attending the homicide, as stated by Justice, as any other citizen of the town. He briefly alluded to the cause of the killing, as stated by both sides, while justice, gives them in detail. Wherein does Justices's article and that of the Herald differ, as to the substantial facts of the homicide? Yet, Major Simmons indorses the Herald's article as correct. This would seem sufficient, but to put the matter to rest upon the major's shoulders the following certificate of the older and well informed citizens of this community, whom the major will not denounce, and men whose viracity is unimpeachable, is submitted:

We have read the article in THE CONSTITUTION of the 21st instant, signed Justice, and while disclaiming any wish to take sides in the controversy, certify, that the facts as to the homicide of Wm. M. Orr, by Charles Ambrose, as stated in that article, are substantially true, as understood in this community at the time of and ever since the homicide. Signed:

William Hill Harvey,	A. M. Winn.
R. N. Robinson,	Jas. D. Spence,
J. M. Wilson,	A. N. Robinson,
W. J. Boon,	J. W. M. Smith,
J. J. Townley,	James N. Gouge,
John S. Porter,	W. B. Smith.

While Justice did not "charge" that Major Simmons "inspired" the "sensational story," the statements therein so nearly correspond with those given publicity to in Lawrenceville by Major Simmons and Mr. Ambrose on Friday before its publication, the influence was reasonable that he was in some way connected with it, as he and Mr. Ambrose, only, profess to know the history of the younger Ambrose after his flight.

All, regardless of friendship for the parties, regret that publication, and are at once surprised and gratified that Major Simmons denies that he either "inspired" or approved it, Major Simmons raises an issue of veracity. The evidence submitted vindicates Justice, and if it proves Major Simmons to be the liar, he has no one to blame but himself.

With this Justice retires and leaves Major Simmons with his conscience.

N. L. HUTCHINS, JR.

Home testimonials are most reliable, and if you will send your name and address we will send statements of numbers of the best citizens of Nashville regarding the wonderful cures effected by the Ethiopian Pile Ointment. It never fails. 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Rangum Root Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn. For sale at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga. Retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

The Excellent Qualities

Of the delightful liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, commend it to all who suffer from Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Being in liquid form and pleasing to the taste, harmless in its nature, strengthening as well as cleansing in its properties, it is easily taken by old and young, and truly beneficial in its effects, and, therefore, the favorite family remedy, especially with ladies and children, who require a gentle yet effective laxative. For sale by all druggists.

The Superior Merits

Of the Watches having Stevens's patent improvements are acknowledged by every person wearing them. Railroad men and others requiring great accuracy in time pieces indorse them, and we are preparing to show by incontestible proof that no other watch not having these improvements will produce such accurate results in time-keeping. They are durable, dust proof and reliable, and, considering quality, the cheapest watch in the market. They are guaranteed by a responsible home establishment, and should any accident occur they are easily repaired.

Don't purchase until you have examined these watches.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
Jewelers,
47 Whitehall Street.

To Gettysburg.

Governor Gordon and party will leave by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway at 7 a. m. Saturday, June 30th, for Gettysburg. A number of others, Headed by Mr. John S. Candler and Mr. Thomas Peters, will leave at same time. Those desiring to join this party should call at once and reserve sleeping car berths at office of East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, corner of Kimball house.

Passengers desiring to go E. T., V. & G. can go either via Washington and Baltimore or via Hagerstown. Choice of routes given.

ONLY A FEW

Bathing suits left. Come before they are all sold. M. Rich & Bros.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton Wyly & Greene, Atalnta, Ga.

NOVEL IDEAS.

What an Atlanta Business Man Thinks of Matters.

SOME CHARMING INNOVATIONS

In the Public Routine of Daily Life.

It is always a charming innovation upon the dull routine of every day life to meet a man with absolutely original ideas, whether they be on social, political or business topics. This fact was impressed yesterday on a CONSTITUTION man who had a casual chat with Mr. Abe Foote, the trunk manufacturer. Said he:

"Everybody ought to have a mission in this world. We think we have a mission. It's like a railway train with motive power and many cars, and many subdivisions to the cars, and many things to make it comfortable, quick and safe. It runs upon a solid roadbed, with a track firm and true. One rail of the track is the BEST MERCHANDISE, the other the BEST METHODS. On this track we have brought unexampled service to all buyers of trunks and other things in our line. We propose to make the track longer—to run the train further—and we don't propose, in the meantime, to let anybody touch our speed or get up steam as quick as we do. Therefore, we cannot afford to offer anything but the best of everything.

On this point let me say that we make no misrepresentations on the goods we show, when we say so and so we mean just that and nothing else.

Our high methods have made us friends and we are willing to stand on our record, and this we are doing, despite the fact that our competitors claim we are selling too cheap. This, of course, is all nonsense, for if we couldn't afford to sell cheap, we wouldn't do it. Nothing succeeds like success, and this is what we are learning. We claim to outdo Atlanta in trunks, hand-bags, satchels, toilet cases, etc., and we simply are outdoing all competition."

"And this is your mission?"

"Yes, sir, and you may tell it to your neighbors and friends. We'll be glad to see them."

M. RICH & BROS.

Offer this week another large lot of Spring and Fall weight Woollen Dress Goods, costing from 20 to 40 cts, to clean out our stock they will all be sold at 10 cents. Come soon for you will find that you have never before bought such bargains.

Be sure you go on the excursion to Tallulah Falls June 28th.

BATHS.

TURKISH BATHS!

The New Turkish and Vapor Bath,

The finest and most complete institution of the kind in the south, supplied with thoroughly trained attendants.

Fitted up regardless of expense, with everything requisite for the ease and comfort of its patrons.

THE IMPROVED TURKISH BATH

A Luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick.

VAPOR BATHS!

Plain or Medicated, Mercurial, Sulphur, Iodine, Mineral and Electric.

PERFUMED BATHS FOR THE LADIES

PLAIN HOT and COLD WATER BATHS,

The most elegant Bath Rooms in the South. Fitted up with Porcelain Tubs cased in marble.

THE MUNRO BATH INSTITUTE,

Trader's Bank Building, 10 Decatur street, opposite Kimball House.

LOOK OUT FOR THE NOTICE OF THE OPENING DAY.

sun tf

GROCERIES.

BUCKLEY & BEALL,

Staple and Fancy Groceries

81 PEACHTREE STREET.

Finest brands of domestic and imported table luxuries.

PICKLES,
SAUCES,
CATSUPS
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
COCOA,
CHOCOLATE,
TEAS,
COFFEES.

We make a specialty of fine Teas and Coffees. The finest brands and Choicest grades of all articles embraced in a first-class grocery establishment.

MEDICAL.



CATARRH!

A Dangerous Disease Can be Cured by the Use of Canadian Catarrh Cure. A Safe and Reliable Specific for Catarrh! Hay Fever! Sore Throat and "Cold in the Head."

We ask you to read the following testimonials, and if not satisfactory write to the parties:

ATLANTA, GA., April 5, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.—Gentlemen: Several weeks ago, I called at your office, and you gave me a sample bottle of your "Catarrh Cure." I had suffered with a bad case of catarrh for some time. I have only used the sample bottle you gave me, and it has completely cured me. I heartily recommend it to any one suffering with catarrh. One small sample bottle has cured.

Yours truly,
W. H. WATTS,
91 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 7, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: My sister, Maggie Peyton, was cured of a dangerous cause of catarrh, in a very short time, by the use of "Canadian Catarrh Cure;" and I will further testify that all hopes were given up. Drs. Hutchison, druggist of this city, recommended the above medicine to me. I appeared in person at the Canadian Catarrh Co.'s office, and voluntarily offer the above testimonials. Write or call on me, and hear more. Respectfully,

MISS ROENA PEYTON, City.

LITHONIA, Ga., May 16, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: Your remedy has cured my daughter of a severe case of catarrh. I shall encourage others to use it. Very truly yours,

C. WESLEY POWELL.

The quantity in one bottle of "Canadian Catarrh Cure" will last for some time. Therefore, the expense is a mere trifle, and there is no excuse for neglect. If you are suffering with catarrh, it will pay you to use "Canadian Catarrh Cure." Send for our free book of information. Large size bottles $1, small size 50c. If your druggist does not keep it, send direct to

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.,
14 East Hunter Street, Atlanta, Ga.

op ed page tues thur sat 5p

TO THE LADIES!

HUNNICUTT'S

RHEUMATIC CURE

Is a purely vegetable compound, and will relieve you of that tired, restless feeling, loss of sleep and want of appetite, caused by an impoverished condition of the blood, in so short a time as to seem almost magical. It is peculiarly adapted to the wants of the system when in that condition.

—FOR—

INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA

It has no equal. For all

BLOOD and KIDNEY DISEASES

It is unexcelled. Every one needs a

TONIC

In the spring season.

H. R. C. IS THE VERY BEST!

Try one bottle and you will be convinced. For sale by all druggists. Send for book of testimonials and other valuable information.

HUNNICUTT RHEUMATIC CURE CO.,
P. O. Drawer 30, Atlanta, Ga.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, SHOES, ETC.

John Ryan's Sons

Received on Friday SPECIAL DISPATCH from Stephen A. Ryan, now in New York attending the big bankrupt and forced sales of the past week, which reads as follows:

Look out for the biggest lot of goods ever shipped south. Over 1,000 cases of White Goods, Dress Goods, Wash Goods, Silks, Hosiery, and Furnishing Goods shipped you. Make all the room possible. Engage fifteen more men. No such bargains ever before seen here. Prices about forty cents on the cost of manufacturing Prepare for the biggest rush in the history of the trade.

STEPHEN A. RYAN.

Comment on the above is unnecessary. We have received bills of lading for 1,183 cases of goods, and it stands to reason that such an immense lot of goods would not have been purchased at this season of the year, when most houses say trade is dull, unless there were extraordinary inducements offered. This one shipment is more than some who flaunt their banner to the breeze and claim to be competitors of ours will use in a year or two. Our business for the past year has increased phenomenally, and we are prepared at any and all times to purchase lots of goods, no matter the quantity, at a price. We ask the public to kindly favor us as heretofore with a call during the coming week, and we assure you that you will be most agreeably surprised at our prices.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS.

FADS OF FASHION.

Some Exquisite Gowns Worn in Atlanta.

ABOUT WOMEN AS WIVES

The Gossip of a Pretty Widow—Facts About Atlanta Society.

I was shown some Paris gowns and bonnets the other day by a lady visiting Atlanta. As she held up the exquisitely finished bodice to an evening costume, she said:

"You can tell the difference in a Paris gown and any other by the way the bodice is cut. See, this is cut on the bias and no darts in the front. Yet it fits more perfectly over the bust and waist than any garment could outside of Paris."

The bodice she showed was of silver-green French faille with a bertha of gauge embroidered in emerald passementerie. The shoulders were ornamented with dainty bows of bead embroidered ribbon. The demi-train skirt of the same silk material had a front drapery of emerald passementerie embroidered on gauge, and the back drapery was caught here and there with graceful loops of bead embroidered ribbon.

Another beautiful gown was of old rose moire striped in gobelein blue and tan, combined with solid old rose satin de lion and trimmed with duchesse lace. The front draperies were formed of duchesse lace flounces, put together with old rose ribbon and silk mull puffs. A side panel was made of shirred silk mull with old rose ribbon run through the shirrings; the back draperies and bodice were made of the striped morie, the bodice being made pompadour and having sleeves and V neck ornamented with puffings of silk mull with the duchesse lace forming V back and front.

There was a heliotrope ottoman carriage gown with a petticoat of white silk with gray green stripes and quaint flower designs in dull pinks and greens. The bodice of ottoman heliotrope had a tucked V vest of the flowered silk, the vest having puffings of heliotrope silk and being finished off at the points with amethyst passementarie. The puffed sleeves had cuffs of the flowered material and amethyst ornaments. The bonnet to match this costume was heliotrope trimmed with lace and peacock's hearts.

India and China are the only cool silks made. This beautiful woman of fashion has an India silk that makes one feel cool and comfortable just to look at. The ground is white, and is sprinkled with sprays in bronze brown and old blue. The skirt is draped simply in the back and the front is trimmed with bands and loopings of dull blue ribbon and p'atte valenciennes lace ruffles. The waist has puffed sleeves and the V back and front is formed of lace and ribbons. An old rose-checked silk with sleeves puffed at top and shirred to elbow, and embroidered in white silk, was another beautiful gown.

These were all Paris costumes, but an organdie from New Orleans—where they import the prettiest organdies in the world—was, in its way, quite as attractive. It had a cream ground, flowered in dull pink and gold roses. It was made by a French dressmaker in New Orleans, and the draperies are exquisite. Long loops of dull gold and green picot ribbon catch the skirt draperies at waist and sides. The sleeves are puffed and pleated at the bottom to form the ribbon-trimmed cuffs. The waist is shirred on the shoulders, back and front and at the waist. The hat to match this gown is a broad-brimmed shirred illusion, trimmed with a spray of exquisite red and white French roses. Another shirred hat was of pink crepe de cline, trimmed with white crush roses. A bonnet of old rose straw, bordered with rose plush and trimmed with pink roses and a knot of old blue velvet, is one of the prettiest things I ever saw from the hands of a Paris milliner. Another Paris hat is of white leghorn, with brim covered with silk lace, a bow of cream and old rose ribbon at the side, and a spray of apple blossoms coming from the back over crown.

ABOUT TAILOR GOWNS.

A New York belle who has just left Atlanta, and whose perfect taste in dress makes her an authority, says there will be a change in the make up for tailor gowns next autumn. All elaborate braiding will be abolished, and the suits will again be severely plain, as they were three winters ago. No pinking will be admissible; the frock must be finished with nothing but stitching.

Gowns that are not tailor made will be more elaborate than heretofore. The jewel trimming and passamenterie grows more magnificent and expensive each year.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Old fashioned flowered organdies are again the rage, and they come in exquisite designs this season. One of the prettiest shown in the stores has a heliotrope ground, flowered over with dull gold and pink hollyhocks. Another is pale pink with white wild roses.

Jeweled buckles are the rage—buckles for throat bows and buckles for shoes. Rubies and diamonds are the favorite stones for such ornaments. The most beautiful married woman at the Smith-Gordon reception wore, in a little pink bow, in the front of her V cut bodice, an exquisite buckle of rubies and diamonds.

Men, Women and Marriage.

Her name can't be told, but she was a widow—a pretty gay one some people said—a southern woman and one of the loveliest creatures imaginable. She was tall and slim, with that graceful, nice slimness, that is well covered and has dimples in the shoulders. She was about twenty-eight; her eyes were very blue, with black lashes to match the waving hair above her low, white brow.

"People talk about me a good deal, don't they?" she asked me one day, as we lounged in her blue boudoir. She had thrown herself on the gold-brocaded sofa, knowing, perhaps, that it particularly accorded with the blue and gold-embroidered gown she wore.

"Talk about you? How?"

"Oh! well, they say I like men." Then, after a quizzical smile—"Well, I do like them. I've lived twenty-eight years, and I've traveled and seen people and places most of that time. I've seen the catacombs of Egypt and the cathedrals of Rome; I've seen everything in London and Paris that a woman ought to, and do you know that, after all, I like men.

BETTER THAN ANYTHING YET?

There's nothing so thoroughly amusing and congenial to me as a real nice man who likes me and sends me flowers and hangs around all the time. People do say religion is better, but I've never tried it, and I'm perfectly satisfied to be as I am until I begin to get old and wrinkled. I think religion beautiful for the aged.

"But I was going to ask you if people didn't say married men were too attentive to me? Yes, I know they say it by the way you look. Well, maybe its true, but I wonder if people can sift the reason of it? I've been married myself and I've studied the whole subject. Most of the married men who call on me have stupid wives. It's the exception when a married man with a bright interesting wife wants to go calling. A man loves his home naturally. Of course, some neglect attractive wives just because they are born base and mean, but, if a woman is fresh and original in her thoughts, she can nearly always keep her husband by her side. So many women get prosy after they marry. It seems to be the

END OF THEM, INTELLECTUALLY.

I know a man who courted a woman faithfully ten years before she'd marry him. He's been married to her ten years now and he doesn't want her. He's constantly hunting for a pleasant lot of people to entertain him. He don't know what entertaining means. She churns and sweeps the house and wears slouchy wrappers. She's not obliged to do it, but if it were a necessity she could do her work and look well when her husband came home. Then she's behind hand in every way. She never visits or has company or keeps up with the world and its doings.

"Men are like children, come to hear fairy stories when they reach home. They must be amused or they'll go off and loaf. If a woman is unprogressive, if she is exactly where she was when she married ten years ago, she's too stupid for anybody to live with. The very best and most religious of men will get tired of stupid wives. People must learn something new every day to be interesting. My

IDEAL WOMAN

is the wife of a prominent young lawyer living in a Georgia village. She has four children and makes, with the occasional help of a sewing woman, all their clothes. They are the most stylishly dressed children in the village, but sewing for them doesn't take up all her time. She paints very prettily and has done some artistic decorations for her house. She's a live, jolly woman, up with everything. It's a mystery how she finds time for reading, but there's nothing in the magazines or other current literature that she's not ready to discuss and criticize. She reads and recites charmingly, is a splendid housekeeper and one of the most entertaining original companions on earth. It's all nonsense about married women saying they can't spare time from domestic duties to keep up with the world. This woman is not rich. She has domestic duties that she carefully attends to, yet she finds time to make a new woman of herself every day. Her husband never wants to go philandering off to some other place for his evenings. He's happy to sit and discuss new subjects with her, perfectly assured that no other woman could entertain him so well. After some years of observant widowhood, I have found that most of the married men hanging around my drawing rooms had poky wives, so it's no especial compliment to me. I amuse them. I always have something new to tell. I have a great deal of company, male and female, and I hear all the current news and gossip, and I read the papers and magazines. When poor Mr. —— was alive he used to say I was a daily surprise."

"That was very delightful."

"Oh, he didn't mean it as a compliment always. You know he was an old rheumatic man, and I not being madly in love with him used to surprise him with my many sided moods. I don't know if that isn't better than never surprising one's husband at all. Men must have variety of some kind."

M. A. A.

THE WORLD OF SOCIETY.

Doings of Atlanta People at Home and Abroad.

Undoubtedly the leading society event of the year was the marriage of Miss Fannie Gordon to Mr. Burton Smith.

The details of the wedding have been given in THE CONSTITUTION. The ceremony, as performed by Drs. Barnett and Strickler, in the beautiful Central Presbyterian church, made more beautiful by the profusion of floral decorations, was one of the prettiest ever seen. Never was there a handsomer couple—the bride queenly in her beauty, and the groom wonderfully handsome.

The church was crowded with an audience of Atlanta's most prominent society people—an audience which was a treat to look upon.

After the ceremony a delightful reception was tendered the attendants and a few intimate friends at the executive mansion. The bride and groom received the heartiest of congratulations of hosts of friends from all parts of the union. No young people ever began married life more auspiciously.

***

The wealth of beautiful and valuable presents which they received attests their great popularity. No southern bride ever received so many. An enumeration of them is impossible.

Those from the clubs to which Mr. Smith belonged have been mentioned. One of the most elegant presents received by Miss Gordon was from the governor's stable.

Colonel Kell hands THE CONSTITUTION the following note from Miss Gordon and requests that it be published in order that her acknowledgment may reach the members of the staff in different portions of the state:

"ATLANTA, June 19th, 1888.

"Colonel J. McIntosh Kell, Chief of Staff, Atlanta, Ga.—My Dear Colonel: Permit me to express, though you, to the members of the governor's staff, my cordial thanks for their beautiful wedding gift. I regret that I cannot in person assure each one of them of my grateful appreciation of their generous remembrance. Very sincerely,

"FANNY GORDON."

***

One of the prettiest entertainments of the year will be that of Mrs. Oton's West End class on Monday evening.

The entertainment will take place at Culberson's hall tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Whitehall cars lead to the hall entrance.

The programme is as follows:

Overture.
Class drill in gesture and posing.
Selections.
"Money Musk"—Miss Bessie Mobly.
"Bald Head Man"—Master Willie Reynolds.
"Boy's Thoughts on Hosses"—Joe Atkins.
Music.
Floctonian Polka, Piano and Cornet—Miss Alexander and Mr. Strode.
"Marie Stuart"—Mrs. Alfred Alfriend.
Music.
"Little Mischief"—Miss Ruth Cunningham.
"The Dumb Savoir"—Miss Jesse Fuller.
Music.
"The Senator and Countess"—Mrs. Oton.
"The Vassar Girl"—Miss Kate Bunker.
"McLain's Child"—Alfred Alfriend.
Music—"Joyous Strains"—Misses Alexander.
Shakspearan recital—Mrs. Oton.
Music—"Schubert's Serenade"—Piano and cornet—Miss Alexander, Mr. Strode.
"Rienzi's Address"—Honora McDaniel.
"Eloquence in a Western Court"—Harry Pendleton.
Music—"Come Buy My Flowers"—Misses Alexander.
"Rock of Ages"—Lucile Daniel.
Selection—Mrs. Oton.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Green B. Adair, with little G. B. Adair, Jr., and Miss Avis Batts, are spending a few days at Mt. Airy and Tallulah Falls.

***

Yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock, at the residence of Rev. Virgil Norcross in West End, and in the presence of a few friends, Mr. Charles H. Burge and Miss Eula Hubbard were united in marriage.

There is a bit of romance in this affair, as it was consummated in opposition to the wishes of the parents of the bride, who did not look with favor on their present son-in-law.

But it resulted as such things generally result, and the usual forgiveness and happiness should follow as a natural consequence.

Mr. Burge is well known and respected among his Atlanta friends, and holds a position with the commission house of A. McD. Wilson & Co., as city salesman. He is also quite prominent in mission Sunday school work, especially at the Decatur street school. His bride is the daughter of Mr. William L Hubbard, and is an attractive young lady.

***

The following young graduates of Wesleyan were entertained at lunch by Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Robinson on last Friday:

Miss Jennie Gant, of Knoxville; Miss Jessie Hopkins, of Oxford; Misses Carrie Lowe and Abbie Budd, of Florida; Miss Georgia Ficklen, of Washington; Miss Estelle Mitchell, of Rome; Miss Kate Parker, of Mississippi, and Miss Mattie Belle Robinson, of this city. The above young ladies are now attending Oxford commencement.

***

Mrs. Fred H. Gates, much to the gratification of her many friends, has so far recovered from her prolonged illness that she was able yesterday to start for the north, where she will make an extended visit among friends and relatives.

***

On Thursday, Miss Eva Winter entertained her art class at a 5 o'clock tea at her beautiful home on Peachtree. The decorations were lovely and menu perfect, and the occasion one of rare pleasure. From 7 to 10 o'clock an art reception was given to the patrons of Miss Winter's class, and paintings, sketches and etchings, the work of her clever pupils, were exhibited in the pretty studio. The pictures elicited the warmest praise and admiration of the guests. Miss Winter, though one of Atlanta's youngest artists, is one of the most talented, and the meritorious work of her class gives evidence of her faithful training and thorough instruction.

***

On Wednesday evening next the music class of Mrs. Belle Dykeman, will give an entertainment at Concordia hall.

Mrs. Dykeman is one of the most thoroughly accomplished musicians in Atlanta, as well as one of the best instructors, and this entertainment, to be given by her and her class, will be one of the best of the year.

***

The sad news of the sudden death of Mr. Wm. H. Parsons will cast a gloom over the city. Mr. Parsons was widely known and greatly liked by all who knew him, and his death will cause universal sorrow.

***

Misses Eunice Elder and Estelle Fowler are visiting Misses Mena and Lizzie Hooper, in Oakdale.

Atlantians and Their Friends.

Mrs. Chas E. Bostwick is visiting friends and relatives in Carrollton.

John H. James and family are at the Whitlock house, Marietta, for the summer.

Mrs. S. D. Pickett returned yesterday from a week's visit to Virginia Beach and Old Point Comfort, Va.

Mrs. J. C. Conley and her two daughters, Miss Maude and Miss Kate, are visiting relatives in Covington, Ga.

Mrs. W. C. King left the city yesterday to visit Mrs. W. M. Howard, Lexington, Ga. She will be away several weeks.

Mrs. Hamilton Douglas and Master Donald Douglas have left the city to spend the summer with relatives in Virginia.

Miss Minnie Edwards, one of Cartersville's most charming young ladies, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Foote, on Walker street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Teller have returned from an extended tour through the north and west.

A. F. Cooledge and family leave Monday afternoon for a month's visit to the northern cities and summer resorts, viz. Old Point Comfort, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Saratoga, Coney Island, Niagara Falls, etc. Before returning they will make a tour through the New England states

Miss Minnie Edwards, of Cartersville, is spending a few days with Mrs. Foote, on Walker street, on her way home from Macon.

Mrs. Laurie and Miss Ella Laurie, of Charleston, S. C., will spend the summer with Mrs. Glover C. Elfe, on West Baker street.

Misses Nora and Josie Earnest, two charming daughters of Dr. J. G. Earnest, left yesterday for a two months' stay in the mountains of Tennessee.

Miss Ida Nevin, a beautiful and fascinating as well as talented and cultured young lady, of Rome, is visiting the city and stopping at 239 South Forsyth street.

Mr. Frank West, who is at present in the San Bernardino mountains of California, will sail from San Francisco early in July via Vera Cruz and New York for home.

THROUGH THE STATE.

Albany.

Miss Callie Vason is visiting Miss Belle Bacon, at Baconton.

Miss Dollie Tarver is visiting Mrs. G. M. Bacon, at Dewitt.

A delightful german was given at Tift's hall on Thursday evening, in honor of the young ladies of Mrs. Sterne's institute, and those visiting the city.

An enjoyable festival was given at the courthouse plaza by the ladies of St. Paul's guild, on Wednesday afternoon and evening.

Rev. and Mrs. W. L. Y. Pickett, of Eufaula, Ala., are visiting friends in the city.

Rev. Bascom Anthony and family have been spending the week with friends in Alapaha.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Salter left for Kentucky on Tuesday.

Miss Sophie Thornburg has returned from Brunswick, and is visiting her mother, Mrs. M. A. Thornbury.

Miss Eva Hooks, of Montezuma, carried off the first medal at Mrs. Sterne's institute last year and again won the honor this year.

Miss Minnie Eplich gained the second medal.

The school closed on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. W. Henderson has been visiting friends in Macon.

Mr. Stokes Walter, of Westonia, has been in the city several days.

The winner, for two years, of the highest honor at the female institute is as sweet as she is smart. She has won the love of all her schoolmates, and is one of the loveliest young ladies that has ever graced Albany with her presence.

Mr. Oscar Neundorfer and bride, nee Miss Montgomery, of Indiana, reached here upon the Thursday night train. They will remain a few days upon a visit to the parents of the groom at their plantation home in east Dougherty county.

A moonlight party serenaded Mr. W. J. Fleetwood, at his plantation home above Albany, on Tuesday night. The host responded, and his famous melon patch furnished an abundance of luscious fruit. In the party were Julius Peritz with Mrs. Sol Peritz, of Galveston, Texas, and Mrs. Kultner; Henry Alsberg with Miss Rosa Brown, Morris Rosenthal with Miss Emma Wessolowsky, Max Cassel with Miss Cassel, James Weis with Misses Millie Weis and Eva Brown, H. Cassel with Miss Cassel, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Brown, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Plonsky, Mr. and Mrs. M. Weslosky, Mr. and Mrs. I. Kiere, Mr. Sam Parker, conductor. They started upon their drive at 9 p. m., reaching home at 3 a. m.

Barnesville.

Colonel J. A. Hunt, of Atlanta, was in our town yesterday.

A large crowd of our young ladies and gentlemen went over to Thomaston, last Thursday night, to attend the concert given by the R. E. Lee institute.

Hon. T. H. Richardson, of Macon, was in our city on Wednesday last.

Mr. Thad E. Murphey visited Atlanta this week.

Professor J. W. Pound is in Atlanta for several days, on business.

Mr. J. C. Porch and Miss Pearl Swatts attended the exercises of Wesleyan commencement, last Tuesday.

Mrs. L. K. Rogers, our gifted poetess, read an original poem before the alumnæ of Wesleyan female college this week.

Mr. D. A. Stroud paid Macon a visit yesterday.

Cuthbert.

The young ladies of Cuthbert have just gone through with the experiences of another "leap year" party. On Thursday delicately worded billet-doux went flying round the city, inviting the young gentlemen to the residence of Mr. H. O. Beall, and also requesting that they would allow the fair ones whose names were signed thereto to act as escorts for the occasion.

Miss May Beall, the charming daughter of the host and hostess, entered most heartily into the spirit of the movement upon the boys, and royally did she entertain his guests. The handsome drawingroom was elaborately decorated with beautiful paintings, skillfully done by her hand and here and there in tastefully arranged stands were the choicest offerings of garden and conservatory to add their sweetness and beauty to the occasion. The refreshment parlors were inviting and tempting to the eye as well as taste and lent additional charms to the mirth and gayety encompassed by such an enchanting scene. Those present were:

Miss Willie Kiddo, with T. McC. Gamble; Miss Willie Fullerton, with D. M. Jacobs; Miss Annie Barfield, with G. Toombs; Miss Cora Marshall (Ohio), with T. R. Harris; Miss Lilly Brown, with F. Black; Miss Emma Hickey (Texas), with F. H. George Miss May Beall, with J. D. Gunn; Miss Olivia Beall, with Key Simpson; Miss Corinne Lamar, with E. J. Hardin. Stags: Misses Nellie Martin, M. Lee Kiddoo, Maude Branch, India Baldwin and Cliff Chastain.

Right nobly did the fair Hebes go about this work, and ere the evening was half over proposal after proposal had been made. The boys were inclined at first to treat this wholesale explosion of gushing sentiment in a humorous way, until the secret leaked out that the ordinary and a prominent minister of the city had been secured, and were locked in one of the rooms, ready with book and license to ratify the work of the evening. There was a disposition among the boys to stay proceedings until the weather got cooler and finances heavier. A compromise was effected on this ground, and no less than eighteen weddings are expected as the outcome of the leap year.

A pleasant feature of the evening was the presence of three of Cuthbert's loveliest debutants who came as "stags" to "take off" three of Cuthbert's young gentlemen who have of late fallen into the habit of going alone to every entertainment. The delicate fineness with which they covered the ground in every detail was the subject of repeated remark.

Cedartown.

Professor J. C. Harris, of Marietta, is visiting relatives and friends in the city, the guest of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Harris.

"East Lynne" was well played to a large audience this week, by "Our Amateurs," for the benefit of the new Presbyterian church fund, and repeated by request. The music was splendid. Cedartown has talent in all lines indicative of high cultivation.

Senator Dean, of Rome, and Messrs. Fenn and Carlton, of Atlanta, and many commercial men from foreign markets, are looking over our city.

Mrs. Dallas Turner, of Rome, and Mrs. Marcus Bunn, of Atlanta, are guests of Mr. W. C. Bunn, on Herbert street.

The spring term of our public schools closed Tuesday, after a most satisfactory and successful five months's work. The fall term opens in September. The school maintained its number of about 200 throughout the term with remarkable evenness.

We had a delightful season of rain Wednesday afternoon. Our good crops are much refreshed, and our streets made cool and inviting thereby.

The health of our city was never better at this season, and our surroundings every way inspiring of cheerfulness and buoyancy.

Carnesville.

Miss Essie Few, a winsome young lady from Oconee county, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Little, of this place, where she will remain some time.

W. P. Sparks, of Atlanta, was here Tuesday.

W. R. Little and A. N. King visited Martin Monday on business.

Miss Anna Little and Miss Nelia Barker, of Bold Spring, were in Carnesville during the week.

Mrs. Will Tabor and Mrs. J. B. McWhirter, of Fort Lamar, were visiting Mrs. D. W. Brooks Monday.

John M. Carson, of Harmony Grove, spent several days here recently, visiting relatives.

M. D. Brown, of Bowersville, was here Tuesday on business.

L. J. Legrand, a prominent merchant of Cromer's, was here Tuesday.

Neal Little, of Bold Spring, visited relatives here Tuesday.

Covington.

Miss Carrie Carr, the accomplished daughter of Mr. G. T. Carr, of Atlanta, is visiting Miss Alice Sims, on Elm street.

Miss Leckie Calloway, a charming young lady of Lithonia, is visiting Judge E. T. Edwards's family on Monticello street.

Mrs. R. P. Lester, of Cumming, is visiting her son, Colonel J. G. Lester, of this place.

Miss Mattie Willis, of Madison, spent last week with Editor J. W. Anderson's family.

Miss Minnie V. Calloway, a handsome young lady of Lexington, is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. W. Hawkins, on Alcovy street.

Rev. and Mrs. J. N. Bradshaw, of Darien, are here, visiting their daughters, Mrs. D. H. H. Thompson and Mrs. J. J. Corley.

Miss Annie Ethrige, of Conyers, is visiting J. A. Stewart's family, on Cumberland avenue.

Misses Mary Hargroves, Mamie Harwell and Lelia Gay, of Newborn, attended commencement here last week.

Mr. Lovick Stephenson and lovely bride, of Athens, were here last week. They were on their way to Anniston, Ala., their future home.

Chipley.

Messrs. L. W. Dallis and V. E. Dallis and families, of new Troup Factory, on Saturday spent a day of recreation on Pine mountain, plucking wild flowers and gathering the little dainty huckleberry. The day was enjoyably spent. Except an interruption, owing to small showers of rain, nothing marred their glee.

Quite a number of young ladies and gentlemen attended the Masonic celebration at Hamilton, on yesterday. Power Levy, of Columbus, Ga., entertained them to a degree of sublimity with his flight of oratory.

Cadet P. L. Hutchinson has returned from Auburn, Ala., where he has been attending college.

Clinton.

Married, at the residence of Mrs. S. E. Hamilton, in Clinton, on the morning of the 20th, Miss Sallie E. Bowen to Mr. Will G. Mathews, both of Jones county, Rev. A. M. Phillips officiating.

Misses Lois Johnson, Emmie Chiles and Maude Hardeman have been attending Wesleyan commencement. They will remain until after Mercer's exercises are concluded.

Mrs. Peyton T. Pitts, of James, is visiting Mrs. Hamilton in the village.

Decatur.

Mrs. W. O. Conner and her daughter, Miss Hattie Conner, of Cave Springs, Ga., visited the family of Mrs. M. E. Davis this week.

Miss Mamie Rodgers, of Augusta, is visiting Miss Paul Howard on Candler street.

Miss Sallie Davies is visiting friends at Oxford, Ga.

John Dean Steward, one of our Decatur boys, who has been living at Montezuma, Ga., the past year, is at home on a visit. He will return to Montezuma next week.

George M. Ramspect, son of Mr. G. A. Ramspect, left here Thursday for Americus, Ga., to accept a position in the office of the Fertilizer Manufacturing company of that place, of which Mr. John M. Green, of Atlanta, is president. George is one of our best and most popular boys, and will be greatly missed by his family and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Chivers gave a tea party at their lovely home, on Railroad avenue, last Monday night, to a few friends, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. James C. Boykin, of Washington, D. C.

Judge Augustus H. Alston and his lovely daughter, Miss Gussie, of Clayton, Ala., have been enjoying the week with relatives at this place.

Miss Mamie Walters, who has been attending the Home school, at Athens, Ga., is now at home, enjoying her vacation.

The "T. B. T." club gave a surprise party at the residence of H. J. Williams, last Tuesday night, complimentary to John Dean Steward, of Montezuma.

The ladies of the Baptist church gave a lawn party at the residence of Dr. George J. Howard, on Candler street, Friday evening which was greatly enjoyed by all present, and a nice little sum of money realized from the sale of ice cream and other refreshments.

General and Mrs. C. A. Evans, of Augusta, are visiting relatives here.

Two of our loveliest and most accomplished young ladies, Miss Maggie Barry, daughter of Captain R. L. Barry, and Miss Annie Howard, daughter of Dr. George J. Howard, are spending a few weeks with friends at Watkinsville, Ga.

The T. B. T. club held a most interesting and enjoyable meeting Friday night at the residence of Mrs. Sallie Powell, on Sycamore street.

A moonlight picnic by private conveyance to Stone Mountain last Wednesday night was greatly enjoyed by Miss Maggie Barry, Miss Emerline Wharton, Miss Annie Howard, Miss Paul Howard, Miss Valaria Fraser, Miss Katie Ansley, Miss Lizzie Ansley, Miss Ina Brown, Miss Gertrude Brown, Miss Minnie Alston of Decatur, Miss Fergerson of Alabama, Miss Genie Flake of Flake, Ga., Miss Gussie Alston of Clayton, Ala., and Miss Paxton, of Washington, D. C. Messrs. Thomas Ripley, Conner Ripley, John Cunningham, Robert L. Avary, Cliff Ansley, Ed Ansley, Parry Laird, Arthur Laird, Will Ansley, Marion Ansley, John Montgomery, of Decatur, and Will Clay, Athens, Ga.; Randolph McElveen, Atlanta; Norwood Robson and Alfred Warren, Kirkwood, and Judge A. H. Alston, Clayton, Ala. The party was chaperoned by Mrs. Robert Trotter. The entire party had a delightful time.

Rev. Paul P. Winn, of Clayton, Ala., has been spending a few days with his father, Mr. J. J. Winn and family, at this place.

Easton.

On last Thursday Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith invited a large number of our young society people to spend the day with them at their beautiful little "cottage home."

Miss Florrie Hensolt, a sweet, modest young lady, of Norcross, is visiting Miss Emma Smith.

Mr. J. G. Johnson visited friends in Union, S. C., last week.

Last Friday evening, a charming party of young people gathered at the residence of Mr. D. L. Plaster, for the purpose of enjoying a few hours in social music. All who were so fortunate to be present spent a most delightful evening.

Miss Killie Maulding has returned to her home in Bolton, after a most delightful visit to Miss Cora Cheshire.

Mr. H. W. Stephens has returned from Anderson, S. C., where he took part in a footrace. We are proud to say he was victorious, came back with three prizes, and the congratulations of his many friends.

Miss Ada Wedlock, of Norcross, is visiting Miss Pinkie Walker.

Fairburn.

Colonel T. W. Latham returned this week from a professional trip to Douglasville.

Mrs. A. J. Smith, of Atlanta, and Mrs. J. C. Thompson, of Newnan, visited Mrs. J. H. Longino during the week.

Mrs. Lyles and Miss Janie Mobley left Wednesday for South Carolina, where they will spend some time.

Miss Kate Peavy, a pretty and accomplished young lady who has been spending some time here, returned to her home at Greenville, Ga., Thursday.

Mr. A. J. Vickers is visiting relatives at Owensleyville, Ga.

Miss Janie Wooddall is visiting friends at Tallapoosa.

Miss Nora Rosser, of Decatur, who has been spending several days with Miss Mattie Ferguson, left for home Tuesday.

Mr. R. T. Camp, who has been spending some time at home, left this week on a commercial trip.

Mr. B. H. Roan left this week, representing the harness and saddle manufactory of McCurry & Co.

Misses Bernice and Essie Andrews are visiting relatives in Newnan.

Mrs. J. F. Rhodes, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. S. P. Christopher.

Mr. W. T. Roberts returned Monday from a trip to the old world, where he has been spending several months.

Miss Lula Sams, of Fayette county, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. Walter Sturdevant, of Summerville, is spending a few days with relatives here.

Griffin.

Mr. and Mrs. Mallory, of Macon, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Mallory, here.

Colonel Sam White, formerly of Griffin, but now a prosperous and successful lawyer of Oregon, is visiting his old home, to the delight of his many friends.

Misses Nellie and Gussie McMillan and Mrs. Annie Scarrett, of Gainesville, Fla., are attending the summer session of the Griffin female college.

Mrs. Dr. Bradley has returned home after an absence of several weeks.

Dr. Cheatham and family, of Atlanta, have been visiting Dr. McDonald's family this week.

Miss Mary Burr is visiting friends in Atlanta.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave a pleasant entertainment in their church yard Tuesday night to assist in raising funds to repair the church.

Miss Annie Mitchell, of Atlanta, is visiting Miss Marie Hammond.

Miss Minnie Long, of Huntsville, Ala., is visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Carrie Lowe, of Hapeville, is visiting Miss Carrie White.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sullivan, of Erie, are visiting Captain Pedew.

Betsy Hamilton—Mrs. Ploughman, gave a reading Thursday evening at the College chapel, to a good audience. The reading was for the benefit of the Christian church.

The young people gave a delightful german at the Grey's armory Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. J. Kincaid gave an elegant reception Friday evening from five to eight o'clock. The occasion was in honor of Miss Little, of Talbotton, who is visiting Mrs. Kincaid.

Patterson's opera house was open Friday and Saturday evening by a slight of hand and mesmurism entertainment.

Gainesville.

Mr. and Mrs. McPherson, who have been visiting the families of Captain Wallace and Mr. N. A. Manning, are spending some time in southwest Georgia.

Miss Janie Crow, a popular young lady of Richmond, Ky., is visiting Mrs. "Bob" Brown, at the Arlington hotel.

Mrs. R. W. Taylor, who has been quite ill, is convalescent, and it is hoped that she will be entirely well in a few days.

Miss Agnes Sullivan, a charming young lady of Laurens, S. C., is in the city, visiting her sister, Mrs. F. M. Johnson, on Green street.

Major E. Berkley's family is at Gower's spring.

Mr. P. H. Adams, of Washington, Ga., spent several days in the city during the week, attending the commencement exercises of the Gainesville college.

Miss Ida Wallace, after spending several weeks with relatives here, has gone to southwest Georgia.

Mr. Green B. Adair, of the gate city, spent a day here during the week visiting his mother, Mrs. Sarah Adair, on North Green street.

Miss Sallie McCarty, a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Atlanta, is visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mr. Clarence Knowles and family, of Atlanta, are at the Arlington hotel.

Miss Smith, a charming young lady of Oglethorpe county, is visiting Miss Mattie Callaway on Main street.

Hampton.

Miss Lizzie Arnold, of Crawford, Ga., is on a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. A. North.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hunter, of the gate city, spent Sunday here with Mrs. W. B. Pierce.

Messrs. Tarpley and Turnipseed went down to Griffin Sunday afternoon.

Norris Hale and Mitt Turnipseed, of McDonough, attended the festival at Mr. A. T. Maxwell's Tuesday night.

"Hence, I bow to the spell that so temptingly lies
In the fathomless depths of thy 'radiant eyes.'
I sigh for the touch of your soft, gentle hand,
As an 'exile' will sigh for his own native land;
As an exile in sleep fondly dreaming will weep
For his 'vine'-sheltered 'cot' far across the blue deep," etc.

Will any reader of THE CONSTITUTION who can furnish the remaining lines of the above "poem"

Continued on Seventeenth Page.

IMPORTERS.

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IMPORTERS

DRY GOODS, CARPETS,

MILLINERY AND SHOES.

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As in every other department we lead the van, and can show this week the largest stock of Wool Dress Goods, both imported and domestic, ever opened in the South at this season.

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It will pay every one who wants a white dress, plain or embroidered, high-priced or cheap, TO SEE OUR STOCK.

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For every hotel, for every boarding house, for every public hall, for every public office, for every private office, for every church, for every parsonage, for every mansion, for every cottage. Everything in Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Draperies, Oilcloths, Druggets, etc., etc., for everybody. See the new styles and price the goods, is all we ask!

CARPET SWEEPERS

That we guarantee to do the work. Always on hand. Any child can clean a carpet same as a man.

SHOES and SLIPPERS!

This week we will offer the largest stock of Shoes and Slippers by far in the city. Now, remember, we have every pair made to order, and that they are guaranteed to wear and to fit. We are

AGENTS for BURTS'S

Celebrated Shoes for Ladies and Children. No one else in the city handle them. One pair will prove the economy in using the very best. See and price with us before you buy Dry Goods, Carpets and Shoes.

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top 2d and 3rd cols soc page

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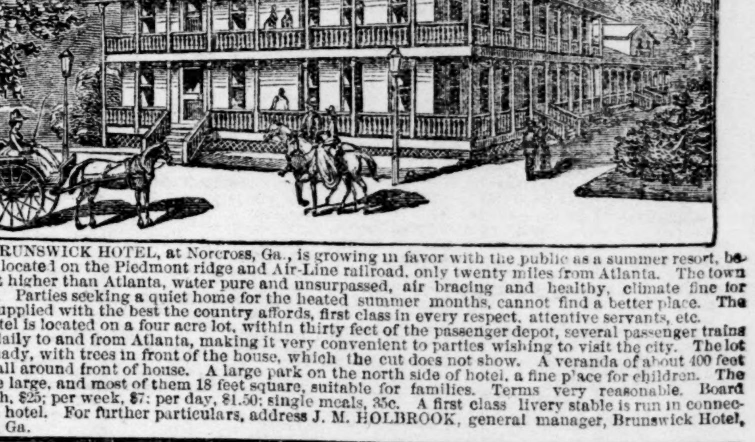
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for one thousand Chautauqua suites, specially adapted for hotel and summer resort purposes. Special drives in all grades furniture this week.

1,000 good Mattresses $1.75
1,000 Spring Beds $1.25.
100 Folding Lounges $8.50.
500 Metal Beds, absolutely vermin proof, and will never need a repair.
The best Cherry toilet suite in America for $25.
The best Silk Plush Parlor suite in the south for $50.
The only real and complete assortment of very fine hand-made furniture can be seen at "The Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia."
500 Lawn Seatings, all colors.
1,000 Cots, to sleep the crowds. Place your orders at once.

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BRUNSWICK HOTEL - - - - Norcross, Ga.



THE BRUNSWICK HOTEL, at Norcross, Ga., is growing in favor with the public as a summer resort, being located on the Piedmont ridge and Air-Line railroad, only twenty miles from Atlanta. The town is 300 feet higher than Atlanta, water pure and unsurpassed, air bracing and healthy, climate fine for children. Parties seeking a quiet home for the heated summer months, cannot find a better place. The table is supplied with the best the country affords, first class in every respect, attentive servants, etc.

The hotel is located on a four acre lot, within thirty feet of the passenger depot, several passenger trains passing daily to and from Atlanta, making it very convenient to parties wishing to visit the city. The lot is very shady, with trees in front of the house, which the cut does not show. A veranda of about 400 feet extends all around front of house. A large park on the north side of hotel, a fine place for children. The rooms are large, and most of them 18 feet square, suitable for families. Terms very reasonable. Board per month, $25; per week, $7; per day, $1.50; single meals, 35c. A first class livery stable is run in connection with hotel. For further particulars, address J. M. HOLBROOK, general manager, Brunswick Hotel, Norcross, Ga.

Wall Paper

20,000 rolls at 5 to 15 cents a roll. Samples free. James T. White.

Everybody drinks Malto.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Drink Malto—it is pleasant.

For the Senate,
F. P. RICE.
House,
CLARK HOWELL, JR.,
HARRY JACKSON,
W. H. VENABLE.

Drink Frui-Miz.

Go to Cumberland and St. Simons Tuesday, June 26th, only $6.00 round trip to Brunswick.

WORLD OF SOCIETY.

Continued from Sixteenth Page.

please do so, and address them to "E.," Hampton, Ga. Stamps will be returned for their trouble.

Miss Jones is visiting Fayetteville, the guest of Mrs. Redwine.

Mrs. Williams, quite an accomplished lady of Macon, has returned home, after a very pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. J. M. Brown.

Mr. M. F. Morris, of Griffin, was in the city Sunday afternoon. We never like to say much, but think that his visits have been rather frequent of late.

Mrs. McMahon has returned from a recreative visit to Atlanta and Gainesville. But we are sorry to learn that she is not much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Coole, of Atlanta, are in the city for an indefinite time.

Mrs. Schaefer and her sweet little children are expected in the city in a few weeks. They will only be here for a short while, as they will spend the summer at Mt. Airy.

Miss Lizzie Thompson is on a visit to Mrs. W. J. Fields, of Atlanta.

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Arnold spent Sunday with Mrs. Mitchant, of Lovejoy.

Mr. A. P. Fields, who is connected with THE CONSTITUTION office, was in our city Sunday.

Mrs. W. J. Pate is on a visit to her father's family near Griffin.

Mr. W. S. Fears and lady are on a visit to the sister of Mrs. Fears, of East Point, who has been quite sick.

Professor Jack Spier, of Atlanta, will open up a school here in a few days. He will only teach mathematics, and has a very good class.

Mr. Ed Burch, of the Western Union Telegraph company of Atlanta, was in the city Sunday night.

Jonesboro.

Miss Zoe Crockett left this morning to visit friends in LaGrange.

Misses Mary Milner and Eula Sims are spending some time in Concord.

Mr. George Blalock is spending this week in Fayetteville.

Miss Mary Ola Watterson visited Morrow Station.

Robert and Dock Hawkins, of LaGrange, two old Jonesboro boys, are with us this week.

Mrs. W. W. McKinn and her sister, Miss Eloise McGill, of Bainbridge, are guests of Mr. McKinn.

Messrs. W. B. Stewart and W. R. Ward, visited the Piedmont Chautauqua this week.

James T. Oliphant is attending commencement exercises of the R. E. Lee Institute at Thomaston.

Messrs. Sam Thompson and Walter Simmons of East Point, paid Jonesboro a visit last Sunday.

Miss Minnie Strange, after a pleasant visit to Mrs. George S. Hanes, left for her home in Jackson.

LaGrange.

Our citizens voted on a town clock last week, and the result was 127 for, 30 against. So I guess we will have a town clock.

The young men met in the court house Wednesday evening and organized a young men's democratic club. Hon. O. A. Bull chairman, and Mr. A. T. Dallis secretary. The club already numbers over one hundred.

Ten of our fairest young ladies were off visiting this week. Five were guests of Miss Susie Bigby, of Newnan, and five the guests of Miss Susie Huguley at Mrs. Lanier's, of West Point.

Mr. J. L. Bradfield celebrated his 21st birthday Tuesday 19th.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Davenport gave a most elegant lawn party Thursday evening to Miss Harris, of Thomasville.

Professor C. C. Cox and his charming bride left yesterday for Macon, where they will attend Mercer commencement.

The LaGrange Concert company, composed of Messrs. Alwyn and Clifford Smith, Misses Pauline Witherspoon, L. Pond and Jennie Evans, gave entertainments in Opelika and West Point last week that were largely attended and highly appreciated

Lexington.

Miss Jimmie Deadwyler has returned from a pleasant visit to LaGrange and Marietta, Ga.

Misses Marks and Nathan, two of Athens' winsome lassies, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Getheimer.

Hon. C. M. Witcher has entered the legislative race, being an ex-member.

Colonel W. G. Johnson, our candidate for state senator, is the most popular candidate in the field, having a dozen applications to make a variety of speeches, political and otherwise.

Mr. Will C. King and wife, of Atlanta, are visiting Mrs. W. M. Howard and friends here. Friend Will will again meet his old friends and make new ones for his accomplished bride.

Mr. L. S. Shackelford and family have moved from Atlanta here, and will make this their home.

Mrs. Huff, nee Miss Jo Shackelford, will leave for her Tennessee home next week.

Mr. R. D. Stokely will soon travel for a tobacco factory in Virginia.

Mr. W. H. Deadwyler speaks of buying a house and lot in town, but a house without a —, well.

Miss Claude Thompson's arrival and bewitching smiles have aroused Lexington's society circles.

Madison.

The attractions of the past week for society folks was the commencement exercises of the Madison male and female institute, which were rendered at Fostero opera house, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. On Tuesday evening the hall was well filled by an appreciative audience, who applauded each little speaker in a lively manner. The children acquitted themselves very creditably, showing forth the thorough training they have received at the hands of Professor E. C. Merry, and his efficient assistant, Miss Ella Burney. The following is the programme of Tuesday eve:

PRIMARY EXHIBITION.

Song of Greeting—School.
Prayer.
Calisthenics, muscular movements.
Declamation, Sol Alexander—"They Didn't Think."
Declamation, Ned Rice—"Our Workmen."
Declamation, Estelle Penick—"Grandpapa's Spectacles."
Declamation, Bartow Godfrey—"The Two Glasses."
Dialogue, "Great Lives"—Maggie Long, Lollie Rhodes, Estelle Penick, Walter Wynn, Jimmie Anderson, Ed Rice, Pearl Barney, Bessie Peacock, Ama Reese, Robert Shepherd, Evans Long, Stovall Few.
Declamation, Jimmie Anderson—"The Boy's Complaint."
Declamation—Walter Wynn—"A Parody."
Recitation, Amy Reese—"Magic Buttons."
Declamation, Evans Long—"Dimes and Dollars."
Song, "Did She," Albert Foster, Estelle Penwick.
Recitation, Libbie Burney, "Story of an Apple."
Declamation, Claud Turnell, "A Signboard."
Declamation, Stovall Few, "Mother's Fool."
Declamation, Frank Burney, "The Price of Drink."
Dialogue, "Temperance Arch."
Libbie Burney, Truth.
Lewis Anderson, Earnestness.
Ama Reese, Might.
Peter Walter, Prohibition.
Julia Willis, Education.
Claud Turnell, Eloquence.
Maggie Long, Courage.
Cohen Penick, Nation.
Louise Foster, Action.
Willie Anderson, Religion.
Declamation, Freddie Foster, "The Blacksmith of Ragenbach."
Recitation, Louise Foster, "Papa's Letter."
Recitation, Maggie Long, "Somebody's Mother."
Declamation, Lewis Anderson, "The First Banjo."
Dialogue, "The Hatchet Story"—Dennie Peteet, Johnny Anderson, Sallie Baldwin.
Declamation, Willie Anderson, "Labore est Orare."
Declamation, Peter Walton, "Music in Camp."
Declamation, Cohen Penick, "I've Drunk My Last Glass."
Dialogue—"Trial of Fing Wing."
Judge—Willie Elder.
Bailiff—Webb Willis.
Counsel Prosecution—Floyd Foster.
Defense—Tom Holland.
Prisoner—Jeff Burney.
Kitty Maloney—Miss Annie Lou Waller.
John Walkins—Burney Reese.
Jacob Schneider—Hayes Andrews.
Calisthenics—"Tambourine Drill."

Wednesday evening a still larger audience greeted the speakers than on Tuesday evening. The following programme was charmingly rendered.

Prayer.
Recitation in concert—Evening at the Farm.
Declamation, Webb Willis—"The Uprising."
Recitation, Eva Hice—"If We Knew."
Declamation, Floyd Foster—"Battle Flag of the Shenandoah."
Dialogue, Playing Doctor—Bart Godfrey, Frank Burney, Libbie Burney.
Declamation, Willie Elder—Tramp, Tramp, Tramp.
Recitation, Emma Maddux—The Schoolmaster's Guests.
Declamation, Haynes Andrews—Bernardo Del Carpio.
Song, Romeo and Juliet, Haynes Andrews, Fred Foster.
Declamation, Tommie Holland, Crime its Own Detector.
Recitation, Nannie Shepherd, Law of Death.
Declamation, Jeff Burney, The District Schoolmaster.
Recitation, Claud Peteet, Songs in the Night.
Recitation, Lizzie Penick, Mother and Poet.
Declamation, George Stovall, South Faithful to Her Duties.
Recitation, Maggie Burney, The Bald Headed Man.
Declamation, Burney Reese, Monument to Washington.
Sunflower song, eight girls.
Declamation, Dennie Peteet, "Surre's Dream."
Recitation, Maud Leak, "Bell of Zanora."
Declamation, Drue Cox, "Jackson's Speech at Macon."
Dialogue—"The Gossips Outdone."
Mrs. Makepeace—Lizzie Penick.
Miss Crusty—Miss Annie Lou Waller.
Mrs. Smalley—Mag Burney.
Mrs. Locke—Eva Hice.
Mrs. Flint—Emma Maddux.
Mrs. Woodman—Sallie Baldwin.
Jane Woodman—Bert Bearden.
Mrs. Carter—Nannie Shepherd.
Mrs. Jackson—Mary B. Tolar.
Mr. Woodman—Willie Elder.
Mr. Ashley—Burney Reese.
Declamation, Albert Foster, "Georgia."
Recitation, Julia Willis, "Socrates Snooks."
Recitation, Freddie Foster, "The Old Maid's Prayer."
The Old School-Master—Song—Mr. Charles Furlow and class.
Recitation, Sallie Baldwin, "Moral Umbrellas."

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...ent we lead the van, and can show this ...Dress Goods, both imported and domes... this season.

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...y boarding house, for every public hall, ...private office, for every church, for every ...r every cottage. Everything in Carpets, ...oths, Druggets, etc., etc., for everybody. ...goods, is all we ask!

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...ork. Always on hand. Any child can

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...IN, JOHNSON & CO.

...RNITURE.

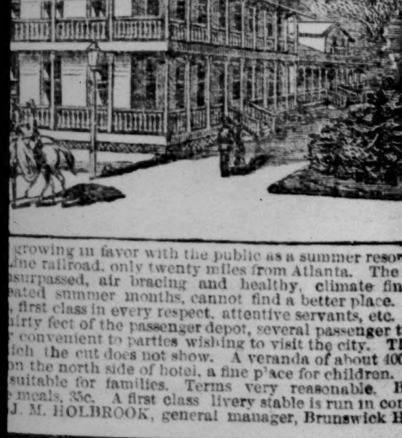
...3.50, $31.50!

...tes, specially adapted for hotel and sum... ...ives in all grades furniture this week.

...ermin proof, and will never need a repair. ...in America for $25. ...uite in the south for $50. ...assortment of very fine hand-made furni... ...st Furniture House in Georgia." ...rs. ...ds. Place your orders at once.

...SNOOK.

...TEL - - - - Norcross, Ga.



...growing in favor with the public as a summer resort, be... ...line railroad, only twenty miles from Atlanta. The town ...surpassed, air bracing and healthy, climate fine for ...ated summer months, cannot find a better place. The ...first class in every respect, attentive servants, etc. ...irty feet of the passenger depot, several passenger trains ...convenient to parties wishing to visit the city. The lot ...ich the cut does not show. A veranda of about 400 feet ...on the north side of hotel, a fine place for children. The ...suitable for families. Terms very reasonable. Board ...meals, 35c. A first class livery stable is run in connec... J. M. HOLBROOK, general manager, Brunswick Hotel,

For the Senate,
F. P. RICE.
House,
CLARK HOWELL, JR.,
HARRY JACKSON,
W. H. VENABLE.

Drink Frui-Miz.

Go to Cumberland and St. Simons Tuesday, June 26th, only $6.00 round trip to Brunswick.

WORLD OF SOCIETY.

Continued from Sixteenth Page.

please do so, and address them to "E.," Hampton, Ga. Stamps will be returned for their trouble.

Miss Jones is visiting Fayetteville, the guest of Mrs. Redwine.

Mrs. Williams, quite an accomplished lady of Macon, has returned home, after a very pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. J. M. Brown.

Mr. M. F. Morris, of Griffin, was in the city Sunday afternoon. We never like to say much, but think that his visits have been rather frequent of late.

Mrs. McMahon has returned from a recreative visit to Atlanta and Gainesville. But we are sorry to learn that she is not much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Coole, of Atlanta, are in the city for an indefinite time.

Mrs. Schaefer and her sweet little children are expected in the city in a few weeks. They will only be here for a short while, as they will spend the summer at Mt. Airy.

Miss Lizzie Thompson is on a visit to Mrs. W. J. Fields, of Atlanta.

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Arnold spent Sunday with Mrs. Mitchant, of Lovejoy.

Mr. A. P. Fields, who is connected with THE CONSTITUTION office, was in our city Sunday.

Mrs. W. J. Pate is on a visit to her father's family near Griffin.

Mr. W. S. Fears and lady are on a visit to the sister of Mrs. Fears, of East Point, who has been quite sick.

Professor Jack Spier, of Atlanta, will open up a school here in a few days. He will only teach mathematics, and has a very good class.

Mr. Ed Burch, of the Western Union Telegraph company of Atlanta, was in the city Sunday night.

Jonesboro.

Miss Zoe Crockett left this morning to visit friends in LaGrange.

Misses Mary Milner and Eula Sims are spending some time in Concord.

Mr. George Blalock is spending this week in Fayetteville.

Miss Mary Ola Watterson visited Morrow Station.

Robert and Dock Hawkins, of LaGrange, two old Jonesboro boys, are with us this week.

Mrs. W. W. McKinn and her sister, Miss Eloise McGill, of Bainbridge, are guests of Mr. McKinn.

Messrs. W. B. Stewart and W. R. Ward, visited the Piedmont Chautauqua this week.

James T. Oliphant is attending commencement exercises of the R. E. Lee Institute at Thomaston.

Messrs. Sam Thompson and Walter Simmons of East Point, paid Jonesboro a visit last Sunday.

Miss Minnie Strange, after a pleasant visit to Mrs. George S. Hanes, left for her home in Jackson.

LaGrange.

Our citizens voted on a town clock last week, and the result was 127 for, 30 against. So I guess we will have a town clock.

The young men met in the court house Wednesday evening and organized a young men's democratic club. Hon. O. A. Bull chairman, and Mr. A. T. Dallis secretary. The club already numbers over one hundred.

Ten of our fairest young ladies were off visiting this week. Five were guests of Miss Susie Bigby, of Newnan, and five the guests of Miss Susie Huguley at Mrs. Lanier's, of West Point.

Mr. J. L. Bradfield celebrated his 21st birthday Tuesday 19th.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Davenport gave a most elegant lawn party Thursday evening to Miss Harris, of Thomasville.

Professor C. C. Cox and his charming bride left yesterday for Macon, where they will attend Mercer commencement.

The LaGrange Concert company, composed of Messrs. Alwyn and Clifford Smith, Misses Pauline Witherspoon, L. Pond and Jennie Evans, gave entertainments in Opelika and West Point last week that were largely attended and highly appreciated.

Lexington.

Miss Jimmie Deadwyler has returned from a pleasant visit to LaGrange and Marietta, Ga.

Misses Marks and Nathan, two of Athens' winsome lassies, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gotheimer.

Hon. C. M. Witcher has entered the legislative race, being an ex-member.

Colonel W. G. Johnson, our candidate for state senator, is the most popular candidate in the field, having a dozen applications to make a variety of speeches, political and otherwise.

Mr. Will C. King and wife, of Atlanta, are visiting Mrs. W. M. Howard and friends here. Friend Will will again meet his old friends and make new ones for his accomplished bride.

Mr. L. S. Shackelford and family have moved from Atlanta here, and will make this their home.

Mrs. Huff, nee Miss Jo Shackelford, will leave for her Tennessee home next week.

Mr. R. D. Stokely will soon travel for a tobacco factory in Virginia.

Mr. W. H. Deadwyler speaks of buying a house and lot in town, but a house without a —, well.

Miss Claude Thompson's arrival and bewitching smiles have aroused Lexington's society circles.

Madison.

The attractions of the past week for society folks was the commencement exercises of the Madison male and female institute, which were rendered at Fostero opera house, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. On Tuesday evening the hall was well filled by an appreciative audience, who applauded each little speaker in a lively manner. The children acquitted themselves very creditably, showing forth the thorough training they have received at the hands of Professor E. C. Merry, and his efficient assistant, Miss Ella Burney. The following is the programme of Tuesday eve:

PRIMARY EXHIBITION.

Song of Greeting—School.
Prayer.
Calisthenics, muscular movements.
Declamation, Sol Alexander—"They Didn't Think."
Declamation, Ned Rice—"Our Workmen."
Declamation, Estelle Penick—"Grandpapa's Spectacles."
Declamation, Bartow Godfrey—"The Two Glasses."
Dialogue, "Great Lives"—Maggie Long, Lollie Rhodes, Estelle Penick, Walter Wynn, Jimmie Anderson, Ed Rice, Pearl Burney, Bessie Peacock, Ama Reese, Robert Shepherd, Evans Long, Stovall Few.
Declamation, Jimmie Anderson—"The Boy's Complaint."
Declamation—Walter Wynn—"A Parody."
Recitation, Amy Reese—"Magic Buttons."
Declamation, Evans Long—"Dimes and Dollars."
Song, "Did She," Albert Foster, Estelle Penwick.
Recitation, Libbie Burney, "Story of an Apple."
Declamation, Claud Turnell, "A Signboard."
Declamation, Stovall Few, "Mother's Fool."
Declamation, Frank Burney, "The Price of Drink."
Dialogue, "Temperance Arch."
Libbie Burney, Truth.
Lewis Anderson, Earnestness.
Ama Reese, Might.
Peter Walter, Prohibition.
Julia Willis, Education.
Claud Turnell, Eloquence.
Maggie Long, Courage.
Cohen Penick, Nation.
Louise Foster, Action.
Willie Anderson, Religion.
Declamation, Freddie Foster, "The Blacksmith of Ragenbach."
Recitation, Louise Foster, "Papa's Letter."
Recitation, Maggie Long, "Somebody's Mother."
Declamation, Lewis Anderson, "The First Banjo."
Dialogue, "The Hatchet Story"—Dennie Peteet, Johnny Anderson, Sallie Baldwin.
Declamation, Willie Anderson, "Labore est Orare."
Declamation, Peter Walton, "Music in Camp."
Declamation, Cohen Penick, "I've Drunk My Last Glass."
Dialogue—"Trial of Fing Wing."
Judge—Willie Elder.
Bailiff—Webb Willis.
Counsel Prosecution—Floyd Foster.
Defense—Tom Holland.
Prisoner—Jeff Burney.
Kitty Maloney—Miss Annie Lou Waller.
John Watkins—Burney Reese.
Jacob Schneider—Hayes Andrews.
Calisthenics—"Tambourine Drill."

Wednesday evening a still larger audience greeted the speakers than on Tuesday evening. The following programme was charmingly rendered.

Prayer.
Recitation in concert—Evening at the Farm.
Declamation, Webb Willis—"The Uprising."
Recitation, Eva Hice—"If We Knew."
Declamation, Floyd Foster—"Battle Flag of the Shenandoah."
Dialogue, Playing Doctor—Bart Godfrey, Frank Burney, Libbie Burney.
Declamation, Willie Elder—Tramp, Tramp, Tramp.
Recitation, Emma Maddux—The Schoolmaster's Guests.
Declamation, Haynes Andrews—Bernardo Del Carpio.
Song, Romeo and Juliet, Haynes Andrews, Fred Foster.
Declamation, Tommie Holland, Crime its Own Detector.
Recitation, Nannie Shepherd, Law of Death.
Declamation, Jeff Burney, The District Schoolmaster.
Recitation, Claud Peteet, Songs in the Night.
Recitation, Lizzie Penick, Mother and Poet.
Declamation, George Stovall, South Faithful to Her Duties.
Recitation, Maggie Burney, The Bald Headed Man.
Declamation, Burney Reese, Monument to Washington.
Sunflower song, eight girls.
Declamation, Dennie Peteet, "Surre's Dream."
Recitation, Maud Leak, "Bell of Zanora."
Declamation, Drue Cox, "Jackson's Speech at Macon."
Dialogue—"The Gossips Outdone."
Mrs. Makepeace—Lizzie Penick.
Miss Crusty—Miss Annie Lou Waller.
Mrs. Smalley—Mag Burney.
Mrs. Locke—Eva Rice.
Mrs. Flint—Emma Maddux.
Mrs. Woodman—Sallie Baldwin.
Jane Woodman—Bert Bearden.
Mrs. Carter—Nannie Shepherd.
Mrs. Jackson—Mary B. Tolar.
Mr. Woodman—Willie Elder.
Mr. Ashley—Burney Reese.
Declamation, Albert Foster, "Georgia."
Recitation, Julia Willis, "Socrates Snooks."
Recitation, Freddie Foster, "The Old Maid's Prayer."
The Old School-Master—Song—Mr. Charles Furlow and class.
Recitation, Sallie Baldwin, "Moral Umbrellas."
Declamation, Claud Peteet, "Retributive Justice."
Recitation, Bert Bearden, "Jerry."

Frank Burney won the medal in the primary department; Miss Maude Leak in recitation, senior department, and Dennie Peteet in declamation, senior department. The prizes were hotly contested for by several, and it was with difficulty that the judges could decide, so well did each one acquit themselves. The fall term of this school opens August 20th, and Professor E. C. Merry and Miss Burney deserve a good patronage.

Miss Susie Shaw, one of Madison's most accomplished daughters, who has been spending some time in East Point, has returned home.

Miss Minnie Bearden, a sweet young lady from Buckhead, has been visiting friends in the city.

Jack Turnell visited Augusta on Monday.

Misses Mattie and Mamie Stovall gladdened the hearts of their friends by their presence in the city the past week.

Miss Viola Toombs, a most excellent and cultured lady, left for her home in Tappahannock, Va., last Monday to be absent until September.

Mr. Stokes Hilsman, of Atlanta, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Hilsman.

Mr. C. M. Furlow, Sr., spent Sunday in Washington, Ga.

Colonel F. C. Foster visited Greensboro on professional business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Glenn, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stiles left Wednesday for Tallulah falls and other resorts.

Misses Mattie Willis and Lula Scarlett visited friends in Covington during the week.

Misses Emma Powell and Alice Newton, two attractive young ladies, visited their home in Monticello Sunday.

Madison regrets to lose such people as Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Gregory and interesting children, who will reside in Atlanta in future.

Miss Sayles, of Augusta, the charming daughter of Uncle Frank Sayles, the genial engineer, has been spending a few days with her father in the city.

Marshallville.

Misses Ida and Emma Frederick are visiting Mr. Geo. T. Harris in Macon.

Miss Susie Pelham, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. C. S. Johnson.

Miss Blanche Hall, of Monticello, is visiting Mr. S. H. Rumph and relatives.

Miss Donne Rawles is home, spending vacation from Vanderbilt university.

Misses Annie and Jessie Reese, after being absent a year perfecting themselves in music, are at their home.

Misses Nannie Pharr and Bassie Booton, having completed their course at Wesleyan, have returned.

Miss Claudia Dykes has been spending several weeks with relatives in Montezuma.

Miss Ada Moncrief is visiting relatives in Macon.

Miss Lula Bates is visiting her brother, Mr. A. S. Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Felton are visiting Salt Springs and other summer resorts.

The commencement exercises of the Marshallville High school lasted for three days, and was the most interesting for several years. Mr. F. H. Richardson, of Macon, delivered the literary address, which was appropriate, masterly and chaste, and held his large audience spell-bound, frequently winning hearty applause. Prof. J. W. Frederick, principal, with Mrs. Edwards in the primary and Mrs. J. J. Murphy in the musical department, constitute an able set of teachers, if not famous, and this is considered a school second to no other.

Oxford.

At half-past two Thursday afternoon, Miss Lollie E. McIntosh and Mr. E. P. Burns were married by Rev. A. G. Haygood, at the residence of the bride's father, in the presence of the faculty and a number of friends. Miss Lollie was Oxford's brightest jewels. Mr. Burns is chief record clerk of the Western and Atlantic railroad, a graduate of Emory, and a man in every way worthy of his bride. They left on the four o'clock train for Cumberland Island.

Rome.

Miss Abbie Ross has returned from LaGrange.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Woodruff arrived in the city Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Towers, after a pleasant visit to Rome, have returned to their home in Birmingham. Mr. Towers is a former Roman, who has hosts of friends here, who wish for him and his charming bride a life of unalloyed happiness.

A reception was given Thursday evening by Captain and Mrs. N. H. Bass at their beautiful home in South Rome, in honor of their daughter, Miss Hattie. The reception was very largely attended, and was one of the most brilliant social affairs of the season. Captain and Mrs. Bass and Miss Hattie, assisted by several ladies, received their guests with charming cordiality, and it is safe to say that this splendid reception will long be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to be present.

There was a moonlight excursion up the Oostanaula Friday evening, which was much enjoyed.

Rockmart.

Rev. G. R. Stewart, of the Centenary Female college, of Cleveland, Tenn., spent a few days with friends in the city during the week; he preached several eloquent sermons in the revival that is in progress at the Methodist church.

Miss Florence Blue returned from Wesleyan Female college last Thursday, where she has just graduated with honors.

Mr. T. C. Nolan, of McDonough, Ga., with his wife and little daughter, is stopping at the York house.

Mrs. A. P. Blue, and Misses Ida Presley, Mamie Newcomb, and Ernestine Blue attended Wesleyan commencement this week.

Rev. R. W. Bigham, of Cedartown, is in the city assisting Rev. T. O. Rorie in his revival.

Mr. Wiley Borber, Jr., returned home Thursday from Mississippi, where he has been attending college.

Misses Mona and Girtie Chunn, Miss Berta Smith and Misses Lillie and Alma Gilreath, of Cassville, Ga., are visiting the family of Mr. S. E. Smith.

Mr. Miller Gilreath, of Cartersville, Ga., is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. Ferguson.

Walter F. Ellis returned a few days since after a delightful visit of a week on the beach of Tybee island.

Dr. —— Bradfield and family, of Uniontown, Ala., are stopping at the Euharlee hotel. They will spend the summer here for their health.

Bill Arp a Father-in-Law.

From the Cartersville, Ga., Courant.

Yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, at the residence of the bride's father, Major C. H. Smith, Miss Stella Smith was married to Mr. R. H. Brumby, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. S. Hillhouse. Immediately after the ceremony the couple left on the north bound express for Rome, from which place they will go to Anniston, which will be their future home.

The couple have the best wishes of the people of Cartersville for their future happiness. The bride is one of Cartersville's loveliest and most popular young ladies, and she will be greatly missed in the social circles where she has held full sway. Mr. Brumby, a former Cartersvillian, but now a rising young journalist of the "Model City," is well known and liked by our people. He is a young man of superior ability, and possesses all the qualifications for a successful career in his chosen profession.

THE HYGEIA.

The Steel-Hulled Atlanta and Other Steamers—Old Point Comfort—The Gayest Season.

HYGEIA HOTEL, OLD POINT COMFORT, Va., June 20, 1888.—The Hygeia was like an enchanted palace last night. All day expectancy was on tiptoe, and the girls revelled in visions of ecstacy at the near approach of the grand german to be held in the evening.

Ranged along in front of the hotel float six staunch men o' war. Away to the right the invincible steel-hulled Atlanta lies, then next comes the Swatara. The Jamestown, grim and old, is equally attractive, having been here with its pleasant officers for about two months. The trim shining Yantic, just home from a long cruise, and the Galena are also here. The flagship Richmond, with its popular commander, Admiral Luce, lies out in the sunlight, while last, but not least, is the beautiful ship Constellation. Yesterday the great guns boomed out in salutation, while from ship to ship conversation was carried on by means of the flying colors. As the moon peeped down through the fleecy clouds last evening, the naval officers came ashore in full dress uniforms. At ten o'clock the doors of the dancing pavillion were flung open, the band crashed out the opening march, and a brilliant scene met our eyes. The chaperones, Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Captain Mills, Mrs. Vose and Mrs. Haines proceeded to the favor table, upon which were heaped strings of tiny bells, bright hued fans, glistening swords, etc. Lieutenant Brooks, U. S. A., assisted by Miss Tillie Jones, led the german in true military fashion, one figure, where all passed under an archway of flashing swords, being exceedingly pretty. During the evening the "middies" from the Constellation dropped in for a little taste of the fun, and while the dignified backs of the officers were toward them, they captured many a pretty girl, to whom the cadets are always dear. Everyone looked charming! Petite Mrs. Lockwood, well-known and loved in Hygeia circles, flitted about in a gown of pink satin and point d'esprit, attended by a ponderous naval officer. Miss Catchings, of Louisiana, whose appearance caused a murmur of admiration, wore white silk and lace. Miss Brune, of Charleston, was very gracefully attired in a gown of white silk, court train of flowered silk. Miss Spence, blonde and bright, wore black tulle trimmed with ribbon. Miss Bodell looked very sweet and girlish in white point d'esprit, trimmed with white ribbons, corsage bouquet of Marechal Neil roses. Mrs. Phillips, an exceedingly youthful matron, tall and graceful, wore an elegant white silk gown en train, front embroidered with pearls. Miss Clara Doyle, a striking blonde, was very pretty in pink satin and tulle, the bodice tastefully trimmed with pink roses. Miss Mary Doyle, tall, dark haired, wore a combination costume of white and flowered silk with golden brown velvet. Miss Frank wore white silk and tulle. Miss St. Clair, white silk. Miss Stoughton, soft white wool gown, ribbons. Mrs. Lieutenant Hubbel, U. S. A., white silk and tulle. Miss Derby, pink satin and tulle. Miss Gordon, pale blue surah. Miss Loraine wore pretty blue costume which set off to advantage her short dark curls. Mrs. Lieutenant Perkins, U. S. N., was exquisitely attired in black point d'esprit, silver trimming. Mrs. Hitchcock, of Washington, was elegant in trained gown of white silk, trimmed with pearl passementerie. Miss Tillie Jones, who led, wore a charming costume of white point d'esprit, profusely trimmed with narrow white ribbon, pale blue velvet bodice.

BUCKLEY & BEALL.

New Grocery Store at 81 Peachtree Street.

Only the Finest Grades of Goods Kept—Coffees and Teas to be Made a Specialty.

This is a new firm that has launched its boat on the waters, and will no doubt have an easy sail. The members of the firm are well and favorably known, not only to the people of this city, but to the people in the surrounding country, and throughout the towns of Georgia.

They are making fancy groceries a specialty, and will keep on hand only the best to be found in the market. Everything purchased from this house is guaranteed to be pure, and no cheap stuff will be tried to be panned off as being first-class. It will be to the interest of consumers to think over this one thing. Pure, fresh goods are always to be desired, and they can be found at Messrs. Buckley & Beall's, 81 Peachtree.

Then, again, they keep the very best coffees and teas. Mr. Buckley has been in the tea and coffee business most of his life, and knows just what to buy. You could not get a cheap grade from this store—they do not keep it.

Of course, Messrs. Buckley & Beall keep all kinds of groceries—just such as is demanded by a good housewife, and they sell them at most reasonable rates.

THE SINGING GARDEN.

Something About the Concert to be Given Here.

The Montgomery Advertiser says of the "Singing Garden," which will soon be given here for a charitable purpose:

A singing garden is something so entirely new in Montgomery that very few were prepared for such a scene as met the eye in the theater last night. The stage was arranged with great taste, the flowers being in great profusion. When the curtain rose there was a pause as if in astonishment at the lovely flowers on the canvass and a face still lovelier in the center of each one. Then there was a loud clapping of hands and enthusiastic outburst of applause. The entire audience, and it was a fine one, was captured, and the singing garden from then on had willing captives. A more lovely picture was never seen in Montgomery, nor could it be surpassed anywhere else.

The programme was as follows:

Gardner......Miss Lillie Leak
Man in the Moon......Mr. C. Coleman
Rose......Miss Gelina Coleman
Buttercup......Miss Lena Dreyfus
Sunflower......Mrs. Henry Waldman
Daffodil......Miss Ella Lowery
Daisy......Miss Lillie Winter
Lily......Miss Sue Jones
Pansy......Mrs. L. W. Woodruff
Apple......Miss Mary Watt

ACT I.

"Sister Dear," solo by......Rose
"Appeal to Flowers," by......Gardner
Welcome, chorus by......Flowers

Orchestra.

ACT II.

Introduction of Flowers......Gardener
Duet......Daffodil and Lily
"Only a Pansy Blossom"—Solo......Pansy
"If a Flower See a Flower"—Solo......Sunflower
"Flower's Decision"—Solo......Gardener
"Moon's Welcome"......Gardener, Moon and Flowers
"Flower Song"......Mrs. Henry Waldman

Orchestra.

ACT III.

"Flowers Appeal to the Moon."
"Flower Polka"—Solo......Buttercup
"Devoted Apple"—Solo......Gardener
"The Daisy"......Daisy
"Flowers You Won't Forget"—Solo......Pansy
"Juanita"......Quartette

Orchestra.

ACT IV.

Duet......Buttercup and Moon
"Last Rose of Summer," solo by......Rose
Dying Flowers......
Farewell, by......Moon
Making of Flowers, by......Gardener

Each song, duet, quartette and chorous was rendered with wonderful correctness, and if the flowers had responded to the repeated calls the entertainment would have been doubled. Those engaged in this almost revelation from fairy land have reflected great credit on themselves and given to those who heard them an evening of pleasure never to be forgotten.

The general management of this unique entertainment was under the capable hands of Mrs. John G. Winter, ably assisted by Mrs. John D. Carter. They have devoted much care and time to the work, and are to be congratulated on the successful result.

There was such an expression on the part of those so fortunate as to be present last night, and such a wish expressed for a repetition, that it is to be hoped Montgomery will again have the pleasure of hearing and seeing these lovely flowers.

Lea's Springs, Grainger County, East Tennessee,

Is a remarkable cool, healthy and romantic summer resort in the Clinch mountains, at the base and signal point near Knoxville. Board is very reasonable, and the superior natural mineral waters are white sulphur, black sulphur and chalybeate. For further particulars, address M. J. Hughes, postoffice address as above. tf

Good for Children.

The use of a bristle tooth brush, especially on the tender teeth and gums of children, often results injuriously.

Until recently, however, nothing better was known; but invention has supplied a new principle, which children, even from early infancy, enjoy the regular use of, and which is soft and pleasant to their gums, and keeps their teeth clean and bright, with great benefit to health and appearance.

One of the most skillful, successful, and conscientious dentists of New York state, Dr. Retter, of Utica, after a thorough test of this new principle, writes:

"I regard felt as admirably adapted to cleanse and polish teeth. As a cleanser of children's teeth the Ideal Felt Tooth Polisher has no equal."

It is gradually becoming a necessity to young and old, as its results are better known.

STYLISH!

Gents' Pat. Leather Bals, at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s.

To Gettysburg.

Governor Gordon and party will leave by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway at 7 a. m. Saturday, June 30th, for Gettysburg. A number of others, headed by Mr. John S. Candler and Mr. Thomas Peters, will leave at same time. Those desiring to join this party should call at once and reserve sleeping car berths at office of East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, corner of Kimball house.

Passengers desiring to go E.T., V. & G. can go either via Washington and Baltimore or via Hagerstown. Choice of routes given.

Take one day of pleasure and go on excursion to Tallulah Falls. Refreshments served on cars.

Round trip rate to St. Simons Tuesday, June 26th, only $6.50.

PERFECT BEAUTIES.

Ladies Patent Lea Vamp and Patent Lea Tip Oxford Ties. French Kid Button Newports. Beaded Bronze Oxfords, French Kid Opera Slippers at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

John Ryan's Sons

HAVE SOMETHING NEW THIS WEEK!

And it will be a startling revelation to those that have heretofore paid extortionate prices in Shoe Houses.

Having just bought for CASH at a big New Jersey forced sheriff sale about 9,500 pairs o Men's Custom Made Shoes at about 50 cents on the dollar, will now offer such bargains in Men's Shoes that will astonish. No wonder SHOE DEALERS say that JOHN RYAN'S SONS give Shoes away and don't sell them.

Men's Buff Button, machine sewed, $1.50, price elsewhere $2.50.
Men's Buff Bals., machine sewed, $1.50, price elsewhere $2.50.
Men's fine Buff, new style toes, $1.75, price elsewhere $2.75.
Men's fine Calf, Dongola Tops, $2.00, price elsewhere $3.00.
Men's fine Calf, Dongola top, Bals and Button, $2.00, price elsewhere $3.00.
Men's fine Calf Seamless Bals, $2.00, worth $3.00.
Men's fine Calf, all new style, $2.50, worth $4.00.

Also, Four Large Bargain Shoe Counters on which are Shoes worth three times the prices asked.

Together with this wonderful line of Men's and Boys' Shoes, we have an immense stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, at prices that are beyond competition.

To accommodate the big rush we are having, our store will be kept open on Saturday nights until 9:30 o'clock.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS.

IN THE LEAD.

The Great Dry Goods House of John Ryan's Sons at the Top.

Probably no house in Atlanta has increased its trade in the past few months to such an extent as that of John Ryan's Sons. They are now selling an unprecedented amount of goods and the prospects are bright and brightening. All this means something. Trade always seeks the place where the best goods at the most reasonable price are offered. Nothing will tell like prices. The fact that this great house has plenty of money, and able financiers to direct it, is a guarantee that the newest and best goods are to be had from its counters. Mr. Stephen Ryan, the head of the establishment, returned from New York last night, and while there purchased one of the finest assortments of dress goods of all kinds to be found in the south. The white goods he bought are something unusually fine, and will be offered tomorrow morning at an extremely low price. Mr. Ryan has no superior in the dry goods line as a buyer. He has studied his business with the utmost care, and always gets the inside figures when he buys. This enables him to sell correspondingly low. If you want bargains, go early Monday morning to John Ryan's Sons and you will get them.

Drink T L Brand Genuine Orange Cider.

Attention

And one that is of importance to the comfort and pockets of the public. There is no enterprise in Atlanta which has been more successful than the Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall street, it is the largest and best equipped and oldest trunk factory in the southern states. Their success is due to hard work and fair dealing and their goods compare favorable with any in the United States. For Trunks, Sample Cases, Traveling Bags, Leather and Plush Novelties you will do well to call on Lieberman & Kaufmann, 92 Whitehall st.

Wall Paper.

20,000 rolls at 5 to 15 cents a roll. Samples free. James T. White.

Everybody drinks T L Brand Orange Cider.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Atlanta Lumber Company.
RETAIL YARDS
Humphries street and E. T. R'y. Lumber, Laths, Shingles.
Telephones 187 and 881.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

For Prices Genuine T L Brand California Orange Cider address HARRY L. SCHLESINGER.

SENT FREE Samples Wall Paper, with price and book on how to apply to M. M. MAUCK, Atlanta, Ga.

The Cheapest Lumber dealers are the Atlanta Lumber Co. Telephones 187 and 881. Free drayage on all lumber bought of them.

We make a specialty of making loans at low rates of interest on collateral security. The collaterals available on such loans are state, city, railroad and corporation bonds and stocks, which have a quotable value and a ready sale. Correspondence invited.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,
29 East Alabama Street,
Atlanta, Ga.

Only $7.00 round trip to Cumberland Island Tuesday, June 26th, by the East Tennessee.

Do you want Matting for your bedroom?

Do you want Matting for your dining-room?

If so, come to our great special Matting Sale this week.

Over 500 pieces Fancy, Plain & Damask China Mattings

To be sold at less than importers' prices to close them out. Room is what we want now, so price is no object.

M. Rich & Bros.

Look out for big advertisement Genuine T L Brand California Orange Cider next Sunday. Names of all dealers handling it will appear.
HARRY L. SCHLESINGER, Sole Agent.

Money to Loan

On long time, Atlanta Real Estate security. Will advance money to build you a house. Purchase money notes on real estate bought.
The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company.
A. D. ADAIR, Pres. JAS. L LOGAN, JR., Cashier. 36½ East Alabama Street.

Orange Cider, pure, healthful, delicious, non-alcoholic.

Attention.

Cedar Chests and Cedar Lined Trunks at Lieberman & Kaufmann, 92 Whitehall st.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)
The Favorite Route East.
Double daily trains and elegant coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK
—AND—
MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON.

Only thirty-one hours transit Atlanta to New York

In effect June 21, 1888.	Mail. No. 53.	Express No. 51
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 10 am	6 00 pm
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 10 am	7 00 pm
Arrive Charlotte	5 30 pm	4 50 am
" Salisbury	7 00 pm	6 25 am
" Greensboro	8 40 pm	8 02 am
" Danville	10 25 pm	9 47 am
" Lynchburg	1 00 am	12 40 pm
" Charlottesville	3 05 am	3 00 pm
" Washington	7 00 am	7 45 pm
" Baltimore	8 25 am	11 25 pm
" Philadelphia	10 47 am	3 20 am
" New York	1 20 pm	6 20 am
" Boston	9 00 pm	3 00 pm
Leave Danville	12 01 am	10 35 am
Arrive Richmond	6 15 am	3 45 pm
" Norfolk	12 20 n'n	
" Baltimore via York river Line (daily except Monday)		8 56 am
Through trains from the East arrive at Atlanta	11 00 am	9 40 pm
Leave Atlanta (city time)	6 00 p m	7 10 am
Arrive Spartanburg	6 30 a m	2 53 pm
" Hendersonville	11 10 a m	6 10 pm
" Asheville	12 50 p m	7 00 pm
" Hot Springs	6 10 a m	8 40 pm

LULA ACCOMMODATION.
Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time	4 30 pm
Arrive Gainesville (city time)	6 44 pm
Arrive Lula (city time)	7 12 pm
RETURNING.	
Leave Lula (city time)	6 35 am
Leave Gainesville	6 58 am
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	9 00 am

ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

	Daily No. 53.	D'y ex S'y No. 41.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 10 am	4 30 pm
Arrive Athens (city time)	11 20 am	9 25 pm
	Daily No. 50.	D'y ex S'y No. 52.
Leave Athens (city time)	6 40 am	5 00 pm
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	11 00 am	9 40 pm

Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office and No. 13 Kimball House.
JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Washington, D. C.
L. L. McCLESKEY, D. Pass. Agt. C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agt.

REAL ESTATE.

SAM'L W. GOODE, R. H. WILSON, ALBERT L. BECK.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.,

Five lots of from 1¾ to 4 1-5 acres each,

AT AUCTION

Wednesday, June 27, 4 P. M.

This is a tract of 15 acres divided into 5 lots. They are this side Westview, on a high hill, fronting 3 wagon roads, one of which is Green's Ferry avenue, and they are only a few yards from the dummy line, and a few feet from the property recently sold the New York syndicate for $260 per acre. Plats being prepared. Go with us on Broad street car line and the dummy line, Wednesday, June 27th, at from 2:30 to 3:30 p. m. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

Hotel near Atlanta, 2-story frame, 16 large rooms, on lot 200 feet square. Location first-class. Apply to SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

2 choice new Luckie street cottages for sale on easy payments.
$1,000 for nice 6-room house, 150x146, on Lowndes street.
$100 each for 12 vacant lots, each 40x80 feet, on Doray street.
$2,600 for 4-room house and lot, 55x179 feet, on Windsor street.
$5,200 for 7-room brick residence, on nice lot, 40x110 on West Peters street.
$1,500 each for 2 5-room houses, on nice lots, on Alexander street.
$2,500 for a large corner lot on East Fair street, one-half block from Fair street school. Nice new cottage of six rooms and servants' house on the premises. Rents easily at $20.
$4,500 for 50 acres at Hapeville, on Central railroad. New six room cottage, orchard, etc. Accommodation trains all hours. Commutation tickets very cheap to and from the city.
10 acres on Peachtree road, 3½ miles from Kimball house, for $10,000.
To exchange for Atlanta property, 65 acres at Hapeville, fronting both Central and the Atlanta and Florida railroads; 6 room dwelling, good shade, fruit, abundant running water; value $5,000.
$7,500 for 130 acres, with good framed dwelling, barn, chicken run, plenty of timber; 60 acres rich bottom land in cultivation; liberal payments; place long used as dairy and truck farm; only 3 miles from Kimball house.
$3,500, in three payments, for neat Merritt's avenue cottage home, opposite Colonel Tom Glenn's residence.
$1,500 for vacant North avenue corner lot, 50x100 feet; on car line from Peachtree to Marietta street; in full view of Technological school.
$325 for nice lot 50x100 feet, on East Cain street, between Fort and Hilliard streets.
$2,900 for new 5-room dwelling house and new store room, on nice corner lot, 54x100 feet, on Marietta, corner of Murphy street, now renting for $30 per month. Terms, ½ cash, balance 12 and 18 months, 8 per cent.
$400 for 2-room house, ceiled and painted, on corner lot 50x103 feet, on Gate City street, near E. T. R. shops. Terms cash.
$900 for good vacant lot, 75x100 feet, on east side of Hilliard street, south of Currier. Terms, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months, 8 per cent.
$300 for vacant lot 45x125 feet to 10-foot alley, on Cox street, between Pearl and Fort streets. Terms, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months, 8 per cent.
$2,500 for large 6-room dwelling, nicely finished, large hall, front and back verandas, neatly painted, cow house, stables, etc. A nice place. Terms, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months, 8 per cent.
$300 for vacant lot 44x125, on Cox street.
$3,000 for 5-room house, lot 50x120 feet to alley, with good barn and outbuildings, on Windsor street. Terms easy.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

LEA & PERRINS

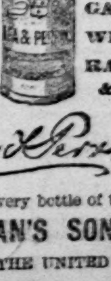
SAUCE

(THE WORCESTERSHIRE)

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS' that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."



SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, WELSH-RAREBITS, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of the genuine.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.,
AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

AMONG THEIR BOOKS.

A Glimpse at Some Private Libraries.

THEIR LITERARY TREASURES

Some Famous Pictures—Books of Great Value.

Atlanta may be behind in not having a hospital and an art gallery, but she can boast of some very fine private libraries.

Mr. Couper's Library.

The most valuable and complete library in the south is that of Mr. James Couper. Mr. Couper's father was a lover and collector of rare books, and the son has carefully preserved the fine estate of wit and wisdom left to his keeping.

Mr. Couper also has many rare and valuable works of art. They are some rare old engravings—"The Crossing of Granicus," "The Battle of Ashla," "The Tent of Darius"—from Le Brun, that were engraved in 1648.

In those early times the paper was manufactured in small sheets, and three of these sheets had to be pasted together in order to make a whole sheet large enough for the engraving. Though there is much said about the wonderful progress made in modern engraving, yet no engraving made today can compare in finish and delicacy with these three historical pieces printed hundreds of years ago.

Mr. Couper has two

VERY FINE PAINTINGS,

the work of John Couper, a brother, who died young, and who would have been famous if fate had spared him.

One, a realistic still life study, called an "Artist's Equipment," has for its subject a bottle of brandy on a table, against a grey background. The other picture is a painting of the old Couper homestead, in the low country. To one who loves and knows the live oaks—whose eyes have rested in dreamy contentment upon the sun and shade beneath their boughs, the picture is perfect—a painting to be loved and remembered always.

Mr. Couper showed a quaint book in connection with this homestead scene. It was a journal written by one Miss Amelia Murray, an English woman, and a maid of honor at the court. She visited the Couper family and wrote of their happy and peaceful life in the time of slavery. She speaks of the slavery question thus: "I do find that the negro slaves in this southern part of the United States are far happier and in a better condition than the servants in the north where I have visited."

Another interesting painting is that of an abbess of the Sacred Heart. It is a fine piece of coloring, the work of a master artist, and was cut out of its frame in a Mexican cathedral by a United States soldier during the Mexican war. He took it to Philadelphia and sold it to a dealer and it was purchased from the latter by James Hamilton Couper.

Among the many valuable and

BEAUTIFUL ART BOOKS

is the handsomest copy of Audubon ever published. The Dresden Gallery, Gallery of British Art, Le Music Royal, Le Music Francais, Lodge's Portraits of Illustrious Personages, two beautiful volumes of Pompeiana, the British cathedrals, Hogarth, five magnificent books containing engravings of all the famous statuary in the world, two large volumes of engravings from Cannova, Wood's Palmyra and Balbec, Sylvestre's Universal Palaeography, which gives specimens of all the quaint manuscripts in the world, the Ruins of Spalatro, the Palace of Diocletian, a book published in 1870; Nineveh by Layard, the man who dug up Babylon and found stones with "Nebuchadnezzar" stamped upon them; "Regne Animal" par George Cuvier, twenty-two volumes, texts and plates; three volumes containing copies from the painting of Claude Lorraine, the original copies of three drawings being purchased by the czar of Russia at

AN IMMENSE SUM;

"Napoleon's Egypt," eight volumes of texts and thirteen plates. This book is a compilation made by the learned men of Napoleon's day and contains, among many other interesting things, a picture of the wonderful Rosetta stone, found by the French army when throwing up a battery.

In a library of so many interesting volumes, it is impossible to give an idea of its contents in a newspaper article, and only a mention of many interesting and beautiful books can be made. There are all the standard histories and classics, Gelpin's works in ten volumes, a translation of Cicero's works in twenty-two volumes, all the famous old diaries, Bogdell's Shakspeare in six volumes, complete editions of the standard English, American and French novels, full set of the Delphinic Classics, four volumes of Virgil in vellum, all the Latin, English and French poets, the English and American magazines and reviews—everything, in fact, that a student and lover of good books could desire.

Dr. Armstrong's Library.

Dr. J. G. Armstrong has the finest theological and philosophical library in the city.

He has a complete set of works on anthropolgy and oriental religion, all the Greek and German philosophers, the "International Scientific Series," a Sanscrit and Hebrew lexicon and grammar, all the histories, ancient and modern, a complete collection of German literature, "The Harvard Shakspeare," and a Shakspeare lexicon and grammar, a dictionary of Greek and Roman philosophy and mythology; all celebrated poets and biographies of famous people, and the bound volumes of the English reviews and magazines. He also has the bound volumes of the Century, and Scribner's since their publication.

Dr. Armstrong's favorite among philological writers, is Marc Muller. Herbert Spencer is his favorite English philosopher, and his favorite English poet is Mathew Arnold. He is a

GREAT LOVER OF GOETHE,

and has his entire works beautifully bound, and all the books and criticisms ever written on "Faust."

Dr. Armstrong has one very delightful book that I have found nowhere else in Atlanta. It is the "Wit, Wisdom and Pathos of Heine," a selection from the prose works of that strange, fascinating German poet, the man who threw his soul to hell, then caught it as it fell, to carry it to heaven on the wings of a song. The book gives a clearer insight into and comprehension of the life and writings of Heine than anything of his yet translated.

Dr. Cheney's Library.

Dr. Cheney has a fine theological and philosophical library, and the Sunday school library at the Unitarian church contains a fine collection of interesting and instructive books outside of its religious works. There is also a complete department of the best juvenile literature. The library is free to all denominations, and any one coming to the church can get a book to take home and read.

Dr. Cheney tells an amusing story of a brother minister in Atlanta who has a very fine library, embracing a broad field of philosophy, science and art. Some of his church members disapproved of his taste in reading, and one old fashioned brother arose in open meeting and declared he'd "rather put his child in a den of snakes than in the library of some ministers he knew."

Captain Grant's Collection.

Mr. W. D. Grant, who is a great and progressive student and reader of books, has a complete library most carefully selected and arranged. The handsomely bound and assorted volumes betray the man whose love for books makes them a part of himself.

He has all the best sciences and histories, the Greek and Latin philosophers and poets, all the English and American poets, the "Harvard Shakspeare," the works of Charles Lamb, the Iliad, Dante's Divi Comedy and Faust, all exquisitely bound in red morocco. He has the only complete set of Howells's novels that I've seen in the city. Then, in the same case with his novels is a complete set of Hans Anderson's works beautifully bound. It is a library to give pleasure to the mind and eye. When books are kept in chaos, people are often too lazy to hunt out the authors they want, but in this orderly, well arranged place, even a non-book lover would be drawn into the spirit of books.

A Lady's Collection.

Mrs. Mims says very modestly that she has no library to speak of. But she has the best collection of books ever made by a woman. She has a fine collection of French novels—a collection guided by a refined taste that admits only the purest and most ideally beautiful work of French authors. She speaks, with charming enthusiasm, of a little French novel called "Spirite," by Theophile Gautier, and recommends it to all French scholars as an exquisitely pure and poetic work. She owns one of the few copies now extant of Moore's Irish melodies, illustrated by the royal English artist Maclise. Each of these beautiful songs has a dainty and finely engraved illustration.

A very handsome autograph edition of Oliver Wendell Holmes' "Last Leaf" was brought out some years ago in Boston, and one of these rare books was presented to Mrs. Mims. The poem is illustrated in Abbey's style with etchings and engraving by Boston artists and the binding of ivory and gold is a delightful piece of artistic work.

Some of the folio editions of French art are very beautiful. Mrs. Mims has a handsome bookcase with a romantic history. It is of carved French oak and was in Byron's room at Genoa.

Captain Jackson's Collection.

An evening was spent delightfully in the library of Captain Harry Jackson. He is an enthusiastic lover of good books and has collected about him the best authors in every field. Besides his own selections he has many valuable works belonging to his father-in-law, General Thomas R. Cobb. Among his rarest books is a copy of Hudibras that all the leading English publishers united in publishing. The illustrations are from Clark's plates, colored by hand and are beautiful specimens of artistic work.

A handsome American edition of Gil Blas has the plates that were cut out from an old French edition. They were the work of Smirke, the royal English artist.

This library contains all the noted diaries, histories, novelists, poets and scientific works, all the valuable works on the subject of the late war, a complete set of the "Georgia Reports," Bishop Burnett's History of His Own Times, a beautiful edition of Carlyle, published by Estes and Lauriat, Miss Mulbach's works, the "Spectator," everything Cannon Fairar has written, all of Daniel Webster's works, Lives of the Chief Justices and Lord Chancellors of England, Letters of Junius, Littell running back twenty years, Scribner's and North American Review bound from time of publication, all the British essayists, and all the finest commentaries on the Bible. This library contains an endless delight for children in a rare English edition of the Arabian Nights. The edition is limited, and the engravings are from Harvey's celebrated illustrations, and are the most delicate and artistic drawings ever done by an artist.

There's a complete set of Wilson's works beautifully bound in morocco.

Captain Jackson picked out Christopher North, and, glancing over it, said:

"This is one of my favorite authors, and my father likes him better than any other writer. He was a Yale student at the time that Wilson commenced to edit Blackwood's, and he at the time was editing "The Yale Magazine." His college mates thought his style very much like Wilson's, and, being complimented upon it, he began to study the life and habits of that writer. He read that Wilson could write best after drinking a certain quantity of beer, so he commenced to imbibe the same quantity. One night his club-mates and he assembled to see who could drink the most, without tumbling. Wagers were made and they all, with the exception of my father and his chum, were stretched out on the floor in a few hours. It was a bitter, snowing night but the heated club room and the stimulants made my father so warm that he arose to open the door. The cold air rushing upon him completely turned his head and he rolled over and fell down a long flight of stairs. His friend, seeing his supposed end, threw himself after him with a despairing groan. When the party sobered up the wager was decided in favor of my father, because the students said a man who fell down stairs accidentally couldn't be as drunk as one who threw himself down on purpose."

One of the most personally interesting literary works is the original manuscript of Captain Jackson's first law book, written during the first years of his married life, when he was just making his way as a young lawyer. The manuscript is nicely bound, and is probably the neatest, most perfect piece of work ever shown by a lawyer. It brought him reputation and ample remuneration, a well deserved reward for such hard, earnest work.

Two valuable engravings from Landseer are the copies of the paintings that knighted that eminent artist. They are both dry studies, one called "Alexander and Diogenes," the other, "Laying Down the Law," and are the finest specimens of Landse r's art.

An Italian statue of Physche is the most beautiful of all the lovely Physches carved in marble. There's a portrait fresh from the hands of our own Horace Bradley, that is perfect in its likeness and exquisite in draperies, flesh tints and shading.

An Editor's Library.

Mr. Grady said: "I have no classified library. I buy my books when I want to read them, and I read everything interesting that comes along.

"I think Les Miserables the grandest novel ever written. I like Fielding. 'Tom Jones' is a great book. 'The Newcombs' is a great novel, and Colonel Newcomb is the finest gentleman I've ever known. I love Dickens, and read all good histories. Like historical reading better than any other."

Mr. Grady is one of the fastest readers living. He reads a book in one-eighth the time taken by other people, and when he takes up a book he doesn't put it down until finished. He takes it to the table if he reads during the day, and, if he commences a long work in the evening, he reads until he finishes it the next morning. He is fond of current fiction, and keeps up with all the novels of the day. He has a splendid, useful, working library, containing all the scientists and philosophers, histories, ancient and modern, biographies, encyclopaedias, all the war histories, etc., the standard novelists and poets, and a good collection of light literature. He owns the original manuscript of Colonel Jones's History of Georgia, and the proof sheets of President Davis's History of the War.

The most interesting thing in his library is an old scrap book containing editorials written in his teens—articles of which any middle-aged literary man would be proud. M. A. A.

BITS ABOUT BOOKS.

Mrs. Oliphant's new story is entitled "Cousin Mary."

It is proposed to place a bust of Matthew Arnold in Poet's corner, Westminster abbey.

An early publication is promised for the "Letters and Memorials of the Late Archbishop Trench," which have been edited by his daughter.

A collection of stories and sketches by Australian writers now settled in London, bearing the title "Oak Boughs and Wattle Blossoms," is in press.

Miss Annie Robertson MacFarlane, the critic of fiction for the Nation, is writing a history of the French in Canada for Putnam's story of the Nations series.

The pope is said to have written a book on the social conditions of the working classes, supporting the doctrine that the state should be the arbiter between employer and employed.

Mr. Carl Schurz is writing, while in Germany, a study of Bismarck's career and of its bearings on the political situation in Europe, for publication in an early number of the Forum.

Mr Edmund Pendleton, a brother of the American minister to Germany, will soon publish, through D. Appleton & Co., a novel entitled, "A Virginian Inheritance." Mr. Pendleton, it will be remembered, is the author of "A Conventional Bohemian."

The J. B. Lippincott company announce as in preparation, a "Handy Edition" in seven volumes of the Bronte novels, to be uniform with similar editions of Thackeray and Dickens. This house has also in preparation the works of Snelly, edited and annotated by Richard Herne Shepperd. There are five volumes in this edition, two of prose and three of poems.

The Athenæum rather aptly calls Henry James "the novelist with an outlook on letters instead of on life." And it adds: "Mr. James, the critic, is in all respects the twin of Mr. James, the novelist. His phrasing is as neat, his point of view as personal, his argument as ingenious, his intelligence as lively and as watchful, and his conclusions as shadowy and fleeting."

Mr. Ruskin dislikes foreign translators, and not long ago wrote a letter telling a man who asked permission to translate his works to let them alone. He thinks that every nation has enough good authors to occupy its thoughts, and that men who want to understand authors outside their own land would better learn the language of the author they wish to read; then they will not be so likely to misunderstand him.

Mr. Kennan's Siberian paper in the Century for July will have the title, "The Steppes of the Irtish." It contains a description of a ride among the Kirghis and Tartars. Another paper in this number of the Century will be an account of a journey from the Red sea to Mount Sinai, written by Edward L. Wilson, who follows the route which the children of Israel are supposed to have taken. The article will be illustrated.

In the September number of the Atlantic will be printed the first installment of a serial novel by Professor A. S. Hardy, of Dartmouth, whom several thousands of readers gratefully remember as the author of "But Yet a Woman" and "The Wind of Destiny." The title of Professor Hardy's new work is announced as "Passe Rose." Thomas Hardy, the English novelist, has been erroneously named in several journals as the author of the story.

A life of Delia Bacon, the famous advocate of the Baconian theory of the origin of Shakespeare's plays and whose book on the subject entitled, "The Philosophy of Shakspeare's Plays," has an introduction by Nathaniel Hawthorne, has been written by Theodore Bacon, of Rochester, and will soon be issued by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. It is said to contain many interesting letters from Hawthorne, Emerson and Carlyle. It has always been understood that Miss Bacon's book cost Hawthorne a great deal of trouble, as well as some money. His letters may throw some light on the subject

Mr. Stevenson's Scribner essay on "Some Gentlemen in Fiction" has come under the eye of a Saturday Review writer, who discusses it under the heading, "The Critic Abroad." Quoting Stevenson's remark that "Tom Jones" is "dirty, dull and false," and that the respectable find it more blackguardly than dull, the writer says: "Well, it is an excellent thing to be on the side of the respectable, but if it leads Mr. Stevenson into this common way of scolding, his friends may well wish him back in his native land. For most of us there remains the philosophy of Mr. Toots: 'Thank'ee! It's of no consequence.'"

THE BUTCHERS.

The Little Butchers Think That the Big Butchers are Scheming too Fast.

The action taken by the Butchers' Protective association, published in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, was a matter of interest to a great many people. A lot of comment was indulged in, and the matter discussed from all points of view.

The action becomes more significant when it is known, or at least thought, that there are motives other than those so plausibly presented by the "leading butchers."

"The thing is just this."

The speaker was a man who probably knows as much about it as anybody, and his idea is given for what it is worth.

"The thing is just this," he repeated. "The big butchers are trying to run the little ones out of town. The little butchers—butchers that haven't a long list of regular well-to-do customers—butchers that furnish the workingmen and women—those butchers can't afford to run that cash business.

"They can't afford to try it, even.

"Ask the butchers along Decatur street, along Peters street, out on Marietta street—the little butchers—and they will tell you the same thing. All of their business, or ninety-nine-hundredths of it, is a credit business. They must wait until Saturday night.

"But that isn't all.

"Next Thursday night there will be another meeting of the butchers, and then you can look out for a howl.

"The little butchers are going to howl.

"The next thing in order is a meat inspector. Of course that's all right, but what's the need of it?

"Then the next thing is a bigger license—not less than a $100 license. That's the biggest thing on the list.

"The meat inspector isn't so objectionable. It would surprise lots of people to know what they ate, and this don't effect any but those butchers who really ought to be run out. But suppose the city council don't want to pay this inspector. Suppose the butchers in the Butcher's Protective association are called upon to pay the inspector themselves. So you see, even that isn't as innocent a scheme as it seems to be. That very thing is probable, too, because as I told you the thing isn't really necessary. Sanitary Inspectors King and Veal do all the work, and do it well, and the city isn't going to pay any meat inspector. I mean I don't think they will."

"Now, what about has already been done?"

"That cash business? Well, I know that the little butchers can't stand it, and I know that some of them can't afford to try it."

THE COUNTY COURTHOUSE.

A Bar Meeting—Motions in Chambers—Robert Cloud Sentenced.

The city court was in session only a short while yesterday. The jury in the case of Lee vs. the city of Atlanta returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, awarding her $250. Messrs. Goodwin and Pendleton gave notice that they would make a motion for a new trial.

In chambers, Judge Marshall J. Clarke heard the Hoppie alimony case and reserved his decision until Monday morning.

Judge Richard H. Clark sat in chambers several hours hearing motions.

Colonel Hammond argued the motion for a new trial in the case of Elbert Ware. The judge refused the motion, and the case will probably be carried to the supreme court.

Judge Clark passed sentence upon Robert Cloud, giving him ten years in the penitentiary.

In the city court room yesterday, before the bar meeting was begun, the attorneys present resolved themselves into a body. On motion of Colonel W. D. Ellis, the Hon. Nat. J. Hammond was asked to preside. The chairman explained the object of the meeting to be to get an expression of opinion from the members of the bar regarding the proposition to continue the civil business after next week. By an almost unanimous vote the bar recommended Judge Van Epps not to continue the civil business longer than the end of next week.

The order of business in the city court will be: Criminal business will be taken up the first Monday in July, and all the cases ready will be tried. This will take about two weeks. Then the court will adjourn until the first Monday in October, when the regular fall term will begin. The next call of the docket will be the 29th of September.

Judge Richard H. Clark will resume criminal business tomorrow morning in the superior courtroom.

Mr. Rube Arnold, Jr., attorney of J. H. McMillan, will ask Judge Richard H. Clark to hear the writ of lunacy. The case is expected to be heard next Tuesday. Mr. Arnold says he has abundant evidence to establish the lunacy of McMillan.

The case against Mr. Sol Goldberg, who was charged with larceny after trust, has been dismissed. His many friends in Atlanta congratulate him. Mr. Goldberg has always stood well in Atlanta, and those who know him best have been confident all along that he would walk forth an innocent man from the shadow which, for a time, fell across his character.

The Woman Who Was Shot.

Evie Ivy, the negro woman who was shot Friday morning by Clark Wilson because she was picking blackberries on his farm, is still lying in a very critical condition in Bellwood. She had a hemorrhage of the lungs yesterday, the blood flowing copiously from the wound in her side. Dr. Abernathy says that the women cannot possibly live.

Clark Wilson, the negro that did the shooting and who was put in jail about 2 o'clock after having his trial before Judge Horton, is still in jail. It will be remembered that he made no effort whatever to escape, and still takes the matter with the utmost indifference

On sunny shores of tropic isles,
Where all the year bright verdure smiles,
Constant fragrance fills the air.
Yet will SOZODONT compare
With those odors of the South,
While it cleanses teeth and mouth.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

AND THE FUTURE?

What Will It Bring Forth to the Southern League.

SOME BASE BALL GOSSIP

Atlanta Won Again Yesterday—Points About Well Known Players—News From Other Leagues.

What is the future of the Southern league?

That is the question which every baseball enthusiast in the south is asking.

The success of baseball in the south depends upon the success of the Southern league—that is evident. As at present constituted that league is in anything but a prosperous condition.

New Orleans is the only club which is paying expenses. The people of Birmingham do not begin to give the home club the support it deserves, and the people interested in the Magic City club are getting decidedly weary of their attempts to run a first-class club in a second-class town. General Tom Young and John Moran are having the same sort of experience with their Charleston club, and have released several expensive players to reduce the salary list. Memphis, with the highest priced club in the league, is having a little better luck, but not much.

People on the inside predict that something is going to drop before long.

So much for the present. Now for the future.

Atlanta people are fond of saying that if it had received anything like fair treatment from the other cities, the Atlanta club would still be in the league. Then they say that Atlanta will be in the league next year.

But will it?

Not in a league run on the plan upon which the present league is run. Baseball must be successful financially, and under the present system of high salaries success is impossible.

With Sunday games it might be possible to pay the fancy salaries which players with any reputation at all demand, but it will be a very long time before Sunday games are countenanced in this corner of the south.

The inevitable conclusion is, then, that if there is a league, "economy" must be its motto. The good playing done by the clubs of the "cracker" league shows that the high-salaried professionals are not the only ones who can play good ball. If a league can be organized and run on strictly business principles, and with an iron-clad salary limit that can be enforced, there may be some chance of its living through the season.

There is no dearth of cities which would be represented in such a league. The days of Louisville as an association city are numbered. If the association franchise is transferred, a Southern league club will be put there. Then Nashville will be ripe for a good club. New Orleans, Birmingham, Memphis and Charleston are good baseball towns—that is, would be good under favorable conditions. The Atlanta people would probably feel rich enough to try it once more. Chattanooga is in about the same condition as Atlanta. With these cities represented, a strong eight-club league could be formed—one which would, under the conditions stated, be a success.

There's your next year's Southern league—on paper.

A good story comes from Birmingham.

With the club not winning every game, and with a decidedly gloomy financial outlook, the Birmingham baseball men are not happy. They show a tendency to kick on everything.

In a meeting of the directory the other day, President Sheppard enter a complaint against Manager Goldsby. He claimed that upon a recent visit to New Orleans Goldsby didn't treat him with proper consideration, in that he failed to take him out and show him the town.

A Charleston correspondent to the Sporting Life sizes the thing up this way:

"President Young, of the Charleston club, says he expects to lose fully $1,000 every month the season lasts, but he will keep the club going to the finish, if he loses $10,000. These are the kind of men that make a business, and it is a great pity we did not have more like him in the Southern league. President Toby Hart, of New Orleans, 'don't propose to lose any money for anybody, and if he sees he can't make more money than anybody else, why, he'll quit!' President Rozier, of Memphis intends to make money out of the 'blamed thing' (poor fellow) even if he doesn't understand the business.' President Sheppard, of Birmingham, doesn't say anything, he is dead right, as he doesn't seem to know anything. President Wilson, of the Southern league, is a corker; he says everything, whether he knows it or not, but he 'gets there all the same.'"

THE CRACKER LEAGUE.

Atlanta now has an Excellent Chance to Win the Pennant in the State League.

The work of the club has been excellent. Of the last eleven games played Atlanta has won nine, and by these victories has put herself within two games of Columbus and four of Savannah. From now until the end of the schedule season Atlanta plays at home. Savannah is here July 2, 3 and 4, with one postponed game to be played here; Columbus on July 9, 10 and 11, with one postponed game to be played here; and Macon, if it takes Augusta's place, on July 5, 6, and 7, with one postponed game —12 games in all on the home grounds.

As Atlanta is playing the best ball in the league, it is easy to see that we ought to win the pennant.

It looks very much as if Macon will not come in. This decision on Manager Grigg's part is doubtless due to the fact that the season is nearing an end under the present schedule, and he has no assurances that the schedule will be extended.

President Bailey has ruled that the games in which Augusta played shall count in the making up of the standing of the league, but that the games scheduled with Augusta which she does not play shall be declared off.

Another Game From Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 23.—[Special.]—Atlanta defeated Columbus again to day by bunching her hits in the third and fifth innings. Barnes was in the box for Columbus, and Lawshe for Atlanta.

The score by innings is as follows:

Columbus	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Atlanta	0	0	5	0	6	0	0	0	—11

POINTS ABOUT PLAYERS.

Atlanta is after the pennant.

Wick Miller is the life of the Columbus club.

Layfield is one of the best players in the league.

Beach is one of the best catchers ever seen in Atlanta.

"Clarkson" Snyder seems to have had a decidedly off day on Friday.

Woodberry, Atlanta's new man, is a good fielder, but a poor batter.

And the sweet tones of "Skelly" Stone's voice will be heard no more.

What's the matter with Macon? Has Harry Grigg's team fallen in a sewer?

Manager Willet, of the Columbus club, is a gentleman as well as a good ball player.

Green and Shreck, two of Savannah's best men, have gone to one of the Florida clubs.

Billy Green is one of the best all round players in the league. He is the humorist of the Atlanta club.

Craig has been hitting hard for the past week. He is undoubtedly the best fielder in the league.

Turner was not treated well by New Orleans. He is a good young pitcher, and is going to make his mark

Fred Lilly is called "the magnificent" at Columbus. Columbus has a magnificent first baseman herself in Renfroe.

Butler is the best pitcher in the league. He's better than half the Southern league pitchers, and is as good as many of those drawing fancy salaries. He puts his whole soul in his work. In a big league club he would be just as effective as many of the famous ones.

Games Elsewhere.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 10; Cleveland 2. Basehits—Baltimore 8; Cleveland 8. Errors—Baltimore 8; Cleveland 12. Batteries—Shaw and Fulmer, O'Brien and Sellmer.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 6; New York 7. Basehits—Philadelphia 12; New York 5. Errors—Philadelphia 5; New York 2. Batteries—Casey and McGuire, Keefe and Ewing.

At Brooklyn—Athletics 3; Brooklyn 4. Basehits—Athletics 5; Brooklyn 8. Errors—Athletic 11; Brooklyn 3. Batteries—Hughes and Clark, Weyhing and Townsend.

At Boston—Boston 8, Washington 3. Basehits—Boston 10; Washington 5. Errors—Boston 5; Washington 13. Batteries—Sowders and Tate, Whitney and Mack.

At Detroit—Detroit, 12; Indianapolis, 2. Basehits—Detroit, 14; Indianapolis, 1. Errors—Detroit, 4; Indianapolis, 4. Batteries—Conway and Bennett, Shreve and Buckley.

At Louisville—Cincinnati 10; Louisville 10. Base hits—Cincinnati 10; Louisville 9. Batteries—Chamberlain and Cross, Serad and Baldwin.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 6; St. Louis 3. Basehits—Kansas City 9; St. Louis 7. Errors—Kansas City 7; St. Louis 5. Batteries—Fagan and Daniels, Hudson and Boyle.

At Chicago—Chicago, 12; Pittsburg, 1. Basehits—Chicago, 15; Pittsburg, 7. Errors—Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 9. Batteries—Borchers and Farrell; Morris, Stalley and Carroll.

At Birmingham—Birmingham 2; New Orleans 2. Batteries—Sullivan and Brennan, Weber and Moolic. Rain stopped game at fifth inning.

Pick Ups.

Purcell is still captain of the Baltimore team.

Colonel Stricker is laid up with a bruised leg.

The attendance at Boston averages 5,400 per game.

New Orleans has suspended Jack Sneed and Webber.

Krock is pitching remarkable ball for a youngster.

Ted Sullivan is now in charge of the Washington League club.

Porter, of Kansas City, shut-out Baltimore without a hit.

Anson has failed to make a hit but three times in thirty-two games.

Lodie Houck, recently of Charleston, is to be tried by New Orleans.

Anderson, of St. Paul, shut out Kansas City without a hit the other day.

The Philadelphias were the first to win a game of Chicago's young pitcher, Krock.

McAleer, of Memphis, leads the Southern league battery. Monk Cline is second.

The Louisville directors gave ex-Manager John Kelly a banquet when he left to become a league umpire.

Kelly says there is no reason why a batsman should be hit by a pitched ball. He has not got his base that way this season.

Harry Parker, the college catcher, who was once the backstop for the old Savannah team, is doing great work with the Toledo nine.

A baseball writer speaks of young Lemons "who pitched for Charleston, Ga." Lemons pitched for Birmingham. "Charleston, Ga.," is good.

Manager John Kelly is thinking of sending the Colonels up in a balloon with telegraph poles, and let them practice batting at the earth.—The Sporting News.

Billy Sowders, of Boston, is a pitcher in action, and looks a pitcher in every regard but in size. He stands about 5ft. 6in. high, and does not weigh much over 130 pounds. He is slight, dark and very modest.

The twelve club league scheme seems to still have life in it. Charley Byrne, Chris Von der Ahe, Jim Mutrie and Fred Stearns are in favor of it. "It's only a question of time" when the scheme will be adopted.

In the Southern league, Cline, Reccius, Force and Crowley, of the Memphis club, Bradley and Moolic, of the New Orleans, Glenn, Mann, Powell, Houck and Strieff, of the Charleston, are ex-league or association players.

When any of the Chicago pitchers are being hit heavily Anson takes the slightest chance offered to delay the game. His idea is to break the spell of the batters and to give the twirler an opportunity at resting himself and getting full command of the balls.

Reckoning the season at six months, John Clarkson, Boston's $10,000 pitcher, who will probably not pitch more than an average of two games a week during the season, will be paid the handsome wages of $333.33⅓ an hour, or $5.55 a minute, for his services.

Harry Wright says: "When I was managing the Boston team, from 1871 to 1879, I won the championship six times, and the most we ever got was an oyster supper. Now the whole town turns out to meet the boys when they return from a fairly successful trip. They are learning how to appreciate pennant winners now days."

Tim Keefe is afraid that his best pitching days are over. He said a few days ago: "I have had a lame arm a great many times, but I never had a lame shoulder before. I am worried and discouraged about it, particularly under the present circumstances. The New York club is paying me big money, and the team needs my service. That I should be too disabled for play is enough to make any man feel blue."

Jack Sneed, whatever may be said against him by enemies is not a player who will sulk in his tent. It is an open secret that he has asked for his release and that the management is making an effort to transfer him, and yet he is playing as good ball as any man in his team. His work is earnest, and Sneed has done as much toward winning the sixteen games New Orleans has to her credit as anybody.—New Orleans States.

Some one has written to President Young, requesting him to decide whether or not a batsman may stand one side of the plate until three balls have been called upon the pitcher, and then change his position to bat left-handed. This was a trick performed by the Metropolitan players, and met with varying success. There is no rule to govern this question, and the batsman may change from one side of the plate as he chooses, providing he does so without attempting to balk the catcher.

A new feature was recently introduced on the Boston grounds. It is in the nature of a baseball register. A board partition was erected on the center field fence a little to one side of the flag pole. By means of electric wires, which run from the board along to a position in the pavilion, an operator, sitting in the latter, by touching a knob registered on the board the decisions of the umpire as to balls and strikes, giving the number of each, and also whether a batter or runner was out, or when the ball was a foul. This will prove an advantage to those people who in case of unusual noise cannot hear the umpire's decision.

There was a time when Charlie Jones was the baseball idol of every enthusiast in Cincinnati. The small boys on the bleaching boards and the ladies in the grand stand regarded him with admiration, and as he would shoulder his bat and step to the plate the cry would invariably go up: "Home run, Jones!" In those days the appeal was not in vain, for on a great many occasions he would smash the pig-skin down to the fence for a four-bagger. Even since the red-pepper episode in 1886, when Jones and a policeman's eyes were filled with a handful of this smarting spice, he has been failing in his work with the bat. Minor league experience made better ball players of Blondie Purcell, Cub Striker and Pete Hotaling. It is to be hoped that Jersey City experience will help Jones out.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Dr. Holliday had a cotton bloom picked June 20th from a stalk in his Clayton county plantation.

Mr. Cooledge, the official stenographer of this circuit, will leave Atlanta tomorrow for Old Point Comfort. While there he will report the proceedings of the Southeastern Tariff association.

The members of the committee on teachers of the school board held a protracted meeting yesterday afternood in the office of Superintendent Slaton. Their session was secret, and they declined to give any information to the press.

Last night a number of fine chickens were stolen from the roost of Mr. James Tiller, No. 33 Hood street. A half dozen of them were valuable game chickens.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

For Sale,

Drugstore, Asheville, N. C. Good stock, good stand, good trade. Reason for sale, drug business at Newberry, S. C., requires all my time. Address, W. E. PELHAM, Asheville, N. C.

Only $6.50 round trip to St. Simons Tuesday, June 26th, by the East Tennessee.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

A ROUND ABOUT WAY.

The George Boyd Perjury Case Comes Up Monday Morning.

"George Boyd has been a friend to me, and I'll stick by him."

The speaker was Jim McDonald, the man that was acquitted a few days ago in the city court for shooting his mother-in-law.

And George Boyd is the man whose testimony against McDonald's wife was more or less instrumental in securing the acquittal.

"Mrs. McDonald is as pure a woman as ever lived," said a neighbor yesterday, "and she has been made the victim of a malicious and outrageous prosecution. Now, there are four men in Bellwood that will swear that Jim McDonald went to them separately and tried to get them to do what George Boyd did. The inside of the case is this: McDonald wanted to sue a railroad for damages. He has sued several railroads. The damages in this particular case were said to have been inflicted upon his wife and during a transfer around a wreck."

"The papers were drawn up by a lawyer in Alabama, and an unsigned affidavit was sent here. Mrs. McDonald was to swear to and sign this before a justice of the peace. When it came here Mrs. McDonald said to Judge Horton: "I can't sign that. My husband knows that I was not injured on the railroad." Then McDonald just gritted his teeth and began scheming for his revenge—may be for a divorce.

"The case is plain to people that know the husband and wife. McDonald is said to have been in one scrape after another, had his trunk searched for stolen goods, and bears a bad reputation. His wife has been brought up here and everybody that knows her loves and respects her."

"About the Boyd case?"

"Well, it comes up before Judge Manning Monday at 10 o'clock. You know Boyd got an affidavit that he couldn't get justice out here. The idea is this: In McDonald's own case Boyd made a statement under oath while McDonald could not. This made Boyd liable to be indicted for perjury. Now in Boyd's case, McDonald's testimony must be under oath, and this in turn may make McDonald himself liable for perjury."

THE COUNTY COMMITTEE

Call a Mass Meeting to Appoint Delegates to the Congressional Convention.

At 12 o'clock yesterday the Fulton county democratic committee met in the city court room with Mr. Hubert Culberson in the chair.

Mr. I. S. Mitchell was elected temporary chairman.

There are twenty-seven members of the committee, but only ten were at the meeting.

Mr. Hubert Culberson was elected permanent chairman and Mr. W. A. Osborne was made secretary.

Mr. Goldsmith stated that seven members of the committee had declined to serve, and that something should be done about it.

A motion, by Mr. J. J. Falvey, that a committee of three be appointed to call on these gentlemen and ask if they intended to serve, was voted down.

A motion was adopted to the effect that Mr. Osborne, the secretary, should see the gentlemen and report at the meeting.

This resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That a mass meeting of the democratic party of Fulton county will be held in the basement of the courthouse at 12 o'clock, on Thursday, the 5th of July, 1888, for the sole purpose of appointing delegates to the next democratic congressional convention of the fifth district, which will meet in Atlanta on the 11th day of July, 1888."

The committee then adjourned.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

Current Items Caught in the Departments of State.

IN BIBB COUNTY superior court, in 1883, A. J. English was convicted of horse stealing, and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. For several months past he has been in very bad health. He has deported himself well since his confinement. On several occasions he has rendered valuable assistance to the officials in charge of the camp. He helped to quell the mutiny in Dade Coal mines in 1886. Judge Simmons, who presided at his trial, says: "I think that justice has been satisfied, and that a commutation would be proper." For these reasons Governor Gordon on yesterday commuted his sentence to five years and eighteen days from his reception in the penitentiary, and he will be discharged on Monday, the 25th day of June.

JOHN G. S. PATTERSON was commissioned as tax collector of Appling county yerterday, in place of Mitchell Baxter, who resigned in April because of ill health.

ORDERS WERE ISSUED by Governor Gordon yesterday, requiring all Georgia insurance companies to return semi-annual statements as to their condition on the 30th of June, and all Georgia banks to return reports as to their condition at the same date. Copies of these orders will be found elsewhere in this issue.

THE UNITED STATES COURT.

The Circuit and District Courts Adjourned Until October.

In the United States court yesterday in the case of Anderson, Green & Co. vs. F. L. Miller, an order granting a new trial was passed and the case was referred to W. D. Ellis as auditor.

In the case of the East Tennessee road vs. T. G. Walters, bill in equity, a decree was rendered sustaining the title of Walters to the property in dispute and fixing the value of the land at $1,500, with interest from 1882. The decree orders the road to pay the money to Walters. This is the land on which the East Tennessee shops are located. The circuit and district court were then adjourned until the October term.

Judge Newman and family will leave for Farqueha r Springs, Va., next Tuesday, where they will spend several weeks.

The friends of Mr. W. H. Chapman, revenue agent, will be glad to learn that he has returned to the city, and is again at his post in the custonhouse. He spent two months at his home in Virginia, on account of a severe wound which he received in Alabama. He has almost entirely regained the use of his hand.

PERSONAL.

M. M. MAUCK, wall paper and paint dealer PAPER hanger, house and sign painter.

MR. W. S. TURNER, president of the Turner Looker company, of Cincinnati, is in the city, looking after the interests of his great house. He is a genial-hearted gentleman, and has many friends here who are glad to see him.

MESSRS. J. A. BALDWIN and S. M. WALL are spending today at Salt Springs.

MRS. M. C. THOMAS, spiritual medium, has removed to 156 Courtland avenue.

THE opening hop takes place at the Arlington hotel, Gainesville, Ga., Wednesday evening, July 4. Wurm's orchestra, which has been engaged for the season by this popular house, will furnish the music.

MR. WILL D. BRADFIELD, of the Vanderbilt University, is visiting his uncle, Dr. L. H. Bradfield at Mrs. Fains, on South Forsyth street.

WANTED severel boys to deliver circulars. Apply by 12 o'clock Monday to W. J. Wood, Whitehall street.

MRS. M. C. THOMAS, spiritual medium, has removed to 156 Courtland avenue.

MR. W. H. SHAW, one of Carrolton's most popular and business young men, spent several days in the city this week, guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bostwick.

TOM W. JACKSON, and his friend, Claud Schumate, of New York, will spend Sunday at Salt Springs.

REV. DR. HAWTHORNE is in Macon today. He will tonight preach the sermon before the missionary society of Mercer university; and on Wednesday will deliver the annual address before the college.

MISS ANNIE WELLS, a charming young lady of this city, is visiting friends in Birmingham.

C. L. NEAR will leave today for a short southern tour.

MR. J. E. DAWSON has returned from a six weeks' trip through the Carolinas, and is a guest at the Kimball.

MISSES ESTORA AND ANNIE STEPHENS are the guests of Opelika friends.

MISS MITTIE JONES left yesterday to attend the commencement exercises of Emory college.

SOLICITOR FRANK O'BRYAN is visiting relatives in South Carolina.

MR. BEN HILL returned yesterday from St. Simon's island.

MR. HENRY WALKER, a prominent young lawyer of Rome, is in the city, the guest of the Markham house. Mr. Walker is a leading candidate from Floyd county for the next general assembly.

THE PEABODY.

This Year's Institute Will Be Held at Chautauqua.

COMMISSIONER'S CIRCULAR.

The Programme of Exercises—Learned Educators Present.

The Peabody institute will be held at the Piedmont Chautauqua.

Judge Hook, state school commissioner, has issued a circular letter to the teachers of Georgia to that effect.

He says:

An appropriation, for the purpose from the Peabody fund, enables me to hold a Teachers' institute this year. Influenced by considerations such as the following, towit:

The admitted salubrity and beauty of the locality, and the health-giving waters of the salt spring, the cheapness of the board and lodging; the comfort and roominess of the cottages and tents that will be in readiness for the reception of the hundreds of teachers who will come; the privileges that will be accorded to them by the Chautauqua company, and for which Dr. Gillet, the representative head of the Chautauqua programme, has arranged with me; the spaciousness; elegance and picturesque arrangement and appearance of the grounds, as well as the capacious and admirably arranged buildings for the assemblage of the teachers and the vast crowds that will attend the lectures, addresses and illustrative exhibitions in elocution, chemistry, astronomy, etc., that will occur therein; the large restaurants and good fare they will provide, which will be ample for all, of both colors, with separate apartments therein for each; I have determined to hold the institute at Salt Springs, on the Chautauqua grounds, commencing the session on the 9th of July next, and to continue for two weeks only. Our institute will be entirely independent of the Chautauqua programme, though it will receive and enjoy many of the advantages, and witness many of the most pleasing features of that programme without other expense than will be hereinafter explained.

CORPS OF INSTRUCTORS.

My selected corps of instructors, as lecturers, will be as follows: Dr. W. H. Payne, chancellor of the university and president of the Normal college, of Nasville, Tenn., chief instructor and manager of the institute. In addition to his opening address he will instruct regularly in two branches, to-wit: "Applied Psychology" and "School Management." This distinguished normal instructor, perhaps the most eminent in America, will attract a large number of the teachers of Georgia from all over the state, and it is thought teachers from other states will be present also. His assistants, all eminently distinguished instructors of Georgia, will be as follows:

Dr. H. H. Smith, Principal of the Girls' High school, of Atlanta, Ga. His branch will be practical arithmetic; but this eminent scholars and lecturer will, by my request, deliver an occasional lecture on elocution and one giving an account of his travel in Europe.

Professor M. L. Parker, president of South Georgia Male and Female college, Dawson, Ga. His branches will be algebra and geometry.

Professor W. H. Woodall, president of Levert Female college, Talbotton, Ga. His branch will be English grammar and reading.

Professor B. M. Zettler, superintendent of public schools in Macon, Ga. His branches will be geography, spelling and penmanship.

Professor Bothwell Graham, principal High school in Rome, Ga. His branch will be pure, or theoretical, arithmetic.

In addition to these regular instructors, there will be lectures during the session as follows: Five lectures on natural science, with illustrations, by Dr. L. B. Clifton, of Macon, Ga., a graduate of Oxford university, England, and eminent as a lecturer on the natural sciences.

Also, a lecture or two on astronomy, with appropriate illustrations, by Miss Eliza A. Bowen, of Washington, Ga., for many years a distinguished and accomplished teacher in our state, and in later years an authoress of prominence on scientific subjects, and more especially on astronomy; upon which she has written a valuable school book, a work of great merit, enjoyed by all who read it.

Also, a lecture on elocution with costume readings, which will be full of interest, instruction and amusement, by the beautiful, accomplished and gifted elocutionist of Kentucky, Mrs. Bessie Miller Oton. Her varied characterizations are rendered with wonderful skill, and anon you weep and you laugh.

I have provided for still another rich treat by inviting several of our most noted and cultured speakers, who have kindly consented to address the institute. These addresses, to be delivered at night in a large auditorium, brilliantly lighted up by electricity, will be a most instructive and charming feature of the occasion.

The speakers will be:

His Excellency John B. Gordon, Georgia's great and universally beloved governor, will deliver an address, and his subject will be announced in due time.

Professor Gustavus J. Orr, Jr., (by my request) a memorial sketch of the life and services of his distinguished father, whose honored name he bears. We can but believe that all teachers and school commissioners, and members of boards of education, as well as other Georgians who can, will be present to hear this interesting address, and thus attest their heartfelt veneration for the memory of the illustrious deceased.

Professor Lawton B. Evans, the widely and favorably known, talented and highly esteemed superintendent public schools in Augusta, Ga. Subject: "Uses of History."

Hon. Logan E. Bleckley, the gifted, honored and loved chief justice of the supreme court of Georgia. Subject: "Evolution."

Dr. A. W. Calhoun, the renowned specialist and philanthropist, eminent alike for his great learning and his great heart, two lectures, one on the "Eye," the other on the "Ear." His presentation of the delicate organisms and functions of these most useful members of the body will prove of intense interest to all.

Hon. Charles H. Smith ("Bill Arp") subject: "The Old Schools Contrasted With the New." It is useless to say this will be a rare and rich treat, and everybody will want to hear it.

Professor Charles Lane, former principal of Alexander free school, Macon, Ga., and recently elected professor in the school of technology. Subject: "Not yet Announced." The ability and fine humor of this eminent teacher and scholar give promise of a most taking address.

Hon. Henry W. Grady. This renowned orator will make the welcome speech to the teachers on behalf of the Chautauqua company, and will also, during the session, deliver his famous lecture known as "The Patch-work Palace," or some other of his numerous inimitable lectures.

Colonel R. M. Johnston, Baltimore, Md. This ripe scholar and eminent writer, whose books contribute a rare charm to our general literature, will give one of his admirable readings or lectures. Not yet announced.

The world renowned evangelist, Rev. Sam Jones, has been invited to deliver a lecture or address, and it is believed he will do so some evening during the second week of the session. Due notice will be given of the evening, as will also be done in the case of each of the other speakers.

From this brilliant array of learning, eloquence, humor and wit, I think I may safely promise all the teachers who will come to commune and confer together in this proposed social, good, old-fashioned camp meeting style, on the beautiful Chautauqua grounds, on important educational themes and methods of instruction, a rich and rare intellectual feast, as improving, instructive and beneficial as it will be entertaining, amusing and every way attractive. While the birds will be singing in the beautiful trees above us, and the bright lake reflects the glories of the over-hanging blue sky, music of the sweetest and most cultured type from many first-class bands will lend its charms to the enchanting scene.

BOARD AND OTHER EXPENSE.

Board can be had on the grounds for from $5 to $7 per week. This will be the maximum and will entitle the teacher to lodging as well as board.

The privilege of the grounds for the two weeks of the session will be accorded to each teacher for $1.50. This relieves from any contribution for music, and admits to all parts of the grounds and the calisthenic instruction and exercises. These two items will cover the whole expense. Some teachers may, and doubtless will chose to pay $5 more and stay over and enjoy all the privileges of the Chautauqua programme, which will be very great, rare and improving. But this will have nothing to do with our programme. The only day I have given up of our two weeks, is the 18th of July, which day is set apart for the inauguration of the Chautauqua Summer college, by Dr. W. R. Harper, of Yale college, which will be a most brilliant and imposing ceremony, and will doubtless be greatly enjoyed by all. No one would like to miss this ceremony with all its novel features. This college will bring to Chautauqua nearly a score of the most learned professors in American universities. After our institute closes, and not till then, will the Chautauqua programme open its full regular work.

As to traveling expenses, all I can say now is that there will be one fare charged for the round trip. I think I may say I am strongly assured of this. Let every teacher who is coming drop me a line to say so, at once, so I can have the proper arrangements promptly made. If a thousand Georgia teachers, which is quite possible, should be in attendance, or only five or six hundred, you can see it will require prompt and hasty action to get the machinery arranged so that all may avail themselves of the reduced fare. The distance from here to Salt Springs is only 21 miles, and 60 cents will be the price of the round trip. Cars will be run between the two points every hour in the day. The instruction to the colored teachers will be in the afternoon from half-past 3 to 7 o'clock. They will have an instructor in penmanship of their own color, Professor O. A. Combs, of Athens, Ga.

In addition to this they will have several addresses delivered to them by distinguished speakers of their own color whom I have invited, to wit: Rev. William J. White, editor of the Georgia Baptist,

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The George Boyd Perjury Case Comes Up Monday Morning.

"George Boyd has been a friend to me, and I'll stick by him."

The speaker was Jim McDonald, the man that was acquitted a few days ago in the city court for shooting his mother-in-law.

And George Boyd is the man whose testimony against McDonald's wife was more or less instrumental in securing the acquittal.

"Mrs. McDonald is as pure a woman as ever lived," said a neighbor yesterday, "and she has been made the victim of a malicious and outrageous prosecution. Now, there are four men in Bellwood that will swear that Jim McDonald went to them separately and tried to get them to do what George Boyd did. The inside of the case is this: McDonald wanted to sue a railroad for damages. He has sued several railroads. The damages in this particular case were said to have been inflicted upon his wife and during a transfer around a wreck."

"The papers were drawn up by a lawyer in Alabama, and an unsigned affidavit was sent here. Mrs. McDonald was to swear to and sign this before a justice of the peace. When it came here Mrs. McDonald said to Judge Horton: "I can't sign that. My husband knows that I was not injured on the railroad." Then McDonald just gritted his teeth and began scheming for his revenge—may be for a divorce.

"The case is plain to people that know the husband and wife. McDonald is said to have been in one scrape after another, had his trunk searched for stolen goods, and bears a bad reputation. His wife has been brought up here and everybody that knows her loves and respects her."

"About the Boyd case?"

"Well, it comes up before Judge Manning Monday at 10 o'clock. You know Boyd got an affidavit that he couldn't get justice out here. The idea is this: In McDonald's own case Boyd made a statement under oath while McDonald could not. This made Boyd liable to be indicted for perjury. Now in Boyd's case, McDonald's testimony must be under oath, and this in turn may make McDonald himself liable for perjury."

THE COUNTY COMMITTEE

Call a Mass Meeting to Appoint Delegates to the Congressional Convention.

At 12 o'clock yesterday the Fulton county democratic committee met in the city court room with Mr. Hubert Culberson in the chair.

Mr. I. S. Mitchell was elected temporary chairman.

There are twenty-seven members of the committee, but only ten were at the meeting.

Mr. Hubert Culberson was elected permanent chairman and Mr. W. A. Osborne was made secretary.

Mr. Goldsmith stated that seven members of the committee had declined to serve, and that something should be done about it.

A motion, by Mr. J. J. Falvey, that a committee of three be appointed to call on these gentlemen and ask if they intended to serve, was voted down.

A motion was adopted to the effect that Mr. Osborne, the secretary, should see the gentlemen and report at the meeting.

This resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That a mass meeting of the democratic party of Fulton county will be held in the basement of the courthouse at 12 o'clock, on Thursday, the 5th of July, 1888, for the sole purpose of appointing delegates to the next democratic congressional convention of the fifth district, which will meet in Atlanta on the 11th day of July, 1888."

The committee then adjourned.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

Current Items Caught in the Departments of State.

In Bibb County superior court, in 1883, A. J. English was convicted of horse stealing, and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. For several months past he has been in very bad health. He has deported himself well since his confinement. On several occasions he has rendered valuable assistance to the officials in charge of the camp. He helped to quell the mutiny in Dade Coal mines in 1886. Judge Simmons, who presided at his trial, says: "I think that justice has been satisfied, and that a commutation would be proper." For these reasons Governor Gordon on yesterday commuted his sentence to five years and eighteen days from his reception in the penitentiary, and he will be discharged on Monday, the 25th day of June.

John G. S. Patterson was commissioned as tax collector of Appling county yesterday, in place of Mitchell Baxter, who resigned in April because of ill health.

Orders were issued by Governor Gordon yesterday, requiring all Georgia insurance companies to return semi-annual statements as to their condition on the 30th of June, and all Georgia banks to return reports as to their condition at the same date. Copies of these orders will be found elsewhere in this issue.

THE UNITED STATES COURT.

The Circuit and District Courts Adjourned Until October.

In the United States court yesterday in the case of Anderson, Green & Co. vs. F. L. Miller, an order granting a new trial was passed and the case was referred to W. D. Ellis as auditor.

In the case of the East Tennessee road vs. T. G. Walters, bill in equity, a decree was rendered sustaining the title of Walters to the property in dispute and fixing the value of the land at $1,500, with interest from 1882. The decree orders the road to pay the money to Walters. This is the land on which the East Tennessee shops are located. The circuit and district court were then adjourned until the October term.

Judge Newman and family will leave for Farquehar Springs, Va., next Tuesday, where they will spend several weeks.

The friends of Mr. W. H. Chapman, revenue agent, will be glad to learn that he has returned to the city, and is again at his post in the customhouse. He spent two months at his home in Virginia, on account of a severe wound which he received in Alabama. He has almost entirely regained the use of his hand.

PERSONAL.

M. M. Mauck, wall paper and paint dealer Paper hanger, house and sign painter.

Mr. W. S. Turner, president of the Turner Looker company, of Cincinnati, is in the city, looking after the interests of his great house. He is a genial-hearted gentleman, and has many friends here who are glad to see him.

Messrs. J. A. Baldwin and S. M. Wall are spending today at Salt Springs.

Mrs. M. C. Thomas, spiritual medium, has removed to 156 Courtland avenue.

The opening hop takes place at the Arlington hotel, Gainesville, Ga., Wednesday evening, July 4. Wurm's orchestra, which has been engaged for the season by this popular house, will furnish the music. su tu thur su

Mr. Will D. Bradfield, of the Vanderbilt University, is visiting his uncle, Dr. L. H. Bradfield at Mrs. Fains, on South Forsyth street.

Wanted several boys to deliver circulars. Apply by 12 o'clock Monday to W. J. Wood, Whitehall street.

Mrs. M. C. Thomas, spiritual medium, has removed to 156 Courtland avenue.

Mr. W. H. Shaw, one of Carrolton's most popular and business young men, spent several days in the city this week, guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bostwick.

Tom W. Jackson, and his friend, Claud Schumate, of New York, will spend Sunday at Salt Springs.

Rev. Dr. Hawthorne is in Macon today. He will tonight preach the sermon before the missionary society of Mercer university; and on Wednesday will deliver the annual address before the college.

Miss Annie Wells, a charming young lady of this city, is visiting friends in Birmingham.

C. L. Near will leave today for a short southern tour.

Mr. J. E. Dawson has returned from a six weeks' trip through the Carolinas, and is a guest at the Kimball.

Misses Estora and Annie Stephens are the guests of Opelika friends.

Miss Mittie Jones left yesterday to attend the commencement exercises of Emory college.

Solicitor Frank O'Bryan is visiting relatives in South Carolina.

Mr. Ben Hill returned yesterday from St. Simon's island.

Mr. Henry Walker, a prominent young lawyer of Rome, is in the city, the guest of the Markham house. Mr. Walker is a leading candidate from Floyd county for the next general assembly.

THE PEABODY.

This Year's Institute Will Be Held at Chautauqua.

COMMISSIONER'S CIRCULAR.

The Programme of Exercises—Learned Educators Present.

The Peabody institute will be held at the Piedmont Chautauqua.

Judge Hook, state school commissioner, has issued a circular letter to the teachers of Georgia to that effect.

He says:

An appropriation, for the purpose from the Peabody fund, enables me to hold a Teachers' institute this year. Influenced by considerations such as the following, towit:

The admitted salubrity and beauty of the locality, and the health-giving waters of the salt spring, the cheapness of the board and lodging; the comfort and roominess of the cottages and tents that will be in readiness for the reception of the hundreds of teachers who will come; the privileges that will be accorded to them by the Chautauqua company, and for which Dr. Gillet, the representative head of the Chautauqua programme, has arranged with me; the spaciousness, elegance and picturesque arrangement and appearance of the grounds, as well as the capacious and admirably arranged buildings for the assemblage of the teachers and the vast crowds that will attend the lectures, addresses and illustrative exhibitions in elocution, chemistry, astronomy, etc., that will occur therein; the large restaurants and good fare they will provide, which will be ample for all, of both colors, with separate apartments therein for each; I have determined to hold the institute at Salt Springs, on the Chautauqua grounds, commencing the session on the 9th of July next, and to continue for two weeks only. Our institute will be entirely independent of the Chautauqua programme, though it will receive and enjoy many of the advantages, and witness many of the most pleasing features of that programme without other expense than will be hereinafter explained.

CORPS OF INSTRUCTORS.

My selected corps of instructors, as lecturers, will be as follows: Dr. W. H. Payne, chancellor of the university and president of the Normal college, of Nasville, Tenn., chief instructor and manager of the institute. In addition to his opening address he will instruct regularly in two branches, to-wit: "Applied Psychology" and "School Management." This distinguished normal instructor, perhaps the most eminent in America, will attract a large number of the teachers of Georgia from all over the state, and it is thought teachers from other states will be present also. His assistants, all eminently distinguished instructors of Georgia, will be as follows:

Dr. H. H. Smith, Principal of the Girls' High school, of Atlanta, Ga. His branch will be practical arithmetic; but this eminent scholar and lecturer will, by my request, deliver an occasional lecture on elocution and one giving an account of his travel in Europe.

Professor M. L. Parker, president of South Georgia Male and Female college, Dawson, Ga. His branches will be algebra and geometry.

Professor W. H. Woodall, president of Levert Female college, Talbotton, Ga. His branch will be English grammar and reading.

Professor B. M. Zettler, superintendent of public schools in Macon, Ga. His branches will be geography, spelling and penmanship.

Professor Bothwell Graham, principal High school in Rome, Ga. His branch will be pure, or theoretical, arithmetic.

In addition to these regular instructors, there will be lectures during the session as follows: Five lectures on natural science, with illustrations, by Dr. L. B. Clifton, of Macon, Ga., a graduate of Oxford university, England, and eminent as a lecturer on the natural sciences.

Also, a lecture or two on astronomy, with appropriate illustrations, by Miss Eliza A. Bowen, of Washington, Ga., for many years a distinguished and accomplished teacher in our state, and in later years an authoress of prominence on scientific subjects, and more especially on astronomy; upon which she has written a valuable school book, a work of great merit, enjoyed by all who read it.

Also, a lecture on elocution with costume readings, which will be full of interest, instruction and amusement, by the beautiful, accomplished and gifted elocutionist of Kentucky, Mrs. Bessie Miller Oton. Her varied characterizations are rendered with wonderful skill, and anon you weep and you laugh.

I have provided for still another rich treat by inviting several of our most noted and cultured speakers, who have kindly consented to address the institute. These addresses, to be delivered at night in a large auditorium, brilliantly lighted up by electricity, will be a most instructive and charming feature of the occasion.

The speakers will be:

His Excellency John B. Gordon, Georgia's great and universally beloved governor, will deliver an address, and his subject will be announced in due time.

Professor Gustavus J. Orr, Jr., (by my request) a memorial sketch of the life and services of his distinguished father, whose honored name he bears. We can but believe that all teachers and school commissioners, and members of boards of education, as well as other Georgians who can, will be present to hear this interesting address, and thus attest their heartfelt veneration for the memory of the illustrious deceased.

Professor Lawton B. Evans, the widely and favorably known, talented and highly esteemed superintendent public schools in Augusta, Ga. Subject: "Uses of History.

Hon. Logan E. Bleckley, the gifted, honored and loved chief justice of the supreme court of Georgia. Subject: "Evolution."

Dr. A. W. Calhoun, the renowned specialist and philanthropist, eminent alike for his great learning and his great heart, two lectures, one on the "Eye," the other on the "Ear." His presentation of the delicate organisms and functions of these most useful members of the body will prove of intense interest to all.

Hon. Charles H. Smith ("Bill Arp") subject: "The Old Schools Contrasted With the New." It is useless to say this will be a rare and rich treat, and everybody will want to hear it.

Professor Charles Lane, former principal of Alexander free school, Macon, Ga., and recently elected professor in the school of technology. Subject: "Not yet Announced." The ability and fine humor of this eminent teacher and scholar give promise of a most taking address.

Hon. Henry W. Grady. This renowned orator will make the welcome speech to the teachers on behalf of the Chautauqua company, and will also, during the session, deliver his famous lecture known as "The Patch-work Palace," or some other of his numerous inimitable lectures.

Colonel R. M. Johnston, Baltimore, Md. This ripe scholar and eminent writer, whose books contribute a rare charm to our general literature, will give one of his admirable readings or lectures. Not yet announced.

The world renowned evangelist, Rev. Sam Jones, has been invited to deliver a lecture or address, and it is believed he will do so some evening during the second week of the session. Due notice will be given of the evening, as will also be done in the case of each of the other speakers.

From this brilliant array of learning, eloquence, humor and wit, I think I may safely promise all the teachers who will come to commune and confer together in this proposed social, good, old-fashioned camp meeting style, on the beautiful Chautauqua grounds, on important educational themes and methods of instruction, a rich and rare intellectual feast, as improving, instructive and beneficial as it will be entertaining, amusing and every way attractive. While the birds will be singing in the beautiful trees above us, and the bright lake reflects the glories of the over-hanging blue sky, music of the sweetest and most cultured type from many first-class bands will lend its charms to the enchanting scene.

BOARD AND OTHER EXPENSE.

Board can be had on the grounds for from $5 to $7 per week. This will be the maximum and will entitle the teacher to lodging as well as board.

The privilege of the grounds for the two weeks of the session will be accorded to each teacher for $1.50. This relieves from any contribution for music, and admits to all parts of the grounds and the calisthenic instruction and exercises. These two items will cover the whole expense. Some teachers may, and doubtless will chose to pay $5 more and stay over and enjoy all the privileges of the Chautauqua programme, which will be very great, rare and improving. But this will have nothing to do with our programme. The only day I have given up of our two weeks, is the 18th of July, which day is set apart for the inauguration of the Chautauqua Summer college, by Dr. W. R. Harper, of Yale college, which will be a most brilliant and imposing ceremony, and will doubtless be greatly enjoyed by all. No one would like to miss this ceremony with all its novel features. This college will bring to Chautauqua nearly a score of the most learned professors in American universities. After our institute closes, and not till then, will the Chautauqua programme open its full regular work.

As to traveling expenses, all I can say now is that there will be one fare charged for the round trip. I think I may say I am strongly assured of this. Let every teacher who is coming drop me a line to say so, at once, so I can have the proper arrangements promptly made. If a thousand Georgia teachers, which is quite possible, should be in attendance, or only five or six hundred, you can see it will require prompt and hasty action to get the machinery arranged so that all may avail themselves of the reduced fare. The distance from here to Salt Springs is only 21 miles, and 60 cents will be the price of the round trip. Cars will be run between the two points every hour in the day. The instruction to the colored teachers will be in the afternoon from half-past 3 to 7 o'clock. They will have an instructor in penmanship of their own color, Professor O. A. Combs, of Athens, Ga.

In addition to this they will have several addresses delivered to them by distinguished speakers of their own color whom I have invited, to wit: Rev. William J. White, editor of the Georgia Baptist, will address them—subject not yet given. Professor R. R. Wright, principal of the colored high school of Augusta, Ga.—subject not yet announced. Bishop W. J. Gaines, of Atlanta, Ga.,—subject not yet announced.

I invite the county school commissioners to be present on Wednesday, the 11th July. The highest school authority has decided that the county boards of education may allow the commissioners their per diem for the few days of their attendance. I hope that every commissioner in the state may come. Let no one fail to be present. Let each commissioner bring this matter before his board for action. I will add here, it may be well enough for the board to agree with such teachers as may have their school in progress at the time that they may take the two weeks' holiday and give two weeks' of schooling later, so as to fill out their term.

Thus I have labored hard to fix up a most attractive programme for our Summer institute, and I believe the teachers and other intelligent citizens all over the state will do all in their power to aid us in making it a grand success worthy of the high character of the teachers of Georgia, and justly responsive to the very worthy and noble aims of the able and worthy board of trustees of the Peabody fund, who thus seek to further the cause of education in the empire state of the south. As this is a cause in which every citizen of the state is deeply interested, and as the press has always shown itself true to the best interests of public enlightenment, I hope it is not asking too much of them to give this programme such notice as will at once bring it before all the people of the state. The fund is not sufficient to pay for advertisements, and I throw myself on the known patriotism, public spirit and generosity of the editors.

JAMES S. HOOK,
State School Commissioner.

Atlanta, Ga., June 23, 1888.

Lost Appetite restored and the healthy action of the excretory organs established by use of Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient.

HOME BUILDING IN ATLANTA.

A New Series of Stock Issued by the Fulton Loan and Building Association.

One of the most phenomenal successes in loan and building associations is the Fulton association, of which Mr. John J. Falvey is the president. The amount of loans placed in its first year was $17,000, on which there was a net gain of $1,772.87, or $1.26 per share.

This association is conducted on the weekly payment plan, each share being twenty-five cents a week. The minimum amount loaned on a share is $140 at six per cent per annum. The amount to be paid non-borrowers is $200, and the association will not run longer than seven years.

A new series of seven hundred shares will be issued on the 3d of July. Those desiring stock, which is being rapidly taken up, can do so by calling on the president, Mr. J. J. Falvey, at his store on Broad street by the bridge; on John J. Doonan, at the Georgia railroad offices, or on J. M. Peacock, at Winship & Co.'s; Wm. Kinyon, Western and Atlantic shops; R. W. McCown, Western and Atlantic shops; John Gatins, corner Calhoun and Jenkins street; P. J. Moran, The Constitution office; W. T. LaHatte, Journal office; J. B. Wallace, at Kiser & Co.'s; Syl. Lester, 36 Broad street, or J. V. Bishop.

Mr. J. J. Falvey as president, and Mr. J. J. Doonan as secretary, are so well known for strict dealing and business sagacity that no other assurance is needed that the association of which they have charge will be properly conducted.

LEMON ELIXIR.

A Pleasant Lemon Drink.

Dr. H. Mozley's Lemon Elixir is prepared from the fresh juice of Lemons, combined with other vegetable liver tonics, cathartics, aromatic stimulants and blood purifiers.

Fifty cents and one dollar per bottle. Sold by druggists.

Prepared only by H. Mozley, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

For biliousness and constipation take Lemon Elixir.

For indigestion and foul stomach take Lemon Elixir.

For sick and nervous headaches take Lemon Elixir.

For palpitation and irregular action of the heart take Lemon Elixir.

For sleeplessness and nervousness take Lemon Elixir.

For loss of appetite and debility take Lemon Elixir.

For fevers, malaria and chills, take Lemon Elixir.

Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach or kidneys.

Having made a thorough analysis of the Genuine California Orange Cider known as the T L Brand controlled by Harry L. Schlesinger, of Atlanta, Ga. We hereby certify that it is non-alcoholic, that it does not contain anything unhealthful or injurious. It is a healthful, wholesome drink.

The E. Berghausen Chemical Co.

T L Brand Orange Cider can be sold anywhere, to any person without license.

Drink Malto. 25 cents a bottle.

Secure your tickets for the excursion to Tallulah Falls, benefit Central Baptist church, June 28th.

Drink Malto for the Nerves.

Excursion to Cumberland and St. Simon's Islands.

On Tuesday, June 26th, the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway will sell round trip tickets to Brunswick for $6 each. Tickets at this rate will be sold only for train leaving Atlanta at 7:25 Tuesday evening, 26th, and will be good to return on or before July 6th. This makes rate of $7 round trip to Cumberland and $6.50 to St. Simons.

All who desire sleeping car berths are requested to call at East Tennessee ticket office before 1 o'clock Tuesday, so that accommodations may be provided for all.

Drink Malto for the Nerves.

2,000 Dollars' Worth of PARASOLS AT Positively Half Price

This is no humbug "ad."

$10.00 Parasols at $5.00.
$6.50 Parasols at $3.25.
$5.00 Parasols at $2.50.
$4.00 Parasols at $2.00.
$3.00 Parasols at $1.50.
$2.50 Parasols at $1.25.
$2.00 Parasols at $1.00.
$1.50 Parasols at 75 cents.

Every Parasol in our store at 50 cents on the dollar this week. M. Rich & Bros.

JEWELRY.

STILSON,

JEWELER,
55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

Those Otto Bicycles for Boys have at last arrived at Nunnally's, 36 Whitehall st.

Donehoo's Ice Cream and Butter Depot, 9 E. Alabama street.

1 mun nun

Seasonable!

We have made arrangements to furnish our customers with home-made WATER ICES.

Pine Apple and Orange Sherbert for tomorrow. Price 40 cents per quart; 75 cents per half gallon.

E. F. Donehoo & Co.,
No. 9 East Alabama street.

fri sun un uun 7p

Many Citizens of Atlanta

Will find distributed at their doors this morning pamphlets and circulars descriptive of various summer resorts, issued by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, showing round trip rates to principal summer resorts in the United States. Many will find this sheet especially interesting, as it gives, besides the rates, the exact location of the resorts, their distance from Atlanta, and, of a great many, the altitude above sea level.

Those who do not get this sheet can get it on application to East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia ticket office, corner Kimball house.

For reaching Knoxville and all East Tennessee resorts, and the principal resorts in Virginia, the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia is unquestionably the best line, both on account of its train service, and variety and beauty of scenery, and comparative freedom from dust.

For Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville take the 10:25 p. m. train (Asheville express), arrive Knoxville in through sleeper from Atlanta 7 a. m., Morristown 8:30 a. m., Hot Springs 10:30 a. m., Asheville 12:16 noon. Twelve hours quicker to Morristown and Hot Springs than by any other line leaving Atlanta at night.

For resorts beyond Morristown, Bristol, Roanoke and points beyond, take the train leaving Atlanta at 7:00 a. m., arrives Knoxville 3:00 p. m., Morristown 4:30 p. m., Bristol 8:00 p. m., Washington 11:43 a. m.

Twelve hours quicker to Knoxville and Bristol than by any other line. No exaggeration about these figures. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia is twelve hours quicker to Knoxville and East Tennessee resorts than its competitors.

Malto—25 cents per bottle. tues thus sun til angl

Music at Grant park Thursday and Friday nights and Saturday and Sunday afternoons. Cars leave cor. Pryor and Alabama sts. every 7 minutes. 3t

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Wall Paper.

20,000 rolls at 5 to 15 cents a roll. Samples free. James T. White.

3,000,000 FEET LUMBER,
Covering 4 Acres.
1,000,000 SHINGLES,
500,000 LATHS.
Atlanta Lumber Co.

Fine Shoes at Half Price.

Odd lots. We take stock July 1st and will close out these goods at low figures. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Round trip to Cumberland June 26, Tuesday, only $7.00 by the East Tennessee.

BOLLES & BRUCKNER,
The Stationers,

Have been busy all the month making up packages from their fine stationery for patrons leaving for the summer resorts.

This week an elegant variety of new styles and superb quality fine papers to arrive.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

CLOTHING.

THIN SUMMER CLOTHING!

Alpaca, Sicilian, Mohair and Flannel

COATS AND VESTS!

Buy One and Keep Cool!

GEORGE MUSE,

N. B.--SUITS MADE TO ORDER. 38 WHITEHALL ST.

Hal Morrison's art class will open Monday, the 25th, in Thornton's Art Gallery, and all who wish to join will please meet Mr. Morrison at Thornton's Book Store today for the purpose of selecting the necessary materials, such as stretchers, easels, etc.

LAST WEEK

Of our Great Matting Sale.

100 pieces of A1 Fancy Matting at 13½ cents a yard.

Our 25 cents Matting now only 20 cents.
Our 35 cents Matting now only 25 cts.
Our 40 cents Matting now only 30 cents.
Our 50 cents Matting now only 40 cents.
Our 65 cents Matting now only 50 cts.

An unparalleled week of Matting Bargains. M. Rich & Bros.

Drink Malto. 25 cents per bottle.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

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Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Drink Malto at Soda Fountain.

A. & S. ROSENFELD

Respectfully inform their customers and friends that they have received the third invoice of those fine French "Drap Dete" in frocks and sacks, Cicilian and Alpacas in black and great variety of fancy colors in all the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest prices. In cass. we have made a still further reduction, selling excellent suits for $10 and $12, former price $15 and $18. Give us a call and we will make it to your interest. A. & S. Rosenfeld, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

Orange Cider. All dealers handling it will please send in their names for publication next Sunday.
Harry L. Schlesinger.

Grand excursion to Tallulah Falls June 28th. Tickets 75c and $1.50.

Our UNQUALIFIED CHALLENGE IS UNACCEPTED!

REMINGTON
STANDARD



TYPEWRITER.

For Speed and Durability--UNRIVALVED.
For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work UNEQUALED.
THE RIGHT-HAND OF STENOGRAPHERS.
THE BUSINESS MAN'S FRIEND.
Finest stock of typewriters and typewriter supplies in the South at No. 2½ Marietta street.
W. T. CRENSHAW,
Exclusive Dealer for Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Florida.

THE FACT THAT
THE TEETH
Must have attention has been



CLEARLY SET FORTH.

Another fact has also been clearly proven. It is that

DE-LEC-TA-LAVE

is the purest and best tooth-cleaner and preserver ever offered to the public. If you have never tried it, ask your neighbor about it.

Dr. A. W. Calhoun, the celebrated specialist, has the following to say about Delectalave:

"It affords me pleasure to bear testimony to its value, and to state that its curative properties are beyond question. I recommend it to the public."

Delectalave will
Whiten the teeth,
Harden and beautify the gums,
Purify the breath,
Prevent the formation of tartar,
Aid in preserving the teeth,
Cure tender and bleeding gums.

ASK FOR DELECTALAVE AND HAVE NOTHING ELSE.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 50 CENTS.
ASA G. CANDLER & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
Gen'l Agents, ATLANTA, GA.

HERE IS REAL ESTATE!

Cheap enough to suit the most exacting. If you want a home, a vacant lot, a store, factory site, central, suburban, or farm, call on us.

6 r h, W. Peachtree, 45x200 feet, water, fruits, etc.	3,800
4, 4 r h, Alexander, 50x160 each	1,500
5 r h, Mills, 50x100, a nice home	1,500
12 acres, solid body, near G. P. depot	7,500
Store, Marietta street, near Plow works	425
3 lots, Pulliam, 105x140, near horse cars	2,000
Beautiful lot, Edgewood, 60x300	800
4 r h, Filmore, neat little house, 50x100	1,000
3 r h, Butler, nice shades, water, etc.	700
Business lot, Mitchell, near Whitehall 25x80	2,500
6 r h, 2 r kitchen, large lot, Fair near Peters	3,000
5 r h, Mills, near Spring	1,350
20 acres at Ponce de Leon Springs	3,000
60x200 Whitehall, near McDaniel	2,600
100x300, Peachtree, corner, near Col. McGehee's	7,000
9 r h, Simpson, 100 ft front, near Dr. Wilson	4,500
9 r h, Washington, large lot, elegant home	10,000
68x110, cor Ivy and Baker, near Mr. Meador	3,200
7 r h, W. Peachtree, gas and water, 40x200	3,[illegible]
50x150 Forest avenue, pretty lot	850
6 r h, Crew street, 50x200, near school	2,[illegible]
50x100 cor Haynes and Magnolia	600
3 r h, Peachtree, 62x200	2,200
50x196 E. Fair, elevated lot	1,150
100x200 Crew street, near horse cars	1,800
4 r h, Nelson street, 50x150, corner	2,000
50x190 Washington street, nice corner	1,800
2 2 r h, between Baker and Harris	450
7 r h, Richardson, 60x165, near Pryor	2,300
7 r h, Crew, near school, 50x150	3,200
60x100 Bush, near Third Baptist church	400
50x160 Formwalt, near Crumley	650
11 acres and 4 r h, near Edgewood	1,800
32 acres and 2 r h, near Edgewood	2,550
10 acres and 6 r h, near Edgewood	2,000
These three join.	
50x100 Boulevard, near Gartrell	600
40x200 Boulevard, joins above	500
3 r h, Chattahooche, 67x100 and cow house	900
6 r h, Hood, near Whitehall, 50x150	1,700
12 r h, kitchen, stable, barn, Hunter, 50x150	5,000
138 acres, Ga. R. R., near Decatur	2,800
6 r h, Whitehall street, water, gas, all conveniences	4,700
50x150 ft lot, Formwalt, near Clark	600
9 r h, Boulevard, new, nice, convenient	3,000
28 lots, Peachtree, any locality, $1,000 to	20,000
Elegant lot, Peachtree, 275 ft front	5,500
8 r h, 22 acres, complete home, Edgewood	8,500
5 r h, W. Harris, 50x200, elevated, nr Luckie	2,000
8 r h, Whitehall, best locality on street	6,000
14 r h, Whitehall, splendid corner	9,000
Corner lot on Forsyth, near Peachtree	3,500

WEST & GOLDSMITH.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY: BY VIRTUE OF an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold at auction, at the Court House door of said county on the first Tuesday in July next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: A lot of land on the south side of East Hunter street, in the third ward of the city of Atlanta, beginning at a point forty-seven and one-half feet east of the lot owned by Dr. Beach, running thence east twenty-four feet to A. B. Connolly's lot, thence back same width as front one hundred and thirty-nine feet, more or less, to Fair street. Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta, in land lot forty-four in fourteenth district of Fulton county, being lot No. 29 as per plat dated June 15, 1882, on file in office of G. W. Adair; fronting fifty feet on the south side of Jones street, four hundred feet east of Hill street, and extending same width as front; south 200 feet to a ten-foot alley; the same being the property of Mrs. Eliza Connolly, late of said county, deceased. Sold for the purpose of distribution among the heirs of said Eliza Connolly. This June 2, 1888. Terms cash.

HENRY T. CONNOLLY,
Administrator.

June 4-monday 4t.

CLOTHING.



Our Trade has been LARGER Than Usual.

AND IF

LOW PRICES

WILL DO IT, WE INTEND TO

KEEP IT BOOMING

WE HAVE

Great Reductions in Prices.

In all Departments. We offer the following

Extraordinary Bargains

Men's Cass and Cheviot Suits, $9, former price $15.
Men's Cass and Cheviot Suits, $12, former price $18.
Men's Cass and Cheviot Suits, $14, former price $20 and $22.
Boys' Suits, long Pants, $10, former price $14.
Boys' Suits, long Pants, $8, former price $12.
Children's Suits, short Pants, $3, former price $5.
Children's Suits, short Pants, $4, former price $6.

The best stock of Underwear, Neckwear and Furnishing Goods in the State at Corresponding Reduced Prices.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 Whitehall St.

R. C. BLACK,

35 Whitehall St.,
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Boots, Shoes

—AND—

SLIPPERS

Fine and Fancy Goods a Specialty.

R. C. BLACK.

Telephone 553. may24—7p un and

Executive Department,
State of Georgia,
Atlanta, Ga., June 23, 1888.

Ordered, That each insurance company in this state, or doing business therein, shall through its chief officer or through its chief agent, residing in this state, make to the governor a semi-annual statement, containing a full and exact report of its condition on the 30th of this month. Said reports must comply with every requirement of the law as set forth in the act of the last legislature, entitled "An act to regulate the business of insurance in this state and for other purposes;" must be filed in this office within 60 days from the 1st day of July, 1888; must be published as required by said act, and when filed in this office, copies of such reports as published must be attached to them. Annual statements will not be received as a compliance with this order calling for semi annual statements.

Failure on the part of any company, to comply with this order, will result in the forfeiture of its right to do business in this state until the 1st day of January, 1889, and in the recall and cancellations of its license by the insurance commissioners.

By the Governor.—
J. B. GORDON, Governor.
JAMES T. NISBET, Sec. Ex. Dep't.

To be published one time in the Atlanta Constitution, Macon Telegraph, Savannah Morning News, Augusta Chronicle, and Columbus Enquirer-Sun, provided they will publish at one dollar for every one hundred words. J. T. N.

State of Georgia,
Executive Department,
Atlanta, Ga., June 23, 1888.

Ordered: That every bank institution in this state, and every branch thereof, make return to the governor as required by law, of their respective conditions, at the close of business on the (30th) thirtieth of the present month, and that such returns be transmitted to this office within thirty (30) days from the first day of July, 1888, with copies of such returns, as published, attached.

In said returns every requirement of the law, as set forth in sections 1466, 1467 and 1468 of the code of 1882, must be strictly complied with.

By the governor.
JAMES T. NISBET, J. B. GORDON,
Secretary Executive Department. Governor.

To be published one time in the Atlanta Constitution, Macon Telegraph, Savannah Morning News, Augusta Chronicle, and Columbus Enquirer-Sun, provided they will publish at one dollar for every one hundred words. J. T. N.

GRAND NATIONAL AWARD of 16,600 francs.

QUINA-LAROCHE

LAROCHE'S TONIC
a Stimulating Restorative,
CONTAINING
PERUVIAN BARK, IRON,
AND PURE CATALAN WINE,
the Great FRENCH REMEDY
Endorsed by the Hospitals
for PREVENTION and CURE of
DYSPEPSIA, MALARIA, FEVER and AGUE, NEURALGIA, loss of APPETITE, GASTRALGIA, POORNESS of the BLOOD, and RETARDED CONVALESCENCE.

This wonderful invigorating tonic is powerful in its effects, is easily administered, assimilates thoroughly and quickly with the gastric juices, without deranging the action of the stomach.

22 Rue Drouot, Paris.
E. FOUGERA & CO., Agents for U. S.,
30 North William Street, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RAILROAD MEN,

June 30th will close the registration for the handsome Gold Watch which we shall give away on that date. Call and register. Freeman & Crankshaw, Jewelers.
Top 1 2t col 8p

44 Marietta St.

Our trade is growing. Do you know why? Simply because with us

18 K means 18 K

and

Sterling means Sterling.

J. R. WATTS AND CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians,
OPPOSITE THE OPERA HOUSE
1st col 8p un fre&era

Wm. Lycett's Art School

AND CHINA DECORATING WORKS,
67½ WHITEHALL ST., - - - ATLANTA, GA.
[Established 1877.]

REDUCED PRICES FOR INSTRUCTION DURing the summer months. Oil, water color, crayon and china painting taught. Cool studios. Correspondence invited.

☞ Firing and Gilding China for Amateurs a Specialty.

Best assortment of art material at New York Prices.

Practical Information to young ladies desirous of teaching Decorative Art. 1stesp

W. R. JONES & CO.

PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS.

Plain and ornamental roofing done in the best manner, and repairing old slate roof a specialty. Address, Box 216, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd street. dlm-1col-8p

OPIUM and Whiskey Hab. His cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 63½ Whitehall Street

THE WEATHER REPORT

Indications.

Indications for Georgia: Light to fresh, southwesterly winds; local rains.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, June 23—9 p. m.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observations taken at 10 p. m.—Seventy-fifth Meridian time.

STATIONS.	Barometer	Thermometer	Dew Point	WIND. Direction	WIND. Velocity	Rainfall	Weather
Mobile	29.94	78	74	SW	Light	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	29.94	80	70	SW	Light	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	29.94	76	74	NW	Light	.00	Clear.
Galveston	29.88	80	76	S	12	.02	Clear.
Palestine	29.86	72	66	E	6	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	29.96	78	72	W	6	.00	Clear.
Corpus Christi	29.84	82	78	SE	18	.00	Clear.
Brownsville	29.82	80	76	SE	6	.00	Clear.
Rio Grande							
LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.							
6 a. m.	29.96	73	70	W	Light	.00	Fair.
2 p. m.	29.81	77	67	SW	9	T.	Cloudy.
9 p. m.	29.96	75	69	SW	9	.00	Cloudy.
Maximum Thermometer							86
Minimum Thermometer							71
Total Rainfall							T.

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—Seventy-fifth meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall
Atlanta, Ga	86	71	.T
Cartersville, Ga	87	68	.00
Columbus, Ga			.00
Chattanooga, Tenn	91	67	.00
Gainesville, Ga	91	69	.02
Greenville, S. C	94	69	.04
Griffin, Ga	89	72	.35
Macon, Ga	97	69	T.
Newnan, Ga	93	70	.03
Spartanburg, S. C	95	66	.70
Toccoa, Ga	82	67	T.
West Point, Ga	89	76	T.

W. EASBY SMITH,
Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. Army.

Note—Barometer reduced to sea level.
The T indicates the precipitation inappreciable.
*Condensed fog.

PILES, FISTULA AND ALL RECTAL DISeases treated by a painless process. No loss of time from business. No knife, ligature or caustic. A RADICAL CURE guaranteed in every case treated. Reference given.
DR. R. G. JACKSON,
Office 42½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta.
un weth'r

Frank X. Bliley. E. B. Thomas.
FRANK X. BLILEY & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS,
No. 61 Fryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 780.
1st col 8 p un weather

TENTS!

Manufactured by
A. ERGENZINGER,
1e 8p 12 E. Hunter, Atlanta, Ga.

City Tax Discount.

Would advise those expecting to get the benefit of the discount to come and pay. The necessary amount will soon be raised. R. J. GRIFFIN,
1st col cod 8p C. T. C.

Will You Read?

Perfectly reliable and undoubtedly in demand. Worn by railroaders, bankers, merchants, everybody, and always pronounced correct to the minute. There is no getting around this fact. Its merit sells it. No person who owns one has failed to praise it. The Stevens Patent Improved Watch, guaranteed by a home establishment. Duplicates of any part, if broken, can be obtained immediately.

Examine These Watches

before buying one of any kind.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
JEWELERS,
47 WHITEHALL ST.

SOLID COMFORT.

Mens' Kangaroo Oxford Ties at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

In Conjunction With Moral and Spiritual.

NEW Y. M. C. A. GYMNASIUM

The Apparatus Arriving—How It Will be Supported—Points of Intersest About the Association.

There was a busy scene at the new Y. M. C. A. building yesterday.

Plumbers were at work completing the connections of steam and gas pipes; carpenters were finishing the hanging of doors and windows to secretary's office.

But the most interesting portion of the building was the gymnasium.

"We will have here," said Secretary Lick lider to a CONSTITUTION reporter, "machinery to develop every part of the human system. This hall is forty by sixty feet. Here you see is a running track, thirty-two laps to the mile.

Just here is the bowling alley which furnishes delightful exercise and recreation both winter and summer. Here we have chest-weights for developing muscles of the chest and arm. Then here we will place a back and loin machine, the use of which is sufficiently indicated by its name; to the right here we will place the horizontal bar. Here will be two parallel bars—one for men and one for boys. Here is a suspended parallel and a traveling parallel, here a vaulting horse, here a giant pulley," and the secretary rattled off the names of a variety of 'machines and apparatus, which must be seen to be understood.

"We will have," he continued, "a Christian gymnast in charge of this department. He will have a private office for making measurements and examinations, and will be able to instruct each man in what particular line he needs development. This has now become a profession and our gymnasium instructor will be a man thoroughly versed in physiology and hygiene, and can thoroughly develop any one who places himself under his care. We aim to build up the body harmoniously—sliguting no part of the physical natures of young men."

"Will only young men have access to the gymnasium?"

"No; we shall have a class for boys and also a class for ladies. The class for ladies will be an interesting feature. In the Baltimore association a class of the best ladies of the city is formed. This is true of Washington City, Richmond, Norfolk and Lynchburg. In all these cities the ladies take great interest in our physical work. They only receive two lessons a week and the young men are not debarred from exercising daily."

"What has all this to do with the Christian work which you purpose doing?"

"These secular agencies, as they are called, are only a means to an end. Through the social, intellectual and physical attractions, (not the least of which is our elegant bathrooms) young men are brought under the spiritual influences of the association. Hundreds of young men have been reached and saved through the influence of these agencies."

"How is this work supported?"

"By the business men of the community. We aim to secure subscriptions from the business men, from one hundred dollars a year, down to ten. They gladly pay this, because it benefits their employes. I approached a business man, some time since, for fifty dollars. He came to me afterwards, and said that he had no idea that the expenditure of fifty dollars would bring his men so close to him. He gave to each of his five clerks a membership ticket, and said it was the best investment he ever made. I presume the business men of Atlanta will generously support this, the only barrier that stands between the young men and the saloons. They do elsewhere, liberally."

"What will be the yearly expense of the association?"

"Between six and seven thousand dollars. The business management of the association is in the hands of well known business men, who see that every dollar is judiciously expended."

"Can you give me an idea of the amount usually given by business men?"

"That varies. The subscriptions in smaller towns than Atlanta, are as high as five hundred dollars a year. In Atlanta there ought to be ten men who will give one hundred dollars apiece. In Augusta, I am told, that seven men give this amount each. Twenty-five or thirty men in this city will give fifty dollars each, a great many more will give us twenty-five dollars each and in this way the money is easily raised."

T. I. N. C. is not a cure-all, but a quarter of a century of constant use has demonstrated beyond question that Tanner's Infallible Neuralgia Cure is the only known infallible cure for all kinds of neuralgia and for nervous headache. 50 cents per box. Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga.; retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

If you suffer from looseness of the bowels Angostura Bitters will surely cure you.

To avoid the rush we had last Sunday, our patrons will please telephone ice cream orders early. Davidson & Marsehll.

Advice to Mothers.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, soften the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for the bowels. Try it.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

To avoid the rush we had last Sunday, our patrons will please telephone ice cream orders early. Davidson & Marsehll.

H. L. WILSON, - - - Auctioneer,

Tuesday, June 26, at 4:30 p. m., I will sell three lots on west side of Butler street, each 40x100 feet, and two lots on Gilmer street, 50x190 feet, to an alley, and two lots on east side of Butler, 50x200 feet, adjoining and opposite the Ogletree & Robinson mill property. Sale absolute.

Here is a rare chance to get a bargain. Be on the ground and buy, for it is going to be sold. The opening of Foster street this summer is bound to increase the value of real estate in this locality. Where can you make a better investment than in this property? Close in to the capitol; schools, churches and right at active business. Look to your interest and put your money here, where it will continue to enhance in value. Be at the sale, examine the lots and you will be convinced that you ought to buy. Terms, one-half cash, balance six and twelve months.

H. L. WILSON,
Sp Real Estate Agent, 24 Peachtree.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Music at Grant park Thursday and Friday nights and Saturday and Sunday afternoons. Cars leave cor. Pryor and Alabama sts. every 7 minutes. 3t

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

Remember the auction sale of that beautiful suburban property next Wednesday, the 27th inst. at 4 p. m. See our special column today. Samue W. Goode & Co.

TO BUILD A CHURCH.

The Work of Raising Money for Pleasant Hill Going Forward.

The congregation of the Pleasant Hill Congregational church are slowly raising the necessary funds to build their church.

The following subscriptions have been received:

Thos. L. Bishop, $2.50; E. Van Winkle, $5; Robert Horton, $1; M. D. Maudlin, $1; N. C. Barnett, $5; G. W. Avout, 50c.; F. W. Hart & Co., $5; Beck & Gregg Hardware company, 1 keg of nails; Lamar & Co., paints and oil; L. P. Grant, $5; C. T. Glass, W. L. Fain, L. M. Ives, Thos. Moore, E. C. Peters, cash $4.25.

The Rev. W. L. Fenley is engaged in the work of collection. He will continue to call on citizens.

The members of the church are determined to raise the little balance needed. They say that the needs of this deserving pastor and church are hardly realized; that this church has wide fields for usefulness. Great good can be done here, where it is most needed. They desire to make this last earnest appeal for help.

In Memorian.

The following comes from the scholars of the Central Presbyterian church Sunday school:

When the angel of death comes to summon a loved one to the Father's house, it is a natural impulse to bring tributes of affection and tokens of sympathy to the bereaved household; so we, the members of her class and Sunday school, would bring a garland of immortelles of love to hang upon the walls of memory above the image of our beautiful dead, our loved companion, Gussie White.

Those who watched by her bedside during her last hours upon earth, when her soul, wearied by suffering, had already begun to untold its wings preparatory to its flight upward into a limitless day, tell us how thoughtful she was of the comfort of others, and how little she thought of her own. In her large, warm heart there was ever room for all, and those who loved her most were those who knew her best. Her life was a beautiful exemplification of the faith in which she lived, and this faith threw round about her, as it were, the halo of light that surrounds the image of the Christ who dwelt within her soul.

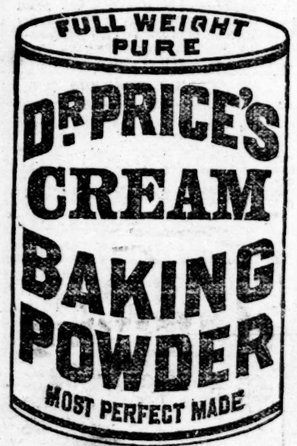
When she went down into the "Valley of the Shadow of Death," her character seemed to unfold in all its beauty and expand in loveliness, until she was borne—

"Far, far beyond the clouds outspread,
Where soaring fancy oft hath been,
Unto the land where God hath said
The pure in heart shall enter in;
To that bright land, so pure, so bright,
Where many a loved and gentle one
Bathes its soft; lumes in loving light,
That sparkles from the radiant throne."

As we gather each Sabbath we shall miss her bright and happy face, and ever cherish in fondest memory the short time she was permitted to among us. We extend to the sorrowing members of her family our deepest sympathy and prayers, that they and we may live and be sustained by the glorious faith that will enable us to see the rainbow of hope bending above the shadow of the grave, and giving to our hearts the assurance that "some sweet day" we shall meet our loved ones in that "city which hath no need of the sun, neither of the moon, to shine in it, for the glory of the Lord doth lighten it, and the Lamb is the light thereof."

JULIA COLEMAN,
NORA STEVENS,
TESSYE C. SMITH,
} Committee.

PRICE'S BAKING POWDER.



Its superior excellence is proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, indorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS
5 or Sp fol and n r m last p wk.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LESTER—The funeral services of Mrs. Dr. R. F. Lester, nee Miss Bettie B. Gramling, will take place this Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the residence, No. 175 Haynes street. Relatives and friends invited. The remains will be taken to Marietta for burial Monday morning at 7:50 o'clock.

LESTER—Died, on Saturday evening June 23d, Mrs Dr. R. F. Lester, nee Miss Bettie B. Gramling. Notice of funeral will appear hereafter.

OBITUARY.

POE—Died in Atlanta, June 19th, Charles C. Poe, aged 20 years, son of Mary E. Poe and the late William C. Poe, of Augusta, Georgia. The funeral services were held at the Church of the Good Shepherd on the Sand Hills, near Augusta, and the remains interred in the family burial ground on the hill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Senator.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE W. R. HAMMOND as a candidate for Senator from the Thirty-fifth district, subject to the democratic nomination. tf

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

BOLLES & BRUCKNER,

Booksellers and Stationers,

Take pleasure in announcing the opening of their new Circulating Library—a long needed want for Atlanta.

New books will be added daily. Among the late books are the following:

Picked Up in the Street.
Stray Leaves From Newport.
For the Right.
Golden Butterfly.
Modeste Mignon.
A Brother to Dragons.
Captain McDonald's Daughter.
April Hopes.

Peach Cream.
Telephone 1072 for D. & M's. Peach Cream. Especially fine today.

Read the Chautauqua page this morning, and arrange to attend the Chautauqua during July and August.

THE UNION

Building and Loan Association Ready for Work.

The Great Good that Results from Such Associations—The New Features of the Union.

The Union Building and Loan Association has elected its officers and is now ready for work. The plan upon which the Union will be managed is one that deserves the consideration of every person who either has money to invest or a home to secure. It has features that at once commend it to the people and no doubt it will have an extensive patronage.

It is useless to tell the people of Atlanta the many benefits to be derived from such an organization. A home is what every honest, intelligent man wants. If he has a home where he can shelter and protect his loved ones it makes life dearer to him, and gives the country a better and more useful citizen. If you are homeless, you can do no wiser act than subscribe for stock in the Union and begin the rection of a house for you and your little ones.

"What are the striking features of the Union Building and Loan Association?" asked a CONSTITUTION representative of Mr. Joseph F. Kempton, the secretary.

"In the first place," said Mr. Kempton, "a woman or child can take one or two shares, and by paying the small sum of twenty-five cents per week for seven years can then draw out two hundred dollars in clean cash. They will only have paid in ninety-one dollars, and if they received just this amount, it would be a big saving inasmuch as it has been taken from their weekly earnings, when otherwise very likely it would have been spent."

Two hundred dollars received for the ninety-one actualy paid in is a big dividend.

"How many shares must a man take?"

"Most associations require you to take at first five shares which is payable $5.00 per month; this leaves the poor woman and children out, but our association offers every facility for the hard working men, women and children to save any portion of their earnings from twenty-five cents to ten dollars per week." A person can take as little as one share, and thus lay away a little for a rainy day."

"How about borrowing money for building purposes?"

"We have studied this feature very closely and think we have a very satisfactory arrangement for all concerned. It is our purpose to have as many build as possible. A laboring man can borrow $700 on five shares of stock and pay it back, interest and all, about $2 per week, which is a great deal cheaper than house rent, for one can have a real neat three or four room cottage built for from $500 to $700."

"Suppose a stockholder becomes dissatisfied and wants to draw out. What will your association do in that event?"

"Accommodate him, of course. We have arranged for that class, but we think none will want to draw out. At any time after he has been a stockholder for six months he can draw out every dollar he has paid in at the rate of six per cent, which rule protects a poor man against loss on account of sickness or getting out of a job."

"When will you make your collections?"

"We will make our collections on Mondays, so as to accommodate those who are paid off Saturday night; of course, if a party fails to pay up by the proper date their stock will be subject to a fine just as in other associations of the kind, but where most other associations will not take money only on the regular pay days, I propose to receive money at any time it is tendered; for instance if a man or woman comes to me and wishes to pay $5 on five shares I will receive the money and give them credit for the inssallments for the next four weeks."

"Where will be the head office?"

"I am bookkeeper for the Empire Stain and Hard-wood works and the office of the association will be at the works, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Spring street, just a block from the capitol and postoffice. On Saturday and Monday of each week I expect to stay in my office till 7 o'clock p. m., to accommodate those who cannot leave their business in the daytime."

"I see you have elected your officers; can you tell me who they are?"

"Certainly. We have elected the best men we could find:

President—Huss M. Beutell.
Vice President—John R. Thornton.
Secretary—Joseph F. Kempton.
Treasurer—W. F. Manry.
Attorney—L. Z. Rosser.
Finance Committee—A. P. Thompson, chairman; T. J. Hightower, Jr., Thomas T. Key.
Real Estate Committee—A. J. West, John W. Alexander, J. M. Wilson.
Board of Directors—A. J. West, T. T. Key, J. R. Thornton, J. M. Wilson, J. V. Bishop, H. M. Beutell, T. J. Hightower, Jr., J. W. Alexander, George Muse, A. P. Thompson, G. G. Roy.

THOMSON'S

CELEBRATED



GLOVE-FITTING

CORSETS

Never have been equal to present make.

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED

Three Lengths. Short, Medium and Extra Long. Twelve Grades. Highest Awards Granted.

THE BEST GOODS and CHEAPEST for QUALITY

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Thomson, Langdon & Co.

NEW YORK.
Sole Manufacturers.
mar11 th su tu lastpage n r m

FOREACRE PLACE,

135 PEACHTREE ST.,

100x300 Feet, With an Alley to Ellis Street,

I will sell the above magnificent residence property at lower figures than ever offered before.

It is unquestionably the most desirable residence property in Atlanta. G. W. ADAIR.

DRY GOODS.

D. H. Dougherty & Co.,

The Disorganizers of High Prices.

OUR BARGAIN TABLE.

Monday morning we will open up the most attractive BARGAIN TABLE ever shown in Atlanta. Think of Brocade Silks, Velvets Plain Velveteens, Satins, etc., at only 20 cents per yard.

AT 5 CENTS.

5 cents a yard, we are going to sell one case of Double Width, 36-inch English Dress Goods. They are beautiful colors, and the goods are perfect. This is a job that we bought, or you would pay us 18c. for them. Bring our advertisement with you, and we pledge ourselves to produce every item that we name.

Our Bargain Tables this Week will be a Sensation.

Fearful cuts in all Wool Dress Goods and Silks. Don't pass us if you love money.

We name but few prices, but we know no competition here.

Full lines of Priestley's Black Silk Warp Henriettas.

50c, 75c and $1 a yard for Priestley's Black Nun's Veiling, sold in April for 65c, 90c and $1.35 a yard.

Our big trade enables us to sell cheap, and we are determined to show the people that High Prices are out of Fashion.

10c for a Boy's Calico Shirt Waist, formerly 25c.

25c for a Boy's Percale Shirt Waist, formerly 50c.

Think of the price on the above goods. You can't buy the material for the money.

LADIES!

Here is Something That Will Make You Smile!

35c for a Child's Plain White Dress, plaited, worth 60c.

35c for a Child's Plain White Dress, Mother Hubbard, with Embroidered Yoke, worth 60c.

50c for a Child's Beautiful White Cambric Dress, worth 75c.

50c for a Child's Beautiful White Cambric Dress, worth 75c.

The last one is Lace Trimmed.

75c for a Child's White Dress, Trimmed Embroidery, worth $1.25.

$1 for two styles of Child's White Dresses, formerly $1.50.

$1.25 for a Mother Hubbard Swiss Dress, cheap at $2.

$2 for a Child's all over Swiss Dress.

The above are for children walking, and are worth double what we shall sell them for.

WHITE SWISS EMBROIDERIES.

An immense shipment of these goods just opened.

65c a yard for a beautiful 45-inch Swiss Flouncing, sold early in the season for $1 a yard.

75c for a White Swiss Flounce, 45 inches, formerly $1.25.

$1 for a 45-inch Swiss Flounce, worth $1.50.

$1.25 and $1.50, at these prices you get our 45-inch Swiss Flounce, sold in early season at $1.75 and $2.25.

The above represents some of our recent purchases, and are worth double what we ask for them.

5c for Ladies' beautiful Collar, white and colored.

15c for a Ladies' beautiful set of Collars and Cuffs, assorted white and colored, formerly sold for 25c.

1c for a good Handkerchief, formerly 5c.

2c for a Handkerchief sold early in season for 10c.

10c, at this price we are selling white and colored Handkerchiefs worth 15c, 20c and 25c. A Job.

An immense assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's fine Handkerchiefs from 25c to $3 each.

2½c a yard for a figured lawn. Good colors.

5, 7½ and 10c; at these priecs a figured lawn and Battist are too utterly.

It will pay you to call and see us every time you are out shopping, for we can't tell you today where the lightning may strike tomorrow.

WASH GOODS!

This department is literally immense in novelties and styles, and they are but little over half former prices, 5c and 6c a yard for a 4-4 bleaching as good as formerly sold by us for 6½c and 8c; 5c for splendid 4-4 sea island, and on better qualities of sea island and bleaching you can save money to buy them from us. 17½c a yard for a beautiful Table Damask, warranted 54 inches wide, never sold by us before under 25c to 40c, and our 35c, 40c, 50c, and 60c Table Damasks are eye-sores to opposition.

7½c and 10c, these two numbers in Towels are our big leads. Fine Table Linens a specialty.

BLACK CHANTILLA LACES.

There is no end to variety nor bottom to prices.

10c for a good Cotton Parasol, we specify cotton, or you might think them silk. You can buy all Parasols of us cheap now.

25c for beautiful all Silk Black Suit, these are goods sold by us last season for 40c.

50c, 75c and $1, at these prices our Black and Colored Suits are the best in town.

HOSIERY.

35c for a Ladies' black Lisle.

5c a yard for India Linen, formerly sold for 7½c.

40c for a Ladies' split bottom Lisle.

15c for a Ladies' full regular Balbriggan

20c for a Ladies' full regular in all colors.

Infants' Hosiery in Silk, Lisle and Cotton.

WHITE GOODS.

3c a yard for 3-4 India Linen.

6c a yard for India Linen, this is our former 8c number.

Checked Nainsook for any price wanted.

Our stock of all kinds of white goods is immense.

Embroideries in great variety just in.

Little things help to make the panorama of this great world—now listen!

5c for 8 papers of good hair pins; 5c for a splendid rubber round comb; 5c for 5 good handkerchiefs; 10c for 5 superb handkerchiefs; 2½c a dozen for good, perfect pearl buttons; 5c a yard for a good quality of elastic; 5c a dozen for a pearl button as good as our former 10c button; 3 steel and one crochet needles, making a set, for 10c.

D. H. Dougherty & Co., the disorganizers of high prices. Never have we shown such a great variety of handsome goods as we are doing today, and the last trip of Mr. Dougherty to New York has flooded us with bargains. We are selling more goods at retail than any house in Georgia, and simply because we sell them cheaper. The figures we name speak for themselves.

25c a ladies' or man's good Gauze Vest. 50c. See our ladies and men's Gauze Vests at this price. They would be cheap at 75c. Big stock and some very low prices on White Dress Shirts. Come early this week.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

THE

VOL. XXI.

BAD FOR BLAIN

The Field Uniting Again Him!

ACCUSED OF BAD FAIT

Sherman Regains Confiden in His Chances

AND HIS FORCES SOLID AGA

The Latest Speculation a Gossip.

CHICAGO, June 24.—[Special.]—The sit tion is even in a worse condition than on terday, when the convention adjourned w out a ballot. Disagreement reigns supreme

The friends of each candidate say they never desert their choice. The Illinois, diana and Ohio delegations have been in sion today, and have determined to keep t candidates before the convention and to s to them to the last. Iowa and Michigan slightly wavering today, but will rem staunch on the first and second ballots tom row. It is safe to predict that the convent will again fail to agree tomorrow. There really hardly a chance of a nominee being lected

BEFORE TUESDAY EVENING,

and that the probability is that there will delays until Wednesday. It is a bitter ba the scars of which will not be healed dur the campain, unless some dark horse is in nomination. The Blaine men are stro They are fighting heroically for victory, the friends of both Sherman and Harrison their enemies. Blaine, they say, shall under any circumstances, receive the nomi tion, but both Shermrn and Harrison practically out of the race. Gresham was

KILLED BY INGERSOLL'S SPEECH,

and should he be withdrawn tomorrow, forces will in all probability go to Allison, one ballot, and then to Blaine.

They are for anybody in preference to H rison. As the Sherman men, with the exc tion of Ohioans, are bitterly opposed to b Blaine and Gresham, they will probably m a break for Harrison after the second or th ballot tomorrow, and will use their every eff to defeat the Blaine aspirations. The de gates at this writing are truly in a muddle, a many do not know which way to turn. The battle is probaby

THE BITTEREST EVER WAGED

over a party nomination, and the effects of it will not soon wear off. But it is just what t democrats wanted. It makes victory Cleveland and Thurman more certain th ever. It matters not who the republican pa nominates, defeat is theirs. This inter strife has already practically secured vict for their opponents—the democratic party.

WHO WILL HE BE?

The question now agitating the minds of t country, "who will be the nominee?" is much undecided now as it was the first d the convention met. Although the Blaine m are fighting bravely, and outwardly appe confident, there is with them a deep inter feeling that they have failed, and their seco choice is McKinley, of Ohio. The Californ delegation, the originators of the Blaine boo today for the first time expressed themsel for a second choice, Major William McKinl His name has been in many mouths tod and he will undoubtly loom in tomorrow's session with a large vote. I cannot, however, it is said, get a solid dele tion from his own state, Ohio, and this w operate against his chances of success. M Kinley has made a fine impression in the c vention, and his declinations of any intend honor in the way of complimentary votes Saturday, has won him many friends. T editorial in the New York Express this mo ing, reproduced in the papers here, stron advocating him as a compromise man, has h much effect with the various delegations, a it might be said in truth that McKinley is

THE FAVORITE AS A COMPROMISE MAN.

New York is for Blaine, Depew has expres himself for the plumed knight, and is of t opinion he will undoubtedly be the nomin but should he fail, which now seems more th likely, the reigning opinion is that the for nate one will be McKinley, of Ohio. B Emmons and Walker Blaine, sons of t man from Maine, are here, and say their fa er will not accept the nominat under any circumstances. However, his fri claim that he will accept it sho it be unanimous. But from the present o look it seems that it cannot under any circu stances be made unanimously, and everyth now points to either McKinley or some o not mentioned in the convention.

The crowd has thinned out considerably a the streets seemed deserted today in comp son with the crowds of last week.

LOOKING OVER THE FIELD.

The Candidates Awaking to Blain Duplicity.

CHICAGO, June 24.—The presidential sit tion is practically unchanged. Today brought only a clearer understanding of conditions under which this remarkable c test is to be fought out.

Gradually it has dawned upon the conv tion that certain men, pretending to r sent Blaine, have determined to

PREVENT THE NOMINATION

of any other candidate, in order to m Blaine's nomination a possibility. Their has been to kill off one candidate after anoth till none of the original aspirants remain This programme has been repeatedly describ in these dispatches, but the convention, a whole, has just awakened to a full realizatio the negative influence which has all along p vented the crystalization of sentiment an nomination. The friends of all the other c didates are indigeant that the convent should be thus dominated an influence which, without an ave candidate of its own, attempts, first, to p sincere candidates to the front and then d them. So much feeling has developed on t score that various cablegrams have been s to Blaine, besides those which he is suppo to receive from Elkins and Phelps. In th dispatches the actual condition of affairs h has been fully described, and the bad fee and probable demoralization of the party if